# Senate Calendar

FRIDAY, MARCH 11, 2011

SENATE CONVENES AT: 11:30 A.M.

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#### ORDERS OF THE DAY

#### **ACTION CALENDAR**

#### **NEW BUSINESS**

#### **Third Reading**

S. 58.

An act relating to jurisdiction of a crime committed when the defendant was under the age of 16.

#### AMENDMENT TO S. 58 TO BE OFFERED BY SENATOR ILLUZZI BEFORE THIRD READING

Senator Illuzzi moves to amend the bill by adding two new sections to be numbered Sec. 2 and Sec. 3 to read as follows:

Sec. 2. 33 V.S.A. § 5204 is amended to read:

#### § 5204. TRANSFER FROM JUVENILE COURT

- (a) After a petition has been filed alleging delinquency, upon motion of the state's attorney and after hearing, the juvenile court may transfer jurisdiction of the proceeding to the criminal division of the superior court, if the child had attained the age of 10 but not the age of 14 at the time the act was alleged to have occurred, and if the delinquent act set forth in the petition was any of the following:
  - (1) arson causing death as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 501;
- (2) assault and robbery with a dangerous weapon as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 608(b);
- (3) assault and robbery causing bodily injury as defined in 13 V.S.A.  $\S 608(c)$ ;
  - (4) aggravated assault as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1024;
  - (5) murder as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 2301;
  - (6) manslaughter as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 2304;
  - (7) kidnapping as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 2405;
  - (8) unlawful restraint as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 2406 or § 2407;
  - (9) maiming as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 2701;
  - (10) sexual assault as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 3252(a)(1) or (a)(2); or
  - (11) aggravated sexual assault as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 3253-;

- (12) burglary into an occupied dwelling as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1201(c);
- (13) operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or other drugs in violation of 23 V.S.A. § 1210(e)(1);
- (14) grossly negligent operation of a motor vehicle with death resulting in violation of 23 V.S.A. § 1091(b); or
- (15) negligent operation of a motor vehicle with death resulting in violation of 23 V.S.A. § 1091(a).

\* \* \*

#### Sec. 3. 33 V.S.A. § 5119(g) is amended to read:

- (g) On application of a person who has pleaded guilty to or has been convicted of the commission of a crime committed under the laws of this state which the person committed prior to attaining the age of majority, or on the motion of the court having jurisdiction over such a person, after notice to all parties of record and hearing, the court shall order the sealing of all files and records related to the proceeding if it finds:
  - (1) two years have elapsed since the final discharge of the person;
- (2) the person has not been convicted of a listed crime as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 5301 or adjudicated delinquent for such an offense after the initial conviction, and no new proceeding is pending seeking such conviction or adjudication; and
- (3) the person's rehabilitation has been attained to the satisfaction of the court.

And renumbering the remaining sections to be numerically correct.

#### AMENDMENT TO S. 58 TO BE OFFERED BY SENATOR ILLUZZI BEFORE THIRD READING

Senator Illuzzi moves to amend the bill by adding a new section to be numbered Sec. 2 to read as follows:

Sec. 2. 23 V.S.A. § 1091 is amended to read:

#### § 1091. NEGLIGENT OPERATION; GROSSLY NEGLIGENT OPERATION

- (a) Negligent operation.
- (1) A person who operates a motor vehicle on a public highway in a negligent manner shall be guilty of negligent operation.

- (2) The standard for a conviction for negligent operation in violation of this subsection shall be ordinary negligence, examining whether the person breached a duty to exercise ordinary care.
- (3) A person who violates this subsection shall be imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than \$1,000.00, or both. If the person has been previously convicted of a violation of this subsection, the person shall be imprisoned not more than two years or fined not more than \$3,000.00, or both. If serious bodily injury as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 1021 or death of any person other than the operator results, the person shall be imprisoned for not more than 2 years or fined not more than \$5,000.00, or both. If serious bodily injury or death results to more than one person other than the operator, the operator may be convicted of a separate violation of this subdivision for each decedent or person injured.

\* \* \*

And by renumbering the remaining sections to be numerically correct.

#### NOTICE CALENDAR

#### **Second Reading**

#### **Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment**

S. 16.

An act relating to confidentiality of cases accepted by the court diversion project.

### Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Sears for the Committee on Judiciary.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

#### Sec. 1. 3 V.S.A. § 164(c)(1) is amended to read:

- (c) All adult court diversion projects receiving financial assistance from the attorney general shall adhere to the following provisions:
- (1) The diversion project shall accept only persons against whom charges have been filed and the court has found probable cause, but are not yet adjudicated. If the prosecuting attorney refers a case to diversion, the information and affidavit related to the charges shall be confidential and shall remain confidential unless:
  - (A) the board declines to accept the case;
  - (B) the person declines to participate in diversion; or

(C) the board accepts the case, but the person does not successfully complete diversion.

#### Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2011.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

S. 67.

An act relating to the open meeting law.

## Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Flory for the Committee on Government Operations.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 1 V.S.A. § 310 is amended to read:

#### § 310. DEFINITIONS

As used in this subchapter:

- (1) "Deliberations" means weighing, examining, and discussing the reasons for and against an act or decision, but expressly excludes the taking of evidence and the arguments of parties.
- (2) "Meeting" means a gathering of a quorum of the members of a public body for the purpose of discussing the business of the public body or for the purpose of taking action. "Meeting" shall not mean an electronic communication, including e-mail, telephone, or teleconferencing, between members of a public body for the purpose of scheduling a meeting, developing an agenda, or distributing materials to discuss at a meeting, provided that such an electronic communication that results in written or recorded information shall be available for inspection and copying under the public records act as set forth in chapter 5, subchapter 3 of this title.
- (3) "Public body" means any board, council, or commission of the state or one or more of its political subdivisions, any board, council, or commission of any agency, authority, or instrumentality of the state or one or more of its political subdivisions, or any committee of any of the foregoing boards, councils or commissions, except that "public body" does not include councils or similar groups established by the governor for the sole purpose of advising the governor with respect to policy.
- (4) "Publicly announced" means that notice is given to an editor, publisher, or news director of a newspaper or radio station serving the area of the state in which the public body has jurisdiction, and to any editor, publisher,

or news director who has requested under <u>subdivision</u> 312(c)(5) of this title to be notified of special meetings.

- (5) "Quasi-judicial proceeding" means a proceeding which is:
- (A) a contested case under the Vermont Administrative Procedure Act; or
- (B) a case in which the legal rights of one or more persons who are granted party status are adjudicated, which is conducted in such a way that all parties have opportunity to present evidence and to cross-examine witnesses presented by other parties, which results in a written decision, and the result of which is appealable by a party to a higher authority.
- Sec. 2. 1 V.S.A. § 312 is amended to read:

#### § 312. RIGHT TO ATTEND MEETINGS OF PUBLIC AGENCIES

- (a)(1) All meetings of a public body are declared to be open to the public at all times, except as provided in section 313 of this title. No resolution, rule, regulation, appointment, or formal action shall be considered binding except as taken or made at such open meeting, except as provided under section 313(a)(2) subdivision 313(b)(1) of this title. A meeting may be conducted by audio conference or other electronic means, as long as the provisions of this subchapter are met. Any person with a disability as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 4501 who timely requests that the public body provide reasonable accommodation to mitigate the person's disability shall be afforded such reasonable accommodation necessary to allow the person to attend and participate in a meeting. A public body shall electronically record by audio tape, all hearings held to provide a forum for public comment on a proposed rule, pursuant to 3 V.S.A. § 840. The public shall have access to copies of such tapes electronic recordings as described in section 316 of this title.
- (2) One or more of the members of a public body may participate in a meeting by electronic or other means of communication provided that:
- (A) At least 24 hours before the meeting, the public body shall publicly announce the meeting and a municipal public body shall post notice of the meeting in or near the municipal clerk's office and in at least two other public places in the municipality.
- (B) The public announcement and posted notice of the meeting shall identify:
- (i) at least one physical location where a member of the public can attend and participate in the meeting; or

- (ii) an electronic or other means by which the public can access the meeting from a remote location.
- (C) Each member participating by electronic or other means of communication shall:
- (i) be audible to the public at the physical location identified in subdivision (2)(B)(i) of this subsection and to those members of the public participating by the electronic or other means identified in subdivision (2)(B)(ii) of this subsection; and
- (ii) be able to simultaneously hear each member and speak to each member during the meeting.
- (D) The public body meets all other requirements of this subchapter in holding a meeting.
  - (E) A vote of the public body shall be taken by roll call.
- (b)(1) Minutes shall be taken of all meetings of public bodies. The minutes shall cover all topics and motions that arise at the meeting and give a true indication of the business of the meeting. Minutes shall include at least the following minimal information:
  - (A) All members of the public body present;
  - (B) All other active participants in the meeting;
- (C) All motions, proposals, and resolutions made, offered, and considered, and what disposition is made of same; and
- (D) The results of any votes, with a record of the individual vote of each member if a roll call is taken.
- (2) Minutes of all public meetings shall be matters of public record, shall be kept by the clerk or secretary of the public body, and shall be available for inspection by any person and for purchase of copies at cost upon request after five days from the date of any meeting.
- (c)(1) The time and place of all regular meetings subject to this section shall be clearly designated by statute, charter, regulation, ordinance, bylaw, resolution, or other determining authority of the public body, and this information shall be available to any person upon request. The time and place of all public hearings and meetings scheduled by all executive branch state agencies, departments, boards, or commissions shall be available to the public as required under 3 V.S.A. § 2222(c).
- (2) The time, place, and purpose of a special meeting subject to this section shall be publicly announced at least 24 hours before the meeting.

