BILL AS PASSED THE HOUSE AND SENATE

201	13

1	H.501
2	Introduced by Representative Potter of Clarendon
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Motor vehicles; operating under the influence of drugs
6	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes the following
7	changes related to operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of
8	drugs:
9	(1) The bill proposes to broaden the definition of "drug" for purposes of the
10	prohibition on driving under the influence of a drug.
11	(2) The bill proposes to prohibit operation of a vehicle while under the
12	influence of a drug to the slightest degree, and provide an affirmative defense
13	if the driver has taken medication pursuant to a valid prescription. Current law
14	prohibits operation while under the influence to a degree which renders the
15	person incapable of driving safely.
16	(3) The bill prohibits a person from operating a motor vehicle if the person
17	has any detectable amount of any of the following drugs in his or her blood:
18	(A) cocaine or any of its metabolites;
19	(B) methamphetamine;
20	(C) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine;
21	(D) bufotenine;

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1	(E) lysergic acid diethylamide;
2	(F) mescaline, in any form, including mescaline contained in peyote,
3	obtained from peyote, or chemically synthesized;
4	(G) gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, gamma-butyrolactone, and
5	1,4-butanediol;
6	(H) opium and substances derived from opium, and any salt, compound,
7	derivative, or preparation of opium or substances derived from opium;
8	(I) heroin;
9	(J) psilocybin;
10	(K) 1,1-difluoroethane; or
11	(L) delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol.
12	(4) With respect to the drugs in (3), the bill also:
13	(A) requires a health care provider who is providing health services to a
14	person in an emergency room as the result of a motor vehicle accident to report
15	to a law enforcement agency if the provider becomes aware that the person has
16	any detectable amount of one of the listed drugs in his or her system; and
17	(B) establishes a civil suspension for operating a vehicle with any
18	detectable amount of one of the listed drugs in the operator's blood.

An act relating to operating a motor vehicle under the influence of alcohol

19

20

or drugs

1	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
2	Sec. 1. 23 V.S.A. § 1200 is amended to read:
3	§ 1200. DEFINITIONS
4	As used in this subchapter:
5	***
6	(2) "Drug" means:
7	(A) a regulated drug as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 4201; or
8	(B) any substance or combination of substances, other than alcohol,
9	which affects the nervous system, brain, or muscles of a person so as to impair
10	noticeably and appreciably, a person's ability to drive a vehicle safely
11	(A) a substance recognized as a drug in the official
12	U.S. Pharmacopoeia, the official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia, or the official
13	National Formulary or in any supplement of any of them;
14	(B) a substance intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
15	treatment, or prevention of disease in humans or animals;
16	(C) a substance, other than food, intended to affect the structure or
17	any function of the body of humans or animals; or
18	(D) a substance intended for use as a component of any substance
19	specified in subdivision (A), (B), or (C) of this subdivision (2).
20	***

1	Sec. 2. 23 V.S.A. § 1201 is amended to read:
2	§ 1201. OPERATING VEHICLE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF
3	INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR OTHER SUBSTANCE; CRIMINAL
4	REFUSAL; ENHANCED PENALTY FOR BAC OF 0.16 OR MORE
5	(a) A person shall not operate, attempt to operate, or be in actual physical
6	control of any vehicle on a highway:
7	(1) when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.08 or more, or 0.02 or
8	more if the person is operating a school bus as defined in subdivision 4(34) of
9	this title; or
10	(2) when the person is under the influence of intoxicating liquor to the
11	slightest degree; or
12	(3) when the person is under the influence of any other drug or under the
13	combined influence of alcohol and any other drug to a the slightest degree
14	which renders the person incapable of driving safely; or
15	(4) when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.04 or more if the person
16	is operating a commercial motor vehicle as defined in subdivision 4103(4) of
17	this title; or
18	(5) when the person has any detectable amount of any of the following
19	drugs in his or her blood:
20	(A) cocaine or any of its metabolites;
21	(B) methamphetamine;

