

Journal of the House

Tuesday, April 5, 2011

At ten o'clock in the forenoon the Speaker called the House to order.

Devotional Exercises

Devotional exercises were conducted by the Speaker.

Pledge of Allegiance

Page Isabelle Moody of North Ferrisburg led the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

House Bills Introduced

H. 448

By the committee on Government Operations,

An act relating to contributions to the state and municipal employees' retirement systems;

Under the rule, placed on the Calendar for notice.

H. 449

Reps. Deen of Westminster introduced a bill, entitled

An act relating to the designation of brook trout and walleye pike as the state fish of Vermont

Which was read the first time and referred to the committee on Fish, Wildlife & Water Resources.

Bill Referred to Committee on Ways and Means

H. 21

House bill, entitled

An act relating to the Uniform Limited Cooperative Association Act

Appearing on the Calendar, affecting the revenue of the state, under the rule, was referred to the committee on Ways and Means.

Action on Bill Postponed

H. 259

House bill, entitled

An act relating to increasing the number of members on the liquor control board

Was taken up and pending the reading of the report of the committee on General, Housing and Military Affairs, on motion of **Rep. Head of South Burlington** action on the bill was postponed until Thursday, April 7th, 2011.

Third Reading; Bill Passed

H. 155

House bill, entitled

An act relating to property-assessed clean energy districts

Was taken up, read the third time and passed.

Bill Amended, Read Third Time and Passed

H. 420

House bill, entitled

An act relating to the office of professional regulation

Was taken up and pending third reading of the bill, **Rep. Krebs of South Hero** moved to amend the bill as follows:

In Sec. 3, 3 V.S.A. § 129a(a), in subdivision (6), before the word “providing” by inserting the word “knowingly” and by striking the words “his or her” and inserting in lieu thereof the words “that person’s”

Which was agreed to. Thereupon, the bill was read the third time and passed.

Message from Governor

A message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, by Mrs. Alexandra Maclean, Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs, as follows:

Mr. Speaker:

I am directed by the Governor to inform the House that on the fourth day of April, 2011, he approved and signed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 335 An act relating to amending the charter of the town of Barre

H. 444 An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the city of Burlington

Favorable Report; Third Reading Ordered

H. 439

Rep. Ralston of Middlebury spoke for the committee on Commerce and Economic Development.

Rep. Keenan of St. Albans City, for the committee on Appropriations, to which had been referred House bill, entitled

An act relating to the bill-back authority of the department of public service and the public service board

Reported in favor of its passage. The bill, having appeared on the Calendar one day for notice, was taken up, read the second time and third reading ordered.

Proposal of Amendment Agreed to; Third Reading Ordered

S. 2

Rep. French of Shrewsbury, for the committee on Judiciary, to which had been referred Senate bill, entitled

An act relating to sexual exploitation of a minor and the sex offender registry

Reported in favor of its passage in concurrence with proposal of amendment as follows:

By striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 5401 is amended to read:

§ 5401. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

* * *

(10) “Sex offender” means:

* * *

(B) A person who is convicted of any of the following offenses against a victim who is a minor, except that, for purposes of this subdivision, conduct which is criminal only because of the age of the victim shall not be considered an offense for purposes of the registry if the perpetrator is under the age of 18 ~~and~~, the victim is at least 12 years old, and the conduct is consensual:

* * *

(ix) sexual exploitation of a minor as defined in 13 V.S.A. § ~~3258(b)~~ 3258.

* * *

Sec. 2. 13 V.S.A. § 5411a is amended to read:

§ 5411a. ELECTRONIC POSTING OF THE SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY

(a) Notwithstanding 20 V.S.A. §§ 2056a-2056e, the department shall electronically post information on the Internet in accordance with subsection (b) of this section regarding the following sex offenders, upon their release from confinement:

(1) Sex offenders who have been convicted of:

* * *

(I) ~~Sexual~~ A felony violation of sexual exploitation of a minor (13 V.S.A. § ~~3258(b)~~ 3258(c)).

* * *

(7) A person 18 years of age or older who resides in this state, other than in a correctional facility, and who is currently or, prior to taking up residence within this state was required to register as a sex offender in any jurisdiction of the United States, including a state, territory, commonwealth, the District of Columbia, or military, federal, or tribal court; except that, for purposes of this subdivision:

(A) conduct which is criminal only because of the age of the victim shall not be considered an offense for purposes of the registry if the perpetrator is under the age of 18 ~~and~~, the victim is at least 12 years old, and the conduct is consensual; and

* * *

(b) The department shall electronically post the following information on sex offenders designated in subsection (a) of this section:

* * *

(6) ~~except as provided in subsection (1) of this section, the offender's address or, if the offender does not have a fixed address, other information about where the offender habitually lives, if:~~ the date and nature of the offender's conviction;

* * *

(f) Information regarding a sex offender shall not be posted electronically if the conduct that is the basis for the offense is criminal only because of the age of the victim ~~and~~, the perpetrator is within 38 months of age of the victim, and the conduct is consensual.

Sec. 3. 16 V.S.A. § 255 is amended to read:

§ 255. PUBLIC AND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL EMPLOYEES;

CONTRACTORS

(a) Superintendents, headmasters of recognized or approved ~~Vermont~~ independent schools, and their contractors shall request criminal record information for the following:

(1) The person a superintendent or headmaster is prepared to recommend for any full-time, part-time or temporary employment.

(2) Any person directly under contract to an independent school or school district who may have unsupervised contact with school children.

(3) Any employee of a contractor under contract to an independent school or school district who is in a position that may result in unsupervised contact with school children.

(4) Any student working toward a degree in teaching who is a student teacher in a school within the superintendent's or headmaster's jurisdiction.

(b) After signing a user agreement, a superintendent or a headmaster shall make a request directly to the Vermont criminal information center. A contractor shall make a request through a superintendent or headmaster.

(c) A request made under subsection (b) of this section shall be accompanied by a set of the person's fingerprints and a fee established by the Vermont criminal information center which shall reflect the cost of obtaining the record from the FBI. The fee shall be paid in accordance with adopted school board policy.

* * *

(h) A superintendent or headmaster shall request and obtain information from the child protection registry maintained by the department for children and families and from the vulnerable adult abuse, neglect, and exploitation registry maintained by the department of disabilities, aging, and independent living (collectively, the "registries") for any person for whom a criminal record check is required under subsection (a) of this section. The department for children and families and the department of disabilities, aging, and independent living shall adopt rules governing the process for obtaining

information from the registries and for disseminating and maintaining records of that information under this subsection.

(i) A person convicted of a sex offense that requires registration pursuant to chapter 167, subchapter 3 of Title 13 shall not be eligible for employment under this section.

(j) The board of trustees of a recognized or approved independent school shall request a criminal record check and a check of the registries pursuant to the provisions of this section prior to offering employment to a headmaster.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

The bill, having appeared on the Calendar one day for notice, was taken up, read the second time and the recommendation of proposal of amendment agreed to and third reading ordered.

Message from the Senate No. 33

A message was received from the Senate by Mr. Marshall, its Assistant Secretary, as follows:

Mr. Speaker:

I am directed to inform the House that:

The Senate has on its part adopted joint resolution of the following title:

J.R.S. 25. Joint resolution relating to weekend adjournment.

In the adoption of which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Bill Read Second Time; Consideration Interrupted by Recess

H. 56

Rep. Cheney of Norwich, for the committee on Natural Resources and Energy, to which had been referred House bill, entitled

An act relating to the Vermont Energy Act of 2011

Reported in favor of its passage when amended by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

* * * Net Metering * * *

Sec. 1. 30 V.S.A. § 219a is amended to read:

§ 219a. SELF-GENERATION AND NET METERING

(a) As used in this section:

* * *

(3) “Net metering system” means a facility for generation of electricity that:

(A) is of no more than ~~250 kilowatts (AC)~~ 500 kW capacity;

(B) operates in parallel with facilities of the electric distribution system;

(C) is intended primarily to offset ~~part or all of~~ the customer’s own electricity requirements;

(D) is located on the customer’s premises or, in the case of a group net metering system, on the premises of a customer who is a member of the group; and

(E)(i) employs a renewable energy source as defined in subdivision 8002(2) of this title; or

(ii) is a qualified micro-combined heat and power system of 20 ~~kilowatts~~ kW or fewer that meets the definition of combined heat and power in 10 V.S.A. § 6523(b) and may use any fuel source that meets air quality standards.

(4) ~~“Farm system” means a facility of no more than 250 kilowatts (AC) output capacity, except as provided in subdivision (k)(5) of this section, that generates electric energy on a farm operated by a person principally engaged in the business of farming, as that term is defined in Regulation 1.175-3 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, from the anaerobic digestion of agricultural products, byproducts, or wastes, or other renewable sources as defined in subdivision (3)(E) of this subsection, intended to offset the meters designated under subdivision (g)(1)(A) of this section on the farm or has entered into a contract as specified in subsection (k) of this section. “Facility” means a structure or piece of equipment and associated machinery and fixtures that generates electricity. A group of structures or pieces of equipment shall be considered one facility if it uses the same fuel source and infrastructure and is located in close proximity. Common ownership shall be relevant but not sufficient to determine that such a group constitutes a facility.~~

(5) “kW” means kilowatt or kilowatts (AC).

(6) “kWh” means kW hour or hours.

(7) “MW” means megawatt or megawatts (AC).

