House Calendar

Thursday, March 21, 2013

72nd DAY OF THE BIENNIAL SESSION

House Convenes at 9:30 A.M.

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ORDERS OF THE DAY

ACTION CALENDAR

Action Postponed Until March 21, 2013

Committee Bill for Second Reading

H. 522

An act relating to strengthening Vermont's response to opioid addiction and methamphetamine abuse.

(Rep. Pugh of South Burlington will speak for the Committee on Human Services.)

Amendment to be offered by Rep. Lippert of Hinesburg to H. 522

Rep. Lippert of Hinesburg moves that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Legislative Intent * * *

Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT

- (a) This act is intended to provide a comprehensive approach to combating opioid addiction and methamphetamine abuse in Vermont through strategies that address prevention, treatment and recovery, and increase community safety by reducing drug-related crime.
- (b) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the initiatives described in this act should be integrated to the extent possible with the Blueprint for Health and Vermont's health care system and health care reform initiatives.
 - * * * Preventing Abuse of Prescription Drugs * * *
- Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 4201 is amended to read:

§ 4201. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

* * *

(26) "Prescription" means an order for a regulated drug made by a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse, dentist, or veterinarian licensed under this chapter to prescribe such a drug which shall be in writing except as otherwise specified herein in this subdivision. Prescriptions for such drugs shall be made to the order of an individual patient, dated as of the day of issue and signed by the prescriber. The prescription shall bear the full name and, address, and date of birth of the patient, or if the

patient is an animal, the name and address of the owner of the animal and the species of the animal. Such prescription shall also bear the full name, address, and registry number of the prescriber and shall be written with ink, indelible pencil, or typewriter; if typewritten, it shall be signed by the physician prescriber. A written or typewritten prescription for a controlled substance, as defined in 21 C.F.R. Part 1308, shall contain the quantity of the drug written both in numeric and word form.

* * *

Sec. 2a. 18 V.S.A. § 4202(d) is amended to read:

(d) The regulations adopted by the board of health Board of Health under section 4201 of this title for the purpose of determining those drugs defined under that section may be adopted only after prior written notice to the board of pharmacy Board of Pharmacy and the board of medical practice Board of Medical Practice and after the board of pharmacy Board of Pharmacy and the board of medical practice Board of Medical Practice have had an opportunity to advise the board of health Board of Health with respect to the form and substance of those regulations or amendments and to recommend revisions thereof, except with respect to emergency rules adopted pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 844, which may be adopted without notice by the Commissioner of Health.

Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 4215b is added to read:

§ 4215b. IDENTIFICATION

Prior to dispensing a prescription for a Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance, a pharmacist shall require the individual receiving the drug to provide a signature and show valid and current government-issued photographic identification as evidence that the individual is the patient for whom the prescription was written, the owner of the animal for which the prescription was written, or the bona fide representative of the patient or animal owner, as defined by the Board of Pharmacy by rule after consultation with the Commissioner of Health. If the individual does not have valid, current government-issued photographic identification, the pharmacist may request alternative evidence of the individual's identity, as appropriate.

Sec. 3a. BOARD OF PHARMACY; RULEMAKING

The Board of Pharmacy shall adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to define which persons shall be considered bona fide representatives of a patient or animal owner for the purposes of picking up a prescription for a Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 4215b.

Sec. 4. 18 V.S.A. § 4218 is amended to read:

§ 4218. ENFORCEMENT

- (d) Nothing in this section shall authorize the department of public safety Department of Public Safety and other authorities described in subsection (a) of this section to have access to VPMS (Vermont prescription monitoring system) (Vermont Prescription Monitoring System) created pursuant to chapter 84A of this title, except as provided in that chapter.
- (e) The Department of Public Safety, in consultation with representatives of licensed Vermont pharmacies, shall adopt standard operating guidelines for accessing pharmacy records through the authority granted in this section. Any person authorized to access pharmacy records pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall follow the Department of Public Safety's guidelines. These guidelines shall be a public record.

Sec. 5. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY; REPORTING STANDARD OPERATING GUIDELINES

On or before December 15, 2013, the Commissioner of Public Safety shall submit to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary, the House Committee on Human Services, and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare the Department's written standard operating guidelines used to access pharmacy records at individual pharmacies pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 4218. Subsequently, if the guidelines are substantively amended by the Department, it shall submit the amended guidelines to the same committees as soon as practicable.

Sec. 6. 18 V.S.A. § 4282 is amended to read:

§ 4282. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

* * *

- (3) "Trained law enforcement officer" shall include any officer designated by the department of public safety who has completed a training program established by rule by the department of health, which is designed to ensure that officers have the training necessary to use responsibly and properly any information that they receive from VPMS.
- (4) "VPMS" shall mean the Vermont prescription monitoring system established under this chapter.
- (4) "Delegate" means an individual employed by a health care provider or pharmacy or in the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner and authorized by a health care provider or dispenser or by the Chief Medical Examiner to request information from the VPMS relating to a bona fide current patient of

the health care provider or dispenser or to a bona fide investigation or inquiry into an individual's death.

- (5) "Department" means the Department of Health.
- (6) "Drug diversion investigator" means an employee of the Department of Public Safety whose primary duties include investigations involving violations of laws regarding prescription drugs or the diversion of prescribed controlled substances, and who has completed a training program established by the Department of Health by rule that is designed to ensure that officers have the training necessary to use responsibly and properly any information that they receive from the VPMS.
- (7) "Evidence-based" means based on criteria and guidelines that reflect high-quality, cost-effective care. The methodology used to determine such guidelines shall meet recognized standards for systematic evaluation of all available research and shall be free from conflicts of interest. Consideration of the best available scientific evidence does not preclude consideration of experimental or investigational treatment or services under a clinical investigation approved by an institutional review board.
- Sec. 7. 18 V.S.A. § 4283 is amended to read:
- § 4283. CREATION; IMPLEMENTATION
- (a) Contingent upon the receipt of funding, the department may establish The Department shall maintain an electronic database and reporting system for monitoring Schedules II, III, and IV controlled substances, as defined in 21 C.F.R. Part 1308, as amended and as may be amended, that are dispensed within the state State of Vermont by a health care provider or dispenser or dispensed to an address within the state State by a pharmacy licensed by the Vermont board of pharmacy Board of Pharmacy.

* * *

(e) It is not the intention of the department Department that a health care provider or a dispenser shall have to pay a fee or tax or purchase hardware or proprietary software required by the department Department specifically for the use, establishment, maintenance, or transmission of the data. The department Department shall seek grant funds and take any other action within its financial capability to minimize any cost impact to health care providers and dispensers.

* * *

Sec. 8. 18 V.S.A. § 4284 is amended to read:

§ 4284. PROTECTION AND DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

- (a) The data collected pursuant to this chapter <u>and all related information</u> <u>and records</u> shall be confidential, except as provided in this chapter, and shall not be subject to <u>public records law</u> <u>the Public Records Act</u>. The <u>department Department</u> shall maintain procedures to protect patient privacy, ensure the confidentiality of patient information collected, recorded, transmitted, and maintained, and ensure that information is not disclosed to any person except as provided in this section.
- (b)(1) The department shall be authorized to provide data to only Department shall provide only the following persons with access to query the VPMS:
- (1) A patient or that person's health care provider, or both, when VPMS reveals that a patient may be receiving more than a therapeutic amount of one or more regulated substances.
- (2)(A) A health care provider Θ , dispenser, or delegate who requests information is registered with the VPMS and certifies that the requested information is for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical treatment to a bona fide current patient.
- (B) Personnel or contractors, as necessary for establishing and maintaining the VPMS.
- (C) The Medical Director of the Department of Vermont Health Access, for the purposes of Medicaid quality assurance, utilization, and federal monitoring requirements with respect to Medicaid recipients for whom a Medicaid claim for a Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance has been submitted.
- (D) A medical examiner or delegate from the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner, for the purpose of conducting an investigation or inquiry into the cause, manner, and circumstances of an individual's death.
- (E) A health care provider or medical examiner licensed to practice in another state, to the extent necessary to provide appropriate medical care to a Vermont resident or to investigate the death of a Vermont resident.
- (2) The Department shall provide reports of data available to the Department through the VPMS only to the following persons:
- (A) A patient or that person's health care provider, or both, when VPMS reveals that a patient may be receiving more than a therapeutic amount of one or more regulated substances.
- (3)(B) A designated representative of a board responsible for the licensure, regulation, or discipline of health care providers or dispensers pursuant to a bona fide specific investigation.

