1	H.226
2	Introduced by Representative Marcotte of Coventry
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Conservation and development; underground and aboveground liquid
6	storage tanks; regulation of category one tanks; Petroleum Cleanup
7	Fund; distributor licensing fees; tank assessment and removal
8	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to require the
9	Secretary of Natural Resources to adopt rules for closing single-wall and
10	combination tank systems by designated dates. This bill provides caps for
11	disbursements from the Petroleum Cleanup Fund and further guidelines for
12	when disbursements may be made as well as how much may be disbursed.
13	This bill also amends current statutes to require payment of petroleum
14	distributor licensing fees until 2021 and payment of petroleum tank assessment
15	fees until 2019.
16	An act relating to the regulation of underground storage tanks
17	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

1	Cos 1 10 V C A \$ 1022 is amended to read
2	§ 1922. DEFINITIONS
3	For purposes of As used in this chapter:
4	* * *
5	(20) "Petroleum Cleanup Fund" or "Fund" means the fund created by
6	section 1941 of this title.
7	(21) "Motor Fuel Account" means the Motor Fuel Account of the Fund
8	created by section 1941 of this title.
9	(22) "Heating Fuel Account" means the Heating Fuel Account of the
10	Fund created by section 1941 of this title.
11	Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 1927 is amended to read:
12	§ 1927. REGULATION OF CATEGORY ONE TANKS
13	* * *
14	(e) The following tank systems shall be closed in accordance with rules
15	adopted by the Secretary:
16	(1) not later than January 1, 2016, single-wall tank systems; and
17	(2) not later than January 1, 2018, combination tank systems, except that
18	combination tank systems in which the tank has been lined shall be closed by
19	January 1, 2018 or by ten years from the date by which the tank was lined,
20	whichever is later.

1	(1) A tank owner may position the Secretary to allow a fined combination
2	tank system to remain in service an additional five years beyond the date
3	established in subdivision (e)(2) of this section. The Secretary may grant the
4	petition upon a determination that:
5	(1) no release has occurred from the tank system;
6	(2) the tank system has passed an inspection for lined tank systems
7	adopted by the Secretary by rule; and
8	(3) no repairs are suggested or needed to the tank liner.
9	(g) After July 1, 2013, a person shall not line a single-wall tank system.
10	Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. § 1941 is amended to read:
11	§ 1941. PETROLEUM CLEANUP RUND
12	* * *
13	(b) The secretary Secretary may authorize disbursements from the fund
14	Fund for the purpose of the cleanup and restoration of contaminated soil and
15	groundwater caused by releases of petroleum from underground storage tanks
16	and aboveground storage tanks, including air emissions for remedial actions,
17	and for compensation of third parties for injury and damage caused by a
18	release. This fund Fund shall be used for no other governmental purposes, nor
19	shall any portion of the fund Fund ever be available to borrow from by any
20	branch of government; it being the intent of the legislature General Assembly
21	that this fund Fund and its increments shall remain intact and inviolate for the

1	purposes set out in this chapter. Disbursements under this section may be
2	made only for uninsured costs incurred after January 1, 1987 and for which a
3	claim is made prior to July 1, 2014 2019 and judged to be in conformance with
4	prevailing industry rates. This includes:
5	(1) costs incurred by taking corrective action as directed by the secretary
6	Secretary for any release of petroleum into the environment from:
7	(A) an underground storage tank defined as a category one tank,
8	provided disbursements on any site shall not exceed \$1,240,000.00 and shall
9	be made from the Motor Fuel Account, as follows:
10	(i) after the first \$10,000.00 of the cleanup costs have been borne
11	by the owners or operators of tanks double-wall tank systems used for
12	commercial purposes or after the first \$250.00 of the cleanup costs have been
13	borne by the owners or operators of tanks with capacities equal to or less than
14	1,100 gallons used for farms or residential purposes. Disbursements on any
15	site shall not exceed \$1,240,000.00. These disbursements shall be made from
16	the motor fuel account;
17	(ii) after the first \$15,000.00 of cleanup costs have been borne by
18	the owners or operators of combination tank systems, whether lined or unlined,
19	used for commercial purposes, unless the system is a lined combination tank
20	system that has been granted a five-year extension under subsection 1927(f) of
21	this title;