(b) A customer shall pay the same rates, fees, or other payments and be subject to the same conditions and requirements as all other purchasers from

the electric company in the same rate-class, except as provided for in this section, and except for appropriate and necessary conditions approved by the board for the safety and reliability of the electric distribution system.

(c) The board shall establish by rule or order standards and procedures governing application for, and issuance or revocation of a certificate of public good for net metering systems under the provisions of section 248 of this title. A net metering system shall be deemed to promote the public good of the state if it is in compliance with the criteria of this section, and board rules or orders. In developing such rules or orders, the board:

(1) With respect to a solar net metering system of 5 kW or less, shall provide that the system may be installed ten days after the customer's submission to the board and the interconnecting electric company of a completed registration form and certification of compliance with the applicable interconnection requirements. Within that ten-day period, the interconnecting electric company may deliver to the customer and the board a letter detailing any issues concerning the interconnection of the system. The customer shall not commence construction of the system prior to the passage of this ten-day period and, if applicable, resolution by the board of any interconnection issues raised by the electric company in accordance with this subsection. If the ten-day period passes without delivery by the electric company of a letter that raises interconnection issues in accordance with this subsection, a certificate of public good shall be deemed issued on the 11th day without further proceedings, findings of fact, or conclusions of law, and the customer may commence construction of the system. On request, the clerk of the board promptly shall provide the customer with written evidence of the system's approval. For the purpose of this subdivision, the following shall not be included in the computation of time: Saturdays, Sundays, state legal holidays under 1 V.S.A. § 371(a), and federal legal holidays under 5 U.S.C. § 6103(a).

(2) With respect to a net metering system for which a certificate of public good is not deemed issued under subdivision (1) of this subsection:

(A) may waive the requirements of section 248 of this title that are not applicable to net metering systems, including, but not limited to, criteria that are generally applicable to public service companies as defined in this title;

~~(2)~~(B) may modify notice and hearing requirements of this title as it deems appropriate;

~~(3)~~(C) shall seek to simplify the application and review process as appropriate; and

~~(4)(D)~~ shall find that such rules are consistent with state power plans.

(d)(1) An applicant for a certificate of public good for a net metering system shall be exempt from the requirements of subsection 202(f) of this title.

(2) Any certificate issued under this section shall be automatically transferred to any subsequent owner of the property served by the net metering system, provided, in accordance with rules adopted by the board, the board and the electric company are notified of the transfer, and the subsequent owner agrees to comply with the terms and conditions of the certificate.

(3) Nonuse of a certificate of public good for a period of one year following the date on which the certificate is issued or, under subdivision (1) of this subsection, deemed issued shall constitute an abandonment of the net metering system and the certificate shall be considered expired. For the purpose of this section, for a certificate to be considered "used," installation of the net metering system must be completed within the one-year period, unless installation is delayed by litigation or unless, at the time the certificate is issued or in a subsequent proceeding, the board provides that installation may be completed more than one year from the date the certificate is issued.

(e) Consistent with the other provisions of this title, electric energy measurement for net metering systems using a single nondemand meter that are not ~~farm~~ group systems shall be calculated in the following manner:

* * *

(3) If electricity generated by the customer exceeds the electricity supplied by the electric company:

~~(A) The customer shall be billed for the appropriate charges for that month, in accordance with subsection (b) of this section. The electric company shall calculate a monetary credit to the customer by multiplying the excess kWh generated during the billing period by the kWh rate paid by the customer for electricity supplied by the company and shall apply the credit to any remaining charges on the customer's bill for that period;~~

~~(B) The customer shall be credited for the excess kilowatt hours generated during the billing period, with this kilowatt hour credit appearing on the bill for the following billing period. If application to such charges does not use the entire balance of the credit, the remaining balance of the credit shall appear on the customer's bill for the following billing period; and~~

(C) Any accumulated ~~kilowatt hour~~ credits shall be used within 12 months, or shall revert to the electric company, without any compensation to

the customer. Power reverting to the electric company under this subdivision (3) shall be considered SPEED resources under section 8005 of this title.

* * *

(f) Consistent with the other provisions of this title, electric energy measurement for ~~net metering farm~~ or group net metering systems shall be calculated in the following manner:

(1) Net metering customers that are ~~farm~~ or group net metering systems may credit on-site generation against all meters designated to the ~~farm system~~ or group net metering system under subdivision (g)(1)(A) of this section.

(2) Electric energy measurement for ~~farm~~ or group net metering systems shall be calculated by subtracting total usage of all meters included in the ~~farm~~ or group net metering system from total generation by the ~~farm~~ or group net metering system. If the electricity generated by the ~~farm~~ or group net metering system is less than the total usage of all meters included in the ~~farm~~ or group net metering system during the billing period, the ~~farm~~ or group net metering system shall be credited for any accumulated kilowatt-hour credit and then billed for the net electricity supplied by the electric company, in accordance with the procedures in subsection (g) (group net metering) of this section.

(3) If electricity generated by the ~~farm~~ or group net metering system exceeds the electricity supplied by the electric company:

(A) ~~The farm or group net metering system shall be billed for the appropriate charges for each meter for that month, in accordance with subsection (b) of this section.~~

(B) ~~Excess kilowatt hours generated during the billing period shall be added to the accumulated balance with this kilowatt hour credit appearing on the bill for the following billing period.~~

(C) ~~Any accumulated kilowatt hour credits shall be used within 12 months or shall revert to the electric company without any compensation to the farm or group net metering system. Power reverting to the electric company under this subdivision (3) shall be considered SPEED resources under section 8005 of this title.~~ the provisions of subdivision (e)(3) (credit for excess generation) of this section shall apply, with credits allocated to and appearing on the bill of each member of the group net metering system in accordance with subsection (g) (group net metering) of this section.

(g)(1) In addition to any other requirements of section 248 of this title and this section and board rules thereunder, before a ~~farm~~ or group net metering system including more than one meter may be formed and served by an electric

company, the proposed ~~farm or~~ group net metering system shall file with the board, with copies to the department and the serving electric company, the following information:

(A) the meters to be included in the ~~farm or~~ group net metering system, which shall be associated with the buildings and residences owned or occupied by the person operating the ~~farm or~~ group net metering system, or the person's family or employees, or other members of the group, identified by account number and location;

(B) a procedure for adding and removing meters included in the ~~farm or~~ group net metering system, and direction as to the manner in which the electric company shall allocate any accrued credits among the meters included in the system, which allocation subsequently may be changed only on written notice to the electric company in accordance with subdivision (4) of this subsection;

(C) a designated person responsible for all communications from the ~~farm or~~ group net metering system to the serving electric company, ~~for receiving and paying bills for any service provided by the serving electric company for the farm or group net metering system, and for receiving any other communications regarding the farm or group net metering system~~ except for communications related to billing, payment, and disconnection; and

(D) a binding process for the resolution of any disputes within the ~~farm or~~ group net metering system relating to net metering that does not rely on the serving electric company, the board, or the department. However, this subdivision (D) shall not apply to disputes between the serving electric company and individual members of a group net metering system regarding billing, payment, or disconnection.

(2) The ~~farm or~~ group net metering system shall, at all times, maintain a written designation to the serving electric company of a person ~~who shall be the sole person authorized to receive and pay bills for any service provided by the serving electric company, and~~ to receive any ~~other~~ communications regarding ~~the farm system, the group net metering system, or net metering~~ that do not relate to billing, payment, or disconnection.

(3) The serving electric company shall bill directly and send all communications regarding billing, payment, and disconnection directly to the customer name and address listed for the account of each individual meter designated under subdivision (1)(A) of this subsection as being part of a group net metering system. The usage charges for any account so billed shall be based on the individual meter for the account. The credit applied on that bill for electricity generated by the group net metering system shall be calculated

in the manner directed by the system under subdivision (1)(B) of this subsection.

(4) The serving ~~utility~~ electric company shall implement appropriate changes to the ~~farm or~~ group net metering system within 30 days after receiving written notification from the designated person. However, written notification of a change in the person designated under subdivision (2) of this subsection shall be effective upon receipt by the serving ~~utility~~ electric company. The serving ~~utility~~ electric company shall not be liable for action based on such notification, but shall make any necessary corrections and bill adjustments to implement revised notifications.

~~(4)(5)~~ Pursuant to subsection 231(a) of this title, after such notice and opportunity for hearing as the board may require, the board may revoke a certificate of public good issued to a ~~farm or~~ group net metering system.

~~(5)(6)~~ A group net metering system may consist only of customers that are located within the service area of the same electric company. Various buildings owned by municipalities, including water and wastewater districts, fire districts, villages, school districts, and towns, may constitute a group net metering system. A union or district school facility shall be considered in the same group net metering system with buildings of its member municipalities that are located within the service area of the same electric company that serves the facility. If it determines that it would promote the general good, the board shall permit a noncontiguous group of net metering customers to comprise a group net metering system.

(h)(1) An electric company:

(A) Shall make net metering available to any customer using a net metering system; or group net metering system; ~~or farm system~~ on a first-come, first-served basis until the cumulative output capacity of net metering systems equals ~~2.0~~ 4.0 percent of the distribution company's peak demand during 1996; or the peak demand during the most recent full calendar year, whichever is greater. The board may raise the ~~2.0~~ 4.0 percent cap. In determining whether to raise the cap, the board shall consider the following:

(i) the costs and benefits of net metering systems already connected to the system; and

(ii) the potential costs and benefits of exceeding the cap, including potential short and long-term impacts on rates, distribution system costs and benefits, reliability and diversification costs and benefits;

* * *

(E) May require a customer to comply with generation interconnection, safety, and reliability requirements, as determined by the public service board by rule or order, and may charge reasonable fees for interconnection, establishment, special metering, meter reading, accounting, account correcting, and account maintenance of net metering arrangements of greater than 15 ~~kilowatt (AC)~~ kW capacity;

* * *

(J) May in its rate schedules offer credits or other incentives that may include monetary payments to net metering customers. These credits or incentives shall not displace the benefits provided to such customers under subsections (e) and (f) of this section.

