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Subject: Human services; regulated drugs; crimes; substance abuse
Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to require health
care providers to search the Vermont Prescription Monitoring System prior to
prescribing a controlled substance; to expand the categories of persons who
may access the Vermont Prescription Monitoring System (VPMS); to
reestablish the VPMS Advisory Committee; to create a Unified Pain
Management System Advisory Council; to require the development of
evidence-based guidelines and training for hospitals regarding addiction
screenings, intervention, and treatment; to establish an unused drug disposal
program; to allow physicians to prescribe, dispense, and distribute opioid
antagonists to persons at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose and to
friends, families, or other persons in a position to assist a person at risk of
experiencing an opioid-related overdose, as well as to allow a recipient of an
opioid antagonist to administer it to a person experiencing or believed to be
experiencing an opioid-related overdose; to require the Department of Health
to establish a statewide opioid antagonist pilot program; to establish an
electronic registry system for the purchase of products containing ephedrine,
pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine; to establish a committee to study

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1	the effects of the production of methamphetamine and other illegal drugs on
2	housing; to permit criminal trespass procedures to be brought against a person
3	who uses or sells drugs on abandoned property; and to impose criminal
4	penalties on a landlord who permits a tenant to occupy a dwelling owned by
5	the landlord if the landlord has actual knowledge that the tenant is using or
6	intends to use the dwelling for the purpose of illegally selling drugs.
7 8	An act relating to strengthening Vermont's response to opioid addiction and methamphetamine abuse
9	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
10	* * * Legislative Intent * * *
11	Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT
12	It is the intent of the General Assembly that the initiatives described in this
13	act should be integrated to the extent possible with the Blueprint for Health and
14	Vermont's health care system and health care reform initiatives.
15	* * * Preventing Abuse of Prescription Drugs * * *
16	Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 4201 is amended to read:
17	§ 4201. DEFINITIONS
18	As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
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(26) "Prescription" means an order for a regulated drug made by a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse, dentist, or veterinarian licensed under this chapter to prescribe such a drug which shall be in writing except as otherwise specified herein in this subdivision. Prescriptions for such drugs shall be made to the order of an individual patient, dated as of the day of issue and signed by the prescriber. The prescription shall bear the full name and, address, and date of birth of the patient, or if the patient is an animal, the name and address of the owner of the animal and the species of the animal. Such prescription shall also bear the full name, address, and registry number of the prescriber and shall be written with ink, indelible pencil, or typewriter; if typewritten, it shall be signed by the physician prescriber. A written or typewritten prescription for a controlled substance, as defined in 21 C.F.R. Part 1308, shall contain the quantity of the drug written both in numeric and word form.

15 * * *

Sec. 2a. 18 V.S.A. § 4202(d) is amended to read:

(d) The regulations adopted by the board of health Board of Health under section 4201 of this title for the purpose of determining those drugs defined under that section may be adopted only after prior written notice to the board of pharmacy Board of Pharmacy and the board of medical practice Board of Medical Practice and after the board of pharmacy Board of Pharmacy and the

1	board of medical practice Board of Medical Practice have had an opportunity
2	to advise the board of health Board of Health with respect to the form and
3	substance of those regulations or amendments and to recommend revisions
4	thereof, except with respect to emergency rules adopted pursuant to 3 V.S.A.
5	§ 844, which may be adopted without notice by the Commissioner of Health.
6	Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 4215b is added to read:
7	§ 4215b. IDENTIFICATION
8	Prior to dispensing a prescription for a Schedule II, III, or IV controlled
9	substance, a pharmacist shall require the individual receiving the drug to
10	provide a signature and show valid and current government-issued
11	photographic identification as evidence that the individual is the patient for
12	whom the prescription was written, the owner of the animal for which the
13	prescription was written, or the bona fide representative of the patient or
14	animal owner. If the individual does not have valid, current
15	government-issued photographic identification, the pharmacist may request
16	alternative evidence of the individual's identity, as appropriate.
17	Sec. 4. 18 V.S.A. § 4218 is amended to read:
18	§ 4218. ENFORCEMENT
19	* * *
20	(d) Nothing in this section shall authorize the department of public safety
21	Department of Public Safety and other authorities described in subsection (a)

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1	of this section to have access to VPMS (Vermont prescription monitoring
2	system) (Vermont Prescription Monitoring System) created pursuant to chapter
3	84A of this title, except as provided in that chapter.
4	(e) The Department of Public Safety, in consultation with representatives
5	of licensed Vermont pharmacies, shall adopt standard operating guidelines for
6	accessing pharmacy records through the authority granted in this section. Any
7	person authorized to access pharmacy records pursuant to subsection (a) of this
8	section shall follow the Department of Public Safety's guidelines. These
9	guidelines shall be a public record.
10	Sec. 5. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY; REPORTING STANDARD
11	OPERATING GUIDELINES
12	On or before December 15, 2013, the Commissioner of Public Safety shall
13	submit to the House and Senate Committees on Judiciary, the House
14	Committee on Human Services, and the Senate Committee on Health and
15	Welfare the Department's written standard operating guidelines used to access
16	pharmacy records at individual pharmacies pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 4218.
17	Subsequently, if the guidelines are substantively amended by the Department,
18	it shall submit the amended guidelines to the same committees as soon as
19	practicable.

