1	H.513
2	Introduced by Committee on Commerce and Economic Development
3	Date:
4	Subject: Banking; insurance; securities; Department of Financial Regulation
5	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to make various
6	amendments to the laws governing entities and matters within the jurisdiction
7	of the Department of Financial Regulation.
8	An act relating to the Department of Financial Regulation
9	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
10	* * * Banking * * *
11	Sec. 1. 8 V.S.A. § 18 is amended to read:
12	§ 18. CHARGES FOR EXAMINATIONS, APPLICATIONS, REVIEWS,
13	AND INVESTIGATIONS
14	(a) Every person subject to regulation by the department Department shall
15	pay the department Department the reasonable costs of any examination,
16	review, or investigation that is conducted or caused to be conducted by the
17	department Department of such person, or of any application or filing made by
18	such person, or of any examination, review, or investigation of any order,
19	decision, or certificate issued by the commissioner Commissioner, at a rate to
20	be determined by the commissioner Commissioner. The department

<u>Department</u> may retain experts or other persons who are independently
practicing their professions to assist in such examination, review, or
investigation. The department Department shall be reimbursed for all
reasonable costs and expenses, including the reasonable costs and expenses of
such persons retained by the department Department, by the person examined,
submitting the application or filing reviewed, investigated, or subject to or
under the jurisdiction of an order, decision, or certificate issued by the
commissioner Commissioner under this title or under Title 18. An
examination, review, or investigation subject to this section shall include, but
not be limited to, an examination, review, or investigation of any application,
information, rate filing, or form filing submitted, or any order, decision, or
certificate issued under this title, or under Title 18. In unusual circumstances,
the commissioner Commissioner may waive reimbursement for the costs and
expenses of any review in the interests of justice. Those Except as set forth in
subsection (b) of this section, those institutions subject to assessment or fees
for services provided under section 19 of this title, other than merchant banks
established under section 12603 of this title and independent trust companies
subject to assessment under subdivision 2405(f)(1) of this title, shall not be
billed for a regular examination performed under subsection 11501(a) or
30601(a) of this title or for services for which such fees under subsection 19(a)
of this title have been paid.

(b) Merchant banks established under section 12603 of this title, uninsured
banks established under section 12604 of this title, and independent trust
companies subject to assessment under subdivision 2405(f)(1) of this title shall
pay the department Department the costs and expenses of all examinations,
including regular and special or expanded scope examinations.
(c) The authority granted to the commissioner Commissioner by this
section is in addition to any other authority granted to the eommissioner
Commissioner by law.
Sec. 2. 8 V.S.A. § 19 is amended to read:
§ 19. FEES AND DEPARTMENTAL EXPENSES
* * *
(b) Those Merchant banks established under section 12603 of this title,
uninsured banks established under section 12604 of this title, and independent
trust companies assessed as provided in subdivision 2405(f)(1) of this title
shall be billed for all examinations. All other institutions subject to assessment
under subsection (d) of this section, other than merchant banks established
under section 12603 of this title and independent trust companies assessed as
provided in subdivision 2405(f)(1) of this title, will shall not be billed for
provided in subdivision 2+05(1)(1) of this title, with shall not be blied for
regular examinations performed under subsection 11501(a) of this title.

* * *

(d) The eommissioner Commissioner shall apportion the expenses allowed
under the title "Banking, insurance, securities, and health care administration-
banking" "Department of Financial Regulation - Banking" in the annual
appropriation bill among the several financial institutions, and credit unions,
and independent trust companies directly regulated under this title, including
the operations in Vermont of any such entity organized in another jurisdiction.
Annually, on or before November 1, the commissioner Commissioner shall
issue a bulletin setting forth notify the institutions of the proposed assessment.
The assessment shall consider surpluses or shortfalls from prior year
assessments, increases, and decreases in entity deposits and assets under
management, and any other factor that may affect the banking division's
Banking Division's expenditures and revenues. The commissioner
Commissioner shall send each entity a bill for such entity's portion of the
assessment on or before March 1 of each year, which bill shall be paid into the
state treasury on or before April 1.

- (1) Financial institutions and credit unions that accept deposits will be assessed based on the amount of their deposits held in this state State on the preceding June 30.
- (2) In the case of merchant banks established under section 12603 of this title, the assessment shall be based on assets in this state State on the preceding June 30.

1	(3) In the case of special purpose financial institutions that are not
2	permitted to accept deposits, except merchant banks established under section
3	12603 nondepository trust companies established under section 12602 of this
4	title, the assessment will be based on assets under management in this state
5	State on the preceding June 30.
6	(4) <u>In the case of an uninsured bank established under section 12604 of</u>
7	this title:
8	(A) an uninsured bank whose primary activity is transactional shall
9	pay to the Department an annual assessment equal to \$0.0001 per dollar
10	volume of activity performed for the most recent year ended December 31,
11	which assessment shall not be greater than \$50,000.00; and
12	(B) an uninsured bank whose primary activity is accepting uninsured
13	deposits shall be assessed based on the amount of deposits on the preceding
14	<u>June 30.</u>
15	(5) No financial institution, credit union, or independent nondepository
16	trust company, or merchant bank, or uninsured bank subject to assessment
17	under subdivision (1), (2), or (3), or (4) of this subsection may pay less than
18	\$2,000.00 per annual assessment.
19	(5)(6) Loan production offices or persons engaged in an approved loan
20	production activity authorized under prior law, which that do not pay an

1	assessment under subdivision (1), (2), or (3), or (4) of this subsection, shall pay
2	an annual fee of \$1,200.00.
3	(6)(7) In the case of independent trust companies organized under
4	chapter 77 of this title:
5	(A) an independent trust company whose primary activity in this state
6	State is transactional shall pay an assessment calculated under subdivision
7	2405(f)(1) of this title; and
8	(B) an independent trust company whose primary activity in this state
9	State is asset management shall pay an assessment based on assets under
10	management, provided the annual assessment shall not be less than \$2,000.00.
11	* * *
12	Sec. 3. 8 V.S.A. § 2201(d) is amended to read:
13	(d) No lender license, mortgage broker license, or sales finance company
14	license shall be required of:
15	* * *
16	(4) a depository institution or a financial institution as defined in
17	8 V.S.A. §11101 (32);
18	* * *

1	Sec. 4. 8 V.S.A. § 2204a(a) is amended to read:
2	(a) In order to meet the prelicensing education requirement for a mortgage
3	loan originator, a person shall complete at least 20 hours of education approved
4	in accordance with subsection (b) of this section, which shall include at least:
5	(1) Three hours of federal law and regulations;
6	(2) Three hours of ethics, which shall include instruction on fraud,
7	consumer protection, and fair lending issues; and
8	(3) Two hours of training related to lending standards for the
9	nontraditional mortgage product marketplace; and
10	(4) Two hours of Vermont law and regulations.
11	Sec. 5. 8 V.S.A. § 2206(a) is amended to read:
12	(a) The license shall state the address at which the business is to be
13	conducted and shall state fully the name of the licensee; and, if the licensee is
14	other than an individual, the date and place of its organization or incorporation.
15	The eommissioner Commissioner may issue an electronic license. The license
16	or a copy of the electronic license shall be kept conspicuously posted in the
17	place of business of the licensee and shall not be transferable or assignable.
18	Sec. 6. 8 V.S.A. § 2219 is amended to read:
19	§ 2219. CONTRACT REQUIRED OF MORTGAGE BROKER
20	(a) In advance of taking any fee or collecting any charges, or at the time the
21	prospective borrower submits a signed application, a written agreement in a

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form approved by the eommissioner Commissioner shall be prepared by the
mortgage broker, and shall be signed by both the mortgage broker and the
prospective borrower. The agreement shall set forth the particulars of the
service to be performed by the mortgage broker, including specifics as to what
shall constitute reasonable efforts on the part of the mortgage broker to
perform the agreed upon services, shall state clearly that the mortgage broker
shall represent the interests of the prospective borrower rather than those of
any lender, and shall state the fee for the services.
(b) A mortgage broker who acts as an independent contractor loan
processor or an underwriter who performs loan processing or underwriting
activities for a licensed or exempt mortgage broker or lender is not required to
provide a mortgage broker agreement to the prospective borrower, provided:
(1) the mortgage broker is acting as an independent contractor loan
processor or underwriter as described in subsection 2201(f) of this chapter;
(2) the mortgage broker's activities are limited to loan processor or
underwriting activities as described in subdivision 2200(14) of this chapter;
(3) the mortgage broker is paid a fee solely by the licensed or exempt
mortgage broker or lender, is not paid by the prospective borrower, and is not
paid a commission based upon the dollar amount of the loan; and
(4) if the mortgage broker is acting as an independent contractor loan
processor or underwriter on behalf of a mortgage broker, such mortgage broker

1	has already entered into a written mortgage broker agreement with the
2	prospective borrower.
3	Sec. 7. 8 V.S.A. § 2244 is amended to read:
4	§ 2244. UNIQUE IDENTIFIER SHOWN
5	(a) The unique identifier issued by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing
6	System and Registry of any person originating a residential mortgage loan
7	shall be clearly shown on all residential mortgage loan application forms,
8	solicitations, or advertisements, including business cards or websites, and any
9	other documents as established by rule or order of the commissioner
10	Commissioner.
11	(b) The unique identifier issued by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing
12	System and Registry of any person engaging in the business of lending or
13	acting as a mortgage broker or sales finance company shall be clearly shown
14	on all loan application forms, solicitations, or advertisements, including
15	business cards and websites, and any other documents as established by rule or
16	order of the Commissioner.
17	Sec. 8. 8 V.S.A. § 2405(f) is amended to read:
18	(f) Any independent trust company that maintains one or more offices in
19	this state State shall be assessed by the following applicable method:
20	(1) an independent trust company whose primary activity in the state is
21	transactional shall pay to the department Department an annual assessment

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1	equal to \$0.0001 per dollar volume of activity performed for the most recent
2	year ending December 31, which assessment shall not be less than \$2,000.00
3	or greater than \$50,000.00, and which shall be paid on or before April 1 of
4	each year; or
5	* * *
6	Sec. 9. 9 V.S.A. § 2405(g)(1)(I) is amended to read:
7	(I) The total time price, which is the sum of items (A), (D), (E), and
8	(F) (G) of this subdivision (1).
9	Sec. 10. 9 V.S.A. § 2435(b) is amended to read:
10	(b) Notice of breach.
11	* * *
12	(3) A data collector or other entity subject to this subchapter, other than
13	a person or entity licensed or registered with the department of financial
14	regulation under Title 8 or this title, shall provide notice of a breach to the
15	attorney general's office Attorney General or to the Department of Financial
16	Regulation, as applicable, as follows:
17	(A) A data collector or other entity regulated by the Department of
18	Financial Regulation under Title 8 or this title shall provide notice of a breach
19	to the Department. All other data collectors or other entities subject to this

subchapter shall provide notice of a breach to the Attorney General.

(B)(i) The data collector shall notify the attorney general Attorney
General or the Department, as applicable, of the date of the security breach and
the date of discovery of the breach and shall provide a preliminary description
of the breach within 14 business days, consistent with the legitimate needs of
the law enforcement agency as provided in subdivisions this subdivision (3)
and <u>subdivision</u> (4) of this subsection, of the data collector's discovery of the
security breach or when the data collector provides notice to consumers
pursuant to this section, whichever is sooner.

- (ii) Notwithstanding subdivision (A)(i) (B)(i) of this subdivision (b)(3), a data collector who, prior to the date of the breach, on a form and in a manner prescribed by the office of the attorney general Attorney General, had sworn in writing to the attorney general Attorney General that it maintains written policies and procedures to maintain the security of personally identifiable information and respond to a breach in a manner consistent with Vermont law shall notify the attorney general Attorney General of the date of the security breach and the date of discovery of the breach and shall provide a description of the breach prior to providing notice of the breach to consumers pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (iii) If the date of the breach is unknown at the time notice is sent to the attorney general Attorney General or to the Department, the data

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collector shall send the attorney general	Attorney General or the Department
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the date of the breach as soon as it is known	own.

(iv) Unless otherwise ordered by a court of this state State for good cause shown, a notice provided under this subdivision $\frac{(3)(A)}{(3)(B)}$ shall not be disclosed to any person other than the Department, the authorized agent or representative of the attorney general Attorney General, a state's attorney, or another law enforcement officer engaged in legitimate law enforcement activities without the consent of the data collector.

(B)(C)(i) When the data collector provides notice of the breach pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection (b), the data collector shall notify the attorney general Attorney General or the Department, as applicable, of the number of Vermont consumers affected, if known to the data collector, and shall provide a copy of the notice provided to consumers under subdivision (1) of this subsection (b).

(ii) The data collector may send to the attorney general Attorney General or the Department, as applicable, a second copy of the consumer notice, from which is redacted the type of personally identifiable information that was subject to the breach, and which the attorney general Attorney General or the Department shall use for any public disclosure of the breach.

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Sec. 11. 9 V.S.A. § 2435(f) is amended to read:
(f) A Except as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection, a financial
institution that is subject to the following guidances, and any revisions,
additions, or substitutions relating to an interagency guidance shall be exempt
from this section:
(1) The Federal Interagency Guidance Response Programs for
Unauthorized Access to Consumer Information and Customer Notice, issued
on March 7, 2005, by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System,
the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Office of the Comptroller of
the Currency, and the Office of Thrift Supervision; or
(2) Final Guidance on Response Programs for Unauthorized Access to
Member Information and Member Notice, issued on April 14, 2005, by the
National Credit Union Administration.
(3) A financial institution regulated by the Department of Financial
Regulation that is subject to subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection shall
notify the Department as soon as possible after it becomes aware of an incident
involving unauthorized access to or use of personally identifiable information.
Sec. 12. 8 V.S.A. § 2508(e) is added to read:

(e) The Commissioner may issue an electronic license. The license shall

not be transferable or assignable.

1	Sec. 13.	8 V.S.A.	§ 2517(e)) is added to	read:

- 2 (e) The Commissioner may issue an electronic license. The license shall
- 3 <u>not be transferable or assignable.</u>
- 4 Sec. 14. 8 V.S.A. § 2756(c) is added to read:
- 5 (c) The Commissioner may issue an electronic license. The license shall
- 6 <u>not be transferable or assignable.</u>
- 7 Sec. 15. 8 V.S.A. § 2906 is amended to read:
- 8 § 2906. CONTENTS OF LICENSE; NONTRANSFERABLE
- 9 The license shall state the address at which the business is to be conducted
- and shall state fully the name of the licensee and, if the licensee is other than
- an individual, the date and place of its organization or incorporation. The
- 12 <u>commissioner Commissioner may issue an electronic license. The license or a</u>
- copy of the electronic license shall be kept conspicuously posted in the place of
- business of the licensee and shall not be transferred or assigned.
- 15 Sec. 16. 8 V.S.A. § 10302 is amended to read:
- 16 § 10302. AUTOMATED TELLER MACHINES
- 17 (a) The owner of an automated teller machine or other remote service unit,
- including a cash dispensing machine, located or employed in this state State
- shall <u>prominently and conspicuously</u> disclose <u>on or</u> at the location of each such
- 20 machine or on the first screen of each such machine the identity, address, and
- 21 telephone number of the owner and the availability of consumer assistance.

The owner shall also disclose to the consumer on the screen of such machine
or on a paper notice issued from the machine the amount of the fees or charges
which the owner will assess to the consumer for the use of that machine. The
amount of the fees or charges shall be disclosed before the consumer is
irrevocably committed to completing the transaction. The eommissioner
Commissioner shall approve the form, content, timing, and location of such
disclosures and any amendments thereto prior to use. The eommissioner
Commissioner shall act on any submission made under this section within 30
days of receipt. If the commissioner Commissioner determines that any
disclosures do not provide adequate consumer protection, the eommissioner
Commissioner may by order or by rule specify minimum disclosure standards,
including the form, content, timing, and location of such disclosures. The
commissioner Commissioner may impose on the owner of an automated teller
machine or other remote service unit an administrative penalty of not more
than \$1,000.00 for each day's failure of the owner to apply to the
commissioner Commissioner for approval of disclosures required under this
section, for each day's failure of the owner to use disclosures approved by the
commissioner Commissioner, or for each day's continuing violation of an
order of the eommissioner Commissioner relating to the disclosures required
by this section.

(b) In addition to an automated teller machine or other remote service unit owned by a financial institution or credit union, the provisions of this section shall apply to any automated teller machine or other remote service unit not owned by a financial institution or credit union, except it shall not include a point-of-sale terminal owned or operated by a merchant who does not charge a fee for the use of the point-of-sale terminal. The activities of an automated teller machine or other remote service unit whose owner is not a financial institution shall be limited to cash dispensing or the offer or sale of nonbanking services and products.

Sec. 17. 8 V.S.A. § 11601(c) is amended to read:

(c)(1) The commissioner Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, the Commissioner shall provide notice of any enforcement order proposed pursuant to this section and the grounds therefor by mail to the financial institution and to any affected person. The financial institution or any person so served may, within 30 days of service on the financial institution, request that a hearing be held by the commissioner Commissioner. If no hearing is requested, the proposed order shall become final 30 days after service on the financial institution. The provisions of 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 of Title 3 shall govern any hearing held by the commissioner Commissioner under this section. An appeal under this section shall be filed within 30 days

1	of the date of the commissioner's Commissioner's decision, and shall be to the
2	Washington superior court Superior Court.
3	(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the
4	Commissioner may, ex parte without notice, issue any enforcement order
5	under this section in any case in which the Commissioner determines such
6	action is necessary to:
7	(A) conserve the assets of any financial institution; or
8	(B) protect the interests of the depositors.
9	Sec. 18. 8 V.S.A. § 30701(c) is amended to read:
10	(c)(1) The commissioner Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this
11	subsection, the Commissioner shall provide notice of any enforcement order
12	proposed pursuant to this section and the grounds therefore by mail to the
13	credit union and to any person named as a party to the enforcement
14	proceeding. The credit union or any person so served may, within 30 days of
15	service on the credit union, request that the commissioner Commissioner hold
16	a hearing. If no hearing is requested, the proposed order shall become final 30
17	days after service on the credit union or such person. The provisions of
18	3 V.S.A. chapter 25 of Title 3 and any applicable department Department
19	regulations shall govern any hearing held by the commissioner Commissioner
20	under this section. An appeal under this section shall be filed within 30 days

1	of the date of the eommissioner's Commissioner's decision, and shall be to the
2	Washington superior court Superior Court.
3	(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the
4	Commissioner may, ex parte without notice, issue any enforcement order
5	under this section in any case in which the Commissioner determines such
6	action is necessary to:
7	(A) conserve the assets of any credit union; or
8	(B) protect the interests of the members of such credit union.
9	* * * Securities * * *
10	Sec. 19. 9 V.S.A. § 5410(e) is amended to read:
11	(e) A federal covered investment adviser required to file a notice under
12	section 5405 of this chapter shall pay an initial fee of \$250.00 and an annual
13	notice fee of \$250.00. To the extent required to be included in documents filed
14	with the Securities and Exchange Commission, such notice filing shall include
15	information on the branch offices of a federal covered investment adviser who
16	transacts business in this state State from any place of business located within
17	this state State, accompanied by a notice filing fee of \$100.00 per branch office
18	in Vermont. A notice filing may be terminated by filing notice of such
19	termination with the commissioner Commissioner. If a notice filing results in

a denial or withdrawal, the Commissioner shall retain the fee.