(K) Except as provided in subdivision (1)(K)(v) of this subsection, shall in its rate schedules offer a credit to each net metering customer using solar energy that shall apply to each kWh generated by the customer's solar net metering system and that shall not displace the benefits provided to such customers under subsections (e) and (f) of this section.

(i) The credit required by this subdivision (K) shall be \$0.20 minus the highest residential rate per kWh paid by the company as of the date it files with the board a proposed modification to its rate schedules to effect this subdivision (K) or to revise a credit previously instituted under this subdivision (K). Notwithstanding the basis for this credit calculation, the amount of the credit shall not fluctuate with changes in the underlying residential rate used to calculate the amount.

(ii) The electric company shall apply the credit calculated in accordance with subdivision (1)(K)(i) of this subsection to generation from each net metering system using solar energy regardless of the customer's rate class. A credit under this subdivision (K) shall be applied to all charges on the customer's bill from the electric company and shall be subject to the provisions of subdivisions (e)(3)(B) (credit for unused balance) and (C) (12-month reversion) and (f)(3) (credit for excess generation; group net metering) of this section.

(iii) An electric company's proposed modification to a rate schedule to offer a credit under this subdivision (K) and any investigation initiated by the board or party other than the company of an existing credit contained in such a rate schedule shall be reviewed in accordance with the procedures set forth in section 225 of this title, except that:

(I) A company's proposed modification shall take effect on filing with the board and shall not be subject to suspension under section 226 of this title;

(II) Such a modification or investigation into an existing credit shall not require review of the company's entire cost of service; and

(III) Such a modification or existing credit may be altered by the board for prospective effect only commencing with the date of the board's decision.

(iv) Within 30 days of this subdivision's effective date, each electric company shall file a proposed modification to its rate schedule that complies with this subdivision (K). Such proposed modification, as it may be revised by the board, shall not be changed for two years starting with the date of the board's decision on the modification. After the passage of that two-year period, further modifications to the amount of a credit under this subdivision may be made in accordance with subdivisions (1)(K)(i)-(iii) of this subsection.

(v) An electric company shall not be required to offer a credit under this subdivision (K) if, as of the effective date of this subdivision, the result of the calculation described in subdivision (1)(K)(i) of this subsection is zero or less.

(vi) A solar net metering system shall receive the amount of the credit under this subdivision (K) that is in effect for the service territory in which the system is installed as of the date of the system's installation and shall continue to receive that amount for not less than 10 years after that date regardless of any subsequent modification to the credit as contained in the electric company's rate schedules.

(2) All such requirements or credits or other incentives shall be pursuant to and governed by a tariff approved by the board and any applicable board rule, which tariffs and rules shall be designed in a manner reasonably likely to facilitate net metering. With respect to a credit or incentive under subdivision (1)(J) (optional credit or incentive) or (K) (solar credit) of this subsection that is provided to a net metering system that constitutes new renewable energy under subdivision 8002(4) of this title:

(A) If the credit or incentive applies to each kWh generated by the system, then the system's energy production shall count toward the goals and requirements of subsection 8005(d) of this title.

(B) If the credit or incentive applies only to the system's net energy production supplied to the company, then the increment of net energy production supplied by the customer to the company through a net metering

system that is supported by such additional credit or incentive shall count toward the goals and requirements of subsection 8005(d) of this title.

* * *

(k) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (f) and (g) of this section, an electric company may contract to purchase all or a portion of the output products from a ~~farm or~~ group net metering system, provided:

(1) the ~~farm or~~ group net metering system obtains a certificate of public good under the terms of subsections (c) and (d) of this section;

(2) any contracted power shall be subject to the limitations set forth in subdivision (h)(1) of this section;

(3) any contract shall be subject to interconnection and metering requirements in subdivisions (h)(1)(C), and (i)(2) and (3) of this section;

(4) any contract may permit all or a portion of the tradeable renewable energy credits for which the ~~farm~~ system is eligible to be transferred to the electric company;

(5) the output capacity of a system may exceed ~~250 kilowatts~~ 500 kW, provided:

(A) the contract assigns the amount of power to be net metered; and

(B) the net metered amount does not exceed ~~250 kilowatts~~ 500 kW;
and

(C) only the amount assigned to net metering is assessed to the cap provided in subdivision (h)(1)(A) of this section.

* * *

(m) A facility for the generation of electricity to be consumed primarily by the military department established under 3 V.S.A. § 212 and 20 V.S.A. § 361(a) or the National Guard as defined in 32 U.S.C. § 101(3), and installed on property of the military department or National Guard located in Vermont, shall be considered a net metering system for purposes of this section if it has a capacity of 2.2 MW ~~(AC)~~ or less and meets the provisions of subdivisions (a)(3)(B) through (E) of this section. Such a facility shall not be subject to and shall not count toward the capacity limits of subdivisions (a)(3)(A) (no more than ~~250~~ 500 kW) and (h)(1)(A) (~~two~~ four percent of peak demand) of this section.

Sec. 2. IMPLEMENTATION; RETROACTIVE APPLICATION

(a) In Sec. 1 of this act, 30 V.S.A. § 219a(h)(1)(J) (optional credits or incentives) and (K) (required credit; solar systems) shall apply to petitions pertaining to net metering systems filed by an electric company with the public service board on and after May 1, 2010. Notwithstanding 30 V.S.A. § 225(a), an electric company may amend the proof in support of such a petition that is pending as of the effective date of this section if the amendment is to effect compliance with Sec. 1, 30 V.S.A. § 219a(h)(1)(K).

(b) With respect to farm net metering systems under 30 V.S.A. § 219a as it existed prior to the effective date of this section, each such system for which a certificate of public good was issued prior to or for which an application for a certificate of public good is pending as of that date shall be deemed to be a group net metering system under Sec. 1 of this act.

(c) With respect to group net metering systems under Sec. 1 of this act in existence as of the effective date of this section:

(1) Within 30 days of that date, each electric distribution company subject to jurisdiction under 30 V.S.A. § 203 shall provide notice to each such system that it serves, in a form acceptable to the commissioner of public service, of the provisions respecting such systems contained in Sec. 1 of this act and this section, and shall request the system's allocation of credits pursuant to Sec. 1, 30 V.S.A. § 219a(g)(1)(B).

(2) Within 60 days of that date, each such system shall provide direction to the serving electric company of the allocation of credits pursuant to Sec. 1, 30 V.S.A. § 219a(g)(1)(B).

(d) Within 60 days of the effective date of this section, each electric distribution company subject to jurisdiction under 30 V.S.A. § 203 shall take all actions necessary to implement Sec. 1 of this act, 30 V.S.A. § 219a(e)(3) (credit for excess generation), (f)(3) (credit for excess generation), and (g) (group net metering; allocation of credits; direct billing of group members).

(e) No later than 180 days after the effective date of this section, the public service board shall revise its rules and take all actions necessary to implement the amendments to 30 V.S.A. § 219a(c)(1) (systems of 5 kW or less) contained in Sec. 1 of this act. For the purpose of this subsection, the board is authorized to and shall use the procedures for emergency rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 844, except that the board need not determine that there exists an imminent peril to public health, safety, or welfare, and the provisions of 3 V.S.A. § 844(b) (expiration of emergency rules) shall not apply. Prior to adopting the rule revisions, the board shall issue a draft of the revisions and provide notice of

and opportunity to comment on the draft revisions in a manner that is consistent with the time frame for adoption required by this subsection.

* * * Self-Managed Energy Efficiency Programs * * *

Sec. 3. 30 V.S.A. § 209(h) is amended to read:

(h)(1) ~~No later than September 1, 2009, the department shall recommend to the board a three-year pilot project for~~ There shall be a class of self-managed energy efficiency programs for transmission and industrial electric ratepayers only.

(2) The board ~~will review the department's recommendation and, by order, shall enact a this~~ class of self-managed energy efficiency programs ~~by December 31, 2009, to take effect for a three-year period beginning January 1, 2010.~~

(3) Entities approved to participate in the self-managed energy efficiency program class shall be exempt from all statewide charges under subdivision (d)(3) of this section that support energy efficiency programs performed by or on behalf of Vermont electric utilities.

(4) All of the following shall apply to a class of programs under this subsection:

* * *

(D) An applicant shall commit to ~~a three-year minimum energy efficiency investment of~~ an annual average energy efficiency investment during each three-year period that the applicant participates in the program of no less than \$1 million.

* * *

(H) Upon approval of an application by the board, the applicant shall be able to participate in the class of self-managed energy efficiency programs ~~for a three-year period.~~

* * *

(N) If, at the end of ~~the every~~ third year after an applicant's approval to participate in the self-managed efficiency program (the three-year period), the applicant has not met the commitment required by subdivision (4)(D) of this subsection, the applicant shall pay to the electric efficiency fund described in subdivision (d)(3) of this section the difference between the investment the applicant made while in the self-managed energy efficiency program and the charges the applicant would have incurred under subdivision (d)(3) of this section during the three-year period had the applicant not been a participant in

the program. This payment shall be made no later than 90 days after the end of the three-year period.