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Sec. 6.	18 V.S.A.	. § 4282 is amended to	read:

- 2 § 4282. DEFINITIONS
- 3 As used in this chapter:

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- (3) "Trained law enforcement officer" shall include any officer designated by the department of public safety who has completed a training program established by rule by the department of health, which is designed to ensure that officers have the training necessary to use responsibly and properly any information that they receive from VPMS.
- (4) "VPMS" shall mean the Vermont prescription monitoring system established under this chapter.
- (4) "Delegate" means an individual employed by a health care provider or pharmacy or in the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner and authorized by a health care provider or dispenser or by the Chief Medical Examiner to request information from the VPMS relating to a bona fide current patient of the health care provider or dispenser or to a bona fide investigation or inquiry into an individual's death.
 - (5) "Department" means the Department of Health.
 - (6) "Drug diversion investigator" means an employee of the Department of Public Safety whose primary duties include investigations involving violations of laws regarding prescription drugs or the diversion of prescribed

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1	controlled substances, and who has completed a training program established
2	by the Department of Health by rule that is designed to ensure that officers
3	have the training necessary to use responsibly and properly any information
4	that they receive from the VPMS.
5	(7) "Evidence-based" means based on criteria and guidelines that reflect
6	high-quality, cost-effective care. The methodology used to determine such
7	guidelines shall meet recognized standards for systematic evaluation of all
8	available research and shall be free from conflicts of interest. Consideration of
9	the best available scientific evidence does not preclude consideration of
10	experimental or investigational treatment or services under a clinical
11	investigation approved by an institutional review board.
12	Sec. 7. 18 V.S.A. § 4283 is amended to read:
13	§ 4283. CREATION; IMPLEMENTATION
14	(a) Contingent upon the receipt of funding, the department may establish
15	The Department shall maintain an electronic database and reporting system for
16	monitoring Schedules II, III, and IV controlled substances, as defined in
17	21 C.F.R. Part 1308, as amended and as may be amended, that are dispensed
18	within the state State of Vermont by a health care provider or dispenser or
19	dispensed to an address within the state State by a pharmacy licensed by the
20	Vermont board of pharmacy Board of Pharmacy.

* * *

(e) It is not the intention of the department Department that a health care provider or a dispenser shall have to pay a fee or tax or purchase hardware or proprietary software required by the department Department specifically for the use, establishment, maintenance, or transmission of the data. The department Department shall seek grant funds and take any other action within its financial capability to minimize any cost impact to health care providers and dispensers.

* * *

Sec. 8. 18 V.S.A. § 4284 is amended to read:

§ 4284. PROTECTION AND DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

- (a) The data collected pursuant to this chapter and all related information and records shall be confidential, except as provided in this chapter, and shall not be subject to public records law the Public Records Act. The department Department shall maintain procedures to protect patient privacy, ensure the confidentiality of patient information collected, recorded, transmitted, and maintained, and ensure that information is not disclosed to any person except as provided in this section.
- (b)(1) The department shall be authorized to provide data to only

 Department shall provide only the following persons with access to query the

 VPMS:

1	(1) A patient or that person's health care provider, or both, when VPMS
2	reveals that a patient may be receiving more than a therapeutic amount of one
3	or more regulated substances.
4	(2)(A) A health care provider or, dispenser, or delegate who requests
5	information is registered with the VPMS and certifies that the requested
6	information is for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical
7	treatment to a bona fide current patient.
8	(B) Personnel or contractors, as necessary for establishing and
9	maintaining the VPMS.
10	(C) The Medical Director of the Department of Vermont Health
11	Access, for the purposes of Medicaid quality assurance, utilization, and federal
12	monitoring requirements with respect to Medicaid recipients for whom a
13	Medicaid claim for a Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance has been
14	submitted.
15	(D) A medical examiner or delegate from the Office of the Chief
16	Medical Examiner, for the purpose of conducting an investigation or inquiry
17	into the cause, manner, and circumstances of an individual's death.
18	(E) A health care provider or medical examiner licensed to practice
19	in another state, to the extent necessary to provide appropriate medical care to

a Vermont resident or to investigate the death of a Vermont resident.

1	(2) The Department shall provide reports of data available to the
2	Department through the VPMS only to the following persons:
3	(A) A patient or that person's health care provider, or both, when
4	VPMS reveals that a patient may be receiving more than a therapeutic amount
5	of one or more regulated substances.
6	(3)(B) A designated representative of a board responsible for the
7	licensure, regulation, or discipline of health care providers or dispensers
8	pursuant to a bona fide specific investigation.
9	(4)(C) A patient for whom a prescription is written, insofar as the
10	information relates to that patient.
11	(5)(D) The relevant occupational licensing or certification authority if
12	the commissioner Commissioner reasonably suspects fraudulent or illegal
13	activity by a health care provider. The licensing or certification authority may
14	report the data that are the evidence for the suspected fraudulent or illegal
15	activity to a trained law enforcement officer drug diversion investigator.
16	(6)(E)(i) The commissioner of public safety Commissioner of Public
17	Safety, personally, or the Deputy Commissioner of Public Safety, personally, if
18	the commissioner of health Commissioner of Health, personally, or a Deputy
19	Commissioner of Health, personally, makes the disclosure, and has consulted