1	(iii) after the first \$25,000,00 of alconus costs have been borne by
2	the owners or operators of lined combination tank systems that have been
3	granted a five-year extension to operate under subsection 1927(f) of this title;
4	(iv) after the first \$25,000.00 of cleanup costs have been borne by
5	the owners or operators of single-wall tank systems used for commercial
6	purposes;
7	(B) an underground motor fuel tank after the first \$250.00 of the
8	cleanup costs have been borne by the owners or operators of tanks with a
9	capacity equal to or less than 1,100 gallons and used for farming or residential
10	purposes. Disbursements on any site shall not exceed \$990,000.00 and shall be
11	made from the Motor Fuel Account;
12	(C) an underground heating fuel tank used for on-premise heating
13	after the first \$10,000.00 of the cleanup costs have been borne by the owners
14	or operators of tanks with capacities over 1,100 gallons used for commercial
15	purposes, or after the first \$250.00 of the cleanup coxts have been borne by the
16	owners or operators of tanks with capacities equal to or less than 1,100 gallons
17	used for commercial purposes, or after the first \$250.00 of the cleanup costs
18	have been borne by the owners or operators of residential and farm tanks.
19	These disbursements Disbursements on any site shall not exceed \$990,000.00
20	and shall be made from the heating fuel account Heating Fuel Account;

	ind storage tank site after the first \$1,000.00 of
	orne by the owners or operators of tanks used for
commercial purposes, or after	the first \$250.00 of the cleanup costs have been
borne by the owners or operat	ors of residential and farm tanks. Disbursement
under this subdivision (b)(1) (((D) on any individual site shall not exceed
\$25,000.00. These disbursem	ents shall be made from the motor fuel account
or heating fuel account Motor	Fuel Account or Heating Fuel Account,
depending upon the use or con	ntents of the tank;
(D) (E) a bulk storag	e aboveground motor fuel or heating fuel storag
tank site after the first \$10,000	0.00 of the cleanup costs have been borne by the
owners or operators of tanks u	used for commercial purposes. Disbursements
under this subdivision (b)(1)(1)	O)(E) on any individual site shall not exceed
\$990,000.00. These disburser	ments shall be made from the motor fuel accoun
Motor Fuel Account;	
(E)(F) where if a site	e is contaminated by petroleum releases from
both heating fuel and motor fu	nel tanks, or where the source of the petroleum
contamination has not been as	certained, the secretary Secretary shall have the
discretion to disburse funds fr	om either the heating oil or motor fuel account
Heating Fuel or Motor Fuel A	ccount, or both;
	* * *

(g) The owner of a farm or residential heating fuel storage tank used for
on premises heating or an underground or aboveground heating fuel storage
tank used for on-premises heating by a mobile home park resident, as defined
in section 6201 of this title, who desires assistance to close, replace, or upgrade
the tank may apply to the secretary Secretary for such assistance. The
financial assistance may be in the form of grants of up to \$2,000.00 or the costs
of closure, replacement, or upgrade, whichever is less. Grants shall be made
only to the current property owners, except at mobile home parks where a
grant may be awarded to a mobile home park resident. To be eligible to
receive the grant, an environmental site assessment must be conducted by a
qualified consultant during the tank closure, replacement, or upgrade if the
tank is an underground heating fuel storage tank. In addition, if the closed tank
is to be replaced with an underground heating fuel storage tank, the
replacement tank and piping shall provide a level of environmental protection
at least equivalent to that provided by a double wall tank and secondarily
contained piping. Grants shall be awarded on a priority basis to projects that
will avoid the greatest environmental or health risks. The secretary Secretary
shall also give priority to applicants who are replacing their underground
heating fuel tanks with aboveground heating fuel storage tanks that will be
installed in accordance with the secretary's Secretary's recommended
standards. The secretary Secretary shall also give priority to lower income