- (4)(C) A patient for whom a prescription is written, insofar as the information relates to that patient.
- (5)(D) The relevant occupational licensing or certification authority if the commissioner Commissioner reasonably suspects fraudulent or illegal activity by a health care provider. The licensing or certification authority may report the data that are the evidence for the suspected fraudulent or illegal activity to a trained law enforcement officer drug diversion investigator.
- (6)(E)(i) The commissioner of public safety Commissioner of Public Safety, personally, or the Deputy Commissioner of Public Safety, personally, if the commissioner of health Commissioner of Health, personally, or a Deputy Commissioner of Health, personally, makes the disclosure, and has consulted with at least one of the patient's health care providers, and believes that when the disclosure is necessary to avert a serious and imminent threat to a person or the public.
- (ii) The Commissioner of Public Safety, personally, or the Deputy Commissioner of Public Safety, personally, when he or she requests data from the Commissioner of Health, and the Commissioner of Health believes, after consultation with at least one of the patient's health care providers, that disclosure is necessary to avert a serious and imminent threat to a person or the public.
- (iii) The Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Public Safety may disclose such data received pursuant to this subdivision (E) as is necessary, in his or her discretion, to avert the serious and imminent threat.
- (7) Personnel or contractors, as necessary for establishing and maintaining the VPMS.
- (F) A prescription monitoring system or similar entity in another state pursuant to a reciprocal agreement to share prescription monitoring information with the Vermont Department of Health as described in section 4288 of this title.
- (c) A person who receives data or a report from VPMS or from the department Department shall not share that data or report with any other person or entity not eligible to receive that data pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, except as necessary and consistent with the purpose of the disclosure and in the normal course of business. Nothing shall restrict the right of a patient to share his or her own data.
- (d) The commissioner Commissioner shall offer health care providers and dispensers training in the proper use of information they may receive from VPMS. Training may be provided in collaboration with professional

associations representing health care providers and dispensers.

- (e) A trained law enforcement officer drug diversion investigator who may receive information pursuant to this section shall not have access to VPMS except for information provided to the officer by the licensing or certification authority.
- (f) The department Department is authorized to use information from VPMS for research, trend analysis, and other public health promotion purposes provided that data are aggregated or otherwise de-identified. The Department shall post the results of trend analyses on its website for use by health care providers, dispensers, and the general public. When appropriate, the Department shall send alerts relating to identified trends to health care providers and dispensers by electronic mail.
- (g) The Department shall use information from VPMS to determine if individual prescribers and dispensers are utilizing VPMS appropriately.
- (h) The Department shall use information from VPMS to evaluate the prescription of regulated drugs by prescribers.
- (i) Knowing disclosure of transmitted data to a person not authorized by subsection (b) of this section, or obtaining information under this section not relating to a bona fide specific investigation, shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than one year or a fine of not more than \$1,000.00, or both, in addition to any penalties under federal law.
- (j) All information and correspondence relating to the disclosure of information by the Commissioner to a patient's health care provider pursuant to subdivision (b)(2)(A) of this section shall be confidential and privileged, exempt from public inspection and copying under the Public Records Act, immune from subpoena or other disclosure, and not subject to discovery or introduction into evidence.
- (k) Each request for disclosure of data pursuant to subdivision (b)(2)(B) of this section shall document a bona fide specific investigation and shall specify the name of the person who is the subject of the investigation.
- Sec. 9. 18 V.S.A. § 4287 is amended to read:

§ 4287. RULEMAKING

The department Department shall adopt rules for the implementation of VPMS as defined in this chapter consistent with 45 C.F.R. Part 164, as amended and as may be amended, that limit the disclosure to the minimum information necessary for purposes of this act and shall keep the senate and house committees on judiciary, the senate committee on health and welfare, and the house committee on human services advised of the substance and

progress of initial rulemaking pursuant to this section.

Sec. 10. 18 V.S.A. § 4288 is added to read:

§ 4288. RECIPROCAL AGREEMENTS

The Department of Health may enter into reciprocal agreements with other states that have prescription monitoring programs so long as access under such agreement is consistent with the privacy, security, and disclosure protections in this chapter.

Sec. 11. 18 V.S.A. § 4289 is added to read:

§ 4289. STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS AND DISPENSERS

- (a) Each professional licensing authority for health care providers shall develop evidence-based standards to guide health care providers in the appropriate prescription of Schedules II, III, and IV controlled substances for treatment of chronic pain and for other medical conditions to be determined by the licensing authority.
- (b)(1) Each health care provider who prescribes any Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substances shall register with the VPMS.
- (2) If the VPMS shows that a patient has filled a prescription for a controlled substance written by a health care provider who is not a registered user of VPMS, the Commissioner of Health shall notify such provider by mail of the provider's registration requirement pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (3) The Commissioner of Health shall develop additional procedures to ensure that all health care providers who prescribe controlled substances are registered in compliance with subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (c) Each dispenser who dispenses any Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substances shall register with the VPMS.
- (d) Health care providers shall query the VPMS with respect to an individual patient in the following circumstances:
- (1) the first time the provider prescribes an opioid Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance for a patient with chronic pain;
- (2) at least annually following the initial prescription of an opioid Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance;
- (3) when starting a patient on a Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance for long-term opioid therapy of 90 days or more;

- (4) when a patient requests renewal of a prescription for an opioid Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance written to treat acute pain;
- (5) prior to writing a replacement prescription for a Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance pursuant to section 4290 of this title; and
- (6) as otherwise required by the Commissioner of Health by rule, after consultation with the Unified Pain Management System Advisory Council.
- (e) Each professional licensing authority for dispensers shall adopt standards regarding the frequency and circumstances under which its respective licensees shall:
 - (1) query the VPMS; and
- (2) report to the VPMS, which shall be no less than once every seven days.
- (f) Each professional licensing authority for health care providers and dispensers shall consider the statutory requirements, rules, and standards adopted pursuant to this section in disciplinary proceedings when determining whether a licensee has complied with the applicable standard of care.

Sec. 11a. REPORTING OF DISPENSER STANDARDS

No later than November 30, 2013, each professional licensing authority for dispensers shall submit the standards required by 18 V.S.A. § 4289(e) to the VPMS advisory committee established in 18 V.S.A. § 4286.

Sec. 12. 18 V.S.A. § 4290 is added to read:

§ 4290. REPLACEMENT PRESCRIPTIONS AND MEDICATIONS

- (a) As used in this section, "replacement prescription" means an unscheduled prescription request in the event that the document on which a patient's prescription was written or the patient's prescribed medication is reported to the prescriber as having been lost or stolen.
- (b) When a patient or a patient's parent or guardian requests a replacement prescription for a Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance, the patient's health care provider shall query the VPMS prior to writing the replacement prescription to determine whether the patient may be receiving more than a therapeutic dosage of the controlled substance.
- (c) When a health care provider writes a replacement prescription pursuant to this section, the provider shall clearly indicate as much by writing the word "REPLACEMENT" on the face of the prescription. The health care provider shall document the writing of the replacement prescription in the patient's medical record.

Sec. 13. VPMS ADVISORY COMMITTEE

- (a)(1) The Commissioner shall maintain an advisory committee to assist in the implementation and periodic evaluation of the Vermont Prescription Monitoring System (VPMS).
- (2) The Committee shall make recommendations regarding ways to improve the utility of the VPMS and its data.
- (3) The Committee shall have access to aggregated, deidentified data from the VPMS.
- (b) The VPMS Advisory Committee shall be chaired by the Commissioner of Health or designee and shall include the following members:
- (1) the Deputy Commissioner of Health for Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs;
 - (2) a representative from the Vermont Medical Society;
- (3) a representative from the American College of Emergency Physicians Vermont Chapter;
 - (4) a representative from the Vermont State Nurses Association;
 - (5) a representative from the Vermont Board of Medical Practice;
 - (6) a representative from the Vermont Board of Pharmacy;
 - (7) a representative from the Vermont Pharmacists Association;
 - (8) a representative from the Vermont State Dental Society;
 - (9) the Commissioner of Public Safety;
 - (10) a representative of the Vermont Attorney General;
- (11) a representative of the Vermont Substance Abuse Treatment Providers Association;
- (12) a mental health provider or a certified alcohol and drug abuse counselor;
 - (13) a consumer in recovery from prescription drug abuse;
 - (14) a consumer receiving medical treatment for chronic pain; and
 - (15) any other member invited by the Commissioner.
- (c) The Committee shall meet at least once annually but may be convened at any time by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee.
- (d) No later than January 15, 2014, the Committee shall provide recommendations to the House Committee on Human Services and the Senate

Committee on Health and Welfare regarding ways to maximize the effectiveness and appropriate use of the VPMS database, including adding new reporting capabilities, in order to improve patient outcomes and avoid prescription drug diversion. The Committee shall also report on the feasibility of obtaining real-time information from the VPMS and on its evaluation of whether increasing the frequency of dispenser reporting to the VPMS from at least once every seven days to at least once every 24 hours, or more frequently, would yield substantial benefits.