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Sec. 20. 9 V.S.A. § 5602 is amended to read:

§ 5602. INVESTIGATIONS AND SUBPOENAS

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- (e) An individual is not excused from attending, testifying, filing a statement, producing a record or other evidence, or obeying a subpoena of the commissioner Commissioner under this chapter or in an action or proceeding instituted by the eommissioner Commissioner under this chapter on the ground that the required testimony, statement, record, or other evidence, directly or indirectly, may tend to incriminate the individual or subject the individual to a criminal fine, penalty, or forfeiture. If the individual refuses to testify, file a statement, or produce a record or other evidence on the basis of the individual's privilege against self-incrimination, the commissioner Commissioner, subject to subsection (f) of this section, may apply to the superior court of Washington County Superior Court to compel the testimony, the filing of the statement, the production of the record, or the giving of other evidence. The testimony, record, or other evidence compelled under such an order may not be used, directly or indirectly, against the individual in a criminal case, except in a prosecution for perjury or contempt or otherwise failing to comply with the order.
- (f) <u>Unless presented by an emergency or exigent circumstances, the</u>

 <u>Commissioner shall give notice to the Attorney General and United States</u>

Attorney not less than 5 days before applying to the Washington County
Superior Court to compel the testimony, the filing of the statement, the
production of the record, or the giving of other evidence under subsection (e)
of this section. In the case of an emergency or exigent circumstances, the
Commissioner shall notify the Attorney General and U.S. Attorney as soon as
possible before applying to the Washington County Superior Court.
(g) At the request of the securities regulator of another state or a foreign
jurisdiction, the commissioner Commissioner may provide assistance if the
requesting regulator states that it is conducting an investigation to determine
whether a person has violated, is violating, or is about to violate a law or rule
of the other state or foreign jurisdiction relating to securities matters that the
requesting regulator administers or enforces. The commissioner
Commissioner may provide the assistance by using the authority to investigate
and the powers conferred by this section as the commissioner Commissioner
determines is necessary or appropriate. The assistance may be provided
without regard to whether the conduct described in the request would also
constitute a violation of this chapter or other law of this state State if occurring
in this state State. In deciding whether to provide the assistance, the
commissioner Commissioner may consider whether the requesting regulator is
permitted and has agreed to provide assistance reciprocally within its state or
foreign jurisdiction to the commissioner Commissioner when requested,

1	whether compliance with the request would violate or prejudice the public
2	policy of this state State, and the availability of resources and employees of the
3	commissioner Commissioner to carry out the request for assistance.
4	Sec. 21. 9 V.S.A. § 5607(b) is amended to read:
5	(b) The following records are not public records and are not available for
6	public examination and copying under the Public Records Act or under
7	subsection (a) of this section:
8	* * *
9	(7) records relating to the notice requirement in subsection 5602(f) of
10	this title;
11	(8) records otherwise exempt from public disclosure pursuant to
12	1 V.S.A. § 317(c).
13	* * *
14	* * * General Insurance Provisions * * *
15	Sec. 22. 8 V.S.A. § 3563 is amended to read:
16	§ 3563. EXAMINATION OF COMPANIES; FEES
17	The commissioner Commissioner shall thoroughly inspect and examine the
18	affairs of each domestic insurer to ascertain its financial condition, its ability to
19	fulfill its obligations, and whether it has complied with the provisions of law.
20	Such an inspection and examination shall be conducted personally or by a
21	competent person appointed by the commissioner Commissioner at least every

three years and whenever determined to be prudent by the eommissioner
<u>Commissioner</u> . The <u>commissioner</u> <u>Commissioner</u> may enlarge the aforesaid
three-year period to five years, provided the insurer is subject to a
comprehensive annual audit during such period of a scope satisfactory to the
commissioner Commissioner by independent auditors approved by the
commissioner Commissioner. The examination shall <u>include a review of the</u>
financial analysis performed by the Commissioner and shall be conducted in
accordance with statutory accounting principles pursuant to guidelines,
principles, manuals, instructions, and other procedures promulgated by the
National Association of Insurance Commissioners, together with any useful or
necessary modifications or adaptations thereof required or approved by the
commissioner Commissioner. The expenses of the examinations shall be paid
to the state State by the company or companies examined and the
commissioner of finance and management Commissioner of Finance and
Management shall issue his or her warrants for the proper charges incurred in
all examinations.
Sec. 23. 8 V.S.A. § 3569(a) is amended to read:
(a) Each domestic, foreign, and alien insurer who is authorized to transact
insurance in this state State shall annually on or before March 15 March 1 of
each year, or within any extension of time not to exceed 30 days which the
commissioner Commissioner, for good cause may have granted, file with the

1	National Association of Insurance Commissioners a copy of its annual
2	statement convention blank as prescribed and adopted by the National
3	Association of Insurance Commissioners, along with such additional filings as
4	prescribed by the eommissioner Commissioner for the preceding year. The
5	information filed with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners
6	shall be in the same format and scope as that required by the commissioner
7	Commissioner and shall include the signed jurat page and the actuarial
8	certification. Any amendments and addendums to the annual statement filing
9	subsequently filed with the commissioner Commissioner shall also be filed
10	with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. The commissioner
11	Commissioner in his or her sole discretion may waive one or more of the
12	requirements established by this subsection.
13	Sec. 24. REPEAL
14	8 V.S.A. § 3578 (annual audited financial reports pertaining to insurers) is
15	repealed.
16	Sec. 25. 8 V.S.A. § 3578a is amended to read:
17	§ 3578a. ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORTING
18	(a) The commissioner Commissioner shall adopt by rule the Annual
19	Financial Reporting Model Regulation of the National Association of
20	Insurance Commissioners, as <u>may be</u> amended from time to time, or in the

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1	eommissioner's Commissioner's discretion a regulation substantially similar
2	thereto.
3	(b) A domestic insurer required to be audited pursuant to the annual
4	financial reporting rule adopted by the commissioner under subsection (a) of
5	this section shall register with the commissioner the name and address of the
6	certified public accountant retained in compliance with this section, and pay a
7	registration fee of \$100.00. If the commissioner determines that a report filed
8	by a foreign or alien insurer is not substantially similar to the requirements
9	imposed by the annual financial reporting rule adopted by the commissioner
10	under subsection (a) of this section, the foreign or alien insurer shall, within 30
11	days of such determination, register the name and address of the certified
12	public accountant retained in compliance with this section, and pay a
13	registration fee of \$100.00.
14	Sec. 26. 8 V.S.A. § 3579 is amended to read:
15	§ 3579. QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANTS
16	(a) A certified public accountant retained to perform audits of an insurer
17	under section 3578 pursuant to the annual financial reporting rule adopted by
18	the Commissioner under section 3578a of this title:

* * *

(b) A domestic insurer required to be audited under section 3578 pursuant

to the annual financial reporting rule adopted by the Commissioner under

section 3578a of this title shall register with the commissioner Commissioner the name and address of the certified public accountant retained in compliance with this section, and pay a registration fee of \$100.00. If the commissioner Commissioner determines that a report filed by a foreign or alien insurer under section subsection 3578(f) of this title is not substantially similar to the requirements imposed on a domestic insurer, a by the annual financial reporting rule adopted by the Commissioner under section 3578a of this title, the foreign or alien insurer shall, within 30 days of such determination, register the name and address of the certified public accountant retained in compliance with this section, and pay a registration fee of \$100.00. The notice of registration shall include the accountant's statement that the accountant:

* * *

(e) No partner or other person rendering the report required by section 3578 the annual financial reporting rule adopted by the Commissioner under section 3578a of this title may act in that capacity for more than seven consecutive years. Upon application, the commissioner Commissioner may find that the rotation requirement of this subsection would pose an unreasonable hardship on the insurer and may extend the accountant's period of qualification for an additional term. In making such determinations, the commissioner Commissioner may consider the experience of the retained accountant and the

size of his or her business, the premium volume of the insurer, and the number
of jurisdictions in which the insurer transacts business.

3 ***

* * * Insurance Matters Relating to NAIC Accreditation * * *

Sec. 27. 8 V.S.A. § 3681 is amended to read:

§ 3681. DEFINITIONS

7 ***

of events involving one or more affiliates of an insurer that, if not remedied promptly, is likely to have a material adverse effect upon the financial condition or liquidity of the insurer or its insurance holding company system as a whole, including anything that would cause the insurer's risk-based capital to fall into company action level as set forth in section 8303 of this title or would cause the insurer to be in hazardous financial condition under Department Regulation I-93-2, sections 3-4.

(6)(7) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a partnership, an association, a joint stock company, a trust, an unincorporated organization, any similar entity or any combination of the foregoing acting in concert, but shall not include any securities broker performing no more than the usual and customary broker's function.

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(7)(8) "Security holder" of a specified person means one who owns any
security of such person, including common stock, preferred stock, debt
obligations, and any other security convertible into or evidencing the right to
acquire any of the foregoing.

(8)(9) "Subsidiary" of a specified person means an affiliate controlled by such person directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries.

(9)(10) "Voting security" shall include any security convertible into or evidencing a right to acquire a voting security.

9 Sec. 28. 8 V.S.A. § 3683 is amended to read:

§ 3683. ACQUISITION OF CONTROL OF OR MERGER WITH

DOMESTIC INSURER

(a) Filing requirements.

(1) No person other than the issuer shall make a tender offer for or a request or invitation for tenders of, or enter into any agreement to exchange securities for, seek to acquire, or acquire, in the open market or otherwise, any voting security of a domestic insurer if, after the consummation thereof, such person would, directly or indirectly (or by conversion or by exercise of any right to acquire) be in control of such insurer, and no person shall enter into an agreement to merge with or otherwise to acquire control of a domestic insurer unless, at the time any such offer, request, or invitation is made or any such agreement is entered into, or prior to the acquisition of such securities if no

Commissioner and has sent to such insurer, and such insurer has sent to its shareholders, a statement containing the information required by this section and such offer, request, invitation, agreement, or acquisition has been approved by the commissioner Commissioner in the manner hereinafter prescribed. For purposes of this section: a domestic insurer shall include any other person controlling a domestic insurer unless such other person is either directly or through its affiliates primarily engaged in business other than the business of insurance.

(2) For purposes of this subsection, any controlling person of a domestic insurer seeking to divest its controlling interest in the domestic insurer in any manner shall file with the Commissioner, with a copy to the insurer, confidential notice of its proposed divestiture at least 30 days prior to the cessation of control. The Commissioner shall determine those instances in which the party or parties seeking to divest or to acquire a controlling interest in an insurer will be required to file for and obtain approval of the transaction. The information shall remain confidential and not subject to public inspection and copying under the Public Records Act until the conclusion of the transaction unless the Commissioner, in his or her discretion, determines that confidential treatment will interfere with enforcement of this section. If the

1	statement referred to in subdivision (1) of this subsection is otherwise filed,
2	this subdivision shall not apply.
3	(3) With respect to a transaction subject to this section, the acquiring
4	person must also file a preacquisition notification with the Commissioner,
5	which shall contain the information set forth in subdivision 3683a(c)(1). A
6	failure to file the notification may be subject to penalties specified in
7	subdivision 3683a(e)(3) of this chapter.
8	(4) For purposes of this section, a domestic insurer shall include any
9	person controlling a domestic insurer unless the person, as determined by the
10	Commissioner, is either directly or through its affiliates primarily engaged in
11	business other than the business of insurance. For the purposes of this section,
12	"person" shall not include any securities broker holding, in the usual and
13	customary broker's function, less than 20 percent of the voting securities of an
14	insurance company or of any person which controls an insurance company.
15	(b) Content of statement. The statement to be filed with the commissioner
16	Commissioner hereunder shall be made under oath or affirmation and shall
17	contain the following information:
18	* * *
19	(12) An agreement by the person required to file the statement referred
20	to in subsection (a) of this section that it will provide the annual report

specified in subsection 3684(m) of this chapter, for so long as control exists.

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1	(13) An acknowledgment by the person required to file the statement
2	referred to in subsection (a) of this section that the person and all subsidiaries
3	within its control in the insurance holding company system will provide
4	information to the Commissioner upon request as necessary to evaluate
5	enterprise risk to the insurer.
6	(14) Such additional information as the commissioner Commissioner
7	may by rule or regulation prescribe as necessary or appropriate for the
8	protection of policyholders and security holders of the insurer or in the public
9	interest.
10	* * *
11	(f) Approval by commissioner Commissioner; hearings—
12	(1) The commissioner Commissioner shall approve any merger or other
13	acquisition of control referred to in subsection (a) of this section unless, after a
14	public hearing thereon, he or she finds that:
15	(A) after the change of control the domestic insurer referred to in
	(1.1) unter une enunge et contres une democratic meurer resource de m
16	subsection (a) of this section would not be able to satisfy the requirements for
16 17	
	subsection (a) of this section would not be able to satisfy the requirements for

substantially to lessen competition in insurance in this state or tend to create a

monopoly therein;. In applying the competitive standard in this subdivision:

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2	the standards of subdivision 3683a(d)(2) of this chapter shall apply;
3	(ii) the merger or other acquisition shall not be disapproved if the
4	Commissioner finds that any of the situations meeting the criteria provided by
5	subdivision 3683a(d)(3) of this chapter exist; and
6	(iii) the Commissioner may condition the approval of the merger
7	or other acquisition on the removal of the basis of disapproval within a
8	specified period of time;
9	(C) the financial condition of any acquiring party is such as might
10	jeopardize the financial stability of the insurer, or prejudice the interest of its
11	policyholders;
12	(D) the terms of the offer, request, invitation, agreement, or
13	acquisition referred to in subsection (a) of this section are unfair and
14	unreasonable to the security holders of the insurer;
15	(E) the plans or proposals which the acquiring party has to liquidate
16	the insurer, sell its assets or consolidate or merge it with any person, or to
17	make any other material change in its business or corporate structure or
18	management, are unfair and unreasonable to policyholders of the insurer and
19	not in the public interest; or
20	(F) the competence, experience, and integrity of those persons who
21	would control the operation of the insurer are such that it would not be in the

(i) the informational requirements of subdivision 3683a(c)(1) and

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- interest of policyholders of the insurer and of the public to permit the merger or other acquisition of control; or
- (G) the acquisition is likely to be hazardous or prejudicial to the insurance-buying public.
- (2) The public hearing referred to in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be held within 30 days after the statement required by subsection (a) of this section is filed, and at least 20 days' notice thereof shall be given by the commissioner Commissioner to the person filing the statement. Not less than seven days' notice of such public hearing shall be given by the person filing the statement to the insurer and to such other persons as may be designated by the commissioner Commissioner. The insurer shall give such notice to its security holders. The commissioner Commissioner shall make a determination within 30 days after the conclusion of such hearing; provided, however, that, if the insurer is or will be an affiliate of a depository institution or any affiliate thereof, the commissioner Commissioner shall issue a determination within the 60-day period preceding the effective date of the acquisition or change or continuation of control of an insurer. At such hearing, the person filing the statement, the insurer, any person to whom notice of hearing was sent, and any other person whose interests may be affected thereby shall have the right to present evidence, examine and cross-examine witnesses, and offer oral and written arguments and in connection therewith shall be entitled to conduct

discovery proceedings in the same manner as is presently allowed in the
superior court of this state Superior Court of this State. All discovery
proceedings shall be concluded not later than three days prior to the
commencement of the public hearing.

(3) If the proposed acquisition of control will require the approval of more than one Commissioner, the public hearing required by subdivision (2) of this subsection may be held on a consolidated basis upon request of the person filing the statement referred to in subsection (a) of this section. Such person shall file the statement referred to in subsection (a) of this section with the NAIC within five days of making the request for a public hearing. A commissioner may opt out of a consolidated hearing and shall provide notice to the applicant of the opt-out within 10 days of the receipt of the statement referred to in subsection (a) of this section. A hearing conducted on a consolidated basis shall be public and shall be held within the United States before the commissioners of the states in which the insurers are domiciled.

Such commissioners shall hear and receive evidence. A commissioner may attend such hearing in person or by telecommunication.

(4) In connection with a change of control of a domestic insurer, any determination by the Commissioner that the person acquiring control of the insurer shall be required to maintain or restore the capital of the insurer to the level required by the laws and rules of this State shall be made not later than

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1	60 days after the date of notification of the change in control submitted
2	pursuant to subdivision (a)(1) of this section.
3	(5) The commissioner Commissioner may retain at the acquiring
4	person's expense any attorneys, actuaries, accountants, and other experts not
5	otherwise a part of the commissioner's Commissioner's staff as may be
6	reasonably necessary to assist the commissioner Commissioner in reviewing
7	the proposed acquisition of control.
8	Sec. 29. 8 V.S.A. § 3683a is added to read:
9	§ 3683a. ACQUISITIONS INVOLVING INSURERS NOT OTHERWISE
10	COVERED
11	(a) Definitions. For the purposes of this section:
12	(1) "Acquisition" means any agreement, arrangement, or activity the
13	consummation of which results in a person acquiring directly or indirectly the
14	control of another person and includes the acquisition of voting securities and
15	assets, bulk reinsurance, and mergers.
16	(2) "Highly concentrated market" is a market in which the share of the
17	four largest insurers is 75 percent or more of the market.
18	(3) "Insurer" means a company licensed to do business in this State and
19	includes any company or group of companies under common management,
20	ownership, or control.