1	(C) 3,4 methylenedioxymethamphetamine;
2	(D) bufotenine;
3	(E) lysergic acid diethylamide;
3	(E) Tysergic acid diethylamide,
4	(k) mescaline, in any form, including mescaline contained in peyote,
5	obtained from peyote, or chemically synthesized;
6	(G) gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, gamma-butyrolactone, and
7	1,4-butanediol;
8	(H) opium and substances derived from opium, and any salt,
9	compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or substances derived from
10	opium;
11	(I) heroin;
12	(J) psilocybin;
13	(K) 1,1-difluoroethane; or
14	(L) delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol.
15	***
16	(c) A person shall not operate, attempt to operate, or be in actual physical
17	control of any vehicle on a highway and be involved in an accident or collision
18	resulting in serious bodily injury or death to another and refuse a law
19	enforcement officer's reasonable request under the circumstances for an
20	evidentiary test where the officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person
21	has any amount of alcohol <u>or drugs</u> in the system.

1	***
2	(h) For purposes of subdivision (a)(5) of this section, the defendant may
3	assert as an affirmative defense that he or she had the drug in his or her blood
4	as the result of taking medication pursuant to a valid prescription.
5	Sec. 3. 23 V.S.A. § 1203 is amended to read:
6	§ 1203. ADMINISTRATION OF TESTS; RETENTION OF TEST AND
7	VIDEOTAPK
8	* * *
9	(b) Only a physician, licelised nurse, medical technician, physician's
10	assistant, medical technologist, or laboratory assistant acting at the request of a
11	law enforcement officer may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining
12	the presence of alcohol or other drug. This limitation does not apply to the
13	taking of a breath sample. A medical facility may charge an agency no more
14	than \$50.00 for an evidentiary blood draw when a person has been brought to a
15	facility for the sole purpose of a blood test.
16	Sec. 4. 23 V.S.A. § 1203b is amended to read:
17	§ 1203b. DUTY TO REPORT BLOOD TEST RESULTS
18	(a) Notwithstanding any law or court rule to the contrary, if a health care
19	provider who is providing health services to a person in the emergency room of
20	a health care facility as a result of a motor vehicle accident becomes aware as a

result of any blood test performed in the health care facility that the person's

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1	blood alcohol level meets or exceeds the level prohibited by law or that the
1	broad alcohor level meets of exceeds the level promoted by law of that the
2	person has in his or her blood any detectable amount of a drug listed in
3	subdivision 1201(a)(5) of this title, the health care provider shall report that
4	fact, as soon as is reasonably possible, to a law enforcement agency having
5	jurisdiction over the location where the accident occurred.
6	* * *
7	Sec. 5. 23 V.S.A. § 1205 is amended to read:
8	§ 1205. CIVIL SUSPENSION; SUMMARY PROCEDURE
9	(a) Refusal; alcohol concentration above legal limits; suspension periods.
10	* * *
11	(4) Upon affidavit of a law enforcement officer that the officer had
12	reasonable grounds to believe that the person was operating, attempting to
13	operate, or in actual physical control of a vehicle in violation of section 1201
14	of this title and that the person had in his or her clood any detectable amount of
15	a drug listed in subdivision 1201(a)(5) of this title at the time of operating,
16	attempting to operate, or being in actual physical control the Commissioner
17	shall suspend the person's operating license or nonresident operating privilege
18	or the privilege of an unlicensed operator to operate a vehicle for a period of
19	90 days until the person complies with section 1209a of this title.
20	(b) Form of officer's affidavit. A law enforcement officer's affidavit in

support of a suspension under this section shall be in a standardized form for

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1	use throughout the state and shall be sufficient if it contains the following
2	statements:
3	* * *
4	(5)(A) The person refused to submit to an evidentiary test;
5	(B) The person had in his or her blood any detectable amount of a
6	drug listed in subdivision 1201(a)(5) of this title; or
7	(C) The officer obtained an evidentiary test (noting the time and date
8	the test was taken) and the test indicated that the person's alcohol
9	concentration was above a legal limit specified in subsection 1201(a) or (d) of
10	this title, or the person refused to submit to an evidentiary test.
11	***
12	Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE
13	This act shall take effect on passage.
	Sec. 1. INTENT
	It is the intent of the General Assembly that 23 V.S.A. § 1201(a)(3) as
	amended by this act be construed in the same manner that the Vermont
	Supreme Court has construed 23 V.S.A. § 1201(a)(2). In cases such as State v.
	Schmitt, 150 Vt. 503, 508 (1988) and State v. Storrs, 105 Vt. 180, 185 (1933),