- (e) The Committee shall cease to exist on July 1, 2014.
 - * * * Improving Access to Treatment and Recovery * * *

Sec. 14. UNIFIED PAIN MANAGEMENT SYSTEM ADVISORY COUNCIL

- (a) There is hereby created a Unified Pain Management System Advisory Council for the purpose of advising the Commissioner of Health on matters relating to the appropriate use of controlled substances in treating chronic pain and addiction and in preventing prescription drug abuse.
- (b) The Unified Pain Management System Advisory Council shall consist of the following members:
 - (1) the Commissioner of Health or designee, who shall serve as chair;
- (2) the Deputy Commissioner of Health for Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs or designee;
 - (3) the Commissioner of Mental Health or designee;
 - (4) the Director of the Blueprint for Health or designee;
- (5) the Chair of the Board of Medical Practice or designee, who shall be a clinician;
- (6) a representative of the Vermont State Dental Society, who shall be a dentist;
- (7) a representative of the Vermont Board of Pharmacy, who shall be a pharmacist;
- (8) a faculty member of the academic detailing program at the University of Vermont's College of Medicine;
- (9) a faculty member of the University of Vermont's College of Medicine with expertise in the treatment of addiction or chronic pain management:
 - (10) a representative of the Vermont Medical Society, who shall be a

primary care clinician;

- (11) a representative of the American Academy of Family Physicians, Vermont chapter, who shall be a primary care clinician;
- (12) a representative from the Vermont Board of Osteopathic Physicians, who shall be an osteopath;
- (13) a representative of the Federally Qualified Health Centers, who shall be a primary care clinician selected by the Bi-State Primary Care Association;
 - (14) a representative of the Vermont Ethics Network;
- (15) a representative of the Hospice and Palliative Care Council of Vermont;
 - (16) a representative of the Office of the Health Care Ombudsman;
- (17) the Medical Director for the Department of Vermont Health Access;
- (18) a clinician who works in the emergency department of a hospital, to be selected by the Vermont Association of Hospitals and Health Systems in consultation with any nonmember hospitals;
- (19) a member of the Vermont Board of Nursing Subcommittee on APRN Practice, who shall be an advanced practice registered nurse;
- (20) a representative from the Vermont Assembly of Home Health and Hospice Agencies;
- (21) a psychologist licensed pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 55 who has experience in treating chronic pain, to be selected by the Board of Psychological Examiners;
- (22) a drug and alcohol abuse counselor licensed pursuant to 33 V.S.A. chapter 8, to be selected by the Deputy Commissioner of Health for Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs; and
- (23) a consumer representative who is either a consumer in recovery from prescription drug abuse or a consumer receiving medical treatment for chronic noncancer-related pain.
- (c) Advisory Council members who are not employed by the state or whose participation is not supported through their employment or association shall be entitled to a per diem and expenses as provided by 32 V.S.A. § 1010.
- (d)(1) The Advisory Council shall provide advice to the Commissioner concerning rules for the appropriate use of controlled substances in treating

chronic noncancer pain and addiction and in preventing prescription drug abuse.

- (2) The Advisory Council shall evaluate the use of nonpharmacological approaches to treatment for chronic pain, including the appropriateness, efficacy, and cost-effectiveness of using complementary and alternative therapies such as chiropractic, acupuncture, and massage.
- (e) The Commissioner of Health may adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 regarding the appropriate use of controlled substances after seeking the advice of the Council.

Sec. 14a. COMPLEMENTARY AND ALTERNATIVE TREATMENT REPORT

On or before January 15, 2014, the Commissioner of Health shall provide to the House Committee on Human Services and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare the findings and recommendations of the Unified Pain Management System Advisory Council's initial evaluation of the use of nonpharmacological approaches to treatment for chronic pain, including the use of complementary and alternative therapies. The Commissioner shall provide the Committees with additional recommendations as appropriate as the Advisory Council continues to consider nonpharmacological approaches to treating chronic pain.

Sec. 15. OPIOID ADDICTION TREATMENT IN HOSPITALS

Pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 4240(b)(5), the Department of Health, in collaboration with the Vermont Association of Hospitals and Health Systems, the Vermont Association for Mental Health and Addiction Recovery, and the Vermont Council of Developmental and Mental Health Services, shall develop evidence-based guidelines and training for hospitals regarding:

- (1) screening for addiction;
- (2) performing addiction interventions;
- (3) making referrals to addiction treatment and recovery services for victims admitted to or treated in a hospital emergency department; and
- (4) informing hospitals about the specific addiction treatment and recovery services available in the hospital's service area.
 - * * * Safe Disposal of Prescription Medication * * *

Sec. 16. UNUSED DRUG DISPOSAL PROGRAM PROPOSAL

(a) On or before January 15, 2014, the Commissioners of Health and of Public Safety shall provide recommendations to the House and Senate

Committees on Judiciary, the House Committee on Human Services, and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare regarding the design and implementation of a statewide drug disposal program for unused over-the-counter and prescription drugs at no charge to the consumer. In preparing their recommendations, the Commissioners shall consider successful unused drug disposal programs in Vermont, including the Bennington County Sheriff's Department's program, and programs in other states.

- (b) On or before July 1, 2014, the Commissioners of Health and of Public Safety shall implement the unused drug disposal program developed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section and shall take steps to publicize the program and to make all Vermont residents aware of opportunities to avail themselves of it.
 - * * * Preventing Deaths from Opioid Overdose * * *
- Sec. 17. 18 V.S.A. § 4240 is added to read:

§ 4240. PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF OPIOID-RELATED OVERDOSES

- (a) As used in this section:
- (1) "Health care professional" means a physician licensed pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 23 or 33, a physician's assistant certified to prescribe and dispense prescription drugs pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 31, or a nurse authorized to prescribe and dispense prescription drugs pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 28.
- (2) "Opioid antagonist" means a drug that, when administered, negates or neutralizes in whole or part the pharmacological effects of an opioid in the body.
- (3) "Victim" means the person who has overdosed on an opioid drug or who is believed to have overdosed on an opiate drug.
- (b) For the purpose of addressing prescription and nonprescription opioid overdoses in Vermont, the Department shall develop and implement a prevention, intervention, and response strategy, depending on available resources, that shall:
- (1) provide educational materials on opioid overdose prevention to the public free of charge, including to substance abuse treatment providers, health care providers, opioid users, and family members of opioid users;
- (2) increase community-based prevention programs aimed at reducing risk factors that lead to opioid overdoses;
 - (3) increase timely access to treatment services for opioid users,

including medication-assisted treatment;

- (4)(A) educate substance abuse treatment providers on methods to prevent opioid overdoses;
- (B) provide education and training on overdose prevention, intervention, and response to individuals living with addiction and participating in opioid treatment programs, syringe exchange programs, residential drug treatment programs, or correctional services;
- (5) facilitate overdose prevention, drug treatment, and addiction recovery services by implementing and expanding hospital referral services for individuals treated for an opioid overdose; and
- (6) develop a statewide opioid antagonist pilot program that emphasizes access to opioid antagonists to and for the benefit of individuals with a history of opioid use.
- (c)(1) A health care professional acting in good faith may directly or by standing order prescribe, dispense, and distribute an opioid antagonist to the following persons, provided he or she has completed an opioid prevention and treatment training program approved by the Department:
 - (A) a person at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose; or
- (B) a family member, friend, or other person in a position to assist a person at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.
- (2) A health care professional who prescribes, dispenses, or distributes an opioid antagonist in accordance with subdivision (1) of this subsection (c) shall be immune from civil or criminal liability with regard to the subsequent use of the opioid antagonist, unless the health care professional acted recklessly in prescribing, dispensing, or distributing the opioid antagonist. The immunity granted in this subdivision shall apply whether or not the opioid antagonist is administered by or to a person other than the person for whom it was prescribed.
- (d)(1) A person may administer an opioid antagonist to a victim if he or she believes, in good faith, that the victim is experiencing an opioid-related overdose.
- (2) After a person has administered an opioid antagonist pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection (d), he or she shall immediately call for emergency medical services if medical assistance has not yet been sought or is not yet present.
- (3) A person shall be immune from civil or criminal liability for administering an opioid antagonist to a victim pursuant to subdivision (1) of

this subsection (d) unless the person acted recklessly. The immunity granted in this subdivision shall apply whether or not the opioid antagonist is administered by or to a person other than the person for whom it was prescribed.

- (e) A person acting on behalf of a community-based overdose prevention program shall be immune from civil or criminal liability for providing education on opioid-related overdose prevention or for purchasing, acquiring, distributing, or possessing an opioid antagonist.
- (f) Any health care professional treating a victim to whom an opioid antagonist has recently been administered shall refer the victim to professional substance abuse treatment services.

Sec. 18. STATEWIDE OPIOID ANTAGONIST PILOT PROGRAM

- (a) The Department of Health shall develop and administer a statewide pilot program for the purpose of distributing opioid antagonists to:
 - (1) individuals at risk of an opioid overdose;
- (2) the family and friends of an individual at risk of experiencing an opioid overdose; and
- (3) others who may be in a position to assist individuals experiencing an opioid overdose.
- (b) In developing and implementing the pilot program, the Department shall collaborate with community-based substance abuse organizations that have experience delivering opioid-related prevention and treatment services as determined by the Commissioner.
- (c) The pilot program shall be in effect from July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2016. During the term of the pilot program, the Department shall purchase, provide for the distribution of, and monitor the use of opioid antagonists distributed in accordance with this section.
- (d) On or before January 15, 2016, the Department of Health shall submit a report to the House Committees on Human Services and on Judiciary and to the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Judiciary evaluating the statewide opioid antagonist pilot program. The report shall include findings that pertain to the cost and effectiveness of the program and recommendations as to whether the program should be continued after June 30, 2016.
- Sec. 18a. 18 V.S.A. § 5208 is amended to read:
- § 5208. HEALTH DEPARTMENT; REPORT ON STATISTICS
 - (a) Beginning Notwithstanding the provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d),

beginning October 1, 2011 and every two years thereafter, the Vermont department of health Department of Health shall report to the house committee on human services and the senate committee on health and welfare House Committee on Human Services and the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare regarding the number of persons who died during the preceding two calendar years in hospital emergency rooms, other hospital settings, in their own homes, in a nursing home, in a hospice facility, and in any other setting for which information is available, as well as whether each decedent received hospice care within the last 30 days of his or her life. Beginning with the 2013 report, the department Department shall include information on the number of persons who died in hospital intensive care units, assisted living facilities, or residential care homes during the preceding two calendar years.