1	(4) "Involved insurer" includes an insurer which either acquires or is
2	acquired, is affiliated with an acquirer or acquired, or is the result of a merger.
3	(5) "Market" means the relevant product and geographical markets. In
4	determining the relevant product and geographical markets, the Commissioner
5	shall give due consideration to, among other things, the definitions or
6	guidelines, if any, adopted by the NAIC and to information, if any, submitted
7	by parties to the acquisition. In the absence of sufficient information to the
8	contrary, the relevant product market is assumed to be the direct written
9	insurance premium for a line of business, such line being that used in the
10	annual statement required to be filed by insurers doing business in this State,
11	and the relevant geographical market is assumed to be this State.
12	(6) "Significant trend toward increased concentration" means the
13	aggregate market share of any grouping of the largest insurers in the market,
14	from the two largest to the eight largest, has increased by seven percent or
15	more of the market over a period of time extending from any base year five to
16	ten years prior to the acquisition up to the time of the acquisition.
17	(b) Covered acquisitions. Except as provided in this subsection, this
18	section applies to any acquisition in which there is a change in control of an
19	insurer licensed to do business in this State, but not domiciled in this State.
20	This section shall not apply to the following:

1	(1) A purchase of securities solely for investment purposes so long as
2	the securities are not used by voting or otherwise to cause or attempt to cause
3	the substantial lessening of competition in any insurance market in this State.
4	If a purchase of securities results in a presumption of control under subdivision
5	3681(3) of this chapter, it is not solely for investment purposes unless the
6	commissioner of the insurer's state of domicile accepts a disclaimer of control
7	or affirmatively finds that control does not exist and the disclaimer action or
8	affirmative finding is communicated by the domiciliary commissioner to the
9	Commissioner of this State.
10	(2) The acquisition of a person by another person when both persons are
11	neither directly nor through affiliates primarily engaged in the business of
12	insurance, if preacquisition notification is filed with the Commissioner in
13	accordance with subdivision (c)(1) of this section 30 days prior to the proposed
14	effective date of the acquisition or if the acquisition would otherwise be
15	excluded from this section by any other provision of this subsection.
16	(3) The acquisition of already affiliated persons.

- (3) The acquisition of already affiliated persons.
- (4) An acquisition if, as an immediate result of the acquisition: 17
- (A) in no market would the combined market share of the involved 18 19 insurers exceed five percent of the total market;

(B) there would be no increase in any market share; or

(C) in no market would the combined market share of the involved
insurers exceed 12 percent of the total market and the market share increase by
more than two percent of the total market. For purposes of this subdivision,
"market" means direct written insurance premium in this State for a line of
business as contained in the annual statement required to be filed by insurers
licensed to do business in this State.
(5) An acquisition for which a preacquisition notification would be
required under this section due solely to the resulting effect on the ocean
marine insurance line of business.
(6) An acquisition of an insurer whose domiciliary commissioner
affirmatively finds that the insurer is in failing condition; there is a lack of
feasible alternatives to improving such condition; the public benefits of
improving the insurer's condition through the acquisition exceed the public
benefits that would arise from not lessening competition; and the findings are
communicated by the domiciliary commissioner to the Commissioner of this
State.
(c) Preacquisition notification; waiting period. An insurer involved in an
acquisition covered by subsection (b) of this section shall file a preacquisition
notification with the Commissioner so that the Commissioner may determine
whether the proposed acquisition, if consummated, would violate the
competitive standard established under subsection (d) of this section. The

1	Commissioner shall give confidential treatment to information submitted under
2	this subsection in the same manner as provided in section 3687 of this chapter.
3	(1) The preacquisition notification shall be in such form and contain
4	such information as prescribed by the NAIC relating to those markets which
5	cause the acquisition to be covered under provisions of this section. The
6	Commissioner may require such additional material and information as
7	deemed necessary to carry out the purposes of this section. The required
8	information may include an opinion of an economist as to the competitive
9	impact of the acquisition in this State accompanied by a summary of the
10	education and experience of such person indicating his or her ability to render
11	an informed opinion.
12	(2) The waiting period required shall begin on the date the
13	Commissioner receives a preacquisition notification and shall end on the
14	earlier of the 30th day after the date of receipt or termination of the waiting
15	period by the Commissioner. Prior to the end of the waiting period, the
16	Commissioner on a one-time basis may require the submission of additional
17	needed information relevant to the proposed acquisition, in which event the
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18	waiting period shall end on the earlier of the 30th day after the Commissioner
18	waiting period shall end on the earlier of the 30th day after the Commissioner receives the additional information or termination of the waiting period by the

1	(d) Competitive standard.
2	(1) The Commissioner may enter an order under subsection (e)(1) of this
3	section with respect to an acquisition if there is substantial evidence that the
4	effect of the acquisition may be to lessen substantially competition in any line
5	of insurance in this State or may tend to create a monopoly.
6	(2) In determining whether a proposed acquisition would violate the
7	competitive standard of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the Commissioner
8	shall consider the following:
9	(A) any acquisition covered under subsection (b) of this section
10	involving two insurers competing in the same market is prima facie evidence
11	of violation of the competitive standard if:
12	(i) the market is highly concentrated and the involved insurers
13	possess the following shares of the market;
14	(I) insurer A a share of four percent and insurer B a share of
15	four percent or more;
16	(II) insurer A a share of 10 percent and insurer B a share of two
17	percent or more; or
18	(III) insurer A a share of 15 percent and insurer B a share of
19	one percent or more.
20	(ii) the market is not highly concentrated and the involved insurers
21	possess the following shares of the market:

1	(I) insurer A a share of five percent and insurer B a share of
2	five percent or more;
3	(II) insurer A a share of 10 percent and insurer B a share of
4	four percent or more;
5	(III) insurer A a share of 15 percent and insurer B a share of
6	three percent or more; or
7	(IV) insurer A a share of 19 percent and insurer B a share of
8	one percent or more.
9	(B) If more than two insurers competing in the same market are
10	involved in any acquisition covered under subsection (b) of this section, then
11	exceeding the total of the two figures set forth for insurer A and insurer B
12	established under subdivision (A)(i) or (ii) of this subdivision (2) is prima facie
13	evidence of violation of the competitive standard. For purposes of this
14	subdivision (2), the insurer with the largest share of the market shall be
15	considered to be insurer A.
16	(C) Any acquisition covered under subsection (b) of this section
17	involving two or more insurers competing in the same market is prima facie
18	evidence of violation of the competitive standard in subdivision (1) of this
19	subsection if:
20	(i) there is a significant trend toward increased concentration in
21	the market:

are provided.

1	(ii) one of the insurers involved is one of the insurers in a
2	grouping of large insurers showing the requisite increase in the market share;
3	<u>and</u>
4	(iii) another involved insurer's market is two percent or more.
5	(3) If an acquisition is not prima facie violative of the competitive
6	standard under subdivisions (A) through (C) of subdivision (2) of this
7	subsection, the Commissioner may establish the requisite anticompetitive
8	effect based upon other substantial evidence. If an acquisition is prima facie
9	violative of the competitive standard under subdivisions (A) through (C) of
10	subdivision (2), a party may establish the absence of the requisite
11	anticompetitive effect based upon other substantial evidence. Relevant factors
12	in making a determination under this subdivision include the following:
13	market shares, volatility of ranking of market leaders, number of competitors,
14	concentration, trend of concentration in the industry, and ease of entry and exit
15	into the market.
16	(4) The burden of showing prima facie evidence of violation of the
17	competitive standard rests upon the Commissioner.
18	(5) Percentages not provided in subdivisions (A) and (B) of subdivision
19	(2) of this subsection are interpolated proportionately to the percentages that

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1	(6) An order may not be entered under subdivision (e)(1) of this
2	section if:
3	(A) the acquisition will yield substantial economies of scale or
4	economies in resource utilization that cannot be feasibly achieved in any other
5	way and the public benefits which would arise from such economies exceed
6	the public benefits which would arise from not lessening competition; or
7	(B) the acquisition will substantially increase the availability of
8	insurance and the public benefits of the increase exceed the public benefits
9	which would arise from not lessening competition.
10	(e) Orders and penalties.
11	(1) If an acquisition violates the competitive standard of subsection (d)
12	of this section or if an involved insurer fails to file adequate information in
13	compliance with subsection (c) of this section, the Commissioner may enter an
14	order:
15	(A) requiring an involved insurer to cease and desist from doing
16	business in this State with respect to the line or lines of insurance involved in
17	the violation; or
18	(B) denying the application of an acquired or acquiring insurer for a
19	license to do business in this State.
20	(2) Such an order shall not be entered unless there is a hearing, notice of
21	the hearing is issued prior to the end of the waiting period and not less than

1	15 days prior to the hearing, and the hearing is concluded and the order is
2	issued no later than 60 days after the date of the filing of the preacquisition
3	notification with the Commissioner.
4	(3) Every order shall be accompanied by a written decision of the
5	Commissioner setting forth findings of fact and conclusions of law. An order
6	under this subdivision shall not apply if the acquisition is not consummated.
7	(4) Any person who violates a cease and desist order of the
8	Commissioner under subdivision (1) of this subsection and while the order is
9	in effect may, after notice and hearing and upon order of the Commissioner, be
10	subject to a monetary penalty of not more than \$10,000.00 for every day of
11	violation or suspension or revocation of the person's license, in the discretion
12	of the Commissioner.
13	(5) Any insurer or other person who fails to make any filing required by
14	this section and who also fails to demonstrate a good faith effort to comply
15	with any filing requirement shall be subject to a fine of not more than
16	<u>\$50,000.00.</u>
17	(f) Subsections (b) and (c) of section 3689 of this title (regarding voting
18	securities) and section 3691 of this title (regarding receivership) do not apply
19	to acquisitions covered under subsection (b) of this section.

1	Sec. 30. 8 V.S.A. § 3684 is amended to read:
2	§ 3684. REGISTRATION OF INSURERS
3	* * *
4	(b) Information and form required. Every insurer subject to registration
5	shall file a registration statement on a form provided by the commissioner
6	Commissioner, which shall contain current information about:
7	* * *
8	(5) <u>If requested by the Commissioner, financial statements of or within</u>
9	an insurance holding company system, including all affiliates. Financial
10	statements may include annual audited financial statements filed with the U.S.
11	Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) pursuant to the Securities Act of
12	1933, as may be amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as may be
13	amended. An insurer required to file financial statements under this
14	subdivision may satisfy the request by providing the Commissioner with the
15	most recently filed parent corporation financial statements that have been filed
16	with the SEC.
17	(6) Other matters concerning transactions between registered insurers
18	and any affiliates as may be included from time to time in any registration
19	forms adopted or approved by the eommissioner Commissioner.
20	(7) Statements that the insurer's board of directors is responsible for and

oversees corporate governance and internal controls and that the insurer's

1	officers or senior management have approved, implemented, and continue to
2	maintain and monitor corporate governance and internal control procedures.
3	(8) Any other information required by the Commissioner by rule.
4	(c) Summary of changes to registration statement. All registration
5	statements shall contain a summary outlining all items in the current
6	registration statement representing changes from the prior registration
7	statement.
8	(e)(d) Materiality. No information need be disclosed on the registration
9	statement filed pursuant to subsection (b) of this section if such information is
10	not material for the purposes of this section. Unless the commissioner
11	Commissioner by rule, regulation or order provides otherwise, sales,
12	purchases, exchanges, loans or extensions of credit, or investments, involving
13	one-half of one percent or less of an insurer's admitted assets as of the 31st day
14	of December next preceding shall not be deemed material for purposes of this
15	section.
16	(e) Reporting of dividends to shareholders. Subject to subsection 3685(d)
17	of this chapter, each registered insurer shall report to the Commissioner all
18	dividends and other distributions to shareholders within 15 business days
19	following the declaration thereof.
20	(f) Information of insurers. Any person within an insurance holding
21	company system subject to registration shall be required to provide complete

and accurate information to an insurer where the information is reasonably
necessary to enable the insurer to comply with the provisions of this section.
(d)(g) Amendments to registration statements. Each registered insurer shall
keep current the information required to be disclosed in its registration
statement by reporting all material changes or additions on amendment forms
provided by the commissioner Commissioner within 15 days after the end of
the month in which it learns of each such change or addition, provided,
however, that subject to subsection (c) of section 3685 of this title each
registered insurer shall so report all dividends and other distributions to
shareholders within two business days following the declaration thereto.
(e)(h) Termination of registration. The commissioner Commissioner shall
terminate the registration of any insurer which demonstrates that it no longer is
a member of an insurance holding company system.
(f)(i) Consolidated filing. The commissioner Commissioner may require or
allow two or more affiliated insurers subject to registration hereunder to file a
consolidated registration statement or consolidated reports amending their
consolidated registration statement or their individual registration statements.
(g)(j) Alternative registration. The commissioner Commissioner may
allow an insurer which is authorized to do business in this state State and
which is part of an insurance holding company system to register on behalf of
any affiliated insurer which is required to register under subsection (a) of this

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1	section and to file all information and material required to be filed under this
2	section.
3	(h)(k) Exemptions. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any
4	insurer, information, or transaction if and to the extent that the commissioner
5	Commissioner by rule, regulation, or order shall exempt the same from the
6	provisions of this section.
7	(i)(1) Disclaimer. Any person may file with the commissioner
8	Commissioner a disclaimer of affiliation with any authorized insurer, or such a
9	disclaimer may be filed by such insurer or any member of an insurance holding
10	company system. The disclaimer shall fully disclose all material relationships
11	and bases for affiliation between such person and such insurer as well as the
12	basis for disclaiming such affiliation. After a disclaimer has been filed, the
13	insurer shall be relieved of any duty to register or report under this section
14	which may arise out of the insurer's relationship with such person unless and
15	until the commissioner Commissioner disallows such a disclaimer. The
16	commissioner Commissioner shall disallow such a disclaimer only after
17	furnishing all parties in interest with notice and opportunity to be heard and
18	after making specific findings of fact to support such disallowance.

(m) Enterprise risk filing. The ultimate controlling person of every insurer

report shall identify, to the best of the ultimate controlling person's knowledge

subject to registration shall also file an annual enterprise risk report. The

1	and belief, the material risks within the insurance holding company system that
2	could pose enterprise risk to the insurer. The report shall be filed with the lead
3	state commissioner of the insurance holding company system as determined by
4	the procedures within the Financial Analysis Handbook adopted by the
5	National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
6	(j)(n) Violations. The failure to file a registration statement or any
7	amendment thereto required by this section within the time specified for such
8	filing shall be a violation of this section.
9	Sec. 31. 8 V.S.A. § 3685 is amended to read:
10	§ 3685. STANDARDS <u>AND MANAGEMENT OF AN INSURER WITHIN</u>
11	AN INSURANCE HOLDING COMPANY SYSTEM
12	(a) Transactions with affiliates. Material transactions by registered insurers
13	with their affiliates within an insurance holding company system to which an
14	insurer subject to registration is a party shall be subject to the following
15	standards:
16	(1) The terms shall be fair and reasonable;
17	(2) Agreements for cost sharing services and management shall include
18	such provisions as required by rule adopted by the Commissioner;

(3) Charges or fees for services performed shall be reasonable;

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1	(3)(4) Expenses incurred and payment received shall be allocated to the
2	insurer in conformity with customary insurance accounting practices
3	consistently applied;
4	(4)(5) The books, accounts, and records of each party to all such
5	transactions shall be so maintained as to clearly and accurately disclose the
6	precise nature and details of the transactions, including such accounting
7	information as is necessary to support the reasonableness of the charges or fees
8	to the respective parties; and
9	(5)(6) The insurer's surplus as regards policyholders following any
10	dividends or distributions to shareholder affiliates shall be reasonable in
11	relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial
12	needs.
13	(b) Adequacy of surplus. For purposes of this subchapter, in determining
14	whether an insurer's surplus as regards policyholders is reasonable in relation
15	to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs, the
16	following factors, among others, shall be considered:
17	(1) The the size of the insurer as measured by its assets, capital and
18	surplus, reserves, premium writings, insurance in force, and other appropriate
19	criteria;
20	(2) The the extent to which the insurer's business is diversified among
21	the several lines of insurance;

1	(3) The the number and size of risks insured in each line of business;
2	(4) The the extent of the geographical dispersion of the insurer's insured
3	risks;
4	(5) The the nature and extent of the insurer's reinsurance program;
5	(6) The the quality, diversification, and liquidity of the insurer's
6	investment portfolio;
7	(7) The the recent past and projected future trend in the size of the
8	insurer's surplus as regards policyholders;
9	(8) The the surplus as regards policyholders maintained by other
10	comparable insurers;
11	(9) The the adequacy of the insurer's reserves; and
12	(10) The the quality and liquidity of investments in subsidiaries made
13	pursuant to section 3682 of this title. The eommissioner Commissioner may
14	treat any such investment as a disallowed asset for purposes of determining the
15	adequacy of surplus as regards policyholders whenever in his or her judgment
16	such investment so warrants.
17	(c) Dividends and other distributions. No insurer subject to registration
18	under section 3684 of this title shall pay any extraordinary dividend or make

any other extraordinary distribution to its shareholders until:

(1) 30 days after	the eommissioner Commissioner has received notice of
the declaration thereof	and has not within such period disapproved such
payment; or	

- (2) The commissioner the Commissioner shall have approved such payment within such 30 day period.
 - (d) Limitation on dividends.
- (1) For purposes of this section, an extraordinary dividend or distribution includes any dividend or distribution of cash or other property, whose fair market value together with that of other dividends or distributions made within the preceding 12 months exceeds the lesser of:
- (A) 10 percent of such insurer's surplus as regards policyholders as of the 31st day of December next preceding; or
- (B) The the net gains from operations of such insurer, if such insurer is a life insurer, or the net income, if such insurer is not a life insurer, not including realized capital gains, for the 12-month period ending the 31st day of December next preceding, but shall not include pro rata distributions of any class of the insurer's own securities.
- (2) In determining whether a dividend or distribution is extraordinary, an insurer other than a life insurer may carry forward net income from the previous two calendar years that has not already been paid out as dividends. This carry-forward shall be computed by taking the net income from the

second and third preceding calendar years, not including realized capital gains,
less dividends paid in the second and immediate preceding calendar years.