with at least one of the patient's health care providers, and believes that when

1	the disclosure is necessary to avert a serious and imminent threat to a person or
2	the public.
3	(ii) The Commissioner of Public Safety, personally, or the Deputy
4	Commissioner of Public Safety, personally, when he or she requests data from
5	the Commissioner of Health, and the Commissioner of Health believes, after
6	consultation with at least one of the patient's health care providers, that
7	disclosure is necessary to avert a serious and imminent threat to a person or the
8	public.
9	(iii) The Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner of Public Safety
10	may disclose such data received pursuant to this subdivision (E) as is
11	necessary, in his or her discretion, to avert the serious and imminent threat.
12	(7) Personnel or contractors, as necessary for establishing and
13	maintaining the VPMS.
14	(F) A prescription monitoring system or similar entity in another state
15	pursuant to a reciprocal agreement to share prescription monitoring
16	information with the Vermont Department of Health as described in section
17	4288 of this title.
18	(c) A person who receives data or a report from VPMS or from the
19	department Department shall not share that data or report with any other
20	person or entity not eligible to receive that data pursuant to subsection (b) of
21	this section, except as necessary and consistent with the purpose of the

1	disclosure and in the normal course of business. Nothing shall restrict the right
2	of a patient to share his or her own data.
3	(d) The commissioner Commissioner shall offer health care providers and
4	dispensers training in the proper use of information they may receive from
5	VPMS. Training may be provided in collaboration with professional
6	associations representing health care providers and dispensers.
7	(e) A trained law enforcement officer drug diversion investigator who may
8	receive information pursuant to this section shall not have access to VPMS
9	except for information provided to the officer by the licensing or certification
10	authority.
11	(f) The department Department is authorized to use information from
12	VPMS for research, trend analysis, and other public health promotion purposes
13	provided that data are aggregated or otherwise de-identified. The Department
14	shall post the results of trend analyses on its website for use by health care
15	providers, dispensers, and the general public. When appropriate, the
16	Department shall send alerts relating to identified trends to health care
17	providers and dispensers by electronic mail.
18	(g) The Department shall use information from VPMS to determine if
19	individual prescribers and dispensers are utilizing VPMS appropriately.
20	(h) The Department shall use information from VPMS to evaluate the

prescription of regulated drugs by prescribers.

(i) Knowing disclosure of transmitted data to a person not authorized by
subsection (b) of this section, or obtaining information under this section not
relating to a bona fide specific investigation, shall be punishable by
imprisonment for not more than one year or a fine of not more than \$1,000.00
or both, in addition to any penalties under federal law.
(j) All information and correspondence relating to the disclosure of
information by the Commissioner to a patient's health care provider pursuant
to subdivision (b)(2)(A) of this section shall be confidential and privileged,
exempt from public inspection and copying under the Public Records Act,
immune from subpoena or other disclosure, and not subject to discovery or
introduction into evidence.
(k) Each request for disclosure of data pursuant to subdivision (b)(2)(B) of
this section shall document a bona fide specific investigation and shall specify
the name of the person who is the subject of the investigation.
Sec. 9. 18 V.S.A. § 4287 is amended to read:
§ 4287. RULEMAKING
The department Department shall adopt rules for the implementation of
VPMS as defined in this chapter consistent with 45 C.F.R. Part 164, as
amended and as may be amended, that limit the disclosure to the minimum
information necessary for purposes of this act and shall keep the senate and
house committees on judiciary, the senate committee on health and welfare,

1	and the house committee on human services advised of the substance and
2	progress of initial rulemaking pursuant to this section.
3	Sec. 10. 18 V.S.A. § 4288 is added to read:
4	§ 4288. RECIPROCAL AGREEMENTS
5	The Department of Health may enter into reciprocal agreements with other
6	states that have prescription monitoring programs so long as access under such
7	agreement is consistent with the privacy, security, and disclosure protections in
8	this chapter.
9	Sec. 11. 18 V.S.A. § 4289 is added to read:
10	§ 4289. STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES FOR HEALTH CARE
11	PROVIDERS AND DISPENSERS
12	(a) Each professional licensing authority for health care providers shall
13	develop evidence-based standards to guide health care providers in the
14	appropriate prescription of Schedules II, III, and IV controlled substances for
15	treatment of chronic pain and for other medical conditions to be determined by
16	the licensing authority.
17	(b)(1) Each health care provider who prescribes any Schedule II, III, or IV
18	controlled substances shall register with the VPMS.
19	(2) If the VPMS shows that a patient has filled a prescription for a
20	controlled substance written by a health care provider who is not a registered
21	user of VPMS, the Commissioner of Health shall notify such provider by mail

1	of the provider's registration requirement pursuant to subdivision (1) of this
2	subsection.
3	(3) The Commissioner of Health shall develop additional procedures to
4	ensure that all health care providers who prescribe controlled substances are
5	registered in compliance with subdivision (1) of this subsection.
6	(c) Each dispenser who dispenses any Schedule II, III, or IV controlled
7	substances shall register with the VPMS.
8	(d) Health care providers shall query the VPMS with respect to an
9	individual patient in the following circumstances:
10	(1) the first time the provider prescribes a Schedule II, III, or IV
11	controlled substance for the patient;
12	(2) at least annually following the initial prescription of a Schedule II,
13	III, or IV controlled substance;
14	(3) when starting a patient on a Schedule II, III, or IV controlled
15	substance for long-term opioid therapy of 90 days or more;
16	(4) prior to writing a replacement prescription for a Schedule II, III, or
17	IV controlled substance pursuant to section 4290 of this title; and
18	(5) as otherwise required by the Commissioner of Health by rule.