(b) In addition to the report required by subsection (a) of this section and notwithstanding the provisions of 2 V.S.A. § 20(d), beginning March 1, 2014 and annually thereafter, the Department shall report to the House Committee on Human Services, the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare, and the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary regarding the number of persons who died during the preceding calendar year from an overdose of a Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance. The report shall list separately the number of deaths specifically related to opioids, including for each death whether an opioid antagonist was administered and whether it was administered by persons other than emergency medical personnel, firefighters, or law enforcement officers. Beginning in 2015, the report shall include similar data from prior years to allow for comparison.

* * * Protecting Communities from Methamphetamine Abuse * * *

Sec. 19. 18 V.S.A. § 4234b is amended to read:

§ 4234b. EPHEDRINE AND PSEUDOEPHEDRINE

* * *

- (b) Sale.
- (1) A drug product containing ephedrine base, pseudoephedrine base, or phenylpropanolamine base shall not be distributed at retail to the general public unless it is maintained in a locked display case or behind the counter out of the public's reach.
- (2)(A) A retail establishment shall not knowingly sell complete a sale to a person within a calendar day any if the drug product or combination of drug products containing purchased would surpass a total of more than 3.6 grams within a 24-hour period or nine grams within a 30-day period of ephedrine

base, pseudoephedrine base, or phenylpropanolamine base or their isomers.

- (B) This subdivision shall not apply to drug products dispensed pursuant to a valid prescription.
 - (3) A person or business which violates this subdivision shall:
- (A) for a first violation be assessed a civil penalty of not more than 100.00; and
- (B) for a second and subsequent violation be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$500.00.
 - (c) Electronic registry system.
- (1)(A) Retail establishments shall use an electronic registry system to record the sale of products made pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. The electronic registry system shall have the capacity to block a sale of nonprescription drug products containing ephedrine base, pseudoephedrine base, or phenylpropanolamine base that would result in a purchaser exceeding the lawful daily or monthly amount. The system shall contain an override function that may be used by an agent of a retail establishment who is dispensing the drug product and who has a reasonable fear of imminent bodily harm if the transaction is not completed. The system shall create a record of each use of the override mechanism.
- (B) The electronic registry system shall be available free of charge to the State of Vermont, retail establishments, and local law enforcement agencies.
- (C) The electronic registry system shall operate in real time to enable communication among in-state users and users of similar systems in neighboring states.
- (D) The State shall use the National Precursor Log Exchange (NPLEx) online portal or its equivalent to host Vermont's electronic registry system.
- (2)(A) Prior to completing a sale under subsection (b) of this section, a retail establishment shall require the person purchasing the drug product to present a current, valid government-issued photograph identification document. The retail establishment shall record in the electronic registry system:
 - (i) the name and address of the purchaser;
- (ii) the name of the drug product and quantity of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine base sold in grams;

- (iii) the date and time of purchase;
- (iv) the form of identification presented, the issuing government entity, and the corresponding identification number; and
 - (v) the name of the person selling or furnishing the drug product.
- (B)(i) If the retail establishment experiences an electronic or mechanical failure of the electronic registry system and is unable to comply with the electronic recording requirement, the retail establishment shall maintain a written log or an alternative electronic record-keeping mechanism until the retail establishment is able to comply fully with this subsection (c).
- (ii) If the region of the State where the retail establishment is located does not have broadband Internet access, the retail establishment shall maintain a written log or an alternative electronic record-keeping mechanism until broadband Internet access becomes accessible to that region. At that time, the retail establishment shall come into compliance with this subsection (c).
- (C) A retail establishment shall maintain all records of drug product purchases made pursuant to this subsection (c) for a minimum of two years.
- (3) A retail establishment shall display a sign at the register provided by NPLEx or its equivalent to notify purchasers of drug products containing ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine base that:
- (A) the purchase of the drug product or products shall result in the purchaser's identity being listed on a national database; and
- (B) the purchaser has the right to request the transaction number for any purchase that was denied pursuant to this subsection (c).
- (4) Except as provided in subdivision (5) of this subsection (c), a person or retail establishment that violates this subsection shall:
- (A) for a first violation be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$100.00; and
- (B) for a second or subsequent violation be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$500.00.
- (5) A retail establishment shall be immune from civil liability arising from the retail establishment's use of the electronic registry system in accordance with this subsection (c) or the performance of duties required by this subsection. This subsection shall not apply to reckless or intentional misconduct by the retail establishment.
 - (d) This section shall not apply to a manufacturer which that has obtained

an exemption from the Attorney General of the United States under Section 711(d) of the federal Combat Methamphetamine Epidemic Act of 2005.

(d)(e) As used in this section:

- (1) "Distributor" means a person, other than a manufacturer or wholesaler, who sells, delivers, transfers, or in any manner furnishes a drug product to any person who is not the ultimate user or consumer of the product.
 - (2) "Knowingly" means having actual knowledge of the relevant facts.
- (3) "Manufacturer" means a person who produces, compounds, packages, or in any manner initially prepares a drug product for sale or use.
- (4) "Wholesaler" means a person, other than a manufacturer, who sells, transfers, or in any manner furnishes a drug product to any other person for the purpose of being resold.

Sec. 20. THE EFFECT OF ILLEGAL DRUG PRODUCTION ON HOUSING STUDY COMMITTEE

(a) A committee is established to study the effects of the production of methamphetamine and other illegal drugs on housing.

(b) The Committee shall examine:

- (1) approaches for identifying housing that is or has been used for illegal drug production and methods for making such housing safe, including standards for habitability, notification to purchasers or tenants that housing has been affected by illegal drug production, methods taken by other states in identifying, quarantining, and cleaning such housing as well as methods used by other states to notify affected parties;
- (2) the effect of illegal drug production on housing and property values including the cost of rehabilitating or condemning affected properties and its effect on the availability and habitability of affordable housing;
- (3) approaches, including those used by other states, to coordinate state and local jurisdiction over housing affected by illegal drug production including efforts to coordinate between law enforcement, the Department of Health, the Department of Public Safety, and local housing authorities;
- (4) the public health effects of long-term exposure to housing that is or has been contaminated by by-products used in the production of illegal drugs;
- (5) existing state and federal laws regarding illegal drug production and housing contaminated by illegal drug production; and
- (6) any other issues related to illegal drugs or the effect of their production on housing.

- (c) The Committee shall consist of the following members:
 - (1) the Commissioner of Health or designee;
 - (2) the Commissioner of Public Safety or designee;
 - (3) the Attorney General or designee; and
- (4) the Commissioner of Economic Development, Housing and Community Development or designee.
- (d) The Committee shall convene its first meeting on or before

 September 1, 2013. The Commissioner of Health shall be designated Chair of the Committee and shall convene the first and subsequent meetings.
- (e) The Committee shall report its findings, including any recommendations or proposed legislation to the House Committees on General, Housing and Military Affairs, on Judiciary, and on Human Services and the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs on Judiciary, and on Health and Welfare on or before January 15, 2014.
 - (f) The Committee shall cease to function upon transmitting its report.
 - * * * Community Safety * * *
- Sec. 21. 13 V.S.A. § 3705 is amended to read:

§ 3705. UNLAWFUL TRESPASS

- (a) A person shall be imprisoned for not more than three months or fined not more than \$500.00, or both, if, without legal authority or the consent of the person in lawful possession, he or she enters or remains on any land or in any place as to which notice against trespass is given by:
- (1) Actual actual communication by the person in lawful possession or his or her agent or by a law enforcement officer acting on behalf of such person or his or her agent; or
- (2) <u>Signs signs</u> or placards so designed and situated as to give reasonable notice.
- (b) Prosecutions for offenses under subsection (a) of this section shall be commenced within 60 days following the commission of the offense and not thereafter.
- (c) A person who enters a building other than a residence, whose normal access is normally locked, whether or not the access is actually locked, or a residence in violation of an order of any court of competent jurisdiction in this state State shall be imprisoned for not more than one year or fined not more than \$500.00, or both.