- (e) Conditional dividends. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an insurer may declare an extraordinary dividend or distribution which is conditional upon the commissioner's Commissioner's approval thereof, and such a declaration shall confer no rights upon shareholders until the Commissioner has:
- (1) The commissioner has approved the payment of such dividend or distribution; or
- (2) The commissioner has not disapproved such payment within the 30-day period referred to above.
- (f) The following transactions involving a domestic insurer and any person in its holding company system, including amendments or modifications of affiliate agreements previously filed under this section, which are subject to any materiality standards contained in subdivisions (1) through (7) of this subsection, may not be entered into unless the insurer has notified the commissioner Commissioner in writing of its intention to enter into such transaction at least 30 days prior thereto, or such shorter period as the commissioner Commissioner may permit, and the commissioner Commissioner has not disapproved it within such period. The notice for amendments or modifications shall include the reasons for the change and the

financial impact on the domestic insurer. Informal notice shall be reported
within 30 days after a termination of a previously filed agreement to the
Commissioner for determination of the type of filing required, if any. Nothing
herein contained shall be deemed to authorize or permit any transactions
which, in the case of an insurer not a member of the same holding company
system, would be otherwise contrary to law.
(1) sales, purchases, exchanges, loans, or extensions of credit,
guarantees, or investments provided such transactions are equal to or exceed:
(A) with respect to nonlife insurers, the lesser of three percent of the
insurer's admitted assets or 25 percent of surplus as regards policyholders as of
the 31st day of December next preceding;
(B) with respect to life insurers, three percent of the insurer's
admitted assets; each as of the 31st day of December next preceding;
(2) loans or extensions of credit to any person who is not an affiliate,
where the insurer makes such loans or extensions of credit with the agreement
or understanding that the proceeds of such transactions, in whole or in
substantial part, are to be used to make loans or extensions of credit to, to
purchase assets of, or to make investments in, any affiliate of the insurer
making such loans or extensions of credit provided such transactions are equal
to or exceed:

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1	(A) with respect to nonlife insurers, the lesser of three percent of the
2	insurer's admitted assets or 25 percent of surplus as regards policyholders as of
3	the 31st day of December next preceding;
4	(B) with respect to life insurers, three percent of the insurer's
5	admitted assets; each as of the 31st day of December next preceding;
6	(3) reinsurance agreements or modifications thereto, including:
7	(A) all reinsurance pooling agreements;
8	(B) agreements in which the reinsurance premium or a change in the
9	insurer's liabilities or the projected reinsurance premium or a change in the
10	insurer's liabilities in any of the next three years equals or exceeds five percent
11	of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders, as of the 31st day of
12	December next preceding, including those agreements which may require as
13	consideration the transfer of assets from an insurer to a nonaffiliate, if an
14	agreement or understanding exists between the insurer and nonaffiliate that any
15	portion of such assets will be transferred to one or more affiliates of the
16	insurer;
17	(4) any material transactions, specified by regulation, which the
18	commissioner Commissioner determines may adversely affect the interests of
19	the insurer's policyholders;
20	(5) all management agreements, service contracts, and all cost-sharing
21	arrangements <u>:</u>

(6) guarantees when made by a domestic insurer; provided, however,
that a guarantee which is quantifiable as to amount is not subject to the notice
requirements of this subsection unless it exceeds the lesser of one-half of one
percent of the insurer's admitted assets or 10 percent of surplus as regards
policyholders as of the 31st day of December next preceding. All guarantees
which are not quantifiable as to amount are subject to the notice requirements
of this subdivision; and
(7) direct or indirect acquisitions or investments in a person that controls
the insurer or an affiliate of the insurer in an amount which, together with its
present holdings in such investments, exceeds two and one-half percent of the
insurer's surplus to policyholders. Direct or indirect acquisitions or
investments in subsidiaries acquired pursuant to section 3682 of this chapter or
authorized under any other section of this chapter or in nonsubsidiary
insurance affiliates that are subject to the provisions of this chapter are exempt
from this requirement.
(g) A domestic insurer may not enter into transactions which are part of a
plan or series of like transactions with persons within the holding company
system if the purpose of those separate transactions is to avoid the statutory
threshold amount and thus avoid the review that would occur otherwise. If the
commissioner Commissioner determines that such separate transactions were

consistent with this section.

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2	exercise his or her authority under this title.
3	(h) The commissioner Commissioner, in reviewing transactions pursuant to
4	subsection (f) of this section, shall consider whether the transactions comply
5	with the standards set forth in subsection (a) of this section and whether they
6	may adversely affect the interests of policyholders.
7	(i) The commissioner Commissioner shall be notified within 30 days of any
8	investment of the domestic insurer in any one corporation if the total
9	investment in such corporation by the insurance holding company system
10	exceeds ten percent of such corporation's voting securities.
11	(j) Management of domestic insurers subject to registration.
12	(1) Notwithstanding the control of a domestic insurer by any person, the
13	officers and directors of the insurer shall not thereby be relieved of any
14	obligation or liability to which they would otherwise be subject by law, and the

entered into over any 12-month period for such purpose, he or she may

(2) Nothing in this section shall preclude a domestic insurer from having or sharing a common management or cooperative or joint use of personnel, property, or services with one or more other persons under arrangements meeting the standards of subsection (a) of this section.

insurer shall be managed so as to assure its separate operating identity

(3) Not less than one-third of the directors of a domestic insurer, and not
less than one-third of the members of each committee of the board of directors
of any domestic insurer shall be persons who are not officers or employees of
the insurer or of any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control
with the insurer and who are not beneficial owners of a controlling interest in
the voting stock of the insurer or entity. At least one such person must be
included in any quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of the
board of directors or any committee thereof.
(4) The board of directors of a domestic insurer shall establish one or
more committees composed solely of directors who are not officers or
employees of the insurer or of any entity controlling, controlled by, or under
common control with the insurer and who are not beneficial owners of a
controlling interest in the voting stock of the insurer or any such entity. The
committee or committees shall have responsibility for nominating candidates
for director for election by shareholders or policyholders, evaluating the
performance of officers deemed to be principal officers of the insurer, and
recommending to the board of directors the selection and compensation of the
principal officers.
(5) The provisions of subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection shall
not apply to a domestic insurer if the person controlling the insurer, such as an

insurer, a mutual insurance holding company, or a publicly held corporation,

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1	has a board of directors and committees thereof that meet the requirements of
2	subdivisions (3) and (4) of this subsection with respect to such controlling
3	entity.
4	(6) An insurer may make application to the Commissioner for a waiver
5	from the requirements of this subsection if the insurer's annual direct written
6	and assumed premium, excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop
7	Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, is less than
8	\$300,000,000.00. An insurer may also make application to the Commissioner
9	for a waiver from the requirements of this subsection based upon unique
10	circumstances. The Commissioner may consider various factors, including the
11	type of business entity, volume of business written, availability of qualified
12	board members, or the ownership or organizational structure of the entity.
13	Sec. 32. 8 V.S.A. § 3686 is amended to read:
14	§ 3686. EXAMINATION
15	(a) Power of commissioner Commissioner. Subject to the limitation
16	contained in this section and in addition to the powers which the commissioner
17	Commissioner has under subchapter 7 of this chapter relating to the
18	examination of insurers, the commissioner Commissioner shall also have the
19	power to order any insurer registered under section 3684 of this title to produce
20	such records, books, or other information papers in the possession of the
21	insurer or its affiliates as shall be necessary to ascertain the financial condition

or legality of conduct of such insurer. In the event such insurer fails to comply
with such order, the commissioner shall have the power to examine such
affiliates to obtain such information examine any insurer registered under
section 3684 of this chapter and its affiliates to ascertain the financial condition
of the insurer, including the enterprise risk to the insurer by the ultimate
controlling party or by any entity or combination of entities within the
insurance holding company system or by the insurance holding company
system on a consolidated basis.
(b) Access to books and records.
(1) The Commissioner may order any insurer registered under section
3684 of this chapter to produce such records, books, or papers in the
possession of the insurer or its affiliates as are reasonably necessary to
determine compliance with this chapter.
(2) To determine compliance with this chapter, the Commissioner may
order any insurer registered under section 3684 of this chapter to produce

order any insurer registered under section 3684 of this chapter to produce
information not in the possession of the insurer if the insurer can obtain access
to such information pursuant to contractual relationships, statutory obligations,
or other method. In the event the insurer cannot obtain the information
requested by the Commissioner, the insurer shall provide the Commissioner a
detailed explanation of the reason that the insurer cannot obtain the
information and the identity of the holder of information. Whenever it appears

1	to the Commissioner that the detailed explanation is without merit, the
2	Commissioner may require, after notice and hearing, the insurer to pay a
3	penalty of up to \$1,000.00 for each day's delay or may suspend or revoke the
4	insurer's license.
5	(c) Purpose and limitation of examination. The commissioner
6	<u>Commissioner</u> shall exercise his <u>or her</u> power under <u>subsection</u> <u>subsections</u> (a)
7	and (b) of this section only if the examination of the insurer under subchapter 7
8	of this chapter is inadequate or the interests of the policyholders of such insurer
9	may be adversely affected.
10	(e)(d) Use of consultants. The commissioner Commissioner may retain at
11	the registered insurer's expense such attorneys, actuaries, accountants, and
12	other experts not otherwise a part of the commissioner's Commissioner's staff
13	as shall be reasonably necessary to assist in the conduct of the examination
14	under subsection (a) of this section. Any persons so retained shall be under the
15	direction and control of the eommissioner Commissioner and shall act in a
16	purely advisory capacity.
17	(d)(e) Expenses. Each registered insurer producing for examination
18	records, books, and papers pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be
19	liable for and shall pay the expense of such examination in accordance with
20	section 3563 of this title.

(f) Compelling production. In the event the insurer fails to comply with an
order, the Commissioner shall have the power to examine the affiliates to
obtain the information. The Commissioner also shall have the power to issue
subpoenas, to administer oaths, and to examine under oath any person for
purposes of determining compliance with this section. Upon the failure or
refusal of any person to obey a subpoena, the Commissioner may petition a
court of competent jurisdiction, and upon proper showing, the court may enter
an order compelling the witness to appear and testify or produce documentary
evidence. Failure to obey the court order shall be punishable as contempt of
court. Every person shall be obliged to attend as a witness at the place
specified in the subpoena, when subpoenaed, anywhere within the State. He or
she shall be entitled to the same fees and mileage, if claimed, as a witness in
the Superior Court of this State, which fees, mileage, and actual expense, if

- 17 Sec. 33. 8 V.S.A. § 3687 is amended to read:
- 18 § 3687. CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT

being examined.

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(a) All information, documents and copies thereof obtained by or disclosed to the commissioner Commissioner or any other person in the course of an examination or investigation made pursuant to section 3686 of this title and all

any, necessarily incurred in securing the attendance of witnesses and their

testimony shall be itemized and charged against and be paid by the company

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information reported pursuant to section subdivisions 3683(b)(12) and (13),
section 3684, and section 3685 of this title, shall be given confidential
treatment, and shall not be subject to subpoena, shall not be subject to public
inspection and copying under the Public Records Act, shall not be subject to
discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil action, and shall not be
made public by the commissioner Commissioner or any other person, except to
insurance departments of other states where such information will remain
confidential, without the prior written consent of the insurer to which it
pertains unless the commissioner, after giving the insurer and its affiliates who
would be affected thereby,. However, the Commissioner is authorized to use
the documents, materials, or other information in the furtherance of any
regulatory or legal action brought as a part of the Commissioner's official
duties. The Commissioner shall not otherwise make the documents, materials,
or other information public without the prior written consent of the insurer to
which it pertains unless the Commissioner, after giving the insurer and its
affiliates who would be affected thereby notice and opportunity to be heard,
determines that the interests of policyholders, shareholders, or the public will
be served by the publication thereof, in which event he or she may publish all
or any part thereof in such manner as he or she may deem appropriate.
(b) Neither the Commissioner nor any person who received documents,
materials, or other information while acting under the authority of the

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Commissioner or with whom such documents, materials, or other information	
are shared pursuant to this chapter shall be permitted or required to testify in	
any private civil action concerning any confidential documents, materials, or	
information subject to subsection (a) of this section.	
(c) In order to assist in the performance of the Commissioner's duties, the	
<u>Commissioner:</u>	
(1) may share documents, materials, or other information, including the	
confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information subject to	
subsection (a) of this section, with other state, federal, and international	
regulatory agencies, with the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, and with	
state, federal, and international law enforcement authorities, including	
members of any supervisory college described in section 3695 of this title,	
provided that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the confidentiality and	
privileged status of the document, material, or other information and has	
verified in writing the legal authority to maintain confidentiality.	
(2) notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, may only share	
confidential and privileged documents, material, or information reported	
pursuant to subsection 3684(m) of this chapter with commissioners of states	
having statutes or regulations substantially similar to subsection (a) of this	

section and who have agreed in writing not to disclose such information.

direction of the Commissioner;

(3) may receive documents, materials, or information, including
otherwise confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information,
from the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries and from regulatory and law
enforcement officials of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions and shall
maintain as confidential or privileged any document, material, or information
received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged
under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material,
or information; and
(4) shall enter into written agreements with the NAIC governing sharing
and use of information provided under this chapter consistent with this
subsection that shall:
(A) specify procedures and protocols regarding the confidentiality
and security of information shared with the NAIC and its affiliates and
and security of information shared with the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries pursuant to this section, including procedures and protocols for
subsidiaries pursuant to this section, including procedures and protocols for
subsidiaries pursuant to this section, including procedures and protocols for sharing by the NAIC with other state, federal, or international regulators;

1	(C) require prompt notice be given to an insurer whose confidential
2	information in the possession of the NAIC under this section is subject to a
3	request or subpoena to the NAIC for disclosure or production; and
4	(D) require the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries to consent to
5	intervention by an insurer in any judicial or administrative action in which the
6	NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries may be required to disclose
7	confidential information about the insurer shared with the NAIC and its
8	affiliates and subsidiaries pursuant to this section.
9	(d) The sharing of information by the Commissioner pursuant to this
10	section shall not constitute a delegation of regulatory authority or rulemaking,
11	and the Commissioner is solely responsible for the administration, execution,
12	and enforcement of the provisions of this section.
13	(e) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the
14	documents, materials, or information shall occur as a result of disclosure to the
15	Commissioner under this section or as a result of sharing as authorized in
16	subsection (c) of this section.
17	(f) Documents, materials, or other information in the possession or control
18	of the NAIC pursuant to this section shall be confidential by law and
19	privileged, shall not be subject to subpoena, shall not be subject to discovery or
20	admissible in evidence in any private civil action, and shall not be made public
21	by the Commissioner or any other person.

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1	Sec. 34. 8 V.S.A. § 3690(1) is added to read:
2	(f) Whenever it appears to the Commissioner that any person has
3	committed a violation of section 3681 of this chapter which prevents the full
4	understanding of the enterprise risk to the insurer by affiliates or by the
5	insurance holding company system, the violation may serve as an independent
6	basis for disapproving dividends or distributions and for placing the insurer
7	under an order of supervision under section 7041 of this title.
8	Sec. 35. 8 V.S.A. § 3695 is added to read:
9	§ 3695. SUPERVISORY COLLEGES
10	(a) Power of Commissioner. With respect to any insurer registered under
11	section 3684 of this title and in accordance with subsection (c) of this section,
12	the Commissioner shall also have the power to participate in a supervisory
13	college for any domestic insurer that is part of an insurance holding company
14	system with international operations in order to determine compliance by the
15	insurer with this chapter. The powers of the Commissioner with respect to
16	supervisory colleges include the following:
17	(1) initiating the establishment of a supervisory college;
18	(2) clarifying the membership and participation of other supervisors in
19	the supervisory college;
20	(3) clarifying the functions of the supervisory college and the role of
21	other regulators, including the establishment of a group-wide supervisor;

luding planning meetings, supervisory activities, and processes for	
ormation sharing; and	
(5) establishing a crisis management plan.	
(b) Expenses. Each registered insurer subject to this section shall be	<u>liable</u>
and shall pay the reasonable expenses of the Commissioner's particip	oation_
a supervisory college in accordance with subsection (c) of this section	<u>.</u>
luding reasonable travel expenses. For purposes of this section, a	
pervisory college may be convened as either a temporary or permanen	<u>t</u>
um for communication and cooperation between the regulators charge	ed with
supervision of the insurer or its affiliates, and the Commissioner may	<u>/</u>
ablish a regular assessment on the insurer for the payment of these exp	penses.
(c) Supervisory College. In order to assess the business strategy, fina	ancial
sition, legal and regulatory position, risk exposure, risk management, a	and_
vernance processes and as part of the examination of individual insure	ers in
ordance with section 3686 of this chapter, the Commissioner may	
ticipate in a supervisory college with other regulators charged with	
pervision of the insurer or its affiliates, including other state, federal, a	<u>ınd</u>
ernational regulatory agencies. The Commissioner may enter into	
eements in accordance with subsection 3687(c) of this chapter provide	ing the
is for cooperation between the Commissioner and the other regulatory	<u>y</u>

(4) coordinating the ongoing activities of the supervisory college,

1	agencies and the activities of the supervisory college. Nothing in this section
2	shall delegate to the supervisory college the authority of the Commissioner to
3	regulate or supervise the insurer or its affiliates within its jurisdiction.
4	Sec. 36. 8 V.S.A. § 8301 is amended to read:
5	§ 8301. DEFINITIONS
6	As used in this chapter:
7	(1) "Adjusted risk based capital report" means a risk based capital report
8	which has been adjusted by the commissioner Commissioner in accordance
9	with subsection 8302(d) 8302(e) of this title.
10	(2) "Authorized control level risk based capital" means the number
11	determined using the risk based capital formula in accordance with the risk
12	based capital instructions. The formula shall take into account asset risk,
13	insurance risk, interest rate risk and other business risk of the insurer and may
14	adjust for the covariance between them.
15	(3) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of financial regulation
16	Commissioner of Financial Regulation.
17	(4)(3) "Corrective order" means an order issued by the commissioner
18	Commissioner specifying corrective actions which the commissioner
19	Commissioner has determined are required under this chapter.
20	(5)(4) "Domestic insurer" means any life or health insurance company
21	organized in this state State under subchapter 1 of chapter 101 of this title, any

1	fraternal benefit society organized in this State under chapter 121 of this title,
2	any health maintenance organization organized in this state State under chapter
3	139 of this title, and any hospital or medical services corporation entity
4	organized in this state State under chapter 123 or 125 of this title.
5	(6) "Final adjusted risk based capital report" means an adjusted risk
6	based capital report that has not been appealed in accordance with section 8307
7	of this title or has been appealed and resulted in a determination adverse to the
8	insurer.
9	(5) "Fraternal benefit society" means any insurance company licensed
10	under chapter 121 of this title.
11	(7)(6) "Foreign insurer" means any life or health insurance company
12	which is licensed to do entity licensed to transact business in this state under
13	section 3361 of this title State that is required to file a risk based capital
14	statement in the state where the entity is domiciled.
15	(8) "Margin" means the amount of total adjusted capital in excess of
16	authorized control level risk based capital.
17	(9) "Marginal difference" means the amount of total adjusted capital in
18	excess of authorized control level risk based capital for a specified period of
19	time.
20	(7) "Life or health insurer" means any insurance company who insures
21	lives or health as defined in subdivisions 3301(a)(1) and (2) of this title, any

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1	health maintenance organization organized in this State under chapter 139 of
2	this title, any entity organized in this State under chapter 123 or 125 of this
3	title, or a licensed property and casualty insurer writing only accident and
4	health insurance.
5	(8) "NAIC" means the National Association of Insurance
6	Commissioners.
7	(10)(9) "Negative trend" means, with respect to a life or health insurer
8	or fraternal benefit society, a decreasing marginal difference of total adjusted
9	capital over authorized control level risk based capital <u>negative trend</u> over a
10	period of time as determined in accordance with the trend test calculation
11	incorporated in the risk based capital instructions.
12	(10) "Property and casualty insurer" means any insurance company who
13	insures property or casualty as defined in subdivisions 3301(a)(3) and (7) of
14	this title, but shall not include monoline mortgage guaranty insurers, financial
15	guaranty insurers, and title insurers.
16	(11) "Risk based capital instructions" means the risk based capital report
17	form and the related instructions adopted by the National Association of
18	Insurance Commissioners NAIC and approved by the commissioner
19	Commissioner.

