BILL AS INTRODUCED AND PASSED BY SENATE 2014

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1	S.177
2	Introduced by Senators Sears and White
3	Referred to Committee on Government Operations
4	Date: January 7, 2014
5	Subject: Internal security and public safety; courts-martial; nonjudicial
6	discipline
7	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to allow
8	commanding officers in the Vermont National Guard to impose nonjudicial
9	discipline.
10	An act relating to nonjudicial discipline
11	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
12	Sec. 1. 20 V.S.A. § 946 is added to read:
13	§ 946. COMMANDING OFFICER NONJUDICIAL DISCIPLINE
14	(a) A commanding officer may impose discipline for minor military
15	offenses without the intervention of a court-martial in accordance with any
16	regulations issued under this chapter. A member subject to discipline shall not
17	be entitled to a court-martial for a minor military offense that will not involve a
18	restraint on liberty as a punishment. A member subject to discipline shall have
19	the right to a hearing before a nonjudicial discipline panel.

1	(b) A commanding officer may impose upon enlisted members of the
2	officer's command:
3	(1) an admonition;
4	(2) a reprimand;
5	(3) for thembers who are serving on full-time military orders in excess
6	of 179 days, the forfeiture of up to seven days of pay and, for all others, up to
7	four days of pay;
8	(4) a reduction to the next inferior pay grade, if the grade from which
9	the member is demoted is within the promotion authority of the officer
10	imposing the reduction or any officer subordinate to the one who imposes the
11	reduction; or
12	(5) the imposition of extra duties for up to 14 days, which need not be
13	consecutive.
14	(c) A commanding officer of the grade of major or above may impose upon
15	enlisted members of the officer's command:
16	(1) any discipline authorized in subdivisions (b)(1) and (2) of this
17	section;
18	(2) for members who are serving on full-time military orders in excess
19	of 179 days, the forfeiture of not more than one-half of one month's pay per

month for up to two months, and, for all others, up to 14 days of pay;

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1	(3) a reduction to the lowest or any intermediate new grade, if the grade
	15/ a reduction to the lowest of any intermediate pay grade, it the grade
2	from which the member is demoted is within the promotion authority of the
3	officer imposing the reduction or any officer subordinate to the one who
4	imposes the reduction, but an enlisted member in a pay grade above E-4 may
5	not be reduced more than two pay grades; or
6	(4) for members who are serving on full-time military orders in excess
7	of 179 days, the imporition of extra duties for up to 45 days which need not be
8	consecutive, and, for all others, the imposition of extra duties for up to 14 days
9	which need not be consecutive.
10	(d) Any commanding officer may impose upon officers and warrant officer
11	members of the officer's command disciplines authorized under subdivisions
12	(b)(1) and (2) of this section.
13	(e) The Adjutant and Inspector General may impose upon officers and
14	warrant officers:
15	(1) any discipline authorized in subdivisions (b)(1) and (2) of this
16	section; or
17	(2) for members who are serving on full-time military orders in excess
18	of 179 days, the forfeiture of not more than one-half of one month's pay per
19	month for up to two months, and, for all others, up to 14 days of pax.
20	(f) Whenever any of those imposed disciplines are to be served
21	consecutively, the total length of the combined discipline cannot exceed the

1	authorized duration of the longest discipline in the combination, and there must
2	be an apportionment of disciplines so that no single discipline in the
3	combination exceeds its authorized length.
4	(g) The officer who imposes the discipline or the successor in command
5	may at any time suspend, set aside, mitigate, or remit any part or amount of the
6	discipline and restore all rights, privileges, and property affected. The officer
7	also may mitigate reduction in grade to forfeiture of pay.
8	(h) The mitigated discipline shall not be for a greater period than the
9	original discipline mitigated. When mitigating reduction in grade to forfeiture
10	of pay, the amount of the forfeiture shall not be greater than the amount that
11	could have been imposed initially under this section by the officer who
12	imposed the discipline.
13	(i) A person punished under this section may appeal to the next superior
14	authority within 15 days after the discipline is either announced or notice of the
15	discipline is sent to the accused, as the commander may determine. The appeal
16	shall be promptly forwarded and decided, but the person punished may, in the
17	meantime, be required to undergo the discipline adjudged. The superior
18	authority may exercise the same powers with respect to the discipline imposed
19	as may be exercised under subsection (g) of this section by the officer who
20	imposed the discipline. Before acting on an appeal, the authority may refer the
21	case to a judge advocate for consideration and advice.