1	applicants. To be eligible to receive the grant, the owner must provide the
2	previous year's financial information, and, if the replacement tank is an
3	aboveground tank, must assure that any work to replace or upgrade a tank shall
4	be done in accordance with industry standards (National Fire Protection
5	Association, or NFPA, Code 31), as it existed on July 1, 2004, until another
6	date or edition is specified by rule of the secretary Secretary. The secretary
7	Secretary shall only authorize up to \$300,000.00 \$350,000.00 in assistance for
8	underground and aboveground heating fuel tanks in any one fiscal year from
9	the heating fuel account Heating Fuel Account for this purpose. The
10	application must be accompanied by the following information:
11	* * *
12	Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 1942 is amended to lead:
13	§ 1942. PETROLEUM DISTRIBUTOR LICENSING FEE
14	(a) There is hereby established a licensing fee of one cent per gallon of
15	motor fuel sold by a distributor or dealer or used by a user in this state State,
16	which will be assessed against every distributor, dealer, or user as defined in
17	23 V.S.A. chapters 27 and 28, and which will be deposited buto the petroleum
18	cleanup fund Petroleum Cleanup Fund established pursuant to subsection
19	1941(a) of this title. The secretary Secretary, in consultation with the
20	petroleum cleanup fund advisory committee Petroleum Cleanup Fund
21	Advisory Committee established pursuant to subsection 1941(e) of this title

shall annually report to the legislature General Assembly on the balance of the
motor fuel account of the fund Motor Fuel Account and shall make
recommendations, if any, for changes to the program. The secretary Secretary
shall also determine the unencumbered balance of the motor fuel account of
the fund Motor Fuel Account as of May 15 of each year, and if the balance is
equal to or greater than \$7,000,000.00, then the licensing fee shall not be
assessed in the upcoming fiscal year. The secretary Secretary shall promptly
notify all sellers assessing this fee of the status of the fee for the upcoming
fiscal year. This fee will be paid in the same manner, at the same time, and
subject to the same restrictions or limitations as the tax on motor fuels. The
fee will be collected by the commissioner of motor vehicles Commissioner of
Motor Vehicles and deposited into the petroleum cleanup fund Petroleum
<u>Cleanup Fund</u> . This fee requirement shall texminate on April 1, 2016 2021.
(b) There is assessed against every seller receiving more than \$10,000.00
annually for the bulk retail sale of heating oil, kerosene, or other dyed diesel
fuel sold in this state State a licensing fee of one cent per gallon of such
heating oil, kerosene, or other dyed diesel fuel. This fee shall be subject to the
collection, administration, and enforcement provisions of 32 V.S.A.
chapter 233, and the fees collected under this subsection by the commissioner
of taxes Commissioner of Taxes shall be deposited into the petroleum cleanup
fund Petroleum Cleanup Fund established pursuant to subsection 1941(a) of

1	this title. The secretary Secretary, in consultation with the petroleum cleanup
2	fund advisory committee Petroleum Cleanup Fund Advisory Committee
3	established pursuant to subsection 1941(e) of this title, shall annually report to
4	the legislature General Assembly on the balance of the heating fuel account of
5	the fund Heating Fuel Account and shall make recommendations, if any, for
6	changes to the program. The secretary Secretary shall also determine the
7	unencumbered balance of the heating fuel account of the fund Heating Fuel
8	Account as of May 15 of each year, and if the balance is equal to or greater
9	than \$3,000,000.00, then the licensing fee shall not be assessed in the
10	upcoming fiscal year. The secretary Secretary shall promptly notify all sellers
11	assessing this fee of the status of the fee for the upcoming fiscal year. This fee
12	provision shall terminate April 1, 2016 <u>2021</u> .
13	Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A § 1943 is amended to read.
14	§ 1943. PETROLEUM TANK ASSESSMENT
15	(a) Each owner of a category one tank used for storage of petroleum
16	products shall annually remit to the secretary on October 1 of each year
17	Secretary \$100.00 per double-wall tank system; \$150.00 \$250.00 per
18	combination tank system if the single-wall tank has been lined; \$500.00 for all
19	other combination tank systems; and \$200.00 \$1,000.00 per single-wall tank
20	system, which shall be deposited to the petroleum cleanup fund Petroleum
21	Cleanup Fund established by section 1941 of this title, except that:

1	(1) For retail gasoline outlets that sell less than 40,000 gallons of motor
2	fuel per month, the fee shall be:
3	(A) \$75.00 per double wall tank system;
4	(R) \$125.00 per combination tank system; and
5	(C) \$175.00 per single wall tank system.
6	(2) The fee shall be reduced by 50 percent if the owner or permittee
7	provides to the satisfaction of the secretary Secretary evidence of financial
8	responsibility to allow the taking of corrective action in the amount of
9	\$100,000.00 per occurrence and the compensation of third parties for bodily
10	injury and property damage in the amount of \$300,000.00 per occurrence.
11	$\frac{(3)(2)}{(3)}$ The fee shall be relieved if the owner provides to the satisfaction
12	of the secretary Secretary, evidence of financial responsibility to allow the
13	taking of corrective action and the compensation of third parties for bodily
14	injury and property damage each in the amount of \$1,000,000.00 per
15	occurrence.
16	(4) The fee for retail motor fuel outlets selling 20,000 gallons or less per
17	month shall not exceed \$100.00 per year for all double wall tanks at a single
18	location and shall not exceed \$300.00 for all combination tank systems at a
19	single location. This cap shall not apply to a retail motor fuel outlet utilizing a
20	single wall tank system.

1	(5) For any municipality that uses an annual average of less than 40,000
2	galons of motor fuel per month, provided that all of the tanks of that
3	municipality meet the requirements of this chapter, the fee shall be:
4	(A) \$50.00 per double-wall tank system;
5	(B) \$100.00 per combination tank system; and
6	(C) \$150,00 per single wall tank system.
7	* * *
8	(c) This tank assessment shall terminate on July 1, 2014 2019.
9	* * *
10	Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. § 1944(a) is amended to read:
11	(a) The secretary Secretary may make individual loans of up to \$75,000.00
12	<u>\$150,000.00</u> for:
13	(1) the replacement or removal of category one tanks used for the
14	storage of petroleum products. These loans shall be made from the motor fuel
15	account of the fund established under subsection 1941(a) of this title Motor
16	Fuel Account;
17	(2) the removal, or the replacement or improvement, or both, of piping,
18	tank-top sumps, and other components of the secondary containment and
19	release detection systems of category one tanks, for the purpose of leducing the
20	likelihood of a release of regulated substance to the environment. These loans

1	shall be made from the motor fuel account of the fund established under
2	subsection 1941(a) of this title Motor Fuel Account;
3	(3) the removal, replacement, or upgrade of an underground or
4	aboveground storage tank used for the storage of petroleum products for the
5	purpose of reducing the likelihood of a release of petroleum into the
6	environment. These loans shall be made from the motor fuel account or
7	heating fuel account of the fund established under subsection 1941(a) of this
8	title, Motor Fuel Account or Heating Fuel Account depending upon the use or
9	contents of the tank.
10	Sec. 7. 10 V.S.A. § 1941a is added to read:
11	§ 1941a. SINGLE-WALL AND COMBINATION TANKS; TANK
12	<u>REMOVAL</u>
13	(a) Notwithstanding the requirements of VOV.S.A. § 1941(b)(1)(A)(iv),
14	when a release is discovered during the closure and removal of a single-wall
15	underground storage tank, the Fund may pay cleanur costs after the first
16	\$10,000.00, and disbursements on any site shall not exceed \$1,240,000.00.
17	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of 10 V.S.A. § 1941(b)(1)(A)(ii),
18	when a release is discovered during the closure and removal of a combination
19	tank system, whether lined or unlined, the Fund may pay cleanup costs after
20	the first \$10,000.00, and disbursements on any site shall not exceed
21	<u>\$1,240,000.00.</u>