(12) "Risk based capital level" means one of the following four levels:

company action level risk based capital, regulatory action level risk based

1	capital, authorized control level risk based capital, or mandatory control level
2	risk based capital.
3	(A) "Company action level risk based capital" means, with respect to
4	any insurer, the product of 2.0 and its authorized control level risk based
5	capital.
6	(B) "Regulatory action level risk based capital" means the product of
7	1.5 and its authorized control level risk based capital.
8	(C) "Authorized control level risk based capital" means the number
9	determined under the risk based capital formula in accordance with the risk
10	based capital instructions.
11	(C)(D) "Mandatory control level risk based capital" means the
12	product of 0.70 and its authorized control level risk based capital.
13	(13) "Risk based capital plan" means a comprehensive financial plan
14	containing the elements specified in subsection 8303(b) of this title. If the
15	commissioner Commissioner rejects the risk based capital plan, and it is
16	revised by the insurer, with or without the commissioner's Commissioner's
17	recommendation, the plan shall be called the "revised risk based capital plan."
18	(14) "Risk based capital report" means the report required in section
19	8302 of this title.

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1	(15) "Total adjusted capital" means the sum of:
2	(A) the insurer's statutory capital and surplus reported in the insurer's
3	annual statement under section 3561 of this title; and
4	(B) such other items, if any, as the risk based capital instructions may
5	provide.
6	Sec. 37. 8 V.S.A. § 8302 is amended to read:
7	§ 8302. RISK BASED CAPITAL REPORT
8	(a) Each domestic insurer shall annually prepare and submit to the
9	commissioner Commissioner a report of its risk based capital level for the
10	calendar year just ended. The report shall be filed prior to March 15 March 1
11	each year and shall be in the form and contain such information as is required
12	by the risk based capital instructions.
13	(b) Each domestic insurer shall file its risk based capital report:
14	(1) with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners on or
15	before March 15 each year NAIC in accordance with the risk based capital
16	instructions; and
17	(2) with the insurance commissioner of any state in which the insurer is
18	authorized to do business, if the insurance commissioner of that state has
19	notified the insurer of its request in writing. Any report required under this

subdivision shall be filed not later than the later of 15 days from the receipt of

1	notice to file the report with that state or the filing date provided in subsection
2	(a) of this section.
3	(c) In preparing the report, the insurer shall use the formula set forth in the
4	risk based capital instructions to determine its authorized control level risk
5	based capital and whether an event described in sections 8303, 8304, 8305, or
6	8306 of this title has occurred A life or health insurer's or fraternal benefit
7	society's risk based capital shall be determined in accordance with the formula
8	set forth in the risk based capital instructions. The formula shall take into
9	account and may adjust for the covariance between the following factors
10	determined in each case by applying the factors in the manner set forth in the
11	risk based capital instructions:
12	(1) the risk with respect to the insurer's assets;
13	(2) the risk of adverse insurance experience with respect to the insurer's
14	liabilities and obligations;
15	(3) the interest rate risk with respect to the insurer's business; and
16	(4) all other business risks and such other relevant risks as are set forth
17	in the risk based capital instructions.
18	(d) A property and casualty insurer's risk based capital shall be determined
19	in accordance with the formula set forth in the risk based capital instructions.
20	The formula shall take into account and may adjust for the covariance between

1	the following factors determined in each case by applying the factors in the
2	manner set forth in the risk based capital instructions:
3	(1) asset risk;
4	(2) credit risk;
5	(3) underwriting risk; and
6	(4) all other business risks and such other relevant risks as are set forth
7	in the risk based capital instructions.
8	(d)(e) If a domestic insurer files a risk based capital report which in the
9	judgment of the commissioner Commissioner is inaccurate, then the
10	commissioner Commissioner shall adjust the risk based capital report to
11	correct the inaccuracy and shall notify the insurer of the adjustment. The
12	notice shall contain a statement of the reason for the adjustment. A risk based
13	capital report adjusted by the commissioner Commissioner under this
14	subsection shall be referred to as an "adjusted risk based capital report."
15	Sec. 38. 8 V.S.A. § 8303 is amended to read:
16	§ 8303. COMPANY ACTION LEVEL EVENT
17	(a) The following are deemed to be company action level events subject to
18	the requirements of this section when shown in a risk based capital report or
19	final adjusted risk-based capital report which indicates:

(1) that the insurer's total adjusted capital is greater than or equal to its regulatory action level risk based capital but less than its company action level risk based capital; or

equal to its company action level risk based capital, but less than the product of its authorized control level risk based capital and 2.5 and has experienced a negative trend shall be considered a company action level event and subject to the requirements of this section. In the case of a health maintenance organization or a hospital or medical services corporation, a company action level event also shall include the filing of a report under this chapter in which the insurer has total adjusted capital which is greater than or equal to its company action level risk based capital but less than the product of its authorized control level risk based capital and 3.0 and triggers the trend test determined in accordance with the trend test calculation included in the risk based capital instructions for a health maintenance organization or a hospital or medical services corporation "Company action level event" means any of the following events:

(1) The filing of a risk based capital report by an insurer which indicates that:

1	(A) the insurer's total adjusted capital is greater than or equal to its
2	regulatory action level risk based capital but less than its company action level
3	risk based capital;
4	(B) if a life or health insurer or a fraternal benefit society, the insurer
5	or society has total adjusted capital which is greater than or equal to its
6	company action level risk based capital but less than the product of its
7	authorized control level risk based capital and 3.0 and has a negative trend; or
8	(C) if a property and casualty insurer, the insurer has total adjusted
9	capital which is greater than or equal to its company action level risk based
10	capital but less than the product of its authorized control level risk based
11	capital and 3.0 and triggers the trend test determined in accordance with the
12	trend test calculation included in the property and casualty risk based capital
13	instructions.
14	(2) The notification by the Commissioner to the insurer of an adjusted
15	risk based capital report that indicates an event in subdivision (1) of this
16	subsection, provided the insurer does not challenge the adjusted risk based
17	capital report under section 8307 of this title.
18	(3) If, under section 8307 of this title, an insurer challenges an adjusted
19	risk based capital report that indicates the event in subdivision (1) of this
20	subsection, the notification by the Commissioner to the insurer that the

Commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the insurer's challenge.

- (b) An insurer shall prepare and submit to the eommissioner Commissioner a risk based capital plan within 45 days of filing a risk based capital report or within 45 days of a final adjusted risk based capital report showing a company action level event. The risk based capital plan shall be a comprehensive financial plan and shall:
- (1) identify the conditions in the insurer which contribute to the company action level event;
- (2) contain proposals of corrective actions which the insurer intends to take that would result in the elimination of the company action level event;
- (3) provide comparative projections of the insurer's statutory operating income, net income, capital and surplus for the current year and at least the four succeeding years showing both the effect and the absence of the proposed corrective actions. The projections should include separate projections for each major line of business for both new and renewal business and should separately identify each significant income, expense and benefit component projections of the insurer's financial results in the current year and at least the four succeeding years, both in the absence of proposed corrective actions and giving effect to the proposed corrective actions, including projections of statutory operating income, net income, capital, and surplus. The projections for both new and renewal business should include separate projections for each

20)1	3

1	major line of business and separately identify each significant income,
2	expense, and benefit component;

- (4) identify the key assumptions impacting the insurer's projections and the sensitivity of the projections to the assumptions; and
- (5) identify the quality of, and problems associated with, the insurer's business, including, but not limited to, its assets, anticipated business growth and associated surplus strain, extraordinary exposure to risk, mix of business, and use of reinsurance.
- (c) The commissioner Commissioner shall notify the insurer whether the proposed risk based capital plan is approved within 60 days of its submission. If the commissioner Commissioner disapproves the plan, the notice shall set forth the reasons for the disapproval and may notify the insurer of revisions which will render the risk based capital plan satisfactory to the commissioner Commissioner. Upon notice that a proposed plan is disapproved, the insurer shall prepare and submit a revised risk based capital plan within 45 days of the commissioner's Commissioner's notice of disapproval or, if the commissioner's Commissioner's notice of disapproval is appealed under section 8307 of this title, within 45 days of a commissioner's Commissioner's determination adverse to the insurer.
- (d) In the event of a notification by the commissioner Commissioner to an insurer that the insurer's risk based capital plan or revised risk based capital

1	plan is unsatisfactory, the eommissioner Commissioner may at the
2	commissioner's Commissioner's discretion, subject to the insurer's right to a
3	hearing under section 8307 of this title, specify in the notification that the
4	notification constitutes a regulatory action level event.
5	(e) Each domestic insurer required to file a risk based capital plan or
6	revised risk based capital plan under this section shall file a copy of the plan
7	with the insurance commissioner in any state in which the insurer is authorized
8	to do business if:
9	(1) such state has a provision that is substantially similar to section 8308
10	of this title; and
11	(2) the insurance commissioner of that state has notified the insurer of
12	its request for the filing in writing. Plans required to be filed under this
13	subdivision shall be filed no later than the later of:
14	(A) 15 days after notice to file a copy of its risk based capital plan or
15	revised risk based capital plan with the state; or
16	(B) the date on which the risk based capital plan or revised risk based
17	capital plan is required to be filed under section 8304 of this title.
18	Sec. 39. 8 V.S.A. § 8307 is amended to read:
19	§ 8307. HEARINGS
20	Upon receipt of any notice required under subsections 8302(d) 8302(e),
21	8303(c) and (d), and subdivisions 8304(a)(4) and (5) and subsection 8304(c) of

this title, any insurer aggrieved by any action taken under those sections may
appeal to the commissioner Commissioner within five days of receipt of notice
of the action. The hearing shall be subject to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 of Title 3.

- Upon receipt of the insurer's request for a hearing, the commissioner
- 5 Commissioner shall set a date for the hearing, which date shall be no less than
- 6 10 nor more than 30 days after the date of the insurer's request.
- 7 Sec. 40. 8 V.S.A. § 8308 is amended to read:
 - § 8308. CONFIDENTIALITY AND PROHIBITION ON

ANNOUNCEMENTS

(a) All risk based capital reports (to the extent the information therein is not required to be set forth in a publicly available annual statement schedule) and risk based capital plans (including the results or report of any examination or analysis of an insurer performed pursuant hereto and any corrective order issued by the commissioner pursuant to examination or analysis) with respect to any domestic insurer or foreign insurer which are filed with the commissioner Commissioner, constitute information that might be damaging to the insurer if made available to its competitors, and therefore shall be kept confidential and privileged by the commissioner Commissioner. This information shall not be made public available for public inspection and copying under the Public Records Act, nor shall it not be subject to subpoena, other than by the commissioner and then only shall not be subject to discovery.

and shall not be admissible in evidence in any private civil action. However,	
the Commissioner is authorized to use the documents, materials, or other	
information for the purpose of enforcement actions taken by the commissioned	er
pursuant to Commissioner under this chapter or any other provision of the	
insurance laws of this state State.	
(b) Neither the Commissioner nor any person who received documents,	
materials, or other information while acting under the authority of the	
Commissioner shall be permitted or required to testify in any private civil	
action concerning any confidential documents, materials, or information	
subject to subsection (a) of this section.	
(c) In furtherance of his or her duties under this chapter, the Commissione	<u>er</u>
may:	
(1) share documents, materials, or other information, including the	
confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information subject to	
subsection (a) of this section, with other state, federal, and international	
regulatory agencies, with the NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries, and with	<u>th</u>
state, federal, and international law enforcement authorities, provided the	
recipient agrees to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the	
document, material, or other information;	
(2) receive documents, materials, or information, including otherwise	
confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information, from the	

NAIC and its affiliates and subsidiaries and from regulatory and law
enforcement officials of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions and shall
maintain as confidential or privileged any document, material, or information
received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged
under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material,
or information; and
(3) enter into agreements governing sharing and use of information
consistent with this subsection.
(d) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the
documents, materials, or information shall occur as a result of disclosure to the
Commissioner under this section or as a result of sharing as authorized in
subsection (c) of this section.
(b)(e) Except as otherwise required under this chapter, the making,
publishing, disseminating, circulating or placing before the public, directly or
indirectly in any manner, the risk based capital levels of any insurer, or of any
component derived in the calculation, by any insurer, agent, broker, or other
person engaged in any manner in the insurance business is prohibited. Any
person violating this section shall be subject to an administrative penalty of up
to \$500.00.
(c)(f) The commissioner Commissioner may, in his or her discretion,
permit the correction of any material misstatement published by a party

1	unrelated to the insurer concerning any aspect of the insurer's risk based
2	capital level or any component thereof. A correction permitted under this
3	section may be used solely to rebut the material misstatement.
4	Sec. 41. 8 V.S.A. § 8309 is amended to read:
5	§ 8309. SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS
6	(a) The provisions of this chapter are in addition to any other provisions of
7	the laws of this state State, and shall not preclude or limit any other powers or
8	duties of the commissioner Commissioner under such laws, including, but not
9	limited to, chapter 145 of this title.
10	(b) The Commissioner may adopt rules necessary for the implementation of
11	this chapter.
12	(c) The Commissioner may exempt from the application of this chapter any
13	domestic property and casualty insurer which:
14	(1) writes direct business only in this State;
15	(2) writes direct annual premiums of \$2,000,000.00 or less; and
16	(3) assumes no reinsurance in excess of five percent of direct premium
17	written.
18	Sec. 42. 8 V.S.A. § 8310(c) is amended to read:
19	(c) The commissioner may require a foreign insurer to submit and obtain
20	the commissioner's approval of a risk based capital plan if the commissioner of
21	the state of domicile of the insurer fails to require the insurer to file a plan that

would have been required of a domestic insurer under section 8303 or 8304 of
this title Upon the occurrence of an event under section 8303 (company action
level event), 8304 (regulatory action level event), or 8305 (authorized control
level event) of this title with respect to any foreign insurer as determined under
the risk based capital statute applicable in the state of domicile of the insurer
or, if no risk based capital statute is in force in that state, under the provisions
of this chapter, if the insurance commissioner of the state of domicile of the
foreign insurer fails to require the foreign insurer to file a risk based capital
plan in the manner specified under that state's risk based capital statute or, if
no risk based capital statute is in force in that state, then under section 8303 of
this title, the Commissioner may require the foreign insurer to file a risk based
capital plan with the Commissioner. The failure of the foreign insurer to
eomply with the commissioner's order file a risk based capital plan shall be
grounds to order the insurer to cease and desist from writing new insurance
business in this state State.
Sec. 43. 8 V.S.A. § 8313 is added to read:
<u>§ 8313. IMMUNITY</u>
There shall be no liability on the part of and no cause of action shall arise
against the Commissioner or the Department of Financial Regulation or its
employees or agents for any action taken by them in the performance of their
powers and duties under this chapter.

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1	Sec. 44. 8 V.S.A. chapter 101, subchapter 7a is added to read:
2	Subchapter 7a. Own Risk and Solvency Assessment
3	§ 3581. PURPOSE; SCOPE; INTENT
4	(a) The purpose of this subchapter is to provide the requirements for
5	maintaining a risk management framework and completing an Own Risk and
6	Solvency Assessment (ORSA) and provide guidance and instructions for filing
7	an ORSA Summary Report with the Commissioner.
8	(b) The requirements of this subchapter shall apply to all insurers
9	domiciled in this State unless exempt under section 3586 of this subchapter.
10	(c) The General Assembly finds and declares that the ORSA Summary
11	Report will contain confidential and sensitive information related to an
12	insurer's or insurance group's identification of risks material and relevant to
13	the insurer or insurance group filing the report. This information will include
14	proprietary and trade secret information that has the potential for harm and
15	competitive disadvantage to the insurer or insurance group if the information is
16	made public. It is the intent of the General Assembly that the summary report
17	required under this subchapter shall be a confidential document filed with the
18	Commissioner, that it shall be shared only as stated in this subchapter and to
19	assist the Commissioner in the performance of his or her duties, and that in no
20	event shall the summary report be subject to public inspection and copying
21	under the Public Records Act.

§ 3582. DEFINITIONS

2	As used in this subchapter:
3	(1) "Insurance group" means those insurers and affiliates included
4	within an insurance holding company system as defined in subdivision 3681(4)
5	of this title.
6	(2) "Insurer" shall have the same meaning as in subdivision 3681(5) of
7	this title.
8	(3) "NAIC" means the National Association of Insurance
9	Commissioners.
10	(4) "Own Risk and Solvency Assessment" or "ORSA" or "assessment"
11	means a confidential, internal assessment, appropriate to the nature, scale, and
12	complexity of an insurer or insurance group and conducted by that insurer or
13	insurance group, of the material and relevant risks associated with the insurer's
14	or insurance group's current business plan and the sufficiency of capital
15	resources to support those risks.
16	(5) "Guidance Manual" means the current version of the Own Risk and
17	Solvency Assessment Guidance Manual developed and adopted by the NAIC,
18	as may be amended from time to time. A change in the Manual shall be
19	effective on the January 1 following the calendar year in which the changes
20	have been adopted by the NAIC.

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1	(6) "Summary Report" means a confidential high-level summary of an
2	insurer or insurance group's ORSA.
3	§ 3583. RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK
4	An insurer shall maintain a risk management framework to assist the insurer
5	with identifying, assessing, monitoring, managing, and reporting on its
6	material and relevant risks. This requirement may be satisfied if the insurance
7	group of which the insurer is a member maintains a risk management
8	framework applicable to the operations of the insurer.
9	§ 3584. ORSA REQUIREMENT
10	Subject to section 3586 of this subchapter, an insurer or the insurance group
11	of which the insurer is a member shall regularly conduct an ORSA consistent
12	with a process comparable to the Guidance Manual. The assessment shall be
13	conducted no less than annually but also at any time when there are significant
14	changes to the risk profile of the insurer or the insurance group of which the
15	insurer is a member.
16	§ 3585. SUMMARY REPORT
17	(a) Upon the Commissioner's request and no more than once each year, an
18	insurer shall submit to the Commissioner a summary report or any
19	combination of reports that together contain the information described in the
20	Guidance Manual applicable to the insurer or the insurance group of which it is
21	a member. Notwithstanding any request from the Commissioner, if the insurer

is a member of an insurance group, the insurer shall submit the report required
by this subsection if the Commissioner is the lead state commissioner of the
insurance group as determined by the procedures within the Financial Analysis
Handbook adopted by the NAIC.
(b) Each report shall include a signature of the insurer or insurance group's
chief risk officer or other executive having responsibility for the oversight of
the insurer's enterprise risk management process attesting to the best of his or
her belief and knowledge that the insurer applies the enterprise risk
management process described in the summary report and that a copy of the
report has been provided to the insurer's board of directors or the appropriate
committee thereof.
(c) An insurer may comply with subsection (a) of this section by providing
the most recent and substantially similar report provided by the insurer or
another member of an insurance group of which the insurer is a member to the
commissioner of another state or to a supervisor or regulator of a foreign
jurisdiction if that report provides information that is comparable to the
information described in the Guidance Manual. Any such report in a language
other than English must be accompanied by a translation of that report into the
English language.

