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1	S.195
2	Introduced by Senators Benning, Kitchel, and Sears
3	Referred to Committee on Judiciary
4	Date: January 7, 2014
5	Subject: Crimes and criminal procedure; breach of the peace; disorderly
6	conduct
7	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to increase the
8	penalties for second or subsequent convictions for disorderly conduct, and to
9	create a new crime of aggravated disorderly conduct.
10 11 12	An act relating to increasing the penalties for second or subsequent convictions for disorderly conduct, and creating a new crime of aggravated disorderly conduct  It is hereby engeted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li></ul>	Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 1061 is amended to read: § 1061. DEFINITIONS
16	As used in this subchapter:
17	(1) "Stalk" means to engage in a course of conduct which consists of
18	following, lying in wait for, or harassing, and:
19	(A) serves no legitimate purpose; and
20	(B) would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her physical
21	safety or would cause a reasonable person substantial emotional distress.

1	(2) "Course of conduct" means a pattern of conduct composed of two or
1	(2) Course of conduct intents a pattern of conduct composed of two of
2	more acts over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of
3	purpose. Constitutionally protected activity is not included within the meaning
4	of "course of conduct."
5	$\frac{(3)(2)}{(3)}$ "Following" means maintaining over a period of time a visual or
6	physical proximity to another person in such manner as would cause a
7	reasonable person to have a fear of unlawful sexual conduct, unlawful restraint,
8	bodily injury, or death.
9	(4)(3) "Harassing" means actions directed at a specific person, or a
10	member of the person's family, which would cause a reasonable person to fear
11	unlawful sexual conduct, unlawful restraint, bodily injury, or death, including
12	but not limited to verbal threats, written, telephonic, or other electronically
13	communicated threats, vandalism, or physical contact without consent.
14	(5)(4) "Lying in wait" means hiding or being concealed for the purpose
15	of attacking or harming another person.
16	Sec. 2. 13 V.S.A. § 1021(4) is added to read:
17	(4) "Course of conduct" means a pattern of conduct composed of two or
18	more acts over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of
19	purpose. Constitutionally protected activity is not included within the meaning
20	of "course of conduct."

1	Sec. 3. 13 V.S.A. § 1026 is amended to read:
2	§ N26. DISORDERLY CONDUCT
3	A person who (a) A person is guilty of disorderly conduct if he or she, with
4	intent to cause public inconvenience, or annoyance, or recklessly ereating
5	<u>creates</u> a risk thereof:
6	(1) Engages engages in fighting or in violent, tumultuous, or threatening
7	behavior; <del>or</del>
8	(2) Makes makes unreasonable noise; or
9	(3) In in a public place uses abusive or obscene language; or
10	(4) Without without lawful authority, disturbs any lawful assembly or
11	meeting of persons; or
12	(5) Obstructs obstructs vehicular or pedestrian traffic, shall be
13	imprisoned for not more than 60 days or fined not more than \$500.00 or both.
14	(b) A person who is convicted of disorderly conduct shall be imprisoned
15	for not more than 60 days or fined not more than \$500.00, or both. A person
16	who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense under this section shall be
17	imprisoned for not more than 120 days or fined not more than \$1,000.00,
18	or both.

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1	Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 1026a is added to read:
2	§ 1026a. AGGRAVATED DISORDERLY CONDUCT
3	(a) A person is guilty of aggravated disorderly conduct if he or she engages
4	in a course of conduct directed at a specific person with the intent to cause the
5	person inconvenience, annoyance, or to disturb the person's peace, quiet, or
6	right of privacy and:
7	(1) engages in fighting or in violent, tumultuous, or
8	threatening behavior;
9	(2) makes unreasonable noise;
10	(3) in a public place, uses abusive or obscene language; or
11	(4) threatens bodily injury or serious bodily mjury, or threatens to
12	commit a felony crime of violence as defined in section Na of this title.
13	(b) A person who is convicted of aggravated disorderly conduct shall be
14	imprisoned not more than 180 days or fined not more than \$2,000.00, or both.
15	Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE
16	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.
	Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 1061 is amended to read:
	§ 1061. DEFINITIONS
	As used in this subchapter:
	(1) "Stalk" means to engage in a course of conduct which consists of following, lying in wait for, or harassing, and:
	(A) serves no legitimate purpose; and
	(B) would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her physical

safety or would cause a reasonable person substantial emotional distress.