Sec. 4. RETROACTIVE APPLICATION

(a) Sec. 3 of this act shall apply to the public service board's order on the self-managed energy efficiency program entered December 28, 2009 and its clarifying order on the same program entered April 7, 2010, including the approval in those orders of an entity's participation in the program. Such approval shall be ongoing under the terms and conditions of 30 V.S.A. § 209(h) as amended by Sec. 3 of this act and shall not be limited to the three years commencing January 1, 2010.

(b) Within 60 days of this section's effective date, the board shall take all appropriate steps to implement Sec. 3 of this act.

* * * Section 248 Certificates; Long-term Electricity Purchases,
Out-of-State Resources * * *

Sec. 5. 30 V.S.A. § 248 is amended to read:

§ 248. NEW GAS AND ELECTRIC PURCHASES, INVESTMENTS, AND FACILITIES; CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC GOOD

(a)(1) No company, as defined in section 201 of this title, may:

(A) in any way purchase electric capacity or energy from outside the state:

(i) for a period exceeding five years, that represents more than ~~one~~ three percent of its historic peak demand, unless the purchase is from a plant as defined in subdivision 8002(12) of this title that produces electricity from renewable energy as defined under subdivision 8002(2); or

(ii) for a period exceeding ten years, that represents more than ten percent of its historic peak demand, if the purchase is from a plant as defined in subdivision 8002(12) of this title that produces electricity from renewable energy as defined under subdivision 8002(2); or

(B) invest in an electric generation or transmission facility located outside this state unless the public service board first finds that the same will promote the general good of the state and issues a certificate to that effect.

* * *

* * * Revisions to SPEED Program and Standard Offer * * *

Sec. 6. 30 V.S.A. § 8001 is amended to read:

§ 8001. RENEWABLE ENERGY GOALS

(a) The general assembly finds it in the interest of the people of the state to promote the state energy policy established in section 202a of this title by:

(1) Balancing the benefits, lifetime costs, and rates of the state's overall energy portfolio to ensure that to the greatest extent possible the economic benefits of renewable energy in the state flow to the Vermont economy in general, and to the rate paying citizens of the state in particular.

(2) Supporting development of renewable energy and related planned energy industries in Vermont, ~~in particular~~ and the jobs and economic benefits associated with such development, while retaining and supporting existing renewable energy infrastructure.

(3) Providing an incentive for the state's retail electricity providers to enter into affordable, long-term, stably priced renewable energy contracts that mitigate market price fluctuation for Vermonters.

(4) Developing viable markets for renewable energy and energy efficiency projects.

(5) Protecting and promoting air and water quality by means of renewable energy programs.

(6) Contributing to reductions in global climate change and anticipating the impacts on the state's economy that might be caused by federal regulation designed to attain those reductions.

(7) Supporting and providing incentives for small, distributed renewable energy generation, including incentives that support locating such generation in areas that will provide benefit to the operation and management of the state's electric grid.

* * *

Sec. 7. 30 V.S.A. § 8002 is amended to read:

§ 8002. DEFINITIONS

* * *

(4) "New renewable energy" means renewable energy produced by a generating resource coming into service after December 31, 2004. ~~This~~ With respect to a system of generating resources that includes renewable energy, the percentage of the system that constitutes new renewable energy shall be determined through dividing the plant capacity of the system's generating resources coming into service after December 31, 2004 that produce renewable energy by the total plant capacity of the system. "New renewable energy" also may include the additional energy from an existing renewable facility

retrofitted with advanced technologies or otherwise operated, modified, or expanded to increase the kwh output of the facility in excess of an historical baseline established by calculating the average output of that facility for the 10-year period that ended December 31, 2004. If the production of new renewable energy through changes in operations, modification, or expansion involves combustion of the resource, the system also must result in an incrementally higher level of energy conversion efficiency or significantly reduced emissions. For the purposes of this chapter, renewable energy refers to either "existing renewable energy" or "new renewable energy."

* * *

(10) "Board" means the public service board under section 3 of this title, except when used as part of the phrase "clean energy development board" or when the context clearly refers to the latter board.

* * *

(16) "Department" means the department of public service under section 1 of this title, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

(17) "kW" means kilowatt or kilowatts (AC).

(18) "kWh" means kW hour or hours.

(19) "MW" means megawatt or megawatts (AC).

(20) "MWH" means MW hour or hours.

Sec. 8. 30 V.S.A. § 8005 is amended to read:

§ 8005. SUSTAINABLY PRICED ENERGY ENTERPRISE
DEVELOPMENT (SPEED) PROGRAM

* * *

(b) The SPEED program shall be established, by rule, order, or contract, by the public service board ~~by January 1, 2007~~. As part of the SPEED program, the public service board may, and in the case of subdivisions (1), (2), and (5) of this subsection shall:

* * *

(2) ~~No later than September 30, 2009, put into effect, on behalf of all Vermont retail electricity providers, Issue standard offers for qualifying SPEED resources with a plant capacity of 2.2 MW or less. These standard offers shall be available until the cumulative plant capacity of all such resources commissioned in the state that have accepted a standard offer under this subdivision (2) equals or exceeds 50 MW; provided, however, that a plant~~

owned and operated by a Vermont retail electricity provider shall count toward this 50-MW ceiling if the plant has a plant capacity of 2.2 MW or less and is commissioned on or after September 30, 2009. The term of a standard offer required by this subdivision (2) shall be 10 to 20 years, except that the term of a standard offer for a plant using solar power shall be 10 to 25 years. The price paid to a plant owner under a standard offer required by this subdivision shall include an amount for each kilowatt-hour (kWh) generated that shall be set as follows:

* * *

(G) Notwithstanding the requirement of this subsection (b) that a standard offer be available for qualifying SPEED resources, the board shall make a standard offer available under this subdivision (2) to an existing hydroelectric plant that does not exceed the 2.2 MW plant capacity limit of this subsection. To such plants, the board shall not allocate more of the cumulative 50-MW plant capacity under this subdivision (2) than exceeds the amount of such capacity that is unsubscribed as of January 1, 2012. Before making this standard offer available, the board shall notify potentially eligible plants known to it and shall publish broad public notice of the future availability of the standard offer. The notice shall direct that all potentially eligible plants shall file with the board a statement of interest in the standard offer by a date to be no less than 30 days from the date of the notice. No plant may participate in this standard offer unless it timely files such a statement. The filing of such a statement shall constitute the consent of the plant owner to produce such information as the board may reasonably require to carry out this subdivision (2)(G), including information the board deems necessary to determine a generic cost in setting the price. The board shall have authority to require the production of such information from a plant that files a statement of interest. For the purpose of this subdivision (2)(G):

(i) "Existing hydroelectric plant" means a hydroelectric plant located in the state that was in service as of January 1, 2009 and does not, as of the effective date of this subdivision (2)(G), have an agreement with the public service board's purchasing agent for the purchase of its power pursuant to subdivision 209(a)(8) of this title and board rules adopted under that subdivision. The term includes hydroelectric plants that have never had such an agreement and hydroelectric plants for which such an agreement expired prior to the effective date of this subdivision (2)(G).

(ii) The provisions of subdivisions (2)(B)(i)(I)–(III) of this subsection (standard offer pricing criteria) shall apply, except that:

(I) The term “generic cost,” when applied by the board to determine the price of a standard offer for an existing hydroelectric plant, shall mean the cost to own, reliably operate, and maintain such a plant for the duration of the standard offer contract. In determining this cost, the board shall consider including a generic assumption with respect to rehabilitation costs based on relevant factors such as the age of the potentially eligible plants; recently constructed or currently proposed rehabilitations to such plants; the investment that a reasonably prudent person would have made in such a plant to date under the circumstances of the plant, including the price received for power; and the availability for such a plant of improved technology.

(II) The incentive described under subdivision (2)(B)(i)(III) of this subsection shall be an incentive for continued safe, efficient, and reliable operation of existing hydroelectric plants.

* * *

(5) Require all Vermont retail electricity providers to purchase ~~through~~ from the SPEED ~~program~~ facilitator, in accordance with subdivision (g)(2) of this section, the power generated by the plants that accept the standard offer required to be issued under subdivision (2) of this subsection. For the purpose of this subdivision (5), the board and the SPEED facilitator constitute instrumentalities of the state.

* * *

(e) ~~By no later than September 1, 2006, the public service~~ The board shall provide, by order or rule, the regulations and procedures that are necessary to allow the public service board and the department of public service to implement, and to supervise further the implementation and maintenance of the SPEED program. These rules shall assure that decisions with respect to certificate of public good applications for SPEED resources shall be made in a timely manner.

* * *

(g) With respect to executed contracts for standard offers under this section:

* * *

(2) The SPEED facilitator shall distribute the electricity purchased ~~and any associated costs~~ to the Vermont retail electricity providers at the price paid to the plant owners, allocated to the providers based on their pro rata share of total Vermont retail kWh sales for the previous calendar year, and the Vermont retail electricity providers shall accept and pay the SPEED facilitator for those

~~costs the electricity. For the purpose of this subdivision, a Vermont retail electricity provider shall receive a credit toward its share of those costs for any plant with a plant capacity of 2.2 MW or less that it owns or operates and that is commissioned on or after September 30, 2009. The amount of such credit shall be the amount that the plant owner otherwise would be eligible to receive, if the owner were not a retail electricity provider, under a standard offer in effect at the time of commissioning. The amount of any such credit shall be redistributed to the Vermont retail electricity providers on a basis such that all providers pay for a proportionate volume of plant capacity up to the 50 MW ceiling for standard offer contracts stated in subdivision (b)(2) of this section.~~

* * *

(m) The state and its instrumentalities shall not be liable to a plant owner or retail electricity provider with respect to any matter related to SPEED, including costs associated with a standard offer contract under this section or any damages arising from breach of such a contract, the flow of power between a plant and the electric grid, or the interconnection of a plant to that grid.