- (d) A person who enters a dwelling house, whether or not a person is actually present, knowing that he or she is not licensed or privileged to do so shall be imprisoned for not more than three years or fined not more than \$2,000.00, or both.
- (e)(1) A person shall be imprisoned for not more than three months or fined not more than \$500.00, or both, if the person enters or remains on any abandoned property that he or she does not have an ownership interest in and with respect to which notice against trespass is given by:
- (A) signs or placards, posted by the owner, the owner's agent, or a law enforcement officer, and so designed and situated as to give reasonable notice; or
 - (B) actual communication by a law enforcement officer.
- (2) As used in this subsection, "abandoned property" means real property on which there is a vacant structure that for the previous 60 days has been continuously unoccupied by a person with the legal right to occupy it and with respect to which:
 - (A) property taxes have been delinquent for six months or more;
- (B) one or more utility services have been disconnected due to nonpayment;
- (C) the owner has declared in writing to a municipal officer that the property is abandoned; or
- (D) there has been a determination by the municipality under 24 V.S.A. chapter 85 that the vacant structure contributes to housing blight.
- Sec. 22. 18 V.S.A. § 4252 is amended to read:

§ 4252. PENALTIES FOR DISPENSING OR SELLING REGULATED DRUGS IN A DWELLING

- (a) No person shall knowingly permit a dwelling, building, or structure owned by or under the control of the person to be used for the purpose of illegally dispensing or selling a regulated drug.
- (b) A landlord shall be in violation of subsection (a) of this section only if the landlord knew at the time he or she signed the lease agreement has actual knowledge that the tenant intended is using or intends to use the dwelling, building, or structure for the purpose of illegally dispensing or selling a regulated drug.
- (c) <u>It shall not be a violation of this section if the landlord notifies a law</u> enforcement officer within 24 hours of becoming aware that the tenant is using

or intends to use the dwelling for the purpose of illegally selling drugs.

(d) A person who violates this section shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than \$1,000.00, or both.

Sec. 22a. 9 V.S.A. § 3865 is amended to read:

§ 3865. RECORDS OF A PAWNBROKER OR SECONDHAND DEALER

(a) In each year a pawnbroker or secondhand dealer resells sells over \$500.00 of items pawned, pledged, or sold to the pawnbroker or secondhand dealer, he or she shall maintain the following records for each transaction in that year:

* * *

(c) In this section:

- (1) "Precious metal" means gold, silver, platinum, or palladium.
- (2) "Secondhand dealer" means a person engaged in the business of purchasing used or estate precious metal, coins, antiques, furniture, jewelry, or similar items for the purpose of resale. [Repealed.]

* * *

Sec. 22b. 9 V.S.A. § 3872 is amended to read:

§ 3872. SECONDHAND DEALERS; RETENTION OF GOODS

A pawnbroker or secondhand dealer, as defined in section 3865 of this title, shall retain purchased property for no fewer than 10 days before offering it for sale or for scrap. [Repealed.]

Sec. 22c. 9 V.S.A. chapter 97A is added to read:

CHAPTER 97A. PRECIOUS METAL DEALERS

§ 3881. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Antique" means an item that is:
- (A) collected or desirable due to age, rarity, condition, or other similar unique feature;
 - (B) purchased for the purpose of resale; and
- (C) sold in the same unique form or condition as when it was purchased, and not for scrap.
- (2) "Criminal history record" means all information documenting a natural person's contact with the criminal justice system, including data

regarding identification, arrest or citation, arraignment, judicial disposition, custody, and supervision.

- (3) "Disqualifying offense" means:
 - (A) a felony under:
 - (i) 13 V.S.A. chapter 47 (fraud);
 - (ii) 13 V.S.A. chapter 49 (fraud in commercial transaction);
 - (iii) 13 V.S.A. chapter 57 (larceny and embezzlement);
- (iv) 13 V.S.A. chapter 84 (possession and control of regulated drugs);
 - (B) a violent felony under 18 V.S.A. § 4474g(e);
 - (C) petit larceny in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 2502;
 - (D) receipt of stolen property in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 2561;
 - (E) false pretenses or tokens in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 2002;
 - (F) false tokens in violation of 13 V.S.A. § 2003;
- (G) a conviction for a violation of this chapter punishable under subsection 3890(b) or (c) of this title.
- (4) "Precious metal" means used gold, silver, platinum, palladium, coins, jewelry, or similar items, but does not include an antique.
 - (5) "Precious metal dealer" means a person who:
- (A) has a physical presence in this state, whether temporary or permanent;
- (B) is engaged in the business of purchasing or selling precious metal; and
- (C) purchases or sells \$500.00 or more of precious metal in a consecutive 12-month period exclusive of antiques.
- (6) "Principal" means a natural person who is a director, officer, member, manager, partner, or creditor.

§ 3882. LICENSE REQUIRED

- (a) An operating license is required for a precious metal dealer who purchases or sells \$2,000.00 or more of precious metal in a consecutive 12-month period.
 - (b) The Department of Public Safety:

- (1) shall create an application and approval process for the license required in subsection (a) of this section; and
- (2) may adopt rules necessary to implement the provisions of this chapter.
- (c) An application for a license shall include for each applicant and its principals:
 - (1) the name of the licensee;
- (2) the name of, and the nature of his or her affiliation with, any business involving the purchase or sale of precious metal within the past five years;
 - (3) the full name, age, and date and place of birth of each natural person;
- (4) the residential addresses and places of employment of each natural person; and
- (5) any crime of which a natural person has been convicted and the date and place of conviction.
- (d)(1) The Department of Public Safety shall not issue or renew a license if an applicant or one its principals has been convicted, on or after October 1, 2013, of a disqualifying offense.
- (2)(A) Prior to issuing or renewing a license pursuant to this section, the Department shall obtain a Vermont criminal history record, an out-of-state criminal history record, and a criminal history record from the Federal Bureau of Investigation for an applicant and each of its principals.
- (B) A person for whom a record is requested shall consent to the release of criminal history records to the Department on forms substantially similar to the release forms developed in accordance with 20 V.S.A. § 2056c.
- (C) Upon obtaining a criminal history record, the Department shall promptly provide a copy of the record to the person who is the subject of the record and the Department shall inform the person of the right to appeal the accuracy and completeness of the record pursuant to rules adopted by the Department.
- (D) The Department shall comply with all laws regulating the release of criminal history records and the protection of individual privacy.
- (E) No person shall confirm the existence or nonexistence of criminal history record information to any person who would not be eligible to receive the information pursuant to this chapter.
- § 3883. FEES; RENEWAL; BOND; REVOCATION OF LICENSE

- (a)(1) A person issued a license pursuant to section 3882 of this title shall pay a license fee of \$200.00.
- (2) A license shall expire one year from the date it is issued, and may be renewed on approval of the Department of Public Safety and payment of \$200.00.
- (3) A fee collected under this section shall be used to administer the precious metal dealer licensing process established pursuant to section 3882 of this title.
- (b) At the time he or she receives a license, a licensee shall file a bond with the Department to be executed by the licensee and by two responsible sureties or a bonding company in the penal sum of \$50,000.00. The bond shall be conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties and obligations required by the license.
- (c) The Department may revoke a license for cause at any time during the period of the license after notice and a hearing pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25.
- (d)(1) The Department shall revoke a license upon the conviction, on or after October 1, 2013, for a disqualifying offense by a licensee or one of its principals.
- (2) The Department may revoke a license upon the conviction, on or after October 1, 2013, for a disqualifying offense by an employee of a licensee acting within his or her scope of employment when he or she committed the offense.
- (e) A licensee shall prominently display his or her license number at his or her place of business, and shall include his or her license number in each advertisement, whether printed or broadcast, that promotes the services of the licensee.

§ 3884. ACTION ON BOND

If a person is aggrieved by the misconduct of a precious metal dealer and recovers judgment against him or her therefor, after the return, unsatisfied, either in whole or in part, of an execution issued upon the judgment, the aggrieved person may maintain an action in his or her own name upon the bond of the precious metal dealer, provided the court, upon application made for that purpose, shall grant the leave to prosecute.

§ 3885. RECORDS OF A PRECIOUS METAL DEALER

- (a) For each item of precious metal sold to a precious metal dealer, he or she shall:
 - (1) Assign a distinct entry number or, in the case of a lot of items, an

entry number for the lot and a sub-lot number for each item in the lot.

- (2) Maintain the following records for each item or lot of items:
- (A) The amount of money paid and the date and time of the transaction.
- (B) The name, current address, telephone number, and vehicle license number of the seller.
- (C) A legible description written at the time of the transaction that includes for each item any distinguishing marks and names of any kind, including brand and model names, model and serial numbers, engravings, etching, affiliation with any institution or organization, dates, initials, color, vintage, or image represented.
- (D) A digital photograph or video. Prior to taking the digital photograph or video, the precious metal dealer shall attach a tag to each item that shall be placed in a visible location and bear the entry number required in subdivision (a)(1) of this section.
- (E) A photocopy or digital image of a government-issued identification card issued to the seller that bears his or her photograph, if available. If the seller does not have a government-issued identification card, the precious metal dealer shall take and retain a digital photograph of the seller's face.
- (F) Documentation of lawful ownership, such as a bill of sale, receipt, letter of authorization, or similar evidence, but if these forms of documentation are unavailable, an affidavit of ownership.
- (b) A precious metal dealer who sells \$50,000.00 or more of precious metal in a consecutive 12-month period shall maintain the records required in this section in a computerized format that can be readily accessed, electronically transmitted, and reproduced in physical form.
- (c)(1) A precious metal dealer shall retain the records required in this section for at least six years at his or her normal place of business or other readily accessible and secure location.
- (2) At all reasonable times, the records required under this section shall be open to the inspection of law enforcement.