1	(e) Each professional licensing authority for dispensers shall adopt
2	standards regarding the frequency and circumstances under which its
3	respective licensees shall:
4	(1) query the VPMS; and
5	(2) report to the VPMS, which shall be no less than once every seven
6	days.
7	(f) Each professional licensing authority for health care providers and
8	dispensers shall consider the statutory requirements, rules, and standards
9	adopted pursuant to this section in disciplinary proceedings when determining
10	whether a licensee has complied with the applicable standard of care.
11	Sec. 11a. REPORTING OF DISPENSER STANDARDS
12	No later than November 30, 2013, each professional licensing authority for
13	dispensers shall submit the standards required by 18 V.S.A. § 4289(e) to the
14	VPMS advisory committee established in 18 V.S.A. § 4286.
15	Sec. 12. 18 V.S.A. § 4290 is added to read:
16	§ 4290. REPLACEMENT PRESCRIPTIONS AND MEDICATIONS
17	(a) As used in this section, "replacement prescription" means an
18	unscheduled prescription request in the event that the document on which a
19	patient's prescription was written or the patient's prescribed medication is
20	reported to the prescriber as having been lost or stolen.

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1	(b) When a patient or a patient's parent or guardian requests a replacement
2	prescription for a Schedule II, III, or IV controlled substance, the patient's
3	health care provider shall query the VPMS prior to writing the replacement
4	prescription to determine whether the patient may be receiving more than a
5	therapeutic dosage of the controlled substance.
6	(c) When a health care provider writes a replacement prescription pursuant
7	to this section, the provider shall clearly indicate as much by writing the word
8	"REPLACEMENT" on the face of the prescription. The health care provider
9	shall document the writing of the replacement prescription in the patient's
10	medical record.
11	Sec. 13. VPMS ADVISORY COMMITTEE
12	(a)(1) The Commissioner shall maintain an advisory committee to assist in
13	the implementation and periodic evaluation of the Vermont Prescription
14	Monitoring System (VPMS).
15	(2) The Committee shall make recommendations regarding ways to
16	improve the utility of the VPMS and its data.
17	(3) The Committee shall have access to aggregated, deidentified data
18	from the VPMS.

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1	(b) The VPMS Advisory Committee shall be chaired by the Commissioner
2	of Health or designee and shall include the following members:
3	(1) the Deputy Commissioner of Health for Alcohol and Drug Abuse
4	Programs;
5	(2) a representative from the Vermont Medical Society;
6	(3) a representative from the American College of Emergency
7	Physicians - Vermont Chapter;
8	(4) a representative from the Vermont State Nurses Association;
9	(5) a representative from the Vermont Board of Medical Practice;
10	(6) a representative from the Vermont Board of Pharmacy;
11	(7) a representative from the Vermont Pharmacists Association;
12	(8) a representative from the Vermont State Dental Society;
13	(9) the Commissioner of Public Safety;
14	(10) a representative of the Vermont Attorney General;
15	(11) a representative of the Vermont Substance Abuse Treatment
16	Providers Association;
17	(12) a mental health provider or a certified alcohol and drug abuse
18	counselor;
19	(13) a consumer in recovery from prescription drug abuse;
20	(14) a consumer receiving medical treatment for chronic pain; and
21	(15) any other member invited by the Commissioner.

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1	(c) The Committee shall meet at least once annually but may be convened
2	at any time by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's designee.
3	(d) No later than January 15, 2014, the Committee shall provide
4	recommendations to the House Committee on Human Services and the Senate
5	Committee on Health and Welfare regarding ways to maximize the
6	effectiveness and appropriate use of the VPMS database, including adding new
7	reporting capabilities, in order to improve patient outcomes and avoid
8	prescription drug diversion. The Committee shall also report on the feasibility
9	of obtaining real-time information from the VPMS and on its evaluation of
10	whether increasing the frequency of dispenser reporting to the VPMS from at
11	least once every seven days to at least once every 24 hours, or more frequently,
12	would yield substantial benefits.
13	(e) The Committee shall cease to exist on July 1, 2014.
14	* * * Improving Access to Treatment and Recovery * * *
15	Sec. 14. UNIFIED PAIN MANAGEMENT SYSTEM ADVISORY
16	COUNCIL
17	(a) There is hereby created a Unified Pain Management System Advisory
18	Council for the purpose of advising the Commissioner of Health on matters
19	relating to the appropriate use of controlled substances in treating chronic pain
20	and addiction and in preventing prescription drug abuse.