* * *

Sec. 9. IMPLEMENTATION; BOARD PROCEEDINGS

(a) By October 1, 2011, the board shall take all appropriate steps to effect the notice required by Sec. 8, 30 V.S.A. § 8005(b)(2)(G) (existing hydroelectric plants).

(b) By March 1, 2012, the board shall conduct and complete such proceedings and issue such orders as necessary to effect the standard offer required by Sec. 8 of this act, 30 V.S.A. § 8005(b)(2)(G) (existing hydroelectric plants). The board shall not be required to conduct such proceedings as a contested case under 3 V.S.A. chapter 25.

(c) Commencing April 1, 2012, the board shall make available the standard offer required by Sec. 8 of this act, 30 V.S.A. § 8005(b)(2)(G) (existing hydroelectric plants).

Sec. 10. 30 V.S.A. § 30 is amended to read:

§ 30. PENALTIES; AFFIDAVIT OF COMPLIANCE

(a)(1) A person, company or corporation subject to the supervision of the board or the department of public service, who refuses the board or the department of public service access to the books, accounts or papers of such person, company or corporation within this state, so far as may be necessary under the provisions of this title, or who fails, other than through negligence, to

furnish any returns, reports or information lawfully required by it, or who willfully hinders, delays or obstructs it in the discharge of the duties imposed upon it, or who fails within a reasonable time to obey a final order or decree of the board, or who violates a provision of ~~chapters~~ chapter 7 or, 75, or 89 of this title, or a provision of section 231 or 248 of this title, or a rule of the board, shall be required to pay a civil penalty as provided in subsection (b) of this section, after notice and opportunity for hearing.

* * *

* * * Baseload Renewable Portfolio Requirement * * *

Sec. 11. 30 V.S.A. § 8009 is added to read:

§ 8009. BASELOAD RENEWABLE POWER PORTFOLIO REQUIREMENT

(a) In this section:

(1) “Baseload renewable power” means a plant that generates electricity from renewable energy; that, during normal operation, is capable of taking all or part of the minimum load on an electric transmission or distribution system; and that produces electricity essentially continuously at a constant rate.

(2) “Baseload renewable power portfolio requirement” means an annual average of 175,000 MWh of baseload renewable power from an in-state woody biomass plant that was commissioned prior to September 30, 2009, has a nominal capacity of 20.5 MW, and was in service as of January 1, 2011.

(3) “Biomass” means organic nonfossil material of biological origin constituting a source of renewable energy within the meaning of 30 V.S.A. § 8002(2).

(4) “Vermont composite electric utility system” means the combined generation, transmission, and distribution resources along with the combined retail load requirements of the Vermont retail electricity providers.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection 8004(a) and subdivision 8005(d)(1) of this title, commencing November 1, 2012, the electricity supplied by each Vermont retail electricity provider to its customers shall include the provider’s pro rata share of the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement, which shall be based on the total Vermont retail kWh sales of all such providers for the previous calendar year. The obligation created by this subsection shall cease on November 1, 2022.

(c) A plant used to satisfy the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement shall be a qualifying small power production facility under 16 U.S.C. § 796(17)(C) and 18 C.F.R. part 292.

(d) The board shall determine the price to be paid to a plant used to satisfy the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement. The board shall not be required to make this determination as a contested case under 3 V.S.A. chapter 25. The price shall be the avoided cost of the Vermont composite electric utility system. For the purpose of this subsection, the term “avoided cost” means the incremental cost to retail electricity providers of electric energy or capacity or both, which, but for the purchase from the plant proposed to satisfy the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement, such providers would obtain from a new source using the same generation technology as the proposed plant. For the purpose of this subsection, the term “avoided cost” also includes the board’s consideration of each of the following:

(1) The relevant cost data of the Vermont composite electric utility system.

(2) The terms of the potential contract, including the duration of the obligation.

(3) The availability, during the system’s daily and seasonal peak periods, of capacity or energy from a proposed plant.

(4) The relationship of the availability of energy or capacity from the proposed plant to the ability of the Vermont composite electric utility system or a portion thereof to avoid costs.

(5) The costs or savings resulting from variations in line losses from those that would have existed in the absence of purchases from the proposed plant.

(6) The supply and cost characteristics of the proposed plant, including the costs of operation and maintenance of an existing plant during the term of a proposed contract.

(e) In determining the price under subsection (d) of this section, the board may require a plant proposed to be used to satisfy the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement to produce such information as the board reasonably deems necessary.

(f) With respect to a plant used to satisfy the baseload renewable power portfolio requirement:

(1) The electricity purchased and any associated costs shall be allocated to the Vermont retail electricity providers based on their pro rata share of total

Vermont retail kWh sales for the previous calendar year, and the Vermont retail electricity providers shall accept and pay those costs.

(2) Any tradeable renewable energy credits attributable to the electricity purchased shall be transferred to the Vermont retail electricity providers in accordance with their pro rata share of the costs for such electricity as determined under subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(3) All capacity rights attributable to the plant capacity associated with the electricity purchased shall be transferred to the Vermont retail electricity providers in accordance with their pro rata share of the costs for such electricity as determined under subdivision (1) of this subsection.

(4) All reasonable costs of a Vermont retail electricity provider incurred under this section shall be included in the provider's revenue requirement for purposes of ratemaking under sections 218, 218d, 225, and 227 of this title. In including such costs, the board shall appropriately account for any credits received under subdivision (2) of this subsection. Costs included in a retail electricity provider's revenue requirement under this subdivision shall be allocated to the provider's ratepayers as directed by the board.

(g) A retail electricity provider shall be exempt from the requirements of this section if, and for so long as, one-third of the electricity supplied by the provider to its customers is from a plant that produces electricity from woody biomass.

(h) The board may issue rules or orders to carry out this section.

* * * Clean Energy Development Fund and Support Charge * * *

Sec. 12. 10 V.S.A § 6523 is amended to read:

§ 6523. VERMONT CLEAN ENERGY DEVELOPMENT FUND

(a) Creation of fund.

(1) There is established the Vermont clean energy development fund to consist of each of the following:

(A) The proceeds due the state under the terms of the memorandum of understanding between the department of public service and Entergy Nuclear VY and Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc. that was entered under public service board docket 6812; together with the proceeds due the state under the terms of any subsequent memoranda of understanding entered before July 1, 2005 between the department of public service and Entergy Nuclear VY and Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc.

(B) The proceeds of the clean energy support charge established under section 6525 of this title.

(C) Any other monies that may be appropriated to or deposited into the fund.

* * *

(c) Purposes of fund. The purposes of the fund shall be to promote the development and deployment of cost-effective and environmentally sustainable electric power and thermal energy or geothermal resources, ~~and emerging energy efficient technologies~~, for the long-term benefit of Vermont consumers, primarily with respect to renewable energy resources, and the use of combined heat and power technologies. The fund also may be used to support natural gas vehicles in accordance with subdivision (d)(1)(K) of this section. The general assembly expects and intends that the public service board, public service department, and the state's power and efficiency utilities will actively implement the authority granted in Title 30 to acquire all reasonably available cost-effective energy efficiency resources for the benefit of Vermont ratepayers and the power system.

(d) Expenditures authorized.

* * *

(2) If during a particular year, the ~~clean energy development board~~ commissioner of public service determines that there is a lack of high value projects eligible for funding, as identified in the five-year plan, or as otherwise identified, the ~~clean energy development board may~~ commissioner shall consult with the ~~public service~~ clean energy development board, and shall consider transferring funds to the energy efficiency fund established under the provisions of 30 V.S.A. § 209(d). Such a transfer may take place only in response to an opportunity for a particularly cost-effective investment in energy efficiency, and only as a temporary supplement to funds collected under that subsection, not as replacement funding.

(3) A sum equal to the cost for the 2010 and preceding tax years of the business solar energy income tax credits authorized in 32 V.S.A. § 5822(d) and 5930z(a), net of any such costs for which a transfer has already been made under this subdivision, shall be transferred ~~annually~~ from the clean energy development fund to the general fund.

(e) Management of fund.