the Court has said that "under the influence of intoxicating liquor" means that

a person's full mental or physical abilities are diminished, impaired or

affected in the slightest degree by intoxicating liquor. It is the intent of the

General Assembly that the words "under the influence of any other drug or under the combined influence of alcohol and any other drug" in 23 V.S.A. § 1201(a)(3) be interpreted in the same manner.

Sec. 2. 23 V.S.A. § 1201 is amended to read:

- § 1201. OPERATING VEHICLE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR OTHER SUBSTANCE; CRIMINAL REFUSAL; ENHANCED PENALTY FOR BAC OF 0.16 OR MORE
- (a) A person shall not operate, attempt to operate, or be in actual physical control of any vehicle on a highway:
- (1) when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.08 or more, or 0.02 or more if the person is operating a school bus as defined in subdivision 4(34) of this title; or
 - (2) when the person is under the influence of intoxicating liquor; or
- (3) when the person is under the influence of any other drug or under the combined influence of alcohol and any other drug to a degree which renders the person incapable of driving safely; or
- (4) when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.04 or more if the person is operating a commercial motor vehicle as defined in subdivision 4103(4) of this title.

* * *

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

Sec. 1. 23 V.S.A. § 1201 is amended to read:

- § 1201. OPERATING VEHICLE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF
 INTOXICATING LIQUOR OR OTHER SUBSTANCE; CRIMINAL
 REFUSAL; ENHANCED PENALTY FOR BAC OF 0.16 OR MORE
- (a) A person shall not operate, attempt to operate, or be in actual physical control of any vehicle on a highway:
- (1) when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.08 or more, or 0.02 or more if the person is operating a school bus as defined in subdivision 4(34) of this title; or
 - (2) when the person is under the influence of intoxicating liquor; or
- (3) when the person is under the influence of any other drug or under the combined influence of alcohol and any other drug to a degree which renders the person incapable of driving safely; or
- (4) when the person's alcohol concentration is 0.04 or more if the person is operating a commercial motor vehicle as defined in subdivision 4103(4) of this title.

* * *

(h) As used in subdivision (a)(3) of this section, "under the influence of a drug" means that a person's ability to operate a motor vehicle safely is diminished or impaired in the slightest degree. This subsection shall not be

construed to affect the meaning of the term "under the influence of intoxicating liquor."

Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY REPORTS; DRUG RECOGNITION EXPERTS

On or before November 1, 2015, the Department of Public Safety shall report to the Senate and House Committees on Judiciary on the use of drug recognition experts in cases involving operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of drugs. The report shall include the following:

- (1) the number of motor vehicle stops made by law enforcement in Vermont during the period of July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015 and accidents that occurred during that period in which the operator of the vehicle was suspected of driving under the influence of drugs;
- (2) the number of times an operator of a motor vehicle involved in an accident or stopped by a law enforcement officer during the period of July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015 was examined by a drug recognition expert and the number of times, after examination by the drug recognition expert, that the operator was:
- (A) charged with operating a motor vehicle under the influence of drugs;
- (B) not charged with operating a motor vehicle under the influence of drugs; and

(C) convicted of operating a motor vehicle under the influence of drugs.

Sec. 3. NALTREXONE INJECTIONS; DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
STUDY

The Department of Health shall evaluate the feasibility, effectiveness, risks, and benefits of using an injectable form of the opioid antagonist naltrexone in the treatment of opioid addiction in Vermont, either instead of or in addition to the use of methadone and buprenorphine. On or before January 15, 2015, the Department shall report its findings and recommendations regarding the use of injectable naltrexone in Vermont's substance abuse treatment programs to the House Committees on Human Services and on Judiciary and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on Judiciary.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.