§ 3886. CERTIFIED SCALES; HOLDING PERIOD

(a) A precious metal dealer shall weigh all precious metal to be sold on a by-weight basis using a scale that meets the requirements of, and is subject to regulation by the Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets pursuant to, 9 V.S.A. chapter 73 and regulations adopted thereunder.

(b) A precious metal dealer shall retain precious metal that he or she purchases for no fewer than 10 days before offering an item for sale or for scrap, and he or she shall not remove an item from the State prior to the expiration of this 10-day period.

§ 3887. PURCHASE OF PRECIOUS METAL FROM PERSONS UNDER 18

A precious metal dealer shall not purchase precious metal offered for sale by a person under 18 years of age without written permission of a parent or guardian of the person.

§ 3888. METHOD OF PAYMENT

- (a) A precious metal dealer shall pay only by check, draft, or money order for precious metal purchased for the purpose of resale.
- (b) A precious metal dealer shall mark on each check, draft, or money order the entry number of the item or lot of items assigned in accordance with subdivision 3885(a)(1) of this title.
- (c) A precious metal dealer shall retain for at least three years a photo copy or electronic copy of each check, draft, or money order used to purchase precious metal after it is processed and returned by a financial institution. The copy shall be open to inspection by law enforcement.

§ 3889. SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITY REPORTS

A precious metal dealer who knows, or reasonably should know, of illegal conduct in a sale of precious metal shall file with the local law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction over the municipality in which he or she is located a report that contains the information recorded pursuant to section 3885 of this title.

§ 3890. PENALTIES

- (a) A person who violates a provision of this chapter shall be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000.00.
- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a person who fails to obtain a license as required by section 3882 of this title, or who violates sections 3885–3889 of this title shall be:
- (1) For a first offense, imprisoned for not more than six months or fined not more than \$10,000.00, or both.
- (2) For a second or subsequent time, imprisoned not more than three years or fined not more than \$50,000.00, or both.
- (c) The State may obtain a violation under subsection (a) of this section or a conviction under subsection (b) of this section, but not both.

- (d) The Attorney General or a state's attorney shall have the authority to request an injunction to prohibit any conduct of a person in violation of this chapter.
- (e) For purposes of this section, each transaction shall constitute a separate violation.

Sec. 22d. 4 V.S.A. § 1102 is amended to read:

§ 1102. JUDICIAL BUREAU; JURISDICTION

- (a) A judicial bureau Judicial Bureau is created within the judicial branch Judicial Branch under the supervision of the supreme Court.
- (b) The judicial bureau Judicial Bureau shall have jurisdiction of the following matters:

* * *

(24) Violations of 9 V.S.A. chapter 97A that are subject to civil penalties pursuant to subsection 3890(a), relating to the purchase and sale of precious metal, coins, jewelry, or similar items by a precious metal dealer.

* * *

* * * Effective Dates * * *

Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) This section and Secs. 2a (emergency rules), 3a (board of pharmacy; rulemaking), 13 (VPMS Advisory Committee), and 20 (study committee on the effects of the production of methamphetamine and other illegal drugs on housing) of this act shall take effect on passage.
- (b) Secs. 10 (18 V.S.A. § 4288; reciprocal agreements), 11 (18 V.S.A. § 4289; standards and guidelines), 12 (18 V.S.A. § 4290; replacement prescriptions), 19 (18 V.S.A. § 4234b; ephedrine and pseudoephedrine), 22a (9 V.S.A. § 3865; records of a pawnbroker), 22b (9 V.S.A. § 3872; secondhand dealers), 22c (9 V.S.A. chapter 97A; precious metal dealers), 22d (4 V.S.A. § 1102; judicial bureau) and Sec. 8(b)(2)(G) (18 V.S.A. § 4284(b)(2)(G); interstate data sharing) of this act shall take effect on October 1, 2013.
 - (c) The remaining sections of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2013.

Favorable with Amendment

H. 65

An act relating to limited immunity from liability for reporting a drug or alcohol overdose

Rep. Lippert of Hinesburg, for the Committee on **Judiciary,** recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. INTENT

It is the intent of the General Assembly to encourage a witness or victim of a drug overdose to seek medical assistance in order to save the life of an overdose victim by establishing a state policy of protecting the witness or victim from prosecution and conviction for certain crimes.

Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. chapter 84, subchapter 3, which shall include §§ 4249–4254, is added to read:

Subchapter 3. Miscellaneous

* * *

§ 4254. IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY

(a) As used in this section:

- (1) "Drug overdose" means an acute condition resulting from or believed to be resulting from the use of a regulated drug which a layperson would reasonably believe requires medical assistance. For purposes of this section, "regulated drug" shall include alcohol.
- (2) "Medical assistance" means professional services provided to a person experiencing a drug overdose by a health care professional licensed, registered, or certified under state law who, acting within his or her lawful scope of practice, may provide diagnosis, treatment, or emergency services for a person experiencing a drug overdose.
- (3) "Seeks medical assistance" shall include providing care to someone who is experiencing a drug overdose while awaiting the arrival of medical assistance to aid the overdose victim.
- (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks medical assistance for someone who is experiencing a drug overdose shall not be cited, arrested, or prosecuted for a violation of this chapter or cited, arrested, or prosecuted for procuring, possessing, or consuming alcohol by someone under age 21 pursuant to 7 V.S.A §§ 656 and 657 or for providing to or enabling consumption of alcohol by someone under age 21 pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 658(a)–(c).

- (c) A person who is experiencing a drug overdose and, in good faith, seeks medical assistance for himself or herself or is the subject of a good faith request for medical assistance shall not be cited, arrested, or prosecuted for a violation of this chapter or cited, arrested, or prosecuted for procuring, possessing, or consuming alcohol by someone under age 21 pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 656 and 657 or for providing to or enabling consumption of alcohol by someone under age 21 pursuant to 7 V.S.A. § 658(a)–(c).
- (d) A person who seeks medical assistance for a drug overdose pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) of this section shall not be subject to any of the penalties for violation of 13 V.S.A. § 1030 (violation of a protection order) for a violation of chapter 84 of this title or 7 V.S.A §§ 656 and 657, for being at the scene of the drug overdose, or for being within close proximity to any person at the scene of the drug overdose.
- (e) A person who seeks medical assistance for a drug overdose pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) of this section shall not be subject to any sanction for a violation of a condition of pretrial release, probation, furlough, or parole for a violation of chapter 84 of this title or 7 V.S.A §§ 656 and 657, for being at the scene of the drug overdose, or for being within close proximity to any person at the scene of the drug overdose.
- (f) The act of seeking medical assistance for or by someone who is experiencing a drug overdose shall be considered a mitigating circumstance at sentencing for a violation of any other offense.
- (g) The immunity provisions of this section apply only to the use and derivative use of evidence gained as a proximate result of the person's seeking medical assistance for a drug overdose, and do not preclude prosecution of the person on the basis of evidence obtained from an independent source.
- (h) A person who seeks medical assistance for a drug overdose pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) of this section shall not be subject to the provisions of subchapter 2 of this chapter concerning property subject to forfeiture, except that prima facie contraband shall be subject to forfeiture.
- (i) Except in cases of reckless or intentional misconduct, law enforcement shall be immune from liability for citing or arresting a person who is later determined to qualify for immunity under this section.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage and shall apply only to a person who seeks medical assistance for a drug overdose in accordance with 18 V.S.A. § 4254 on or after the date of passage.

and that, after passage, the title of the bill be amended to read: "An act relating to limited immunity from liability for reporting a drug overdose"

(Committee Vote: 9-1-1)

H. 95

An act relating to unclaimed life insurance benefits

- **Rep. Kitzmiller of Montpelier,** for the Committee on **Commerce and Economic Development,** recommends the bill be amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- Sec. 1. 27 V.S.A. § 1244a is added to read:

§ 1244a. UNCLAIMED LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS

- (a) As used in this section:
- (1) "Contract" means an annuity contract. It shall not include an annuity used to fund an employment-based retirement plan or program in which the insurance company is not committed by terms of the annuity contract to pay death benefits to the beneficiaries of specific plan participants.
- (2) "Death Master File" means the U.S. Social Security
 Administration's Death Master File or any other database or service that is at
 least as comprehensive as the Death Master File for determining that a person
 has reportedly died.
- (3) "Death Master File Match" or "match" means a search of the Death Master File that results in a match between a person on the Death Master File and the Social Security Number or name and date of birth of an insured, annuity owner, or retained asset account holder.
 - (4) "Insurance" shall have the same meaning as in 8 V.S.A. § 3301a.
 - (5) "Life insurance" shall have the same meaning as in 8 V.S.A. § 3301.
- (6) "Policy" means any policy or certificate of life insurance that provides a death benefit. It shall not include any policy or certificate of life insurance that provides a death benefit under:
 - (A) an employee benefit plan:
- (i) subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. § 1002, as may be amended; or
 - (ii) under any federal employee benefit program;
- (B) any policy or certificate of life insurance used to fund a preneed funeral contract or prearrangement; or