(1) ~~There is created the clean energy development board, which shall consist of the following nine directors:~~

~~(A) Three at large directors appointed by the speaker of the house;~~

~~(B) Three at large directors appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate.~~

~~(C) Two at large directors appointed by the governor.~~

~~(D) The state treasurer, ex officio. This fund shall be administered by the department of public service to facilitate the development and implementation of clean energy resources. The department is authorized to expend moneys from the clean energy development fund in accordance with this section. The commissioner of the department shall make all decisions necessary to implement this section and administer the fund except those decisions committed to the clean energy development board under this subsection. The department shall assure an open public process in the administration of the fund for the purposes established in this subchapter.~~

~~(2) During fiscal years after FY 2006, up to five percent of amounts appropriated to the public service department from the fund may be used for administrative costs related to the clean energy development fund and after FY 2007, another five percent of amounts appropriated to the public service department from the fund not to exceed \$300,000.00 in any fiscal year shall be transferred to the secretary of the agency of agriculture, food and markets for agricultural and farm-based energy project development activities.~~

~~(3) A quorum of the clean energy development board shall consist of five directors. The directors of the board shall select a chair and vice chair. There is created the clean energy development board, which shall consist of seven persons appointed in accordance with subdivision (4) of this subsection. The clean energy development board shall have decision-making and approval authority with respect to the plans, budget, and program designs described in subdivisions (7)(B)-(D) of this subsection. The clean energy development board shall function in an advisory capacity to the commissioner on all other aspects of this section's implementation.~~

~~(4) In making appointments of at large directors to the clean energy development board, the appointing authorities shall give consideration to citizens of the state with knowledge of relevant technology, regulatory law, infrastructure, finance, and environmental permitting. A director shall recuse himself or herself from all matters and decisions pertaining to a company or corporation of which the director is an employee, officer, partner, proprietor, or board member. The at large directors of the board shall serve terms of four years beginning July 1 of the year of appointment. However, one at large director appointed by the speaker and one at large director appointed by the president pro tempore shall serve an initial term of two years. Any vacancy~~

~~occurring among the at-large directors shall be filled by the respective appointing authority and shall be filled for the balance of the unexpired term. A director may be reappointed.~~ The commissioner of public service shall appoint three members of the clean energy development board, and the chairs of the house and senate committees on natural resources and energy each shall appoint two members of the clean energy development board. The terms of the members of the clean energy development board shall be four years, except that when appointments to this board are made for the first time after the effective date of this act, each appointing authority shall appoint one member for a two-year term and the remaining members for four-year terms. When a vacancy occurs in the board during the term of a member, the authority who appointed that member shall appoint a new member for the balance of the departing member's term.

(5) ~~Except for those directors~~ members of the clean energy development board otherwise regularly employed by the state, the compensation of the ~~directors~~ members shall be the same as that provided by ~~subsection 32 V.S.A. § 1010(a) of Title 32.~~ All directors of the clean energy development board, including those directors otherwise regularly employed by the state, shall receive their actual and necessary expenses when away from home or office upon their official duties.

(6) ~~At least every three years, the clean energy development board shall commission a detailed financial audit by an independent third party of the fund and the activities of the fund manager, which shall make available to the auditor its books, records, and any other information reasonably requested by the board or the auditor for the purpose of the audit.~~

(7) In performing its duties, the clean energy development board may utilize the legal and technical resources of the department of public service ~~or, alternatively, may utilize reasonable amounts from the clean energy development fund to retain qualified private legal and technical service providers.~~ The department of public service shall provide the clean energy development board ~~and its fund manager~~ with administrative services.

~~(8)~~(7) ~~The clean energy development board~~ department shall perform each of the following:

(A) By January 15 of each year, ~~commencing in 2010,~~ provide to the house and senate committees on natural resources and energy, the senate committee on finance, and the house committee on commerce and economic development a report for the fiscal year ending the preceding June 30 detailing the activities undertaken, the revenues collected, and the expenditures made under this subchapter.

(B) Develop, and submit to the clean energy development board for review and approval, a five-year strategic plan and an annual program plan, both of which shall be developed with input from a public stakeholder process and shall be consistent with state energy planning principles.

(C) Develop, and submit to the clean energy development board for review and approval, an annual operating budget.

(D) Develop, and submit to the clean energy development board for review and approval, proposed program designs to facilitate clean energy market and project development (including use of financial assistance, investments, competitive solicitations, technical assistance, and other incentive programs and strategies).

~~(9)~~(8) At least quarterly annually, the clean energy development board and the commissioner or designee jointly shall hold a public meeting to review and discuss the status of the fund, fund projects, the performance of the fund manager, any reports, information, or inquiries submitted by the fund manager or the public, and any additional matters ~~the clean energy development board deems~~ they deem necessary to fulfill ~~its~~ their obligations under this section.

~~(10) The clean energy development board shall administer and is authorized to expend monies from the clean energy development fund in accordance with this section.~~

(f) Clean energy development fund manager. The clean energy development fund shall have a fund manager who shall be a state an employee ~~retained and supervised by the board and housed within and assigned for administrative purposes to~~ of the department of public service.

(g) Bonds. The commissioner of public service, in consultation with the clean energy development board, may explore use of the fund to establish one or more loan-loss reserve funds to back issuance of bonds by the state treasurer otherwise authorized by law, including clean renewable energy bonds, that support the purposes of the fund.

(h) ARRA funds. All American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) funds described in section 6524 of this title shall be disbursed, administered, and accounted for in a manner that ensures rapid deployment of the funds and is consistent with all applicable requirements of ARRA, including requirements for administration of funds received and for timeliness, energy savings, matching, transparency, and accountability. These funds shall be expended for the following categories listed in this subsection, provided that no single project directly or indirectly receives a grant in more than one of these categories. ~~The~~ After consultation with the clean energy development

board, the commissioner of public service shall have discretion to use non-ARRA moneys within the fund to support all or a portion of these categories and shall direct any ARRA moneys for which non-ARRA moneys have been substituted to the support of other eligible projects, programs, or activities under ARRA and this section.

* * *

(4) \$2 million for a public-serving institution efficiency and renewable energy program that may include grants and loans and create a revolving loan fund. For the purpose of this subsection, “public-serving institution” means government buildings and nonprofit public and private universities, colleges, and hospitals. In this program, awards shall be made through a competitive bid process. ~~On or before January 15, 2011, the clean energy development board shall report to the general assembly on the status of this program, including each award made and, for each such award, the expected energy savings or generation and the actual energy savings or generation achieved.~~

* * *

(8) Concerning the funds authorized for use in subdivisions (4)–(7) of this subsection:

(A) To the extent permissible under ARRA, up to five percent may be spent for administration of the funds received.

(B) In the event that the ~~clean energy development board~~ commissioner of public service determines that a recipient of such funds has insufficient eligible projects, programs, or activities to fully utilize the authorized funds, then after consultation with the clean energy development board, the commissioner shall have discretion to reallocate the balance to other eligible projects, programs, or activities under this section.

(9) ~~The clean energy development board~~ commissioner of public service is authorized, to the extent allowable under ARRA, to utilize up to 10 percent of ARRA funds received for the purpose of administration. ~~The board~~ commissioner shall allocate a portion of the amount utilized for administration to retain permanent, temporary, or limited service positions or contractors and the remaining portion to the oversight of specific projects receiving ARRA funding ~~through the board~~ pursuant to section 6524 of this title.

(i) Rules. ~~The department and the clean energy development board~~ each may adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to carry out its functions under this section. ~~The board and~~ shall consult with ~~the commissioner of public service~~ each other either before or during the rulemaking process.

~~(j) Governor disapproval. The governor shall have the authority within 30 days of approval or adoption to disapprove a project, program, or other activity approved by the clean energy development board if the source of the funds is ARRA; and any rules adopted under subsection (i) of this section. The governor may at any time waive his or her authority to disapprove any project, program, or other activity or rule under this subsection.~~

Sec. 13. CLEAN ENERGY DEVELOPMENT BOARD; TRANSITION;
TERM EXPIRATION; NEW APPOINTMENTS

(a) The terms of all members of the clean energy development board under 10 V.S.A. § 6523 appointed prior to the effective date of this section shall expire on September 30, 2011.

(b) No later than August 31, 2011, the appointing authorities under Sec. 12 of this act, 10 V.S.A. § 6523(e)(4), shall appoint the members of the clean energy development board created by Sec. 12, 10 V.S.A. § 6523(e)(3). The terms of the members so appointed shall commence on October 1, 2011. The appointing authorities may appoint members of the clean energy development board as it existed prior to the effective date of this section.

(c) With respect to the clean energy development fund established under 10 V.S.A. § 6523, as of October 1, 2011:

(1) The department of public service shall be the successor to the clean energy development board as it existed on September 30, 2011, and any legal obligations incurred by the clean energy development board as of September 30, 2011 shall become legal obligations of the department of public service.

(2) The clean energy development board shall exercise prospectively such functions and authority as this act confers on that board.

Sec. 14. 10 V.S.A. § 6524 is amended to read:

§ 6524. ARRA ENERGY MONEYS

The expenditure of each of the following shall be subject to the direction and approval of the commissioner of public service, after consultation with the clean energy development board established under subdivision 6523(e)(1) 6523(e)(4) of this title, and shall be made in accordance with subdivisions 6523(d)(1)(expenditures authorized), (e)(3)(quorum), (e)(4)(appointments; recusal), (e)(5)(compensation), (e)(7)(assistance, administrative support), and (e)(8)(A)(reporting) and subsections 6523(f)(fund manager), (h)(ARRA funds), and (i)(rules), and (j)(governor disapproval) of this title and applicable federal law and regulations:

(1) The amount of \$21,999,000.00 in funds received by the state under the appropriation contained in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009, Pub.L. No. 111-5, to the state energy program authorized under 42 U.S.C. § 6321 et seq.

(2) The amount of \$9,593,500.00 received by the state under ARRA from the United States Department of Energy through the energy efficiency and conservation block grant program.

Sec. 15. 10 V.S.A. § 6525 is added to read:

§ 6525. CLEAN ENERGY SUPPORT CHARGE

(a) Monthly, each Vermont retail electricity provider shall assess on each retail customer's electric bill a clean energy support charge of \$0.55.

(b) At the end of each monthly billing cycle, a Vermont retail electricity provider shall transmit to the clean energy development fund the total amount of the clean energy support charge assessed to the provider's customers during the immediately preceding monthly billing cycle.