1	(b) The Unified Pain Management System Advisory Council shall consist
2	of the following members:
3	(1) the Commissioner of Health or designee, who shall serve as chair;
4	(2) the Deputy Commissioner of Health for Alcohol and Drug Abuse
5	Programs or designee;
6	(3) the Commissioner of Mental Health or designee;
7	(4) the Director of the Blueprint for Health or designee;
8	(5) the Chair of the Board of Medical Practice or designee, who shall be
9	a clinician;
10	(6) a representative of the Vermont State Dental Society, who shall be a
11	dentist;
12	(7) a representative of the Vermont Board of Pharmacy, who shall be a
13	pharmacist;
14	(8) a faculty member of the academic detailing program at the
15	University of Vermont's College of Medicine;
16	(9) a faculty member of the University of Vermont's College of
17	Medicine with expertise in the treatment of addiction or chronic pain
18	management;
19	(10) a representative of the Vermont Medical Society, who shall be a
20	primary care clinician;

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1	(11) a representative of the American Academy of Family Physicians,
2	Vermont chapter, who shall be a primary care clinician;
3	(12) a representative from the Vermont Board of Osteopathic
4	Physicians, who shall be an osteopath;
5	(13) a representative of the Federally Qualified Health Centers, who
6	shall be a primary care clinician selected by the Bi-State Primary Care
7	Association;
8	(14) a representative of the Vermont Ethics Network;
9	(15) a representative of the Hospice and Palliative Care Council of
10	<u>Vermont;</u>
11	(16) a representative of the Office of the Health Care Ombudsman;
12	(17) the Medical Director for the Department of Vermont Health
13	Access;
14	(18) a clinician who works in the emergency department of a hospital, to
15	be selected by the Vermont Association of Hospitals and Health Systems in
16	consultation with any nonmember hospitals;
17	(19) a member of the Vermont Board of Nursing Subcommittee on
18	APRN Practice, who shall be an advanced practice registered nurse;
19	(20) a representative from the Vermont Assembly of Home Health and
20	Hospice Agencies;

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1	(21) a psychologist licensed pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 55 who has
2	experience in treating chronic pain, to be selected by the Board of
3	Psychological Examiners;
4	(22) a drug and alcohol abuse counselor licensed pursuant to 33 V.S.A.
5	chapter 8, to be selected by the Deputy Commissioner of Health for Alcohol
6	and Drug Abuse Programs; and
7	(23) a consumer representative who is either a consumer in recovery
8	from prescription drug abuse or a consumer receiving medical treatment for
9	chronic noncancer-related pain.
10	(c) Advisory Council members who are not employed by the state or whose
11	participation is not supported through their employment or association shall be
12	entitled to a per diem and expenses as provided by 32 V.S.A. § 1010.
13	(d) The Advisory Council shall provide advice to the Commissioner
14	concerning rules for the appropriate use of controlled substances in treating
15	chronic noncancer pain and addiction and in preventing prescription drug
16	abuse.
17	(e) The Commissioner of Health may adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A.
18	chapter 25 regarding the appropriate use of controlled substances after seeking
19	the advice of the Council.

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1	Sec. 15. OPIOID ADDICTION TREATMENT IN HOSPITALS
2	Pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 4240(b)(5), the Department of Health, in
3	collaboration with the Vermont Association of Hospitals and Health Systems,
4	the Vermont Association for Mental Health and Addiction Recovery, and the
5	Vermont Council of Developmental and Mental Health Services, shall develop
6	evidence-based guidelines and training for hospitals regarding:
7	(1) screening for addiction;
8	(2) performing addiction interventions;
9	(3) making referrals to addiction treatment and recovery services for
10	victims admitted to or treated in a hospital emergency department; and
11	(4) informing hospitals about the specific addiction treatment and
12	recovery services available in the hospital's service area.
13	* * * Safe Disposal of Prescription Medication * * *
14	Sec. 16. UNUSED DRUG DISPOSAL PROGRAM PROPOSAL
15	(a) On or before January 15, 2014, the Commissioners of Health and of
16	Public Safety shall provide recommendations to the House and Senate
17	Committees on Judiciary, the House Committee on Human Services, and the
18	Senate Committee on Health and Welfare regarding the design and
19	implementation of a statewide drug disposal program for unused
20	over-the-counter and prescription drugs at no charge to the consumer. In
21	preparing their recommendations, the Commissioners shall consider successful

1	unused drug disposal programs in Vermont, including the Bennington County
2	Sheriff's Department's program, and programs in other states.
3	(b) On or before July 1, 2014, the Commissioners of Health and of Public
4	Safety shall implement the unused drug disposal program developed pursuant
5	to subsection (a) of this section and shall take steps to publicize the program
6	and to make all Vermont residents aware of opportunities to avail themselves
7	of it.
8	* * * Preventing Deaths from Opioid Overdose * * *
9	Sec. 17. 18 V.S.A. § 4240 is added to read:
10	§ 4240. PREVENTION AND TREATMENT OF OPIOID-RELATED
11	OVERDOSES
12	(a) As used in this section:
13	(1) "Health care professional" means a physician licensed pursuant to
14	26 V.S.A. chapter 23 or 33, a physician's assistant certified to prescribe and
15	dispense prescription drugs pursuant to 26 V.S.A. chapter 31, or a nurse
16	authorized to prescribe and dispense prescription drugs pursuant to 26 V.S.A.
17	chapter 28.
18	(2) "Opioid antagonist" means a drug that, when administered, negates
19	or neutralizes in whole or part the pharmacological effects of an opioid in the
20	body.