- (C) any policy or certificate of credit life or accidental death insurance.
- (b) An insurance company shall perform a comparison of its insureds' in-force life insurance policies, contracts, and retained asset accounts against a Death Master File, on at least a semiannual basis, to identify potential matches. For those potential matches, the insurance company shall:
 - (1) within 90 days of identifying the match:
- (A) complete a good faith effort, which shall be documented by the insurance company, to confirm the death of the insured or retained asset account holder against other available records and information; and
- (B) determine whether benefits are due in accordance with the applicable policy or contract; and, if benefits are due in accordance with the applicable policy or contract:
- (i) use good faith efforts, which shall be documented by the insurance company, to locate the beneficiary or beneficiaries; and
- (ii) provide the appropriate claims forms or instructions to the beneficiary or beneficiaries to make a claim, including the need to provide an official death certificate, if applicable under the policy or contract; and
- (2) with respect to group life insurance, confirm the possible death of an insured as required in subdivision (1) of this subsection when the insurance company maintains at least the following information of those covered under a policy or certificate:
 - (A) Social Security Number or name and date of birth;
 - (B) beneficiary designation information;
 - (C) coverage eligibility;
 - (D) benefit amount; and
 - (E) premium payment status.
- (c) To the extent permitted by law, the insurance company may disclose minimum necessary personal information about the insured or beneficiary to a person who the insurance company reasonably believes may be able to assist the insurance company locate the beneficiary or a person otherwise entitled to payment of claims proceeds.
- (d) An insurance company or its service provider shall not charge insureds, account holders, or beneficiaries for any fees or costs associated with a search or verification conducted under this section.

- (e) The benefits from a life insurance policy or a retained asset account, plus any applicable interest accrued in accordance with 8 V.S.A. § 3665 shall first be payable to the designated beneficiaries or owners and, in the event the beneficiaries or owners cannot be found, shall escheat to the State as unclaimed property under section 1247 of this chapter.
- (f) Upon the expiration of the statutory time period for escheat, an insurance company shall notify the Vermont State Treasurer that:
- (1) a life insurance policy beneficiary or retained asset account holder has not submitted a claim with the insurance company; and
- (2) the insurance company has complied with subsection (b) of this section and has been unable, after good faith efforts documented by the insurance company, to contact the retained asset account holder, beneficiary, or beneficiaries.
- (g) Upon such notice, an insurance company shall immediately submit the unclaimed life insurance benefits or unclaimed retained asset accounts, plus any applicable accrued interest, to the Vermont State Treasurer.
- (h) The Vermont State Treasurer shall notify the Commissioner of Financial Regulation if he or she has reason to believe an insurance company has failed to meet any requirement of this act. The Commissioner shall determine whether such failure constitutes an unfair claim settlement practice under 8 V.S.A. § 4724(9).

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE; RETROACTIVE APPLICATION

This act shall take effect on passage and, notwithstanding 1 V.S.A. § 214(b), shall apply to all life insurance policies, annuity contracts, and retained asset accounts in force on or after the effective date.

(Committee Vote: 8-3-0)

H. 280

An act relating to payment of wages

Rep. O'Sullivan of Burlington, for the Committee on **General, Housing and Military Affairs,** recommends the bill be amended as follows:

<u>First</u>: In Sec. 1, 21 V.S.A. § 341, in subdivision (2), by striking out "<u>or</u> <u>agents of an employer</u>"

<u>Second</u>: In Sec. 4, 21 V.S.A. § 345, by striking out "\$ 500.00" and inserting in lieu thereof "<u>\$5,000.00</u>"

<u>Third</u>: In Sec. 5, 21 V.S.A. § 345a, in subdivision (2), by striking out "\$500.00" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$5,000.00

(Committee Vote: 8-0-0)

NEW BUSINESS

Third Reading

H. 105

An act relating to adult protective services reporting requirements

H. 178

An act relating to anatomical gifts

H. 377

An act relating to neighborhood planning and development for municipalities with designated centers

H. 405

An act relating to manure management and anaerobic digesters

H. 406

An act relating to listers and assessors

H. 510

An act relating to the State's transportation program and miscellaneous changes to the State's transportation laws

Amendment to be offered by Rep. Browning of Arlington to H. 510

Rep. Browning of Arlington moves that the bill be amended as follows:

<u>First</u>: By striking Secs. 21 and 24 in their entirety and by renumbering the remaining sections to be numerically correct

<u>Second</u>: In the former Sec. 22, newly renumbered as Sec. 21, in subsection (a), by striking "<u>From May 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014</u>" and inserting in lieu thereof "<u>Notwithstanding 23 V.S.A. § 3106(a), from May 1, 2013 through June 30, 2015"</u>

<u>Third</u>: After the former Sec. 25, newly renumbered as Sec. 23, by inserting a new section to read:

Sec. 23a. STUDY OF TRANSPORTATION FUND RESTORATION

(a) For the purposes of this section, "tax expenditure" means the actual or estimated loss in tax revenue resulting from any exemption, exclusion,

deduction, or credit applicable to a tax.

- (b) Creation of committee. There is created a Study Committee on Tax and Budget Reform and Transportation Fund Restoration. The purpose of the Committee is to study eliminating transfers from the Transportation Fund for expenditure on activities without a clear nexus to achieving the transportation goals of the State and to make recommendations to restore funding for these activities through tax and budget reform.
- (c) Membership. The Committee shall be composed of six members of the General Assembly, three of whom shall be appointed by the Committee on Committees of the Senate and three of whom shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House.

(d) Powers and Duties.

- (1) The Committee shall determine the total amount of the following transfers from the Transportation Fund in fiscal year 2014 and projected for the next two succeeding fiscal years:
 - (A) the transfer to the Department of Public Safety;
 - (B) the transfer to the Education Fund under 16 V.S.A. § 4025;
- (C) the transfer to the DUI Enforcement Special Fund under 23 V.S.A. § 1220a(b);
- (D) the transfer to the Fish and Wildlife Fund and Department of Forests, Parks and Recreation under 23 V.S.A. § 3106(d); and
- (E) the transfer of any other funds from the Transportation Fund for purposes other than those specified in 19 V.S.A. § 11a.
- (2) The Committee shall evaluate potential reforms to Vermont's budget and tax system, including reforms of tax expenditures, and recommend alternative ways to fund, in whole or in part, the activities identified in subdivision (1) of this subsection so that transfers from the Transportation Fund can be reduced or eliminated.
- (e) Assistance. For purposes of its study, the Committee shall have the assistance of the Joint Fiscal Office, the Department of Taxes, and any other individual or entity that the Committee deems appropriate.
- (f) Report. The Committee shall issue a written report to the General Assembly on or before December 15, 2013 on its findings and recommendations.
- (g) Number of meetings; term of Committee; reimbursement. The Committee may meet no more than four times and shall cease to exist on

December 15, 2013. For attendance at meetings during adjournment of the General Assembly, the members of the Committee shall be entitled to compensation and reimbursement for expenses as provided in 2 V.S.A. § 406.

<u>Fourth</u>: In the original Sec. 27, newly renumbered as Sec. 25 (effective dates), by striking subsections (b)–(d) in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- (b) Secs. 21–22 of this act shall take effect on May 1, 2013.
- (c) All other sections of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2013.

H. 518

An act relating to miscellaneous amendments to Vermont retirement laws

H. 520

An act relating to reducing energy costs and greenhouse gas emissions

Amendment to be offered by Rep. Cheney of Norwich to H. 520

Rep. Cheney of Norwich moves that the bill be amended as follows:

<u>First</u>: After Sec. 29, by adding three new sections to be numbered 29a, 29b, and 29c to read:

* * * Electric Vehicles * * *

Sec. 29a. ELECTRIC VEHICLES AND CHARGING STATIONS, STATE FLEET

- (a)(1) On or before December 15, 2013, the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services (the Commissioner), after consultation with the Commissioners of Public Service and of Human Resources and any other person the Commissioner considers appropriate, shall complete a study and submit a written report to the House and Senate Committees on Natural Resources and Energy, the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions, and the Senate Committee on Institutions on the feasibility, benefits, and costs of installing electric vehicle charging stations in the vicinity of state facilities for use by state employees and by members of the public.
 - (2) The study and report required by this subsection shall include:
- (A) recommendations for the installation of electric charging stations at state office buildings;
- (B) proposed policies related to the use of charging stations by state employees and the visiting public and a proposed fee structure;
 - (C) identification of those recommendations requiring legislative

action and proposed legislation to enact those recommendations; and

- (D) any other findings or recommendations the Commissioner considers relevant.
- (b)(1) On or before January 15, 2014, the Commissioner of Buildings and General Services, after consultation with the Secretary of Administration, the Commissioner of Public Service, and any other person the Commissioner considers appropriate, shall submit to the House and Senate Committees on Natural Resources and Energy, the House Committee on Corrections and Institutions, and the Senate Committee on Institutions a written plan for incorporating electric vehicles into the state fleet.
 - (2) The plan under this subsection shall include:
- (A) a strategy and a target date for incorporating electric vehicles into the state fleet, including identifying which types of vehicles would or would not be suitable for conversion to plug-in electric drive vehicles; and
- (B) a review of the current methods used for life-cycle cost analysis of the state fleet, including how to account for the costs of carbon dioxide emissions when considering environmental externalities.
- (3) The plan under this subsection shall be deemed a part of the State Energy Plan under 3 V.S.A. § 2291 and, as part of the periodic readoption of the State Energy Plan, shall be integrated into that plan and updated.
- (c) In this section, "electric vehicles" means plug-in hybrid vehicles and battery electric vehicles.