1	(i) The imposition and enforcement of discipline under this section for any
2	actor omission is not a bar to trial by court-martial or a civilian court of
3	competent jurisdiction for a serious crime or offense growing out of the same
4	act or omission and not properly punishable under this section. The fact that a
5	discipline has been enforced may be shown by the accused upon trial and,
6	when so shown, it shall be considered in determining the measure of discipline
7	to be adjudged in the event of a finding of guilty.
8	(k) Whenever a discipline of forfeiture of pay is imposed under this
9	section, the forfeiture may apply to pay accruing before, on, or after the date
10	that discipline is imposed.
11	(l)(1) An individual subject to discipline under this section may elect to
12	have his or her case heard before a nonjudicial discipline panel. The
13	commanding officer shall notify the individual, verbally and in writing, of the
14	following:
15	(A) the nature of the alleged wrongdoing;
16	(B) his or her intent to dispose of the matter by nonjudicial
17	discipline; and
18	(C) other nonjudicial discipline procedural rights set forth by
19	regulation.
20	(2) The individual shall have 24 hours to make an election for
21	disposition by the panel.

1	(3) The panel shall consist of three members, appointed by the
2	commandar's payt higher authority. The members of the panel shall be
2	columnader's next higher authority. The members of the panel shall be
3	officers who are senior to the individual requesting the panel. If it is an
4	enlisted member requesting the panel, there shall be at least one enlisted
5	member on the panel but the member must be senior to the enlisted member
6	requesting the panel. The individual requesting the panel may request that at
7	least one member of the panel be of the same sex as the individual and the
8	request shall be honored onless there is no qualified person of the same sex as
9	the individual to serve on the panel. The senior member shall be the chair.
10	The most junior member shall be the recorder and shall record summaries of
11	the proceedings. However, if the nonjudicial discipline is being offered by a
12	general officer, the panel shall consist of three members appointed by the
13	Adjutant and Inspector General with the most senior member being the chair
14	and the most junior member being the recorder, who shall record the
15	summaries of the proceedings.
16	(4) The panel decision shall be by majority vote. The panel has the
17	same authority and responsibility in conducting the proceeding and disposing
18	of the matter, including imposing nonjudicial discipline, as has a field grade
19	officer pursuant to this section. The panel shall forward its recommendation
20	for disposition and imposition of discipline, if any, to the appointing authority.

The appointing authority shall approve the recommended discipline or any part

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1	or amount as the appointing authority sees fit and may suspend, mitigate, or
2	remit as he or she deems appropriate. The appointing authority may not
2	remit as he of she deems appropriate. The appointing authority may not
3	approve any discipline in excess of that approved by the panel.
4	(5) The procedural requirements for a nonjudicial hearing and its
5	disposition by the panel shall be the same as would otherwise be applicable for
6	disposition by the commanding officer, including the individual's right to
7	counsel; to submit matters in extenuation, mitigation, or defense; and to call
8	and examine witnesses, to the extent witnesses are reasonably available.
9	(6) Appeals from the decision of the appointing authority may be taken
10	directly to the next higher authority to act upon appeal as set forth in this
11	section with respect to nonjudicial discipline appeals generally, unless the
12	action is initiated by a general officer, in which case the Adjutant and Inspector
13	General shall have the final decision.
14	Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE
15	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.
	Sec. 1. 20 V.S.A. chapter 39 (courts-martial) §§ 941–945 are designated as subchapter 1, which is added to read:

Sec. 2. 20 V.S.A. chapter 39 (courts-martial), subchapter 2 is added to read:

Subchapter 2. Nonjudicial Discipline

§ 961. COMMANDING OFFICER NONJUDICIAL DISCIPLINE

(a)(1) A commanding officer may impose nonjudicial discipline upon a service member for minor military offenses without the intervention of a court-martial in accordance with the provisions of this subchapter.