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1	(3) "Victim" means the person who has overdosed on an opioid drug or
2	who is believed to have overdosed on an opiate drug.
3	(b) For the purpose of addressing prescription and nonprescription opioid
4	overdoses in Vermont, the Department shall develop and implement a
5	prevention, intervention, and response strategy, depending on available
6	resources, that shall:
7	(1) provide educational materials on opioid overdose prevention to the
8	public free of charge, including to substance abuse treatment providers, health
9	care providers, opioid users, and family members of opioid users;
10	(2) increase community-based prevention programs aimed at reducing
11	risk factors that lead to opioid overdoses;
12	(3) increase timely access to treatment services for opioid users,
13	including medication-assisted treatment;
14	(4)(A) educate substance abuse treatment providers on methods to
15	prevent opioid overdoses;
16	(B) provide education and training on overdose prevention,
17	intervention, and response to individuals living with addiction and
18	participating in opioid treatment programs, syringe exchange programs,
19	residential drug treatment programs, or correctional services;

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1	(5) facilitate overdose prevention, drug treatment, and addiction
2	recovery services by implementing and expanding hospital referral services for
3	individuals treated for an opioid overdose; and
4	(6) develop a statewide opioid antagonist pilot program that emphasizes
5	access to opioid antagonists to and for the benefit of individuals with a history
6	of opioid use and who are participants in opioid treatment programs, syringe
7	exchange programs, residential drug treatment programs, and correctional
8	services.
9	(c)(1) A health care professional acting in good faith may directly or by
10	standing order prescribe, dispense, and distribute an opioid antagonist to the
11	following persons, provided he or she has completed an opioid prevention and
12	treatment training program approved by the Department:
13	(A) a person at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose; or
14	(B) a family member, friend, or other person in a position to assist a
15	person at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.
16	(2) A health care professional who prescribes, dispenses, or distributes
17	an opioid antagonist in accordance with subdivision (1) of this subsection (c)
18	shall be immune from civil or criminal liability with regard to the subsequent
19	use of the opioid antagonist, unless the health care professional acted
20	recklessly in prescribing, dispensing, or distributing the opioid antagonist. The
21	immunity granted in this subdivision shall apply whether or not the opioid

1	antagonist is administered by or to a person other than the person for whom it
2	was prescribed.
3	(d)(1) A person who has received an opioid antagonist pursuant to
4	subdivision (c)(1) of this section may administer an opioid antagonist to a
5	victim if he or she believes, in good faith, that the victim is experiencing an
6	opioid-related overdose.
7	(2) After a person has administered an opioid antagonist pursuant to
8	subdivision (1) of this subsection (d), he or she shall immediately call for
9	emergency medical services if medical assistance has not yet been sought or is
10	not yet present.
11	(3) A person shall be immune from civil or criminal liability for
12	administering an opioid antagonist to a victim pursuant to subdivision (1) of
13	this subsection (d) unless the person acted recklessly.
14	(e) A person acting on behalf of a community-based overdose prevention
15	program shall be immune from civil or criminal liability for providing
16	education on opioid-related overdose prevention or for purchasing, acquiring,
17	distributing, or possessing an opioid antagonist.
18	(f) Any health care professional treating a victim to whom an opioid
19	antagonist has recently been administered shall refer the victim to professional
20	substance abuse treatment services.

1	Sec. 18. STATEWIDE OPIOID ANTAGONIST PILOT PROGRAM
2	(a) The Department of Health shall develop and administer a statewide
3	pilot program for the purpose of distributing opioid antagonists to:
4	(1) individuals at risk of an opioid overdose;
5	(2) the family and friends of an individual at risk of experiencing an
6	opioid overdose; and
7	(3) others who may be in a position to assist individuals experiencing an
8	opioid overdose.
9	(b) In developing and implementing the pilot program, the Department
10	shall collaborate with community-based substance abuse organizations that
11	have experience delivering opioid-related prevention and treatment services as
12	determined by the Commissioner.
13	(c) The pilot program shall be in effect from July 1, 2013 through June 30,
14	2016. During the term of the pilot program, the Department shall purchase,
15	provide for the distribution of, and monitor the use of opioid antagonists
16	distributed in accordance with this section.
17	(d) On or before January 15, 2016, the Department of Health shall submit a
18	report to the House Committees on Human Services and on Judiciary and to
19	the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Judiciary evaluating the
20	statewide opioid antagonist pilot program. The report shall include findings

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1	that pertain to the cost and effectiveness of the program and recommendations
2	as to whether the program should be continued after June 30, 2016.
3	* * * Protecting Communities from
4	Methamphetamine Abuse * * *
5	Sec. 19. 18 V.S.A. § 4234b is amended to read:
6	§ 4234b. EPHEDRINE AND PSEUDOEPHEDRINE
7	* * *
8	(b) Sale.
9	(1) A drug product containing ephedrine base, pseudoephedrine base, or
10	phenylpropanolamine base shall not be distributed at retail to the general
11	public unless it is maintained in a locked display case or behind the counter out
12	of the public's reach.
13	(2)(A) A retail establishment shall not knowingly sell complete a sale to
14	a person within a calendar day any if the drug product or combination of drug
15	products containing purchased would surpass a total of more than 3.6 grams
16	within a 24-hour period or nine grams within a 30-day period of ephedrine
17	base, pseudoephedrine base, or phenylpropanolamine base or their isomers.
18	(B) This subdivision shall not apply to drug products dispensed
19	pursuant to a valid prescription.