Sec. 29b. 3 V.S.A. § 2291 is amended to read:

§ 2291. STATE AGENCY ENERGY PLAN

* * *

- (c) The secretary of administration Secretary of Administration with the cooperation of the commissioners of public service and of buildings and general services Commissioners of Public Service and of Buildings and General Services shall develop and oversee the implementation of a state agency energy plan for state government. The plan shall be adopted by June 30, 2005, modified as necessary, and readopted by the secretary on or before January 15, 2010 and each sixth year subsequent to 2010. The plan shall accomplish the following objectives and requirements:
- (1) To conserve resources, save energy, and reduce pollution. The plan shall devise strategies to identify to the greatest extent feasible, all opportunities for conservation of resources through environmentally and economically sound infrastructure development, purchasing, and fleet

management, and investments in renewable energy and energy efficiency available to the state State which are cost effective on a life cycle cost basis.

- (2) To consider state policies and operations that affect energy use.
- (3) To devise a strategy to implement or acquire all prudent opportunities and investments in as prompt and efficient a manner as possible.
- (4) To include appropriate provisions for monitoring resource and energy use and evaluating the impact of measures undertaken.
- (5) To identify education, management, and other relevant policy changes that are a part of the implementation strategy.
- (6) To devise a strategy to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. The plan shall include steps to encourage more efficient trip planning, to reduce the average fuel consumption of the state fleet, and to encourage alternatives to solo-commuting state employees for commuting and job-related travel, and to incorporate plug-in hybrid and battery electric vehicles into the state fleet if cost-effective on a life-cycle basis.
- (7) To provide, where feasible, for the installation of renewable energy systems including solar energy systems, which shall include equipment or building design features, or both, designed to attain the optimal mix of minimizing solar gain in the summer and maximizing solar gain during the winter, as part of the new construction or major renovation of any state building. The cost of implementation and installation will be identified as part of the budget process presented to the general assembly General Assembly.

* * *

Sec. 29c. PROMOTING THE USE OF ELECTRIC VEHICLES

- (a) The Secretary of Natural Resources ("Secretary"), in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation, the Commissioner of Public Service, the Commissioner of Taxes, and any other person the Secretary considers appropriate, shall study how to promote an expansion in the use of electric vehicles in Vermont consistent with achieving the State's greenhouse gas reduction goals set forth in 10 V.S.A. § 578. The study shall include consideration of:
- (1) the costs and benefits to the State of its offering incentives for the purchase or sale of electric vehicles by consumers and businesses;
- (2) the optimal siting of charging stations throughout the State and whether the State should subsidize or take other steps to facilitate the installation of charging stations;
 - (3) whether and how to couple electric vehicle charging stations with

renewable electric generation resources;

- (4) options to fund any cost to the State arising from recommendations under subdivisions (1)–(3) of this subsection;
 - (5) such other subjects the Secretary considers relevant.
- (b) On or before December 15, 2013, the Secretary shall issue a written report of the findings of the study required under subsection (a) of this section and the Secretary's recommendations and the reasons for those recommendations to the House and Senate Committees on Natural Resources and Energy and the House and Senate Committees on Transportation. The report shall include the Secretary's recommendations on how to promote an expansion in the use of electric vehicles. The report also shall identify those recommendations requiring legislative action and include the Secretary's proposed legislation to enact those recommendations.
- (c) In this section, "electric vehicles" means plug-in hybrid vehicles and battery electric vehicles.

<u>Second</u>: In Sec. 30 (effective dates), by striking subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof a new subsection (a) to read:

(a) The following shall take effect on passage: this section and Secs. 1 (findings); 2 (jurisdiction; general scope); 3 (appointed entities; initial plan; statutory revision); 12 (disclosure tool working group; reports); 18 (eligible beneficiaries; requirements); 19 (benefit amounts); 23 (vehicle sales requirements); 24 (study; renewables; heating and cooling); 27 (total energy; report); 28 (climate change education; report); 29 (thermal efficiency funding and savings; report); 29a (electric vehicles and charging stations; state fleet) and 29c (promoting the use of electric vehicles) of this act.

Amendment to be offered by Rep. Peltz of Woodbury to H. 520

Rep. Peltz of Woodbury moves that the bill be amended as follows:

<u>First</u>: In Sec. 6, 21 V.S.A. § 266, in subsection (e) (certification), by adding a new subdivision (3) to read:

(3) Transfer at closing. If residential construction is not subject to a certificate of use or occupancy described in subdivision (2) of this subsection, then at the closing for a sale of real property containing residential construction commencing on or after July 1, 2013, the seller shall transfer the RBES certificate to the buyer. In the event that a required RBES certificate is not available, a Home Energy Rating System (HERS) score shall qualify as certifying compliance with the RBES for the purpose of this subdivision (3) if the score does not exceed 75 or such lower maximum score that the Department determines is equivalent to meeting the RBES in effect at the time

of the residential construction.

<u>Second</u>: After Sec. 10, by inserting two new sections to be numbered Secs. 10a and 10b to read:

Sec. 10a. 27 V.S.A. § 617 is added to read:

§ 617. CERTIFICATES AT CLOSING; RESIDENTIAL BUILDING

ENERGY STANDARDS

- (a) Transfer of building energy certificate with conveyance of property. The closing for a sale of real property containing a building used for residential purposes shall include such transfer as is required under 21 V.S.A. § 266(e) (residential building energy standards; certification).
- (b) Marketability of title. Noncompliance with the requirements of this section shall not affect the marketability of title of a property.
- (c) Right to terminate. A buyer shall have the right to terminate without penalty a binding contract for the sale of real estate if, at closing, the seller fails to comply with subsection (a) of this section. The seller shall return any deposit paid to a buyer exercising his or her right under this section.

Sec. 10b. 32 V.S.A. § 9606 is amended to read:

§ 9606. PROPERTY TRANSFER RETURN

(a) A property transfer return complying with this section shall be delivered to a town clerk at the time a deed evidencing a transfer of title to property is delivered to the clerk for recording.

* * *

(h) The property transfer return required under this section shall also contain a certification signed under oath or affirmation by the seller certifying that the seller has transferred to the buyer such certificate as is required to be transferred under 21 V.S.A. § 266(e) (residential building energy standards; certification).

H. 523

An act relating to jury questionnaires, the filing of foreign child custody determinations, court fees, and judicial record keeping

H. 524

An act relating to making technical amendments to education laws

Favorable

H. 513

An act relating to the Department of Financial Regulation.

(**Rep. Botzow of Pownal** will speak for the Committee on **Commerce and Economic Development.**)

Rep. Condon of Colchester, for the Committee on **Ways and Means,** recommends the bill ought to pass.

(Committee Vote: 8-0-3)

Consent Calendar

Concurrent Resolutions

The following concurrent resolutions have been introduced for approval by the Senate and House and will be adopted automatically unless a Senator or Representative requests floor consideration before the end of the session of the next legislative day. Requests for floor consideration in either chamber should be communicated to the Secretary's office and/or the House Clerk's office, respectively. For text of resolutions, see Addendum to House Calendar and Senate Calendar.

H.C.R. 61

House concurrent resolution honoring the outstanding efforts of those who care for, educate, and advocate for our young children in Vermont

H.C.R. 62

House concurrent resolution designating March 11–17 as Multiple Sclerosis Week in Vermont

H.C.R. 63

House concurrent resolution commemorating Vermont Railway's gift of a 1913 rail car to the City of Rutland

H.C.R. 64

House concurrent resolution congratulating the winners of the sixth Annual Junior Iron Chef VT statewide youth culinary competition

H.C.R. 65

House concurrent resolution in memory of Tom Fagan and his role in the establishment of the Rutland Halloween Parade

H.C.R. 66

House concurrent resolution congratulating the American Veterinary Medical Association on its 150th anniversary

H.C.R. 67

House concurrent resolution honoring the federal TRIO programs in Vermont

H.C.R. 68

House concurrent resolution recognizing the creative recreational proposal of Playgrounds for P.E.A.S.E.

H.C.R. 69

House concurrent resolution honoring the Playhouse Cooperative's creative effort to save and operate Randolph's Playhouse Movie Theatre

H.C.R. 70

House concurrent resolution honoring Cheryl White and the *Valley Voice* newspaper for outstanding community service

H.C.R. 71

House concurrent resolution in memory of former Representative Daniel H. Deuel of West Rutland

H.C.R. 72

House concurrent resolution congratulating the 2013 Harwood Union High School Highlanders Division II girls' ice hockey championship team

S.C.R. 17

Senate concurrent resolution congratulating the Beth Jacob Synagogue in Montpelier on its centennial anniversary

S.C.R. 18

Senate concurrent resolution in memory of former Shrewsbury Selectboard Chair Donald Parrish