- (2) "Course of conduct" means a pattern of conduct composed of two or more acts over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of purpose. Constitutionally protected activity is not included within the meaning of "course of conduct."
- (3)(2) "Following" means maintaining over a period of time a visual or physical proximity to another person in such manner as would cause a reasonable person to have a fear of unlawful sexual conduct, unlawful restraint, bodily injury, or death.
- (4)(3) "Harassing" means actions directed at a specific person, or a member of the person's family, which would cause a reasonable person to fear unlawful sexual conduct, unlawful restraint, bodily injury, or death, including but not limited to verbal threats, written, telephonic, or other electronically communicated threats, vandalism, or physical contact without consent.
- $\frac{(5)(4)}{(5)(4)}$  "Lying in wait" means hiding or being concealed for the purpose of attacking or harming another person.
- Sec. 2. 13 V.S.A. § 1021(4) is added to read:
- (4) "Course of conduct" means a pattern of conduct composed of two or more acts over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of purpose. Constitutionally protected activity is not included within the meaning of "course of conduct."
- Sec. 3. 13 V.S.A. § 1026 is amended to read:

#### § 1026. DISORDERLY CONDUCT

- (a) A person who A person is guilty of disorderly conduct if he or she, with intent to cause public inconvenience; or annoyance, or recklessly creating creates a risk thereof:
- (1) <u>Engages</u> <u>engages</u> in fighting or in violent, tumultuous, or threatening behavior: <del>or</del>
  - (2) Makes makes unreasonable noise; or
  - (3) In in a public place, uses abusive or obscene language; or
- (4) Without without lawful authority, disturbs any lawful assembly or meeting of persons; or
- (5) Obstructs obstructs vehicular or pedestrian traffic, shall be imprisoned for not more than 60 days or fined not more than \$500.00 or both.
- (b) A person who is convicted of disorderly conduct shall be imprisoned for not more than 60 days or fined not more than \$500.00, or both. A person who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense under this section shall be

imprisoned for not more than 120 days or fined not more than \$1,000.00, or both.

Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 1026a is added to read:

#### § 1026a. AGGRAVATED DISORDERLY CONDUCT

- (a) A person is guilty of aggravated disorderly conduct if he or she engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person with the intent to cause the person inconvenience or annoyance, or to disturb the person's peace, quiet, or right of privacy and:
- (1) engages in fighting or in violent, tumultuous, or threatening behavior;
  - (2) makes unreasonable noise;
  - (3) in a public place, uses abusive or obscene language; or
- (4) threatens bodily injury or serious bodily injury, or threatens to commit a felony crime of violence as defined in section 11a of this title.
- (b) A person who is convicted of aggravated disorderly conduct shall be imprisoned not more than 180 days or fined not more than \$2,000.00, or both.
- Sec. 5. 13 V.S.A. § 1027 is amended to read:

### § 1027. DISTURBING PEACE BY USE OF TELEPHONE OR OTHER ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

- (a) A person who, with intent to terrify, intimidate, threaten, harass, or annoy, makes contact by means of a telephonic or other electronic communication with another and (i) makes any request, suggestion, or proposal which is obscene, lewd, lascivious, or indecent; (ii) threatens to inflict injury or physical harm to the person or property of any person; or (iii) disturbs, or attempts to disturb, by repeated anonymous telephone calls or other electronic communications, whether or not conversation ensues, the peace, quiet, or right of privacy of any person at the place where the communication or communications are received shall be fined not more than \$250.00 or be imprisoned not more than three months, or both. If the defendant has previously been convicted of a violation of this section or of an offense under the laws of another state or of the United States which would have been an offense under this act if committed in this state State, the defendant shall be fined not more than \$500.00 or imprisoned for not more than six months, or both.
- (b) An intent to terrify, threaten, harass, or annoy may be inferred by the trier of fact from the use of obscene, lewd, lascivious, or indecent language or the making of a threat or statement or repeated anonymous telephone calls or

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other electronic communications as set forth in this section and any trial court may in its discretion include a statement to this effect in its jury charge.

(c) An offense committed by use of a telephone or other electronic communication device as set forth in this section shall be considered to have been committed at either the place where the telephone call or calls originated or at the place where the communication or communications or calls were received.

Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.