- (2) The commanding officer who intends to impose nonjudicial discipline upon a service member shall notify him or her of the following:
 - (A) the nature of the alleged offense;
- (B) the commanding officer's intent to dispose of the matter by nonjudicial discipline; and
- (C) any other nonjudicial discipline procedural rights established by regulation.
- (3) As used in this section, "commanding officer" shall include an officer-in-charge.
- (b) A commanding officer may impose upon enlisted members of the officer's command:
 - (1) an admonition;
 - (2) a reprimand;
- (3) for members who are serving on full-time military orders in excess of 179 days, the forfeiture of up to seven days of pay and, for all others, up to four days of pay;
 - (4) a fine of not more than seven days' pay;
- (5) a reduction to the next inferior pay grade, if the grade from which the member is demoted is within the promotion authority of the officer imposing the reduction or any officer subordinate to the one who imposes the reduction;
- (6) extra duties for not more than 14 days, which need not be consecutive; and
- (7) restriction to certain specified limits, with or without suspension from duty, for not more than 14 days, which need not be consecutive.
- (c) A commanding officer of the grade of major or above may impose upon enlisted members of the officer's command:
- (1) any discipline authorized in subdivisions (b)(1), (2), and (3) of this section;
- (2) for members who are serving on full-time military orders in excess of 179 days, the forfeiture of not more than one-half of one month's pay per month for up to two months, and, for all others, up to 14 days of pay;
 - (3) a fine of not more than one month's pay;
- (4) a reduction to the lowest or any intermediate pay grade, if the grade from which the member is demoted is within the promotion authority of the

officer imposing the reduction or any officer subordinate to the one who imposes the reduction, but an enlisted member in a pay grade above E-4 may not be reduced more than two pay grades;

- (5) for members who are serving on full-time military orders in excess of 179 days, the imposition of extra duties for up to 45 days which need not be consecutive, and, for all others, the imposition of extra duties for up to 14 days which need not be consecutive; and
- (6) restriction to certain specified limits, with or without suspension from duty, for not more than 60 days, which need not be consecutive.
- (d)(1) The Adjutant and Inspector General or an officer of a general or flag rank in command may impose:
- (A) upon an officer or warrant officer of the officer's command, any discipline authorized in subdivisions (c)(1), (2), (3), and (6) of this section;
- (B) upon an enlisted member of the officer's command, any discipline authorized in subsection (c) of this section.
- (2) The Adjutant and Inspector General or an officer of a general or flag rank in command may delegate his or her powers under this subsection to a principle assistant who is a member of the Vermont National Guard.
- (e) Whenever any disciplines imposed under this section are to be served consecutively, the total length of the combined discipline shall not exceed the authorized duration of the longest discipline in the combination, and there shall be an apportionment of disciplines so that no single discipline in the combination exceeds its authorized length.
- (f)(1) The officer who imposes the discipline or his or her successor in command may at any time suspend, set aside, mitigate, or remit any part or amount of the discipline and restore all rights, privileges, and property affected. The officer also may mitigate a reduction in grade to a forfeiture of pay or mitigate extra duties to a restriction to certain specified limits.
- (2) The mitigated discipline shall not be for a greater period than the original discipline mitigated. When mitigating reduction in grade to forfeiture of pay, the amount of the forfeiture shall not be greater than the amount that could have been imposed initially under this section by the officer who imposed the discipline.
- (g) Whenever a discipline of forfeiture of pay is imposed under this section, the forfeiture may apply to pay accruing before, on, or after the date that discipline is imposed.
- § 962. SERVICE MEMBERS SUBJECT TO NONJUDICIAL DISCIPLINE