1	Coo Q DEDEAI
2	The following are repealed:
3	(1) 10 V.S.A. § 1941a(a) on January 1, 2016;
4	(2) 10 V.S.A. § 1941a(b) on January 1, 2018.
5	Sec. 9. EFFECTIVE DATES
6	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2013, except Sec. 5 (petroleum tank
7	assessment) of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2014

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. § 1922 is amended to read:

§ 1922. DEFINITIONS

For purposes of As used in this chapter:

* * *

- (20) "Petroleum Cleanup Fund" or "Fund" means the fund created by section 1941 of this title.
- (21) "Motor Fuel Account" means the Motor Fuel Account of the Fund created by section 1941 of this title.
- (22) "Heating Fuel Account" means the Heating Fuel Account of the Fund created by section 1941 of this title.

Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 1927 is amended to read:

§ 1927. REGULATION OF CATEGORY ONE TANKS

* * *

- (e) The following tank systems shall be closed in accordance with rules adopted by the Secretary:
- (2) not later than January 1, 2018, combination tank systems, except that combination tank systems in which the tank has been lined shall be closed by January 1, 2018 or by ten years from the date by which the tank was lined, whichever is later.

(1) not later than January 1, 2016, single-wall tank systems; and

- (f) A tank owner may petition the Secretary to allow a lined combination tank system to remain in service an additional five years beyond the date established in subdivision (e)(2) of this section. The Secretary may grant the petition upon a determination that:
 - (1) no release has occurred from the tank system;
- (2) the tank system has passed an inspection for lined tank systems adopted by the Secretary by rule; and
 - (3) no repairs are suggested or needed to the tank liner.
- (g) On and after the effective date of this subsection, a person shall not line
 a single-wall or combination tank system, unless the single-wall or
 combination system meets standards for new lined systems adopted by
 procedure by the Secretary. At a minimum, these standards shall address the
 tank system's piping, secondary containment for all portions of the system

except the tank, leak detection, liquid tight containment sumps on the tank top, and liquid tight dispenser sumps.

- (h) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (g) of this section, a

 person shall not line a single-wall or combination tank system after January 1,

 2014.
- Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. § 1941 is amended to read:
- § 1941. PETROLEUM CLEANUP FUND

* * *

(b) The secretary Secretary may authorize disbursements from the fund Fund for the purpose of the cleanup and restoration of contaminated soil and groundwater caused by releases of petroleum from underground storage tanks and aboveground storage tanks, including air emissions for remedial actions, and for compensation of third parties for injury and damage caused by a release. This fund Fund shall be used for no other governmental purposes, nor shall any portion of the fund Fund ever be available to borrow from by any branch of government; it being the intent of the legislature General Assembly that this fund Fund and its increments shall remain intact and inviolate for the purposes set out in this chapter. Disbursements under this section may be made only for uninsured costs incurred after January 1, 1987 and for which a claim is made prior to July 1, 2014 2019 and judged to be in conformance with prevailing industry rates. This includes:

- (1) costs incurred by taking corrective action as directed by the secretary Secretary for any release of petroleum into the environment from:
- (A) an underground storage tank defined as a category one tank.

 provided disbursements on any site shall not exceed \$1,240,000.00 and shall

 be made from the Motor Fuel Account, as follows:
- (i) after the first \$10,000.00 of the cleanup costs have been borne by the owners or operators of tanks double-wall tank systems used for commercial purposes or after the first \$250.00 of the cleanup costs have been borne by the owners or operators of tanks with capacities equal to or less than 1,100 gallons used for farms or residential purposes. Disbursements on any site shall not exceed \$1,240,000.00. These disbursements shall be made from the motor fuel account;
- (ii) after the first \$15,000.00 of cleanup costs have been borne by the owners or operators of combination tank systems, whether lined or unlined, used for commercial purposes, unless the system is a lined combination tank system that has been granted a five-year extension under subsection 1927(f) of this title;
- (iii) after the first \$25,000.00 of cleanup costs have been borne by the owners or operators of lined combination tank systems that have been granted a five-year extension to operate under subsection 1927(f) of this title;