(c) The amount of the clean energy support charge shall be part of the total payment due on the customer's electric bill and shall be subject to the deposit and disconnection rules of the board.

Sec. 16. NOTICE; IMPLEMENTATION

A Vermont retail electricity provider within the meaning of 30 V.S.A. § 8002(9) shall:

(1) No later than 60 days after passage of this act, provide notice to its customers, in a form directed by the commissioner of public service, of the clean energy support charge under Sec. 15 (10 V.S.A. § 6525) of this act.

(2) Implement Sec. 15 of this act (clean energy support charge) on bills rendered on and after 90 days following passage of this act.

Sec. 17. RECODIFICATION; REDESIGNATION; PROSPECTIVE

REPEAL

(a) 10 V.S.A. §§ 6523, 6524, and 6525 are recodified respectively as 30 V.S.A. §§ 8015, 8016, and 8017. The office of legislative council shall revise accordingly any references to these statutes contained in the Vermont Statutes Annotated. Any references in session law to these statutes as previously codified shall be deemed to refer to the statutes as recodified by this act.

(b) Within 30 V.S.A. chapter 89 (renewable energy programs):

(1) §§ 8001–8014 shall be within subchapter 1 and designated to read:

Subchapter 1. General Provisions

(2) §§ 8015–8017 shall be within subchapter 2 and designated to read:

Subchapter 2. Clean Energy Development Fund

(c) 30 V.S.A. § 8017 (clean energy support charge) shall be repealed on July 1, 2014.

Sec. 18. STATUTORY REVISION

In all provisions of 30 V.S.A. chapter 89, except 30 V.S.A. § 8002(10) and (16)–(20), the office of legislative council shall substitute “board” for “public service board,” “department” for “department of public service,” “kW” for “kilowatt” or “kilowatts (AC),” “kWh” for “kilowatt hours,” and “MW” for “megawatt” or “megawatts.”

* * * Heating Oil; Low Sulfur; Biodiesel * * *

Sec. 19. 10 V.S.A. § 585 is added to read:

§ 585. HEATING OIL CONTENT; SULFUR, BIODIESEL

(a) Definitions.

(1) In this section, “heating oil” means No. 2 distillate that meets the specifications or quality certification standard for use in residential, commercial, or industrial heating applications established by the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM).

(2) “Biodiesel” means monoalkyl esters derived from plant or animal matter which meet the registration requirements for fuels and fuel additives established by the Environmental Protection Agency under section 211 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. § 7545), and the requirements of ASTM D6751-10.

(b) Sulfur content. Unless a requirement of this subsection is waived pursuant to subsection (e) of this section:

(1) On or before July 1, 2014, all heating oil sold within the state for residential, commercial, or industrial uses, including space and water heating, shall have a sulfur content of 500 parts per million or less.

(2) On or before July 1, 2018, all heating oil sold within the state for residential, commercial, or industrial uses, including space and water heating, shall have a sulfur content of 15 parts per million or less.

(c) Biodiesel content. Unless a requirement of this subsection is waived pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, all heating oil sold within the state

for residential, commercial, or industrial uses, including space and water heating, by volume shall:

- (1) On or before July 1, 2012, contain at least three percent biodiesel.
- (2) On or before July 1, 2015, contain at least five percent biodiesel.
- (3) On or before July 1, 2016, contain at least seven percent biodiesel.

(d) Blending; certification. In the case of biodiesel and heating oil that has been blended by a dealer or seller of heating oil, the secretary may allow the dealer or seller to demonstrate compliance with this section by providing documentation that the content of the blended fuel in each delivery load meets the requirements of this section.

(e) Temporary suspension. The governor, by executive order, may temporarily suspend the implementation and enforcement of subsection (b) or (c) of this section if the governor determines, after consulting with the secretary and the commissioner of public service, that meeting the requirements is not feasible due to an inadequate supply of the required fuel.

(f) The secretary may adopt rules to implement this section. This section does not limit any authority of the secretary to control the sulfur or biodiesel content of distillate or residual oils that do not constitute heating oil as defined in this section.

* * * Report; Payment of Utility Bills by Credit
or Debit Card * * *

Sec. 20. UTILITY BILL PAYMENT; CREDIT OR DEBIT CARD; REPORT

On or before January 15, 2012, the public service board shall submit to the general assembly a report on whether, in the board's opinion, it is in the public interest for the cost of service of a company subject to the board's jurisdiction under 30 V.S.A. § 203 to include fees and expenses incurred by the company in accepting payments from customers of retail charges by credit or debit card. In its report, the board shall consider and discuss the advantages and disadvantages of including these fees and expenses in a company's cost of service, including the extent to which allowing inclusion of such fees and expenses may avoid or reduce costs that would otherwise be incurred by the company, shall quantify on a statewide basis the expected cost impacts of allowing such inclusion, and shall attach a draft statute or statutory amendment that would authorize such inclusion.

Sec. 21. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) This section shall take effect on passage.

(b) The following shall take effect on passage:

(1) Sec. 1 of this act (net metering), except that 30 V.S.A. § 219a(c)(1) (systems of 5 kW or less) shall take effect on January 1, 2012. Sec. 2(d) of this act shall govern the date by which an electric distribution company shall implement the following provisions contained in Sec. 1 of this act: 30 V.S.A. § 219a(e)(3) (credit for excess generation), (f)(3) (credit for excess generation), and (g) (group net metering; allocation of credits; direct billing of group members).

(2) Secs. 2 (implementation; retroactive application), 3 (self-managed energy efficiency programs), 4 (retroactive application), 6 (renewable energy goals), 7 (definitions, renewable energy chapter), 9 (implementation; board proceedings), 10 (penalties), 13 (clean energy development board; term expiration; transition; new appointments), 16 (notice; implementation), and 20 (payment of utility bills by credit or debit card) of this act.

(3) Sec. 8 (SPEED program) of this act, except that Sec. 9 (board proceedings) of this act shall govern the date on which the availability of the standard offer revision described in Sec. 9(c) (existing hydroelectric plants) shall commence.

(4) In Sec. 12 (clean energy development fund) of this act: 10 V.S.A. § 6523(e)(3) (clean energy development board) and (4) (appointments to clean energy development board) for the purpose of Sec. 13 of this act.

(c) The following shall take effect on July 1, 2011: Secs. 5 (new gas and electric purchases); 11 (baseload renewable power portfolio requirement); 17 (recodification; redesignation); 18 (statutory revision); and 19 (heating oil) of this act, except for 10 V.S.A. § 585(c) (heating oil; biodiesel requirement).

(d) Except as provided under subdivision (b)(4) of this section, Secs. 12 (clean energy development fund) and 14 (ARRA energy moneys) shall take effect on October 1, 2011.

(e) Sec. 15 (clean energy support charge) of this act shall take effect 90 days after the act's passage.

(f)(1) In Sec. 19 of this act, 10 V.S.A. § 585(c) (heating fuel; biodiesel requirement) shall take effect on the later of the following:

(A) July 1, 2012.

(B) The date on which, through legislation, rule, agreement, or other binding means, the last of the surrounding states has adopted requirements that are substantially similar to or more stringent than the requirements contained in

10 V.S.A. § 585(c). The attorney general shall determine when this date has occurred.

(2) For the purpose of this subsection, the term “surrounding states” means the states of Massachusetts, New Hampshire, and New York, and the term “last” requires that all three of the surrounding states have adopted a substantially similar or more stringent requirement.

Rep. Greshin of Warren, for the committee on Ways and Means, recommended that the bill ought to pass when amended as recommended by the committee on Natural Resources and Energy and when further amended as follows:

First: In Sec. 12, 10 V.S.A. § 6523 (clean energy development fund), in subsection (a), in subdivision (1)(B), by striking “section 6525 of this title” and inserting in lieu thereof “Sec. 15 of this act”

Second: By striking Secs. 15 (clean energy support charge) and 16 (notice; implementation) in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof:

Sec. 15. CLEAN ENERGY SUPPORT CHARGE

(a) Each Vermont retail electricity provider as defined in 30 V.S.A. § 8002(9) shall assess on each customer for a period of 12 months commencing with the provider’s August 2011 billing cycle a clean energy support charge of \$0.55 per month.

(b) For the purpose of this section, “customer” shall mean a meter that measures the flow of electricity from the provider to a consumer. If a person consumes electricity that flows through more than one meter, each meter shall be assessed the charge under subsection (a) of this section.

(c) At the end of each monthly billing cycle during the period described in subsection (a) of this section, a Vermont retail electricity provider shall transmit to the clean energy development fund the total amount of the clean energy support charge assessed to the provider’s customers during the immediately preceding monthly billing cycle.

(d) The amount of the clean energy support charge shall be part of the total payment due on the customer’s electric bill during the period described in subsection (a) of this section and shall be subject to the deposit and disconnection rules of the board.

Sec. 16. NOTICE

A Vermont retail electricity provider within the meaning of 30 V.S.A. § 8002(9) during its July 2011 billing cycle shall provide notice to its

customers, in a form directed by the commissioner of public service, of the clean energy support charge under Sec. 15 of this act.

Third: By striking Sec. 17 (recodification; redesignation; prospective repeal) and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 17 to read:

Sec. 17. RECODIFICATION; REDESIGNATION

(a) 10 V.S.A. §§ 6523 and 6524 are recodified respectively as 30 V.S.A. §§ 8015 and 8016. The office of legislative council shall revise accordingly any references to these statutes contained in the Vermont Statutes Annotated. Any references in session law to these statutes as previously codified shall be deemed to refer to the statutes as recodified by this act.