8 2586	EXEMPTION
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2	(a) An insurer shall be exempt from the requirements of this subchapter if:
3	(1) the insurer has annual direct written and unaffiliated assumed
4	premium, including international direct and assumed premium but excluding
5	premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal
6	Flood Program, less than \$500,000,000.00; and
7	(2) the insurance group of which the insurer is a member has annual
8	direct written and unaffiliated assumed premium including international direct
9	and assumed premium, but excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal
10	Crop Insurance Corporation and Federal Flood Program, less than
11	<u>\$1,000,000,000.00.</u>
12	(b) If an insurer qualifies for exemption under subdivision (1) of subsection
13	(a) of this section but the insurance group of which the insurer is a member
14	does not qualify for exemption under subdivision (2) of subsection (a), then
15	any summary report required under section 3585 of this subchapter shall
16	include every insurer within the insurance group. This requirement may be
17	satisfied by the submission of more than one summary report for any
18	combination of insurers provided any combination of reports includes every
19	insurer within the insurance group.
20	(c) If an insurer does not qualify for exemption under subdivision (1) of
21	subsection (a) of this section but the insurance group of which it is a member

qualifies for exemption under subdivision (2) of subsection (a), then the only
summary report required under section 3585 of this subchapter shall be the
report applicable to that insurer.
(d) An insurer that does not qualify for exemption under subsection (a) of
this section may apply to the Commissioner for a waiver from the requirements
of this subchapter based upon unique circumstances. In deciding whether to
grant the insurer's request for waiver, the Commissioner may consider the type
and volume of business written, ownership and organizational structure, and
any other factor the Commissioner considers relevant to the insurer or
insurance group of which the insurer is a member. If the insurer is part of an
insurance group with insurers domiciled in more than one state, the
Commissioner shall coordinate with the lead state commissioner and with the
other domiciliary commissioners in considering whether to grant the insurer's
request for a waiver.
(e) Notwithstanding the exemptions stated in this section:
(1) The Commissioner may require that an insurer maintain a risk
management framework, conduct an ORSA, and file an ORSA Summary
Report based on unique circumstances including the type and volume of

business written, ownership and organizational structure, federal agency

requests, and international supervisor requests.

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(2) The Commissioner may require that an insurer maintain a risk	
management framework, conduct an ORSA assessment, and file a summary	
report if the insurer has risk based capital for company action level event as se	<u>:t</u>
forth in section 8303 of this title, meets one or more of the standards of an	
insurer deemed to be in hazardous financial condition as defined in Departmen	nt
Regulation I-93-2, sections 3-4, or otherwise exhibits qualities of a troubled	
insurer as determined by the Commissioner.	
(f) If an insurer that qualifies for an exemption under subsection (a) of this	<u>}</u>
section subsequently no longer qualifies for that exemption due to changes in	
premium as reflected in the insurer's most recent annual statement or in the	
most recent annual statements of the insurers within the insurance group of	
which the insurer is a member, the insurer shall have one year following the	
year the threshold is exceeded to comply with the requirements of this	
subchapter.	
§ 3587. CONTENTS OF ORSA SUMMARY REPORT	
(a) The summary report shall be prepared consistent with the ORSA	
Guidance Manual, subject to the requirements of subsection (b) of this section	<u>l.</u>
Documentation and supporting information shall be maintained and made	
available upon examination or upon request of the Commissioner.	

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(b) The review of the summary report, and any additional requests for
information, shall be made using similar procedures currently used in the
analysis and examination of multistate or global insurers and insurance groups.
§ 3588. CONFIDENTIALITY
(a) Documents, materials, or other information, including the summary
report, in the possession of or control of the Department that are obtained by,
created by, or disclosed to the Commissioner or any other person under this
subchapter, is recognized by this State as being proprietary and to contain trade
secrets. All such documents, materials, or other information shall be
confidential by law and privileged, shall be exempt from public inspection and
copying under the Public Records Act, shall not be subject to subpoena, and
shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil
action. The Commissioner, however, is authorized to use the documents,
materials, or other information in the furtherance of any regulatory or legal
action brought as a part of the Commissioner's official duties. The
Commissioner shall not otherwise make the documents, materials, or other
information public without the prior written consent of the insurer.
(b) Neither the Commissioner nor any person who received documents,
materials, or other ORSA-related information, through examination or
otherwise, while acting under the authority of the Commissioner or with whom
such documents, materials, or other information are shared pursuant to this

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1	subchapter shall be permitted or required to testify in any private civil action
2	concerning any confidential documents, materials, or information subject to
3	subsection (a) of this section.
4	(c) In furtherance of his or her regulatory duties, the Commissioner:
5	(1) may, upon request, share documents, materials, or other
6	ORSA-related information, including the confidential and privileged
7	documents, materials, or information subject to subsection (a) of this section,
8	including proprietary and trade secret documents and materials, with other
9	state, federal, and international financial regulatory agencies, including
10	members of any supervisory college as defined in section 3695 of this title,
11	with the NAIC and with any third-party consultants designated by the
12	Commissioner, provided that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the
13	confidentiality and privileged status of the ORSA-related documents,
14	materials, or other information and has verified in writing the legal authority to
15	maintain confidentiality; and
16	(2) may receive documents, materials, or other ORSA-related
17	information, including otherwise confidential and privileged documents,
18	materials, or information, including proprietary and trade-secret information or
19	documents, from regulatory officials of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions,

including members of any supervisory college as defined in section 3695 of

this title and from the NAIC, and shall maintain as confidential or privileged

underlying analysis is completed;

1	any documents, materials, or information received with notice or the
2	understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the
3	jurisdiction that is the source of the document, materials, or information.
4	(3) shall enter into a written agreement with the NAIC or a third-party
5	consultant governing sharing and use of information provided under this
6	subchapter consistent with this subsection that shall:
7	(A) specify procedures and protocols regarding the confidentiality
8	and security of information shared with the NAIC or a third-party consultant
9	pursuant to this subchapter, including procedures and protocols for sharing by
10	the NAIC with other state regulators from states in which the insurance group
11	has domiciled insurers. The agreement shall provide that the recipient agrees
12	in writing to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of the
13	ORSA-related documents, materials, or other information and has verified in
14	writing the legal authority to maintain confidentiality;
15	(B) specify that ownership of information shared with the NAIC or a
16	third-party consultant under this subchapter remains with the Commissioner
17	and that the NAIC's or a third-party consultant's use of the information is
18	subject to the direction of the Commissioner;
19	(C) prohibit the NAIC or third-party consultant from storing the
20	information shared under this subchapter in a permanent database after the

1	(D) require prompt notice to be given to an insurer whose
2	confidential information in the possession of the NAIC or a third-party
3	consultant under this subchapter is subject to a request or subpoena to the
4	NAIC or a third-party consultant for disclosure or production;
5	(E) require the NAIC or a third-party consultant to consent to
6	intervention by an insurer in any judicial or administrative action in which the
7	NAIC or a third-party consultant may be required to disclose confidential
8	information about the insurer shared with the NAIC or a third-party consultant
9	under this subchapter; and
10	(F) in the case of an agreement involving a third-party consultant,
11	provide for the insurer's written consent.
12	(d) The sharing of information and documents by the Commissioner under
13	this subchapter shall not constitute a delegation of regulatory authority or
14	rulemaking, and the Commissioner is solely responsible for the administration,
15	execution, and enforcement of the provisions of this subchapter.
16	(e) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the
17	documents, proprietary and trade-secret materials, or other ORSA-related
18	information shall occur as a result of disclosure of such ORSA-related
19	information or documents to the Commissioner under this section or as a result
20	of sharing as authorized under this subchapter.

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1	(f) Documents, materials, or other information in the possession or control
2	of the NAIC or a third-party consultant under this subchapter shall be
3	confidential by law and privileged, shall be exempt from public inspection and
4	copying under the Public Records Act, shall not be subject to subpoena, and
5	shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil
6	action.
7	§ 3589. SANCTIONS
8	Any insurer failing without just cause to timely file the summary report as
9	required by this subchapter shall be required, after notice and hearing, to pay a
10	penalty of \$10,000.00.00 for each day's delay, to be recovered by the
11	Commissioner, and the penalty so recovered shall be paid into the general fund
12	of this State. The maximum penalty under this section is \$1,000,000.00. The
13	Commissioner may reduce the penalty if the insurer demonstrates to the
14	Commissioner that the imposition of the penalty would constitute a financial
15	hardship to the insurer.
16	* * * Captives * * *
17	Sec. 45. 8 V.S.A. § 4838(b)(4) is amended to read:
18	(b) The power of attorney must set forth:
19	* * *
20	(4) Except as to nonassessable policies, a provision for a contingent
21	several liability of each subscriber in a specified amount which amount shall

- be not less than one nor more than ten times the premium or premium deposit stated in the policy.
- 3 Sec. 46. 8 V.S.A. § 4848(b) is amended to read:
 - (b) Except as to a nonassessable policy, each subscriber shall have a contingent assessment liability, in the amount provided for in the power of attorney or in the subscribers' agreement, for payment of actual losses and expenses incurred while his <u>or her</u> policy was in force. The contingent liability may be at the rate of not less than one nor more than 10 times the premium or premium deposit stated in the policy, and the maximum aggregate thereof shall be computed in the manner set forth in section 4852 of this title.
 - Sec. 47. 8 V.S.A. § 6002(d) is amended to read:
 - (d) Each captive insurance company shall pay to the commissioner

 Commissioner a nonrefundable fee of \$500.00 and each special purpose

 financial insurance company shall pay to the Commissioner a nonrefundable

 fee of \$5,000.00 for examining, investigating, and processing its application

 for license, and for issuing same, and the commissioner Commissioner is

 authorized to retain legal, financial, and examination services from outside the

 department Department, the reasonable cost of which may be charged against

 the applicant. The provisions of section 3576 of this title shall apply to

 examinations, investigations, and processing conducted under the authority of

 this section. In addition, each captive insurance company shall pay a license

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1	renewal fee for each year thereafter of \$500.00, and each special purpose
2	financial insurance company shall pay to the Commissioner a nonrefundable
3	fee of \$5,000.00.
4	Sec. 48. 8 V.S.A. § 6006(p) is added to read:
5	(p) With the Commissioner's prior written approval, a captive insurance
6	company may establish one or more separate accounts and may allocate to
7	them amounts to provide for the insurance of risks of certain of its parents,
8	affiliates, or members, as the case may be, subject to the following:
9	(1) The income, gains, and losses, realized or unrealized, from assets
10	allocated to a separate account shall be credited to or charged against the
11	account, without regard to other income, gains, or losses of the captive
12	insurance company.
13	(2) Amounts allocated to a separate account in the exercise of the power
14	granted by this subsection are owned by the captive insurer, and the captive
15	insurer may not be nor hold itself out to be a trustee with respect to such
16	amounts.
17	(3) Unless otherwise approved by the Commissioner, assets allocated to
18	a separate account shall be valued in accordance with the rules otherwise
19	applicable to the captive insurer's assets.
20	(4) If and to the extent so provided under the applicable contracts, that
21	portion of the assets of any such separate account equal to the reserves and

other contract liabilities with respect to such account shall not be chargeable
with liabilities arising out of any other business the captive insurer may
conduct.

(5) No sale, exchange, or other transfer of assets may be made by such captive insurer between any of its separate accounts or between any other investment account and one or more of its separate accounts unless, in the case of a transfer into a separate account, such transfer is made solely to establish the account or to support the operation of the contracts with respect to the separate account to which the transfer is made and unless such transfer, whether into or from a separate account is made by a transfer of cash or by a transfer of securities having a readily determinable market value, provided that such transfer of securities is approved by the Commissioner. The Commissioner may approve other transfers among such accounts if, in his or her opinion, such transfers would be equitable.

(6) To the extent such captive insurer deems it necessary to comply with any applicable federal or state laws, such captive insurer, with respect to any separate account, including any separate account which is a management investment company or a unit investment trust, may provide for persons having an interest therein appropriate voting and other rights and special procedures for the conduct of the business of such account, including special rights and procedures relating to investment policy, investment advisory services,

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1	selection of independent public accountants, and the selection of a committee,
2	the members of which need not be otherwise affiliated with such company, to
3	manage the business of such account.
4	Sec. 49. 8 V.S.A. § 6014(e) is amended to read:
5	(e) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section, two or more
6	captive insurance companies that are not special purpose financial captives
7	under common ownership and control shall be taxed as though they were a
8	single captive insurance company; and two or more captive insurance
9	companies that are special purpose financial captives under common
10	ownership and control shall be taxed as though they were a single captive
11	insurance company. Special purpose financial captives may not be
12	consolidated with other captives that are not special purpose financial captives
13	for purposes of calculating premium taxes due.
14	Sec. 50. 8 V.S.A. § 6034a is amended to read:
15	§ 6034a. INCORPORATED PROTECTED CELLS
16	(a) A protected cell of a sponsored captive insurance company may be
17	formed as an incorporated protected cell, as defined in subdivision 6032(1) of
18	this title.
19	(b) Subject to the prior written approval of the sponsored captive insurance
20	company and of the Commissioner, an incorporated protected cell shall be

entitled to enter into contracts and undertake obligations in its own name and

for its own account. In the case of a contract or obligation to which the
sponsored captive insurance company is not a party, either in its own name and
for its own account or on behalf of a protected cell, the counterparty to the
contract or obligation shall have no right or recourse against the sponsored
captive insurance company and its assets other than against assets properly
attributable to the incorporated protected cell that is a party to the contract or
obligation.
(b)(c) The articles of incorporation or articles of organization of an
incorporated protected cell shall refer to the sponsored captive insurance
company for which it is a protected cell and shall state that the protected cell is
incorporated or organized for the limited purposes authorized by the sponsored
captive insurance company's license. A copy of the prior written approval of
the commissioner Commissioner to add the incorporated protected cell,
required by subdivision 6034(11) of this title, shall be attached to and filed
with the articles of incorporation or the articles of organization.
(e)(d) It is the intent of the general assembly General Assembly under this
section to provide sponsored captive insurance companies, including those
licensed as special purpose financial captive insurance companies under
subchapter 4 of this chapter, with the option to establish one or more protected
cells as a separate corporation, mutual corporation, nonprofit corporation, or

limited liability company. This section shall not be construed to limit any

rights or protections applicable to protected cells not established as
corporations, mutual corporations, nonprofit corporations, or limited liability
companies.

- 4 Sec. 51. 8 V.S.A. § 6041 is amended to read:
- 5 § 6041. ESTABLISHMENT OF A BRANCH CAPTIVE
 - (a) A branch captive may be established in this state State in accordance with the provisions of this chapter to write in this state only insurance or reinsurance of the employee benefit business of its parent and affiliated companies which is subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended. In addition to the general provisions of this chapter, the provisions of this subchapter shall apply to branch captive insurance companies.
 - (b) No branch captive insurance company shall do any insurance business in this state State unless it maintains the principal place of business for its branch operations in this state State and it appoints a principal representative in this State who is a resident of this State. For purposes of this subsection, principal representative shall mean a person designated as such by the branch captive insurance company as its principal representative on such forms and with such information as required by the Commissioner. The provisions of subsection 6006(f) shall not apply to branch captives formed in this State.

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Sec. 52. 8 V.S.A. § 6	6048a is amended to rea	ıd:
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- § 6048a. APPLICABLE LAW
- (a) A special purpose financial captive insurance company shall be subject
 to the provisions of this subchapter and to the provisions of subchapter 1 of
 this chapter. In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this
 subchapter and the provisions of subchapter 1 of this chapter, the provisions of
 this subchapter shall control.
 - (b) A special purpose financial eaptive insurance company shall be subject to all applicable rules adopted pursuant to section 6015 of this chapter that are in effect as of the effective date of this subchapter and that are adopted after the effective date of this subchapter.
 - (c) The commissioner Commissioner may, by order, exempt a special purpose financial captive insurance company from any provision of this chapter or from any rule adopted pursuant to section 6015 of this chapter if the commissioner Commissioner determines such provision to be inappropriate based on the special purpose financial captive insurance company's plan of operation.
- 18 Sec. 53. 8 V.S.A. § 6048b is amended to read:
- 19 § 6048b. EXISTING LICENSES
- Except as otherwise determined by the commissioner Commissioner, a

 captive insurance company that has been licensed by the commissioner

Commissioner pursuant to this chapter as of the effective date of this
subchapter and that is engaged in or that will be engaged in an insurance
securitization shall be subject to the provisions of this subchapter as a special
purpose financial eaptive insurance company. The eommissioner
Commissioner may require such captive insurance company to take any action
that the commissioner Commissioner determines is reasonably necessary to
bring such captive insurance company into compliance with the provisions of
this subchapter. The commissioner Commissioner may issue an order
described in subsection 6048d(b) of this title with respect to such captive
insurance company.
Sec. 54. 8 V.S.A. § 6048c is amended to read:
§ 6048c. DEFINITIONS
For purposes of As used in this subchapter:
(1) "Ceding insurer" means an insurance company approved by the
commissioner Commissioner and licensed or otherwise authorized to transact
the business of insurance or reinsurance in its state or country of domicile,
which cedes risk to a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company
pursuant to a reinsurance contract.
(2) "Insolvency" and "insolvent" for purpose of applying the provisions
of chapter 145 of this title to a special purpose financial captive insurance
company, mean:

- (A) That the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company is unable to pay its obligations when they are due, unless those obligations are the subject of a bona fide dispute; or
- (B) The special purpose financial eaptive insurance company has failed to meet all criteria and conditions for solvency of the special purpose financial captive insurance company established by the eommissioner Commissioner by rule or order.
- (3) "Insurance securitization" and "securitization" mean a transaction or a group of related transactions, which may include capital market offerings, that are effected through related risk transfer instruments and facilitating administrative agreements where all or part of the result of such transactions is used to fund the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company's obligations under a reinsurance contract with a ceding insurer and by which:
- (A) Proceeds are obtained by a special purpose financial captive insurance company, directly or indirectly, through the issuance of securities by the special purpose financial captive insurance company or any other person; or
- (B) A person provides one or more letters of credit or other assets for the benefit of the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company, which the commissioner Commissioner authorizes the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company to treat as admitted assets for purposes of the

special purpose financial captive insurance company's annual report; where all
or any part of such proceeds, letters of credit, or assets, as applicable, are used
to fund the special purpose financial captive insurance company's obligations
under a reinsurance contract with a ceding insurer. The terms "insurance
securitization" and "securitization" do not include the issuance of a letter of
credit for the benefit of the commissioner Commissioner to satisfy all or part of
the special purpose financial captive insurance company's capital and surplus
requirements under section 6048g of this chapter.