(iv) after the first \$25,000.00 of cleanup costs have been borne by the owners or operators of single-wall tank systems used for commercial purposes;

(B) an underground motor fuel tank after the first \$250.00 of the cleanup costs have been borne by the owners or operators of tanks with a capacity equal to or less than 1,100 gallons and used for farming or residential purposes. Disbursements on any site shall not exceed \$990,000.00 and shall be made from the Motor Fuel Account;

(C) an underground heating fuel tank used for on-premise heating after the first \$10,000.00 of the cleanup costs have been borne by the owners or operators of tanks with capacities over 1,100 gallons used for commercial purposes, or after the first \$250.00 of the cleanup costs have been borne by the owners or operators of tanks with capacities equal to or less than 1,100 gallons used for commercial purposes, or after the first \$250.00 of the cleanup costs have been borne by the owners or operators of residential and farm tanks. These disbursements Disbursements on any site shall not exceed \$990,000.00 and shall be made from the heating fuel account Heating Fuel Account;

(C)(D) an above ground storage tank site after the first \$1,000.00 of the cleanup costs have been borne by the owners or operators of tanks used for commercial purposes, or after the first \$250.00 of the cleanup costs have been

Disbursements under this subdivision (b)(1)(C)(D) on any individual site shall not exceed \$25,000.00. These disbursements shall be made from the motor fuel account or heating fuel account Motor Fuel Account or Heating Fuel

Account, depending upon the use or contents of the tank;

(D)(E) a bulk storage aboveground motor fuel or heating fuel storage tank site after the first \$10,000.00 of the cleanup costs have been borne by the owners or operators of tanks used for commercial purposes. Disbursements under this subdivision (b)(1)(D)(E) on any individual site shall not exceed \$990,000.00. These disbursements shall be made from the motor fuel account Motor Fuel Account;

(E)(F) where if a site is contaminated by petroleum releases from both heating fuel and motor fuel tanks, or where the source of the petroleum contamination has not been ascertained, the secretary Secretary shall have the discretion to disburse funds from either the heating oil or motor fuel account Heating Fuel or Motor Fuel Account, or both;

* * *

(g) The owner of a farm or residential heating fuel storage tank used for on-premises heating or an underground or aboveground heating fuel storage tank used for on-premises heating by a mobile home park resident, as defined in section 6201 of this title, who desires assistance to close, replace, or

upgrade the tank may apply to the secretary Secretary for such assistance. The financial assistance may be in the form of grants of up to \$2,000.00 or the costs of closure, replacement, or upgrade, whichever is less. Grants shall be made only to the current property owners, except at mobile home parks where a grant may be awarded to a mobile home park resident. To be eligible to receive the grant, an environmental site assessment must be conducted by a qualified consultant during the tank closure, replacement, or upgrade if the tank is an underground heating fuel storage tank. In addition, if the closed tank is to be replaced with an underground heating fuel storage tank, the replacement tank and piping shall provide a level of environmental protection at least equivalent to that provided by a double wall tank and secondarily contained piping. Grants shall be awarded on a priority basis to projects that will avoid the greatest environmental or health risks. The secretary shall also give priority to applicants who are replacing their underground heating fuel tanks with aboveground heating fuel storage tanks that will be installed in accordance with the secretary's Secretary's recommended standards. The secretary Secretary shall also give priority to lower income applicants. To be eligible to receive the grant, the owner must provide the previous year's financial information, and, if the replacement tank is an aboveground tank, must assure that any work to replace or upgrade a tank shall be done in accordance with industry standards (National Fire Protection Association, or NFPA, Code 31), as it existed on July 1, 2004, until another date or edition is specified by rule of the secretary Secretary. The secretary Secretary shall only authorize up to \$300,000.00 \$350,000.00 in assistance for underground and aboveground heating fuel tanks in any one fiscal year from the heating fuel account Heating Fuel Account for this purpose. The application must be accompanied by the following information:

* * *

Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 1942 is amended to read:

§ 1942. PETROLEUM DISTRIBUTOR LICENSING FEE

(a) There is hereby established a licensing fee of one cent per gallon of motor fuel sold by a distributor or dealer or used by a user in this state State, which will be assessed against every distributor, dealer, or user as defined in 23 V.S.A. chapters 27 and 28, and which will be deposited into the petroleum eleanup fund Petroleum Cleanup Fund established pursuant to subsection 1941(a) of this title. The secretary Secretary, in consultation with the petroleum cleanup fund advisory committee Petroleum Cleanup Fund Advisory Committee established pursuant to subsection 1941(e) of this title, shall annually report to the legislature General Assembly on the balance of the motor fuel account of the fund Motor Fuel Account and shall make recommendations, if any, for changes to the program. The secretary Secretary shall also determine the unencumbered balance of the motor fuel account of

the fund Motor Fuel Account as of May 15 of each year, and if the balance is equal to or greater than \$7,000,000.00, then the licensing fee shall not be assessed in the upcoming fiscal year. The secretary Secretary shall promptly notify all sellers assessing this fee of the status of the fee for the upcoming fiscal year. This fee will be paid in the same manner, at the same time, and subject to the same restrictions or limitations as the tax on motor fuels. The fee will be collected by the commissioner of motor vehicles Commissioner of Motor Vehicles and deposited into the petroleum cleanup fund Petroleum Cleanup Fund. This fee requirement shall terminate on April 1, 2016 2021.

annually for the bulk retail sale of heating oil, kerosene, or other dyed diesel fuel sold in this state a licensing fee of one cent per gallon for the bulk retail sale of such heating oil, kerosene, or other dyed diesel fuel sold in this State.

This fee shall be subject to the collection, administration, and enforcement provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 233, and the fees collected under this subsection by the commissioner of taxes Commissioner of Taxes shall be deposited into the petroleum cleanup fund Petroleum Cleanup Fund established pursuant to subsection 1941(a) of this title. The secretary

Secretary, in consultation with the petroleum cleanup fund advisory committee Petroleum Cleanup Fund Advisory Committee established pursuant to subsection 1941(e) of this title, shall annually report to the legislature General

Assembly on the balance of the heating fuel account of the fund Heating Fuel

Account and shall make recommendations, if any, for changes to the program.

The secretary Secretary shall also determine the unencumbered balance of the heating fuel account of the fund Heating Fuel Account as of May 15 of each year, and if the balance is equal to or greater than \$3,000,000.00, then the licensing fee shall not be assessed in the upcoming fiscal year. The secretary Secretary shall promptly notify all sellers assessing this fee of the status of the fee for the upcoming fiscal year. This fee provision shall terminate April 1, 2016 2021.

- Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A § 1943 is amended to read:
- § 1943. PETROLEUM TANK ASSESSMENT
- (a) Each owner of a category one tank used for storage of petroleum products shall annually remit to the secretary on October 1 of each year Secretary \$100.00 per double-wall tank system; \$150.00 \$250.00 per combination tank system if the single-wall tank has been lined; \$500.00 for all other combination tank systems; and \$200.00 \$1,000.00 per single-wall tank system, which shall be deposited to the petroleum cleanup fund Petroleum Cleanup Fund established by section 1941 of this title, except that:
- (1) For retail gasoline outlets that sell less than 40,000 gallons of motor fuel per month, the fee shall be:
 - (A) \$75.00 per double-wall tank system;