1	(3) A person or business which violates this subdivision shall:
2	(A) for a first violation be assessed a civil penalty of not more than
3	\$100.00 .; and
4	(B) for a second and subsequent violation be assessed a civil penalty
5	of not more than \$500.00.
6	(c) Electronic registry system.
7	(1)(A) Retail establishments shall use an electronic registry system to
8	record the sale of products made pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. The
9	electronic registry system shall have the capacity to block a sale of
10	nonprescription drug products containing ephedrine base, pseudoephedrine
11	base, or phenylpropanolamine base that would result in a purchaser exceeding
12	the lawful daily or monthly amount. The system shall contain an override
13	function that may be used by an agent of a retail establishment who is
14	dispensing the drug product and who has a reasonable fear of imminent bodily
15	harm if the transaction is not completed. The system shall create a record of
16	each use of the override mechanism.
17	(B) The electronic registry system shall be available free of charge to
18	the State of Vermont, retail establishments, and local law enforcement
19	agencies.

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1	(C) The electronic registry system shall operate in real time to enable
2	communication among in-state users and users of similar systems in
3	neighboring states.
4	(D) The State shall use the National Precursor Log Exchange
5	(NPLEx) online portal or its equivalent to host Vermont's electronic registry
6	system.
7	(2)(A) Prior to completing a sale under subsection (b) of this section, a
8	retail establishment shall require the person purchasing the drug product to
9	present a current, valid government-issued photograph identification
10	document. The retail establishment shall record in the electronic registry
11	system:
12	(i) the name and address of the purchaser;
13	(ii) the name of the drug product and quantity sold in grams;
14	(iii) the date and time of purchase;
15	(iv) the form of identification presented, the issuing government
16	entity, and the corresponding identification number; and
17	(v) the name of the person selling or furnishing the drug product.
18	(B)(i) If the retail establishment experiences an electronic or
19	mechanical failure of the electronic registry system and is unable to comply
20	with the electronic recording requirement, the retail establishment shall

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1	manitani a written log of an afternative electronic record-keeping mechanism
2	until the retail establishment is able to comply fully with this subsection (c).
3	(ii) If the region of the State where the retail establishment is
4	located does not have broadband Internet access, the retail establishment shall
5	maintain a written log or an alternative electronic record-keeping mechanism
6	until broadband Internet access becomes accessible to that region. At that
7	time, the retail establishment shall come into compliance with this
8	subsection (c).
9	(C) A retail establishment shall maintain all records of drug product
10	purchases made pursuant to this subsection (c) for a minimum of two years.
11	(3) A retail establishment shall display a sign at the register provided by
12	NPLEx or its equivalent to notify purchasers of drug products containing
13	ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine base that:
14	(A) the purchase of the drug product or products shall result in the
15	purchaser's identity being listed on a national database; and
16	(B) the purchaser has the right to request the transaction number for
17	any purchase that was denied pursuant to this subsection (c).
18	(4) Except as provided in subdivision (5) of this subsection (c), a person
19	or retail establishment that violates this subsection shall:
20	(A) for a first violation be assessed a civil penalty of not more than
21	\$100.00; and

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1	(B) for a second or subsequent violation be assessed a civil penalty of
2	not more than \$500.00.
3	(5) A retail establishment shall be immune from civil liability arising
4	from the retail establishment's use of the electronic registry system in
5	accordance with this subsection (c) or the performance of duties required by
6	this subsection. This subsection shall not apply to reckless or intentional
7	misconduct by the retail establishment.
8	(d) This section shall not apply to a manufacturer which that has obtained
9	an exemption from the Attorney General of the United States under Section
10	711(d) of the federal Combat Methamphetamine Epidemic Act of 2005.
11	* * *
12	Sec. 20. THE EFFECT OF ILLEGAL DRUG PRODUCTION ON
13	HOUSING STUDY COMMITTEE
14	(a) A committee is established to study the effects of the production of
15	methamphetamine and other illegal drugs on housing.
16	(b) The Committee shall examine:
17	(1) approaches for identifying housing that is or has been used for illegal
18	drug production and methods for making such housing safe, including

standards for habitability, notification to purchasers or tenants that housing has

been affected by illegal drug production, methods taken by other states in

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1	identifying, quarantining, and cleaning such housing as well as methods used
2	by other states to notify affected parties;
3	(2) the effect of illegal drug production on housing and property values
4	including the cost of rehabilitating or condemning affected properties and its
5	effect on the availability and habitability of affordable housing;
6	(3) approaches, including those used by other states, to coordinate state
7	and local jurisdiction over housing affected by illegal drug production
8	including efforts to coordinate between law enforcement, the Department of
9	Health, the Department of Public Safety, and local housing authorities;
10	(4) the public health effects of long-term exposure to housing that is or
11	has been contaminated by by-products used in the production of illegal drugs;
12	(5) existing state and federal laws regarding illegal drug production and
13	housing contaminated by illegal drug production; and
14	(6) any other issues related to illegal drugs or the effect of their
15	production on housing.
16	(c) The Committee shall consist of the following members:
17	(1) the Commissioner of Health or designee;
18	(2) the Commissioner of Public Safety or designee;
19	(3) the Attorney General or designee; and
20	(4) the Commissioner of Economic Development, Housing and
21	Community Development or designee.