- (4) "Management" means the board of directors, managing board, or other individual or individuals vested with overall responsibility for the management of the affairs of the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company, including but not limited to officers or other agents elected or appointed to act on behalf of the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company.
 - (5) "Organizational document" means:
- (A) In the case of a special purpose financial captive insurance company formed as a stock corporation, the special purpose financial captive insurance company's articles of incorporation and bylaws; and
- (B) In the case of a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company formed as a limited liability company, the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company's articles of organization and operating agreement.

(6) "Reinsurance contract" means a contract between a special purpose
financial eaptive insurance company and a ceding insurer pursuant to which
the special purpose financial captive insurance company agrees to provide
reinsurance to the ceding insurer for risks associated with the ceding insurer's
insurance or reinsurance business.

- (7) "Security" shall have the same meaning as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 5102(28), and shall also include any form of debt obligation, equity, surplus certificate, surplus note, funding agreement, derivative, or other financial instrument that the commissioner designates, by rule or order, as a "security" for purposes of this subchapter.
- (8) "Special purpose financial eaptive insurance company" means a captive insurance company that has received a license from the commissioner Commissioner to operate as a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company pursuant to this subchapter.
- (9) "Special purpose financial captive insurance company security" means:
- (A) A security issued by a special purpose financial captive insurance company; or
- (B) A security issued by a third party, the proceeds of which are obtained directly or indirectly by a special purpose financial captive insurance company.

1	(10) "Surplus note" means an unsecured subordinated debt obligation
2	possessing characteristics consistent with paragraph 3 of the National
3	Association of Insurance Commissioners Statement of Statutory Accounting
4	Principles No. 41, as amended from time to time and as modified or
5	supplemented by rule or order of the commissioner Commissioner.
6	Sec. 55. 8 V.S.A. § 6048d is amended to read:
7	§ 6048d. LICENSING; AUTHORITY
8	(a) A special purpose financial captive insurance company may reinsure the
9	risks of a ceding insurer only. A special purpose financial captive insurance
10	company may purchase reinsurance to cede the risks assumed under a
11	reinsurance contract, subject to the prior approval of the commissioner
12	Commissioner.
13	(b) In conjunction with the issuance of a license to a special purpose
14	financial captive insurance company, the commissioner Commissioner may
15	issue an order that includes any provisions, terms, and conditions regarding the
16	organization, licensing, and operation of the special purpose financial eaptive
17	insurance company that are deemed appropriate by the commissioner
18	Commissioner and that are not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter.
19	Except as provided in sections 60481 and 6048m of this subchapter, a license
20	issued to a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company pursuant to
21	this chapter and any order issued to a special purpose financial eaptive

insurance company pursuant to this subsection shall not be revoked,
suspended, amended, or modified other than as follows:

- (1) The special purpose financial captive insurance company consents to such revocation, suspension, amendment, or modification; or
- (2) The commissioner Commissioner makes a showing of clear and convincing evidence demonstrating that such revocation, suspension, amendment, or modification is necessary to avoid irreparable harm to the special purpose financial captive insurance company or to the ceding insurer.
- (c) To qualify for a license, a special purpose financial captive insurance company shall be subject, in addition to the requirements of subsection 6002(c) of this chapter, to the following:
- (1) The special purpose financial captive insurance company's plan of operation shall include:
- (A) a complete description of all significant transactions, including reinsurance, reinsurance security arrangements, securitizations, related transactions or arrangements, and, to the extent not included in the transactions listed in this subdivision (A), a complete description of all parties other than the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company and the ceding insurer that will be involved in the issuance of special purpose financial eaptive insurance company securities and a description of any pledge, hypothecation, or grant of a security interest in any of the special purpose financial eaptive

I	insurance company's assets and in any stock or limited liability company
2	interest in the special purpose financial captive insurance company;
3	(B) the source and form of the special purpose financial eaptive
4	insurance company's capital and surplus;
5	(C) the proposed investment policy of the special purpose financial
6	captive insurance company;
7	(D) a description of the underwriting, reporting, and claims payment
8	methods by which losses covered by the reinsurance contract are reported,
9	accounted for, and settled;
10	(E) pro forma balance sheets and income statements illustrating one
11	or more adverse case scenarios, as determined under criteria required by the
12	commissioner Commissioner, for the performance of the special purpose
13	financial captive insurance company under all reinsurance contracts; and
14	(F) the proposed rate and method for discounting reserves, if the
15	special purpose financial captive insurance company is requesting authority to
16	discount its reserves.
17	(2) The special purpose financial captive insurance company shall
18	submit an affidavit of its president, a vice-president, the treasurer, or the chief
19	financial officer that includes the following statements, to the best of such

person's knowledge and belief after reasonable inquiry:

- (A) the proposed organization and operation of the special purpose financial captive insurance company comply with all applicable provisions of this chapter;
- (B) the special purpose financial captive insurance company's investment policy reflects and takes into account the liquidity of assets and the reasonable preservation, administration, and management of such assets with respect to the risks associated with the reinsurance contract and the insurance securitization transaction; and
- (C) the reinsurance contract and any arrangement for securing the special purpose financial captive insurance company's obligations under such reinsurance contract, including but not limited to any agreements or other documentation to implement such arrangement, comply with the provisions of this subchapter.
- (3) The application shall include copies of all agreements and documentation described in subdivision (c)(1) of this section unless otherwise approved by the commissioner Commissioner and any other statements or documents required by the commissioner Commissioner to evaluate the special purpose financial captive insurance company's application for licensure.
- (4) The application shall include an opinion of qualified legal counsel, in a form acceptable to the commissioner Commissioner, that the offer and sale of any special purpose financial captive insurance company securities complies

with all applicable registration requirements or applicable exemptions from or
exceptions to such requirements of the federal securities laws and that the offer
and sale of securities by the special purpose financial eaptive insurance
company itself comply with all registration requirements or applicable
exemptions from or exceptions to such requirements of the securities laws of
this state State. Such opinions shall not be required as part of the application if
the special purpose financial captive insurance company includes a specific
statement in its plan of operation that such opinions will be provided to the
commissioner Commissioner in advance of the offer or sale of any special
purpose financial eaptive insurance company securities.

- (d) The commissioner Commissioner may grant a license, that which shall be valid through the next April 1 following the date of initial issuance and may be renewed annually thereafter, authorizing the special purpose financial captive insurance company to transact reinsurance business as a special purpose financial captive insurance company in this state State upon finding that:
- (1) The proposed plan of operation provides for a reasonable and expected successful operation;
- (2) The terms of the reinsurance contract and related transactions comply with this subchapter;

- (3) The proposed plan of operation is not hazardous to any ceding insurer; and
- (4) The insurance regulator of the state of domicile of each ceding insurer has notified the eommissioner Commissioner in writing or otherwise has provided assurance satisfactory to the eommissioner Commissioner that it has approved or has not disapproved the transaction, provided that the eommissioner Commissioner shall not be precluded from issuing a license to a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company in the event that the insurance regulator of the state of domicile of a ceding insurer has not responded with respect to all or any part of the transaction.
- (e) The special purpose financial captive insurance company shall provide the commissioner Commissioner with a copy of a complete set of executed documentation of an insurance securitization no later than 30 days after the closing on the transactions for such securitization.
- (f) Subdivision 6002(c)(3) of this chapter shall apply to all information submitted pursuant to subsections (c) and (e) of this section and to any order issued to the special purpose financial captive insurance company pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.

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2	§ 6048e.	CHANGES	IN PLAN	OF OPERA	ATION;	VOLUN	TARY

DISSOLUTION OR CESSATION OF BUSINESS

- (a) Any change in the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company's plan of operation shall require prior approval of the commissioner.
- (b) Any transaction or series of transactions shall be subject to the prior approval of the commissioner Commissioner if such transaction or series of transactions:
- (1) Is undertaken to dissolve a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company; or
- (2) Results in the termination of all or any part of a special purpose financial captive insurance company's business; but no prior approval of the commissioner Commissioner shall be required for any transaction or series of transactions described in this subdivision (2) if such transaction or series of transactions is done in accordance with a document or agreement described in the special purpose financial captive insurance company's plan of operation and if the commissioner Commissioner is notified in advance of such transaction or series of transactions.
- (c) A special purpose financial captive insurance company shall notify the commissioner Commissioner in advance of any change in the legal ownership

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1	of any security issued by the special purpose financial captive insurance
2	company.
3	Sec. 57. 8 V.S.A. § 6048f is amended to read:
4	§ 6048f. FORMATION
5	(a) A special purpose financial eaptive insurance company may be
6	incorporated as a stock insurer with its capital divided into shares and held by
7	its stockholders, or it may be organized as a manager-managed limited liability
8	company.
9	(b) A special purpose financial eaptive insurance company's organizational
10	documents shall limit the special purpose financial eaptive insurance
11	company's authority to transact the business of insurance or reinsurance to
12	those activities that the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company
13	conducts to accomplish its purposes as expressed in this subchapter.
14	Sec. 58. 8 V.S.A. § 6048g is amended to read:
15	§ 6048g. MINIMUM CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
16	A special purpose financial captive insurance company shall not be issued a
17	license unless it shall possess and thereafter maintain unimpaired paid-in
18	capital and surplus of not less than \$250,000.00 \$5,000,000.00.
19	Sec. 59. 8 V.S.A. § 6048h is amended to read:
20	§ 6048h. SECURITIES

(a) A special purpose financial captive insurance company may:

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	(1) subject to the prior approval of the commissioner Commissioner
acc	ount for the proceeds of a surplus note issued by the special purpose
fina	ancial captive insurance company as surplus; and

(2) submit for prior approval of the commissioner Commissioner periodic written requests for authorization to make payments of interest on and repayments of principal of surplus notes and other debt obligations issued by the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company, provided that the commissioner Commissioner shall not approve such payment if the commissioner Commissioner determines that such payment would jeopardize the ability of the special purpose financial captive insurance company or any other person to fulfill their his or her respective obligations pursuant to the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company securitization agreements, the reinsurance contract, or any related transaction. In lieu of approval of periodic written requests for authorization to make payments of interest on and repayments of principal of surplus notes and other debt obligations issued by the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company, the commissioner Commissioner may approve a formula or plan, which shall be included in the special purpose financial captive insurance company's plan of operation as amended from time to time, for payment of interest, principal, or both with respect to such surplus notes and debt obligations.

- (b) In addition to the provisions of section 6005 of this chapter, no dividend or distribution may be declared or paid by a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company if such dividend or distribution would jeopardize the ability of the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company or any other person to fulfill the company's or other person's respective obligations pursuant to the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company securitization agreements, the reinsurance contract, or any related transaction.
- (c) A special purpose financial eaptive insurance company security shall not be subject to regulation as an insurance or reinsurance contract. An investor in such a security or a holder of such a security shall not be considered to be transacting the business of insurance in this state State solely by reason of having an interest in the security. The underwriter's placement or selling agents and their partners, commissioners, officers, members, managers, employees, agents, representatives, and advisors involved in an insurance securitization by a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company shall not be considered to be insurance producers or brokers or to be conducting business as an insurance or reinsurance company or as an insurance agency, brokerage, intermediary, advisory, or consulting business solely by virtue of their underwriting activities in connection with such securitization.

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Sec. 60. 8 V.S.A	A. § 6048i is amended to	read:
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§ 6048i. PERMITTED REINSURANCE

- (a) A special purpose financial captive insurance company may reinsure only the risks of a ceding insurer, pursuant to a reinsurance contract. A special purpose financial captive insurance company may not issue a contract of insurance or a contract for assumption of risk or indemnification of loss other than such reinsurance contract.
- (b) Unless otherwise approved in advance by the commissioner

 Commissioner, a special purpose financial captive insurance company may not assume or retain exposure to insurance or reinsurance losses for its own account that are not funded by:
- (1) Proceeds from a special purpose financial captive insurance company securitization or letters of credit or other assets described in subdivision 6048c(3) of this chapter;
- (2) Premium and other amounts payable by the ceding insurer to the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company pursuant to the reinsurance contract; and
- (3) Any return on investment of the items in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection.
- (c) The reinsurance contract shall contain all provisions reasonably required or approved by the commissioner Commissioner, which requirements

shall take into account the laws applicable to the ceding insurer regarding the
ceding insurer taking credit for the reinsurance provided under such
reinsurance contract

- (d) A special purpose financial eaptive insurance company may cede risks assumed through a reinsurance contract to one or more reinsurers through the purchase of reinsurance, subject to the prior approval of the commissioner Commissioner.
- (e) A special purpose financial captive insurance company may enter into contracts and conduct other commercial activities related or incidental to and necessary to fulfill the purposes of the reinsurance contract, the insurance securitization, and this subchapter, provided such contracts and activities are included in the special purpose financial captive insurance company's plan of operation or are otherwise approved in advance by the commissioner.

 Commissioner. Such contracts and activities may include but are not limited to: entering into reinsurance contracts; issuing special purpose financial captive insurance company securities; complying with the terms of these contracts or securities; entering into trust, guaranteed investment contract, swap, or other derivative, tax, administration, reimbursement, or fiscal agent transactions; or complying with trust indenture, reinsurance, or retrocession; and other agreements necessary or incidental to effect an insurance

1	securitization in compliance with this subchapter and the special purpose
2	financial captive insurance company's plan of operation.
3	(f) Unless otherwise approved in advance by the commissioner
4	Commissioner, a reinsurance contract shall not contain any provision for
5	payment by the special purpose financial captive insurance company in
6	discharge of its obligations under the reinsurance contract to any person other
7	than the ceding insurer or any receiver of the ceding insurer.
8	(g) A special purpose financial captive insurance company shall notify the
9	commissioner Commissioner immediately of any action by a ceding insurer or
10	any other person to foreclose on or otherwise take possession of collateral
11	provided by the special purpose financial captive insurance company to secure
12	any obligation of the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company.
13	Sec. 61. 8 V.S.A. § 6048j is amended to read:
14	§ 6048j. DISPOSITION OF ASSETS; INVESTMENTS
15	(a) The assets of a special purpose financial captive insurance company
16	shall be preserved and administered by or on behalf of the special purpose
17	financial captive insurance company to satisfy the liabilities and obligations of
18	the special purpose financial captive insurance company incident to the
19	reinsurance contract, the insurance securitization, and other related agreements
20	(b) In the special purpose financial captive insurance company

securitization, the security offering memorandum or other document issued to

prospective investors regarding the offer and sale of a surplus note or other
security shall include a disclosure that all or part of the proceeds of such
insurance securitization will be used to fund the special purpose financial
eaptive insurance company's obligations to the ceding insurer.
(c) A special purpose financial captive insurance company shall not be
subject to any restriction on investments other than the following:
(1) A special purpose financial eaptive insurance company shall not
make a loan to any person other than as permitted under its plan of operation or
as otherwise approved in advance by the commissioner Commissioner; and
(2) The eommissioner Commissioner may prohibit or limit any
investment that threatens the solvency or liquidity of the special purpose
financial captive insurance company unless the investment is otherwise
approved in its plan of operation or in an order issued to the special purpose
financial captive insurance company pursuant to subsection 6048d(b) of this
chapter, as either is amended from time to time.
Sec. 62. 8 V.S.A. § 6048k is amended to read:
§ 6048k. ANNUAL REPORT; BOOKS AND RECORDS
(a) For purposes of subsection 6007(b) of this chapter:
(1) The eommissioner Commissioner shall, by rule or order, establish
the form and content of the annual report to be filed by a special purpose

financial eaptive insurance company; and

- (2) A special purpose financial eaptive insurance company shall report using statutory accounting principles, unless the commissioner Commissioner requires, approves, or accepts the use of generally accepted accounting principles or other comprehensive basis of accounting, in each case with any appropriate or necessary modifications or adaptations required or approved or accepted by the commissioner Commissioner and as supplemented by additional information required by the commissioner Commissioner.
- (b) A special purpose financial eaptive insurance company may make written application to file its annual report on a fiscal-year basis. If an alternative reporting date is granted, the eommissioner Commissioner shall establish the due date and content of any filing required by the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company in addition to its annual report.
- (c) Unless otherwise approved in advance by the eommissioner

 Commissioner, a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company shall maintain its books, records, documents, accounts, vouchers, and agreements in this state State. A special purpose financial eaptive insurance company shall make its books, records, documents, accounts, vouchers, and agreements available for inspection by the eommissioner Commissioner at any time. A special purpose financial eaptive insurance company shall keep its books and records in such manner that its financial condition, affairs, and operations can

1	be readily ascertained and so that the commissioner Commissioner may readily
2	verify its financial statements and determine its compliance with this chapter.
3	(d) Unless otherwise approved in advance by the commissioner
4	Commissioner, all original books, records, documents, accounts, vouchers, and
5	agreements shall be preserved and kept available in this state State for the
6	purpose of examination and inspection and until such time as the commissioner
7	Commissioner approves the destruction or other disposition of such books,
8	records, documents, accounts, vouchers, and agreements. If the commissioner
9	Commissioner approves the keeping of the items listed in this subsection
10	outside this state State, the special purpose financial eaptive insurance
11	company shall maintain in this state State a complete and true copy of each
12	such original. Books, records, documents, accounts, vouchers, and agreements
13	may be photographed, reproduced on film, or stored and reproduced
14	electronically.
15	Sec. 63. 8 V.S.A. § 60481 is amended to read:
16	§ 60481. LICENSE SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION
17	(a) The eommissioner Commissioner shall notify a special purpose
18	financial eaptive insurance company not less than 30 days before suspending
19	or revoking its license pursuant to section 6009 of this chapter, which notice
20	shall state the basis for such suspension or revocation. The special purpose

financial eaptive insurance company shall be afforded the opportunity for a

1	hearing pursuant to the provisions of the Vermont Administrative Procedure
2	Act, 3 V.S.A. chapter 25.
3	(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section and 3 V.S.A. § 814(c), no
4	prior notice or hearing shall be required if the grounds for suspension or
5	revocation of a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company's license
6	pursuant to section 6009 of this chapter relate primarily to the financial
7	condition or soundness of the special purpose financial eaptive insurance
8	company or to a deficiency in its assets.
9	(c) For purposes of this subchapter, reference to section 6004 in
10	subdivision 6009(a)(2) shall be construed also as a reference to section 6048g.
11	Sec. 64. 8 V.S.A. § 6048m is amended to read:
12	§ 6048m. DELINQUENCY
13	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of chapter
14	145 of this title shall apply in full to a special purpose financial eaptive
15	insurance company.
16	(b) Upon any order of supervision, rehabilitation, or liquidation of a special
17	purpose financial captive insurance company, the receiver shall manage the
18	assets and liabilities of the special purpose financial captive insurance
19	company pursuant to the provisions of this subchapter.
20	(c) Amounts recoverable by the receiver of a special purpose financial

eaptive insurance company under a reinsurance contract shall not be reduced or

- diminished as a result of the entry of an order of conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation with respect to a ceding insurer, notwithstanding any provision in the contracts or other documentation governing the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company securitization.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 145 of this title or any other law of this state:
- (1) An application or petition or a temporary restraining order or injunction issued pursuant to the provisions of chapter 145 of this title with respect to a ceding insurer does not prohibit the transaction of business by a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company, including any payment by a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company made with respect to a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company security, or any action or proceeding against a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company or its assets.
- (2) The commencement of a summary proceeding with respect to a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company and any order issued by the court in such summary proceeding shall not prohibit payments by a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company and shall not prohibit the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company from taking any action required to make such payments, provided such payments are made:

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(1	A) pursuant to a special purpose financial eaptive insurance
company s	security or reinsurance contract; and

- (B) consistent with the special purpose financial captive insurance company's plan of operation and any order issued to the special purpose financial captive insurance company pursuant to subsection 6048d(b), as either is amended from time to time.
- (3) A receiver of a ceding insurer may not void a nonfraudulent transfer by a ceding insurer to a special purpose financial captive insurance company of money or other property made pursuant to a reinsurance contract.
- (4) A receiver of a special purpose financial captive insurance company may not void a nonfraudulent transfer by the special purpose financial captive insurance company of money or other property:
- (A) made to a ceding insurer pursuant to a reinsurance contract or made to or for the benefit of any holder of a special purpose financial captive insurance company security with respect to the special purpose financial captive insurance company security; and
- (B) made consistent with the special purpose financial captive insurance company's plan of operation and any order issued to the special purpose financial captive insurance company pursuant to subsection 6048d(b), as either is amended from time to time.