- (a) A service member subject to nonjudicial discipline under this subchapter shall, during the course of his or her disciplinary proceedings, have the right to:
- (1) consult with a judge advocate or with private counsel at the service member's own expense;
 - (2) submit matters in extenuation, mitigation, or defense; and
- (3) call and examine witnesses, to the extent witness are reasonably available.
- (b)(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, a service member subject to nonjudicial discipline shall have the right to demand a court-martial in lieu of nonjudicial discipline.
- (2) A service member subject to nonjudicial discipline shall not have the right to demand a court-martial in lieu of nonjudicial discipline if the service member is notified by the commanding officer that the commanding officer does not intend to impose a restriction to certain specified limits, a fine, or extra duties if, after a hearing, the service member is found guilty of any offense with which he or she is charged.
- (2) A service member subject to nonjudicial discipline shall not have the right to demand a court-martial in lieu of nonjudicial discipline if the commanding officer will not impose a restriction to certain specified limits, a fine, or extra duties if, after a hearing, the service member is found guilty of any offense with which he or she is charged and the commanding officer advises the service member of that fact when the commanding officer notifies the service member of his or her intent to impose nonjudicial discipline.
- (c)(1) A service member subject to nonjudicial discipline under this subchapter may elect to have his or her case heard before a nonjudicial discipline panel, described in section 963 of this subchapter.
- (2) The service member shall have 24 hours from the commanding officer's notice of his or her intent to dispose of the matter by nonjudicial discipline to make an election for disposition by a nonjudicial panel, and shall have the right to consult with a judge advocate or with private counsel at the service member's own expense prior to making such a decision.

§ 963. NONJUDICIAL DISCIPLINE PANELS

(a) When a service member elects to have his or her case heard before a nonjudicial discipline panel as provided in section 962 of this subchapter, the panel shall be formed as follows:

- (1) The panel shall consist of three members, appointed by the next higher authority of the commanding officer who seeks to impose the nonjudicial discipline.
- (2) The members of the panel shall be officers who are senior to the service member requesting the panel. If it is an enlisted service member requesting the panel, there shall be at least one enlisted service member on the panel, but that enlisted service member must be senior to the enlisted service member requesting the panel.
- (3) The senior member of the panel shall be the chair. The most junior member shall be the recorder and shall record summaries of the proceedings.
- (4) If the nonjudicial discipline is being offered by a general officer, the panel shall consist of three members appointed by the Adjutant and Inspector General with the most senior member being the chair and the most junior member being the recorder, who shall record the summaries of the proceedings.
- (b) The panel decision shall be by majority vote. The panel shall have the same authority and responsibility in conducting the proceeding and disposing of the matter, including imposing nonjudicial discipline, as has a commanding officer of the grade of major or above pursuant to this subchapter.
- (c)(1) The panel shall forward its recommendation for disposition and imposition of discipline, if any, to the authority who appointed the panel under subsection (a) of this section.
- (2)(A) The appointing authority may approve the recommended discipline or any part or amount as the appointing authority sees fit and may suspend, mitigate, or remit the recommended discipline as he or she deems appropriate.
- (B) The appointing authority shall not approve any discipline in excess of that recommended by the panel.

§ 964. APPEALS FROM NONJUDICIAL DISCIPLINE DECISIONS

- (a)(1) A service member disciplined under this subchapter who considers the discipline unjust or disproportionate to the offense may appeal to the next superior authority within 15 days after the discipline is either announced or notice of the discipline is sent to the accused, as the commander under section 961 or the appointing authority under section 963 of this subchapter may determine.
- (2) An appeal from the decision of an appointing authority under section 963 of this subchapter shall be taken directly to the next higher authority,

unless the action is initiated by a general officer, in which case the Adjutant and Inspector General shall have the final decision.

- (b) The appeal shall be promptly forwarded and decided, but the service member disciplined may, in the meantime, be required to undergo the discipline adjudged.
- (c)(1) The superior authority may exercise the same powers with respect to the discipline imposed as may be exercised under section 961 or 963 of this subchapter by the officer who imposed the discipline, except that the superior authority shall not impose any discipline in excess of what was originally imposed.
- (2) Before acting on an appeal, the authority may refer the case to a judge advocate for consideration and advice.

§ 965. EFFECT OF NONJUDICIAL DISCIPLINE

- (a) The imposition and enforcement of nonjudicial discipline under this subchapter for any act or omission shall not be a bar to trial by court-martial or a civilian court of competent jurisdiction for a serious crime or offense growing out of the same act or omission and not properly punishable under this subchapter.
- (b) The fact that nonjudicial discipline has been enforced may be shown by the accused upon trial and, when so shown, it shall be considered in determining the measure of discipline to be adjudged in the event of a finding of guilty.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.