- (B) \$125.00 per combination tank system; and
- (C) \$175.00 per single-wall tank system.
- (2) The fee shall be reduced by 50 percent if the owner or permittee provides to the satisfaction of the secretary Secretary evidence of financial responsibility to allow the taking of corrective action in the amount of \$100,000.00 per occurrence and the compensation of third parties for bodily injury and property damage in the amount of \$300,000.00 per occurrence.
- (3) The fee shall be relieved if the owner provides to the satisfaction of the secretary Secretary, evidence of financial responsibility to allow the taking of corrective action and the compensation of third parties for bodily injury and property damage each in the amount of \$1,000,000.00 per occurrence.
- (4) The fee for retail motor fuel outlets selling 20,000 gallons or less per month shall not exceed \$100.00 per year for all double-wall tanks at a single location and shall not exceed \$300.00 for all combination tank systems at a single location. This cap shall not apply to a retail motor fuel outlet utilizing a single-wall tank system.
- (5) For any municipality that uses an annual average of less than 40,000 gallons of motor fuel per month, provided that all of the tanks of that municipality meet the requirements of this chapter, the fee shall be:
 - (A) \$50.00 per double-wall tank system;
 - (B) \$100.00 per combination tank system; and

(C) \$150.00 per single-wall tank system.

* * *

(c) This tank assessment shall terminate on July 1, 2014 2019.

* * *

- Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. § 1944(a) is amended to read:
- (a) The secretary Secretary may make individual loans of up to \$75,000.00 \$150,000.00 for:
- (1) the replacement or removal of category one tanks used for the storage of petroleum products. These loans shall be made from the motor fuel account of the fund established under subsection 1941(a) of this title Motor Fuel Account;
- (2) the removal, or the replacement or improvement, or both, of piping, tank-top sumps, and other components of the secondary containment and release detection systems of category one tanks, for the purpose of reducing the likelihood of a release of regulated substance to the environment. These loans shall be made from the motor fuel account of the fund established under subsection 1941(a) of this title Motor Fuel Account;
- (3) the removal, replacement, or upgrade of an underground or aboveground storage tank used for the storage of petroleum products for the purpose of reducing the likelihood of a release of petroleum into the environment. These loans shall be made from the motor fuel account or

heating fuel account of the fund established under subsection 1941(a) of this title, Motor Fuel Account or Heating Fuel Account depending upon the use or contents of the tank.

Sec. 7. 10 V.S.A. § 1941a is added to read:

§ 1941a. SINGLE-WALL AND COMBINATION TANKS; TANK REMOVAL

- (a) Notwithstanding the requirements of 10 V.S.A. § 1941(b)(1)(A)(iv), when a release is discovered during the closure and removal of a single-wall underground storage tank, the Fund may pay cleanup costs after the first \$10,000.00, and disbursements on any site shall not exceed \$1,240,000.00.

 (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of 10 V.S.A. § 1941(b)(1)(A)(ii), when a release is discovered during the closure and removal of a combination tank system, whether lined or unlined, the Fund may pay cleanup costs after the first \$10,000.00, and disbursements on any site shall not exceed \$1,240,000.00.
- Sec. 8. PETROLEUM CLEANUP FUND ADVISORY COMMITTEE

 REPORT FOR 2014

The annual report of the Petroleum Cleanup Fund Advisory Committee to
be submitted to the General Assembly on January 15, 2014 pursuant to 10
V.S.A. § 1941 shall provide recommendations as to whether:

(1) 10 V.S.A. § 1941(b) should enable the Secretary to make

disbursements from the Fund for the purpose of removing or remediating

underground or aboveground storage tanks that present an actual or imminent

threat of release;

- (2) there should be an increase in the total annual amount that the

 Secretary is authorized to disburse pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 1941(g) (grants to close, replace, or upgrade farm or residential underground or aboveground heating fuel storage tanks); and
- (3) there should be an increase in the individual grant amount that the Secretary is authorized to disburse pursuant to 10 V.S.A. § 1941(g) (grants to close, replace, or upgrade farm or residential underground or aboveground heating fuel storage tanks).

Sec. 9. REPEAL

The following are repealed:

- (1) 10 V.S.A. § 1941a(a) on January 1, 2016;
- (2) 10 V.S.A. § 1941a(b) on January 1, 2018.

Sec. 10. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on passage, except Sec. 5 (petroleum tank assessment) of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2014.