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- (e) With the exception of the fulfillment of the obligations under a reinsurance contract and notwithstanding another provision of this subchapter or other laws of this state State, the assets of a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company, including assets held in trust, on a funds-withheld basis, or in any other arrangement to secure the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company's obligations under a reinsurance contract, shall not be consolidated with or included in the estate of a ceding insurer in any delinquency proceeding against the ceding insurer pursuant to the provisions of this subchapter for any purpose including, without limitation, distribution to creditors of the ceding insurer.

 Sec. 65. 8 V.S.A. § 6048n is amended to read:
- § 6048n. SPONSORED CAPTIVES
- In addition to the provisions of sections 6048a-6048m of this subchapter, the provisions of this section shall apply to any sponsored captive insurance company licensed as a special purpose financial captive insurance company pursuant to this subchapter.
- (1) A sponsored captive insurance company may be licensed as a special purpose financial captive insurance company pursuant to the provisions of this subchapter.
- (2) The special purpose financial eaptive insurance company shall be subject to the provisions of subchapter 2 of this chapter. In the event of any

conflict between the provisions of this subchapter and the provisions of subchapter 2 of this chapter, the provisions of this subchapter shall control.

- (3) Unless otherwise approved in advance by the commissioner

 Commissioner, a participant in a special purpose financial captive insurance company shall be a ceding insurer. Any change in a participant shall be subject to prior approval by the commissioner Commissioner.
- (4) The special purpose financial eaptive insurance company on behalf of a protected cell shall be entitled to assert the same claims and defenses in actions in law or equity as if the protected cell were a corporation established under Title 11A of the Vermont Statutes Annotated, including, but not limited to, claims and defenses in actions at law or equity alleging alter ego, corporate veil piercing, offset, substantive consolidation, equitable subordination, or recoupment. In connection with the conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation of a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company or one or more of its protected cells, the assets and liabilities of a protected cell shall at all times be kept separate from, and shall not be commingled with, those of other protected cells and the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company, and the assets of one protected cell shall not be used to satisfy the obligations or liabilities of another protected cell or the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company based on legal or equitable claims or defenses, including but not limited to alter ego, piercing the corporate veil, offset, substantive

consolidation, equitable subordination, or recoupment, unless such claims or
defenses would apply to such protected cell if it were a special purpose finance
eaptive insurance company without separate cells.

- (5) Notwithstanding subdivision 6034(1) of this chapter, the special purpose financial captive insurance company may issue securities to any person approved in advance by the commissioner <u>Commissioner</u>.
- (6) Notwithstanding section 6048g of this subchapter, the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company shall possess and thereafter maintain unimpaired paid-in capital and surplus of not less than \$500,000.00.
- (7) The "general account" of a sponsored captive insurance company licensed as a special purpose financial captive insurance company shall mean all assets and liabilities of the sponsored captive insurance company not attributable to a protected cell.
- (8)(A) Any security issued by a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company with respect to a protected cell and any other contract or obligation of the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company with respect to a protected cell shall include the designation of such protected cell and shall include the following statement, or such other statement as may be required by the commissioner Commissioner:
- (i) In the case of a security: "The holder of this security shall have no right or recourse against the special purpose financial captive insurance

company and its assets other than against assets properly attributable to the designated protected cell and the special purpose financial captive insurance company's general account, to the extent permitted by Vermont law."

- (ii) In the case of a contract or obligation: "The counterparty to this contract or obligation shall have no right or recourse against the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company and its assets other than against assets properly attributable to the designated protected cell and the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company's general account, to the extent permitted by Vermont law."
- (B) Notwithstanding the requirements of this subdivision (8) and subject to the provisions of this chapter and other applicable law or regulation, the failure to include such disclosure, in whole or part, in such security, contract, or obligation with respect to a protected cell shall not serve as the sole basis for a creditor, ceding insurer, or any other person to have recourse against the general account of the special purpose financial captive insurance company in excess of the limitations provided for in subdivision (12)(E) of this subsection, or against the assets of any other protected cell.
- (9) In addition to the provisions of section 6034 of this chapter, the special purpose financial captive insurance company shall be subject to the following with respect to its protected cells:

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- (A) The special purpose financial captive insurance company shall establish a protected cell only for the purpose of insuring or reinsuring risks of one or more reinsurance contracts with a ceding insurer or two or more affiliated ceding insurers, with the intent of facilitating an insurance securitization. A separate protected cell shall be established with respect to each separate securitization transaction; and
- (B) A sale, an exchange, or another transfer of assets may not be made by the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company between or among any of its protected cells without the prior approval of the commissioner Commissioner.
- (10) All attributions of assets and liabilities to the protected cells and the general account shall be in accordance with the plan of operation approved by the commissioner Commissioner. No other attribution of assets or liabilities may be made by a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company between its general account and any protected cell or between any protected cells. The special purpose financial captive insurance company shall attribute all insurance obligations, assets, and liabilities relating to a reinsurance contract entered into with respect to a protected cell and shall attribute the related insurance securitization transaction, including any securities issued by the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company as part of the insurance securitization, to such protected cell. The rights, benefits,

- obligations, and liabilities of any securities attributable to such protected cell and the performance under such reinsurance contract and the related securitization transaction and any tax benefits, losses, refunds, or credits allocated pursuant to a tax allocation agreement to which the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company is a party, including any payments made by or due to be made to the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company pursuant to the terms of such agreement, shall reflect the insurance obligations, assets, and liabilities relating to the reinsurance contract and the insurance securitization transaction that are attributed to such protected cell.
- (11) For purposes of applying the provisions of chapter 145 of this title to a sponsored captive insurance company licensed as a special purpose financial captive insurance company, the definition of "insolvency" and "insolvent" in subdivision 6048c(2) of this title shall be applied separately to each protected cell and to the special purpose financial captive insurance company's general account.
 - (12) In addition to the provisions of section 6048m of this chapter:
- (A) Except as otherwise modified in this section, the terms and conditions set forth in chapter 145 of this title pertaining to administrative supervision of insurers and the rehabilitation, receiverships, and liquidation of insurers apply in full to special purpose financial eaptive insurance companies or any of the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company's protected

insolvent; or

cells, independently, without causing or otherwise effecting a conservation,
rehabilitation, receivership, or liquidation of the special purpose financial
captive insurance company or another protected cell that is not otherwise
insolvent.
(B) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 145 of this title, and
without causing or otherwise effecting the conservation or rehabilitation of an
otherwise solvent protected cell of a special purpose financial captive
insurance company and subject to the provisions of subdivision (G)(v) of this
subdivision (12), the commissioner Commissioner may apply by petition to the
superior court Superior Court for an order authorizing the commissioner
Commissioner to conserve, rehabilitate, or liquidate a special purpose financial
captive insurance company domiciled in this state State on one or more of the
following grounds:
(i) embezzlement, wrongful sequestration, dissipation, or
diversion of the assets of the special purpose financial eaptive insurance
company intended to be used to pay amounts owed to the ceding insurer or the
holders of special purpose financial eaptive insurance company securities; or
(ii) the special purpose financial captive insurance company is

(iii) the holders of a majority in outstanding principal amount of

each class of special purpose financial eaptive insurance company securities

attributable to each particular protected cell requests or consents to
conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation pursuant to the provisions of this
subchapter.

- (C) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 145 of this title, the eommissioner Commissioner may apply by petition to the superior court Superior Court for an order authorizing the eommissioner Commissioner to conserve, rehabilitate, or liquidate one or more of a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company's protected cells, independently, without causing or otherwise effecting a conservation, rehabilitation, receivership, or liquidation of the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company generally or another of its protected cells, on one or more of the following grounds:
- (i) embezzlement, wrongful sequestration, dissipation, or diversion of the assets of the special purpose financial captive insurance company attributable to the affected protected cell or cells intended to be used to pay amounts owed to the ceding insurer or the holders of special purpose financial captive insurance company securities of the affected protected cell or cells; or
 - (ii) the affected protected cell is insolvent; or
- (iii) the holders of a majority in outstanding principal amount of each class of special purpose financial eaptive insurance company securities

attributable to that particular protected cell request or consent to conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation pursuant to the provisions of this subchapter.

- (D) Except where consent is given as described in subdivisions (B)(iii) and (C)(iii) of this subdivision (12), the court Court may not grant relief provided by subdivision (B) or (C) of this subdivision (12) unless, after notice and a hearing, the commissioner Commissioner, who shall have the burden of proof, establishes by clear and convincing evidence that relief must be granted. The court's Court's order may be made in respect of one or more protected cells by name, rather than the special purpose financial captive insurance company generally.
- (E) Notwithstanding another provision in this title, regulations adopted under this title, or another applicable law or regulation, upon any order of conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation of a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company, or one or more of the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company's protected cells, the receiver shall manage the assets and liabilities of the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company or the applicable protected cell pursuant to the provisions of this subchapter. The assets attributable to one protected cell shall not be applied to the liabilities attributable to another protected cell, unless an asset or liability is attributable to more than one protected cell, in which case the receiver shall deal with the asset or liability in accordance with the terms of any relevant

governing instrument or contract. Recourse to the special purpose financial
eaptive insurance company's general account in connection with the
conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation of a protected cell shall be limited to
the greater of the amount of assets in the general account as of the date such
proceeding is commenced or the required minimum capital for the general
account as of the date such proceeding is commenced. Assets attributable to
one protected cell shall not be set off against the liabilities attributable to
another protected cell, and assets attributable to the special purpose financial
eaptive insurance company's general account shall not be set off against the
liabilities attributable to any protected cell except to the extent provided in the
preceding sentence. Relief shall not be granted nor shall any order be issued
based on equitable theories of recovery, including substantive consolidation,
equitable subordination, or recoupment, to attach or seize the assets of any
solvent protected cell for the benefit of another protected cell or special
purpose financial eaptive insurance company, or to pierce the corporate veil of
any protected cell, in connection with the conservation, rehabilitation, or
liquidation of a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company or one or
more protected cells, unless such equitable theories, attachment, seizure, or
corporate veil piercing would apply to such cell if it were a special purpose
financial captive insurance company without separate cells.

- (F) With respect to amounts recoverable under a reinsurance contract, the amount recoverable by the receiver of a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company must not be reduced or diminished as a result of the entry of an order of conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation with respect to the ceding insurer, notwithstanding another provision in the contract or other documentation governing the insurance securitization.
- (G) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 145 of this title or other laws of this state State:
- (i) An application or petition, or a temporary restraining order or injunction issued pursuant to the provisions of chapter 145 of this title, with respect to a ceding insurer, does not prohibit the transaction of business by a special purpose financial captive insurance company with the ceding insurer, including any payment by a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company made pursuant to a security issued by a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company with respect to a protected cell, or any action or proceeding against a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company or its assets.
- (ii) The commencement of a summary proceeding or other interim proceeding commenced before a formal delinquency proceeding with respect to a special purpose financial captive insurance company, and any order issued by the court <u>Court</u>, does not prohibit the payment by a special purpose

financial eaptive insurance company made pursuant to a security issued by a
special purpose financial eaptive insurance company with respect to a
protected cell or special purpose financial captive insurance company contract
or the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company from taking any
action required to make the payment.

- (iii) A receiver of a ceding insurer may not void a nonfraudulent transfer by the ceding insurer to a special purpose financial captive insurance company of money or other property made pursuant to a reinsurance contract.
- (iv) A receiver of a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company may not void a nonfraudulent transfer by the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company of money or other property made to a ceding insurer pursuant to a reinsurance contract or made to or for the benefit of any holder of a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company security issued with respect to a protected cell, or a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company security.
- (v) In the event of an insolvency of a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company where one or more protected cells remain solvent, the commissioner Commissioner shall separate the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company's solvent protected cells from the insolvent special purpose financial eaptive insurance company, shall allow on petition of the sponsor for the conversion of such solvent protected cells into one or more

special purpose financial eaptive insurance companies, and shall issue such orders as the commissioner Commissioner deems necessary to protect the solvency of the remaining solvent protected cells. In the event of an insolvency of a protected cell, the special purpose financial captive insurance company's assets shall be accounted for and managed in compliance with subdivision (E) of this subdivision (12) and the other laws of this state State.

(H) Subdivision (G) of this subdivision (12) does not prohibit the eommissioner Commissioner from taking any action permitted under chapter 145 of this title with respect only to the conservation or rehabilitation of a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company with protected cell or cells, provided the commissioner Commissioner would have had sufficient grounds to seek to declare the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company insolvent; subject to and without otherwise affecting the provisions of subdivision (G)(v) of this subdivision (12). In this case, with respect to the solvent protected cell or cells, the commissioner Commissioner may not prohibit payments made by the special purpose financial captive insurance company pursuant to the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company security, reinsurance contract, or otherwise made under the insurance securitization transaction that are attributable to these protected cell or cells or prohibit the special purpose financial eaptive insurance company from taking any action required to make these payments.

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1	(I) With the exception of the fulfillment of the obligations under a
2	special purpose financial captive insurance company contract, and
3	notwithstanding another provision of this title or other laws of this state State,
4	the assets of a special purpose financial eaptive insurance company, including
5	assets held in trust, shall not be consolidated with or included in the estate of a
6	ceding insurer in any delinquency proceeding against the ceding insurer
7	pursuant to the provisions of this title for any purpose, including, without
8	limitation, distribution to creditors of the ceding insurer.
9	Sec. 66. 8 V.S.A. § 60480 is added to read:
10	§ 6048o. CONFIDENTIALITY
11	(a) All documents, materials, or other information, including confidential
12	and privileged documents, examination reports, preliminary examination
13	reports or results, working papers, recorded information, and copies thereof
14	produced by, obtained by, or disclosed to the Commissioner or any other
15	person in the course of an examination made under this chapter are
16	confidential and shall not be:
17	(1) subject to subpoena;
18	(2) subject to public inspection and copying under the Public Records
19	Act; or

(3) discoverable or admissible in evidence in any private civil action.

(b) In furtherance of his or her regulatory duties, the Commissioner may:

1	(1) share documents, materials, or other information, including those
2	that are confidential and privileged, with other state, federal, or international
3	regulatory agencies and law enforcement authorities, the National Association
4	of Insurance Commissioners, the North American Securities Administrators
5	Association, self-regulatory organizations organized under 15 U.S.C. §§ 78f,
6	780-3 and 78q-1, and other self-regulatory organizations and their affiliates or
7	subsidiaries, provided that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the
8	confidentiality and privileged status of the document, material, or other
9	information;
10	(2) receive documents, materials, or information, including those that
11	are confidential and privileged, from other state, federal, and international
12	regulatory agencies and law enforcement authorities, the National Association
13	of Insurance Commissioners, the North American Securities Administrators
14	Association, self-regulatory organizations organized under 15 U.S.C. §§ 78f,
15	780-3 and 78q-1, and other self-regulatory organizations and their affiliates or
16	subsidiaries and shall maintain as confidential or privileged any document,
17	material, or information received with notice or the understanding that it is
18	confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of
19	the document, material, or information;

1	Association of Insurance Commissioners, the North American Securities
2	Administrators Association, self-regulatory organizations organized under
3	15 U.S.C. §§ 78f, 78o-3 and 78q-1, and other self-regulatory organizations and
4	their affiliates or subsidiaries governing sharing and use of information
5	consistent with this section, including agreements providing for cooperation
6	between the Commissioner and other agencies in relation to the activities of a
7	supervisory college; and
8	(4) participate in a supervisory college for any special purpose financial
9	insurer that is part of an affiliated group with international operations in order
10	to assess the insurer's compliance with Vermont laws and regulations, as well
11	as to assess the business strategy, financial condition, risk exposure, risk
12	management, governance processes, and legal and regulatory position.
13	(5) Prior to sharing information under this subsection, the Commissioner
14	shall determine that sharing the information will substantially further the
15	performance of the regulatory or law enforcement duties of the recipient and
16	may not be made public by the Commissioner or an employee or agent of the
17	Commissioner without the written consent of the company, except to the extent
18	provided in this subsection.

1	* * * Miscellaneous * * *
2	Sec. 67. 9 V.S.A. § 2480ff(c) is amended to read:
3	(c) The transferee shall file a copy of the application with the attorney
4	general's office Attorney General's Office and a copy of the application and
5	the payee's Social Security number with the office of child support, Office of
6	Child Support and the department of taxes, and the department of financial
7	regulation Department of Taxes. The offices and departments Offices and
8	<u>Department</u> receiving copies pursuant to this section shall permit the copies to
9	be filed electronically.
10	Sec. 68. EFFECTIVE DATES; APPLICATION
11	(a) This act shall take effect on passage, except that Sec. 44 (own risk and
12	solvency assessment) shall take effect on January 1, 2015, and the first filing of
13	the ORSA summary report required under 8 V.S.A. § 3585 shall be in 2015.
14	(b) Notwithstanding Secs. 52–65 of this act, a "special purpose financial
15	captive insurance company" licensed prior to the effective date of this act shall
16	be deemed to be a "special purpose financial insurance company" under
17	Vermont law.