1	(d) The Committee shall convene its first meeting on or before
2	September 1, 2013. The Commissioner of Health shall be designated Chair of
3	the Committee and shall convene the first and subsequent meetings.
4	(e) The Committee shall report its findings, including any
5	recommendations or proposed legislation to the House Committees on
6	General, Housing and Military Affairs, on Judiciary, and on Human Services
7	and the Senate Committees on Economic Development, Housing and General
8	Affairs on Judiciary, and on Health and Welfare on or before January 15, 2014.
9	(f) The Committee shall cease to function upon transmitting its report.
10	* * * Community Safety * * *
11	Sec. 21. 13 V.S.A. § 3705 is amended to read:
12	§ 3705. UNLAWFUL TRESPASS
13	(a) A person shall be imprisoned for not more than three months or fined
14	not more than \$500.00, or both, if, without legal authority or the consent of the
15	person in lawful possession, he or she enters or remains on any land or in any
16	place as to which notice against trespass is given by:
17	(1) Actual actual communication by the person in lawful possession or
18	his or her agent or by a law enforcement officer acting on behalf of such
19	person or his or her agent; or
20	(2) Signs signs or placards so designed and situated as to give
21	reasonable notice.

1	(b) Prosecutions for offenses under subsection (a) of this section shall be
2	commenced within 60 days following the commission of the offense and not
3	thereafter.
4	(c) A person who enters a building other than a residence, whose normal
5	access is <u>normally</u> locked, <u>whether or not the access is actually locked</u> , or a
6	residence in violation of an order of any court of competent jurisdiction in this
7	state State shall be imprisoned for not more than one year or fined not more
8	than \$500.00, or both.
9	(d) A person who enters a dwelling house, whether or not a person is
10	actually present, knowing that he or she is not licensed or privileged to do so
11	shall be imprisoned for not more than three years or fined not more than
12	\$2,000.00, or both.
13	(e)(1) A person shall be imprisoned for not more than three months or fined
14	not more than \$500.00, or both, if the person enters or remains on any
15	abandoned property that he or she does not have an ownership interest in and
16	with respect to which notice against trespass is given by:
17	(A) signs or placards, posted by the owner, the owner's agent, or a
18	law enforcement officer, and so designed and situated as to give reasonable
19	notice; or

(B) actual communication by a law enforcement officer.

1	(2) As used in this subsection, "abandoned property" means real
2	property on which there is a vacant structure that for the previous 60 days has
3	been continuously unoccupied by a person with the legal right to occupy it and
4	with respect to which:
5	(A) property taxes have been delinquent for six months or more;
6	(B) one or more utility services have been disconnected due to
7	nonpayment;
8	(C) the owner has declared in writing to a municipal officer that the
9	property is abandoned; or
10	(D) there has been a determination by the municipality under
11	24 V.S.A. chapter 85 that the vacant structure contributes to housing blight.
12	Sec. 22. 18 V.S.A. § 4252 is amended to read:
13	§ 4252. PENALTIES FOR DISPENSING OR SELLING REGULATED
14	DRUGS IN A DWELLING
15	(a) No person shall knowingly permit a dwelling, building, or structure
16	owned by or under the control of the person to be used for the purpose of
17	illegally dispensing or selling a regulated drug.
18	(b) A landlord shall be in violation of subsection (a) of this section only if
19	the landlord knew at the time he or she signed the lease agreement has actual
20	knowledge that the tenant intended is using or intends to use the dwelling,

1	building, or structure for the purpose of illegally dispensing or selling a
2	regulated drug.
3	(c) It shall not be a violation of this section if the landlord notifies a law
4	enforcement officer within 24 hours of becoming aware that the tenant is using
5	or intends to use the dwelling for the purpose of illegally selling drugs.
6	(d) A person who violates this section shall be imprisoned not more than
7	two years or fined not more than \$1,000.00, or both.
8	* * * Effective Dates * * *
9	Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATES
10	(a) This section and Secs. 2a (emergency rules), 13 (VPMS Advisory
11	Committee), and 20 (study committee on the effects of the production of
12	methamphetamine and other illegal drugs on housing) of this act shall take
13	effect on passage.
14	(b) Secs. 10 (18 V.S.A. § 4288; reciprocal agreements), 11 (18 V.S.A.
15	§ 4289; standards and guidelines), 12 (18 V.S.A. § 4290; replacement
16	prescriptions), 19 (18 V.S.A. § 4234b; ephedrine and pseudoephedrine) and
17	Sec. 8(b)(2)(G) (18 V.S.A. § 4284(b)(2)(G); interstate data sharing) of this act
18	shall take effect on October 1, 2013.
19	(c) The remaining sections of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2013.