(b) Within 30 V.S.A. chapter 89 (renewable energy programs):

(1) §§ 8001–8014 shall be within subchapter 1 and designated to read:

Subchapter 1. General Provisions

(2) §§ 8015–8016 shall be within subchapter 2 and designated to read:

Subchapter 2. Clean Energy Development Fund

(c) In 30 V.S.A. § 8015(a)(1)(B) (clean energy support charge), the office of legislative council shall revise “Sec. 15 of this act” to refer to Sec. 15 of the act number of this session assigned to this act on passage.

Fourth: In Sec. 21 (effective dates), by striking subsection (e) and inserting in lieu thereof:

(e) Sec. 15 (clean energy support charge) of this act shall take effect on passage.

and that when so amended the bill ought to pass

Thereupon, the bill was read the second time.

Pending the question, Shall the report of the committee on Ways and Means be agreed to?

Recess

At eleven o'clock and five minutes in the forenoon, the Speaker declared a recess until the fall of the gavel.

At one o'clock and five minutes in the afternoon, the Speaker called the House to order.

Consideration Resumed; Bill Amended and Third Reading Ordered**H. 56**

Consideration resumed on House bill, entitled

An act relating to the Vermont Energy Act of 2011;

The recurring question, Shall the report of the committee on Ways and Means be agreed to? was decided in the affirmative.

Rep. Olsen of Jamaica moved to amend the report of the committee on Natural Resources and Energy as follows:

First: In Sec. 12, 10 V.S.A. § 6523 (clean energy development fund), in subsection (e), in subdivision (3), before the first new sentence, by inserting “(A)” and, after the end of the subdivision, by inserting:

(B) During a board member’s term and for a period of one year after the member leaves the board, the clean energy development fund shall not make any award of funds to and shall confer no financial benefit on a company or corporation of which the member is an employee, officer, partner, proprietor, or board member or of which the member owns more than 10 percent of the outstanding voting securities. This prohibition shall not apply to a financial benefit that is available to any person and is not awarded on a competitive basis or offered only to a limited number of persons.

Second: In Sec. 12, 10 V.S.A. § 6523 (clean energy development fund), in subsection (e), in subdivision (7)(D), at the end of the subdivision, by inserting: Prior to any approval of a new program or of a substantial modification to a previously approved program of the clean energy development fund, the department of public service shall publish online the proposed program or modification, shall provide an opportunity for public comment of no less than 30 days, and shall provide to the clean energy development board copies of all comments received on the proposed program or modification. For the purpose of this subdivision (D), “substantial modification” shall include a change to a program’s application criteria or application deadlines and shall include any change to a program if advance knowledge of the change could unfairly benefit one applicant over another applicant. For the purpose of 3 V.S.A. § 831(b) (initiating rulemaking on request), a new program or substantial modification of a previously approved program shall be treated as if it were an existing practice or procedure.

Third: In Sec. 13 (clean energy development board; transition; term expiration; new appointments), in subsection (b), at the end of the subsection, by inserting:

10 V.S.A. § 6523(e)(3)(B) (board members; prohibition; financial benefits) shall apply only to members of the clean energy development board appointed to terms commencing on and after October 1, 2011.

Which was agreed to.

Pending the question, Shall the House amend the bill as recommended by the committee on Natural Resources and Energy, as amended? **Rep. Leriche of Hardwick** demanded the Yeas and Nays, which Demand was sustained by the Constitutional number.

Pending the call of the roll, **Rep. Scheuermann of Stowe** moved to commit the bill to the committee on Appropriations, which was disagreed to.

Thereupon, **Rep. Leriche of Hardwick** asked and was granted leave of the House to withdraw her request for a roll call vote.

Thereupon, the report of the committee on Natural Resources and Energy, as amended, was agree to.

Pending the question, Shall the bill be read a third time? **Rep. Leriche of Hardwick** demanded the Yeas and Nays, which demand was sustained by the Constitutional number. The Clerk proceeded to call the roll and the question, Shall the bill be read a third time? was decided in the affirmative. Yeas, 99. Nays, 39.

Those who voted in the affirmative are:

Ancel of Calais	Donovan of Burlington	Keenan of St. Albans City
Andrews of Rutland City	Eckhardt of Chittenden	Klein of East Montpelier
Aswad of Burlington	Edwards of Brattleboro	Koch of Barre Town
Atkins of Winooski	Ellis of Waterbury	Komline of Dorset
Bartholomew of Hartland	Emmons of Springfield	Krebs of South Hero
Bissonnette of Winooski	Evans of Essex	Kupersmith of South Burlington
Bohi of Hartford	Fisher of Lincoln	Lanpher of Vergennes
Botzow of Pownal	Font-Russell of Rutland City	Larocque of Barnet
Burke of Brattleboro	Frank of Underhill	Larson of Burlington
Buxton of Royalton	French of Shrewsbury	Lenes of Shelburne
Campion of Bennington	French of Randolph	Leriche of Hardwick
Cheney of Norwich *	Grad of Moretown	Lippert of Hinesburg
Christie of Hartford	Greshin of Warren	Lorber of Burlington
Clarkson of Woodstock	Haas of Rochester	Macaig of Williston
Condon of Colchester	Head of South Burlington	Malcolm of Pawlet
Conquest of Newbury	Heath of Westford	Marek of Newfane
Corcoran of Bennington	Hooper of Montpelier	Martin of Springfield
Courcelle of Rutland City	Howard of Cambridge	Martin of Wolcott
Dakin of Chester	Jerman of Essex	Masland of Thetford
Deen of Westminster	Jewett of Ripton	McCullough of Williston
Donahue of Northfield	Johnson of South Hero	

McFaun of Barre Town	Peltz of Woodbury	Townsend of Randolph
Miller of Shaftsbury	Potter of Clarendon	Trieber of Rockingham
Mitchell of Barnard	Ralston of Middlebury	Waite-Simpson of Essex
Mook of Bennington	Ram of Burlington	Webb of Shelburne
Moran of Wardsboro	Sharpe of Bristol	Weston of Burlington
Mrowicki of Putney	Shaw of Pittsford	Wilson of Manchester
Munger of South Burlington	Spengler of Colchester	Wizowaty of Burlington
Myers of Essex	Stevens of Waterbury	Woodward of Johnson
Nuovo of Middlebury	Stevens of Shoreham	Wright of Burlington
O'Brien of Richmond	Stuart of Brattleboro	Yantachka of Charlotte
Olsen of Jamaica	Sweaney of Windsor	Young of Albany
Partridge of Windham	Till of Jericho	
Pearson of Burlington	Toll of Danville	

Those who voted in the negative are:

Acinapura of Brandon	Donaghy of Poultney	McNeil of Rutland Town
Batchelor of Derby	Fagan of Rutland City	Pearce of Richford
Bouchard of Colchester	Hebert of Vernon	Peaslee of Guildhall
Branagan of Georgia	Higley of Lowell	Perley of Enosburgh
Brennan of Colchester	Howrigan of Fairfield	Reis of St. Johnsbury *
Browning of Arlington *	Hubert of Milton	Savage of Swanton
Burditt of West Rutland	Johnson of Canaan	Scheuermann of Stowe
Canfield of Fair Haven	Kilmartin of Newport City	Shand of Weathersfield
Consejo of Sheldon	Lawrence of Lyndon	South of St. Johnsbury
Crawford of Burke	Lewis of Berlin	Strong of Albany
Degree of St. Albans City	Lewis of Derby	Taylor of Barre City *
Devereux of Mount Holly	Manwaring of Wilmington	Turner of Milton
Dickinson of St. Albans Town	Marcotte of Coventry	
	McAllister of Highgate	

Those members absent with leave of the House and not voting are:

Clark of Vergennes	Gilbert of Fairfax	Poirier of Barre City
Copeland-Hanzas of Bradford	Helm of Fair Haven	Pugh of South Burlington
Davis of Washington	Kitzmiller of Montpelier	Smith of New Haven
	Morrissey of Bennington	Winters of Williamstown

Rep. Browning of Arlington explained her vote as follows:

“Mr. Speaker:

I support the basic goals and provisions of this legislation. But, I cannot support imposing anything that functions like a tax increase on Vermonters during times that are still hard for many workers and businesses, however worthy the intended purpose.”

Rep. Cheney of Norwich explained her vote as follows:

“Mr. Speaker:

More than almost any bill this year, a yes vote on this energy bill is a vote for real jobs. It's a vote for Vermont businesses. Beyond its clear energy benefits, it's a vote for one of the best economic development programs this state has seen, just when we need it most."

Rep. Reis of St. Johnsbury explained his vote as follows:

"Mr. Speaker:

We've listened to many claims that various additional costs will be minimal or inconsequential. I guess a few extra kernels from the rate papers perspective don't matter much when you're being stoned to death with popcorn."

Rep. Taylor of Barre City explained her vote as follows:

"Mr. Speaker:

My hope is that between now and third reading we will find a way to fund the clean energy program in a way that recognizes the vast divide of people's ability to pay."

Action on Bill Postponed

H. 73

House bill, entitled

An act relating to establishing a government transparency office to enforce the public records act

Was taken up and pending the reading of the report of the committee on Government Operations, on motion of **Rep. Sweaney of Windsor**, action on the bill was postponed for one legislative day.

Adjournment

At two o'clock and five minutes in the afternoon, on motion of **Rep. Turner of Milton**, the House adjourned until tomorrow at one o'clock in the afternoon.