Municipal public bodies shall post notices of special meetings in or near the municipal clerk's office and in at least two other public places in the municipality, at least 24 hours before the meeting. In addition, notice shall be given, either orally or in writing, to each member of the public body at least 24 hours before the meeting, except that a member may waive notice of a special meeting.

- (3) Emergency meetings may be held without public announcement, without posting of notices and without 24-hour notice to members, provided some public notice thereof is given as soon as possible before any such meeting. Emergency meetings may be held only when necessary to respond to an unforeseen occurrence or condition requiring immediate attention by the public body.
- (4) Any adjourned meeting shall be considered a new meeting, unless the time and place for the adjourned meeting is announced before the meeting adjourns.
- (5) An editor, publisher, or news director of any newspaper, radio station, or television station serving the area of the state in which the public body has jurisdiction may request in writing that a public body notify the editor, publisher, or news director of special meetings of the public body. The request shall apply only to the calendar year in which it is made, unless made in December, in which case it shall apply also to the following year.
  - (d) The agenda for a regular or special meeting shall be:
    - (1) posted to the public body's website, if one exists;
- (2) posted by a municipal public body in or near the municipal office and in at least two other public places in the municipality; and
- (3) made available to the news media or concerned persons prior to the meeting upon specific request.
- (e) Nothing in this section or in section 313 of this title shall be construed as extending to the judicial branch of the government of Vermont or of any part of the same or to the public service board; nor shall it extend to the deliberations of any public body in connection with a quasi-judicial proceeding; nor shall anything in this section be construed to require the making public of any proceedings, records, or acts which are specifically made confidential by the laws of the United States of America or of this state.
- (f) A written decision issued by a public body in connection with a quasi-judicial proceeding need not be adopted at an open meeting if the decision will be a public record.

- (g) The provisions of this subchapter shall not apply to site inspections for the purpose of assessing damage or making tax assessments or abatements, clerical work, or work assignments of staff or other personnel. Routine day-to-day administrative matters that do not require action by the public body, may be conducted outside a duly warned meeting, provided that no money is appropriated, expended, or encumbered.
- (h) At an open meeting the public shall be given a reasonable opportunity to express its opinion on matters considered by the public body during the meeting as long as order is maintained. Public comment shall be subject to reasonable rules established by the chairperson. This subsection shall not apply to quasi-judicial proceedings.
- (i) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the parole board from meeting at correctional facilities with attendance at the meeting subject to rules regarding access and security established by the superintendent of the facility.

#### Sec. 3. 1 V.S.A. § 313 is amended to read:

#### § 313. EXECUTIVE SESSIONS

- (a) No public body described in section 312 of this title may hold an executive session from which the public is excluded, except by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of its members present in the case of any public body of state government or of a majority of its members present in the case of any public body of a municipality or other political subdivision. A motion to go into executive session shall indicate the nature of the business of the executive session, and no other matter may be considered in the executive session. Such vote shall be taken in the course of an open meeting and the result of the vote recorded in the minutes. No formal or binding action shall be taken in executive session except for actions relating to the securing of real estate options under subdivision (2) (b)(1) of this subsection section. Minutes of an executive session need not be taken, but if they are, shall not be made public subject to subsection 312(b) of this title. A public body may not hold an executive session except to consider one or more of the following:
- (1) Contracts, labor relations agreements with employees, arbitration, mediation, grievances, civil actions, or prosecutions by the state, where premature general public knowledge would clearly place the state, municipality, other public body, or person involved at a substantial disadvantage;
- (b) A public body may hold an executive session only for one or more of the following purposes:

- (2) The negotiating or securing of (1) To negotiate or secure real estate purchase options;
- (3)(2) The <u>To consider the</u> appointment or employment or evaluation of a public officer or employee <u>other than the appointment of a person to a public</u> board, council, or commission;
- (4)(3) A To conduct a disciplinary or dismissal action against a public officer or employee; but nothing in this subsection shall be construed to impair the right of such officer or employee to a public hearing if formal charges are brought;
  - (5)(4) A To consider a clear and imminent peril to the public safety;
- (6)(5) Discussion or consideration of To discuss or consider records or documents excepted exempted from the access to public records provisions of subsection section 317(b) of this title. Discussion or consideration of the excepted record or document shall not itself permit an extension of the executive session to the general subject to which the record or document pertains;
- $\frac{(7)(6)}{(7)(6)}$  The <u>To consider</u> academic records or suspension or discipline of students;
- (8)(7) Testimony To take or hear testimony from a person in a parole proceeding conducted by the parole board if public disclosure of the identity of the person could result in physical or other harm to the person;
- (9)(8) Information To consider information relating to a pharmaceutical rebate or to supplemental rebate agreements, which is protected from disclosure by federal law or the terms and conditions required by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services as a condition of rebate authorization under the Medicaid program, considered pursuant to 33 V.S.A. §§ 1998(f)(2) and 2002(c);
- (9) To discuss or consider municipal or school security or emergency response measures, the disclosure of which could jeopardize public safety;
- (10) Where the public body determines that premature general public knowledge would place the public body or a person involved at a substantial disadvantage when addressing one of the following:
  - (A) Consideration or negotiation of contracts;
- (B) Consideration or negotiation of labor relations agreements with employees;
  - (C) Conduct of arbitration or mediation;

- (D) To hear grievances, other than tax grievances; or
- (E) Consideration of civil actions or prosecutions.
- (b)(c) Attendance in executive session shall be limited to members of the public body, and, in the discretion of the public body, its staff, clerical assistants and legal counsel, and persons who are subjects of the discussion or whose information is needed.
- (e)(d) The senate and house of representatives, in exercising the power to make their own rules conferred by Chapter II of the Vermont Constitution, shall be governed by the provisions of this section in regulating the admission of the public as provided in Chapter II, § 8 of the Constitution.
- Sec. 4. 1 V.S.A. § 314 is amended to read:

#### § 314. PENALTY AND ENFORCEMENT

- (a) A person who is a member of a public body and who knowingly and intentionally violates the provisions of this subchapter or who knowingly and intentionally participates in the wrongful exclusion of any person or persons from any meeting for which provision is herein made, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not more than \$500.00.
- (b) The attorney general or any person aggrieved by a violation of the provisions of this subchapter may apply to the superior court in the county in which the violation has taken place for appropriate injunctive relief or for a declaratory judgment. Except as to cases the court considers of greater importance, proceedings before the superior court, as authorized by this section and appeals therefrom, take precedence on the docket over all cases and shall be assigned for hearing and trial or for argument at the earliest practicable date and expedited in every way.
- (c) After receipt by the public body of written notice that alleges a specific violation of this subchapter and that requests a specific cure of such violation, the public body may cure the violation, subject to the following:
- (1) Upon receipt of written notice of an alleged violation of this subchapter, the public body shall have 21 calendar days to respond publicly to the alleged violation and:
- (A) Acknowledge the open meeting violation and state an intent to cure the violation; or
- (B) State that the public body has determined that no violation has occurred and that no cure is necessary.

- (2) Failure of a public body to respond to a notice of alleged violation shall be treated as a denial of the violation for purposes of enforcement of the requirements of this subchapter.
- (3) Following a public body's acknowledgment of a violation under subdivision (1)(A) of this subsection, the public body shall have 14 calendar days to cure the violation by declaring as void an action or actions taken at or resulting from a meeting in violation of this subchapter.
- (4) A public body that cures an alleged violation of this subchapter under this subsection shall not be subject to a civil penalty under subsection (a) of this section or assessment of attorney's fees and litigation costs under subsection (d) of this section.
- (d) The court shall assess against a public body found to have violated the requirements of this subchapter reasonable attorney's fees and other litigation costs reasonably incurred in any case under this subchapter in which the complainant has substantially prevailed, unless the court finds that:
  - (1) The public body's position was objectively reasonable; and
  - (2) The public body acted in good faith.

#### Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2011.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

#### CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS FOR NOTICE

**H.C.R. 82-88** (For text of Resolutions, see Addendum to House Calendar for March 11, 2011)

#### **CONFIRMATIONS**

The following appointments will be considered by the Senate, as a group, under suspension of the Rules, as moved by the President *pro tempore*, for confirmation together and without debate, by consent thereby given by the Senate. However, upon request of any senator, any appointment may be singled out and acted upon separately by the Senate, with consideration given to the report of the Committee to which the appointment was referred, and with full debate; and further, all appointments for the positions of Secretaries of Agencies, Commissioners of Departments, Judges, Magistrates, and members of the Public Service Board shall be fully and separately acted upon.

<u>Kate Duffy</u> of Williston – Commissioner of the Department of Human Resources– By Sen. Flory for the Committee on Government Operations. (1/25/11)

<u>Jim Reardon</u> of Essex Junction – Commissioner of the Department of Finance and Management – By Sen. White for the Committee on Government Operations. (1/28/11)

<u>Chuck Ross</u> of Hinesburg – Secretary of the Agency of Agriculture – By Sen. Kittell for the Committee on Agriculture. (1/28/11)

<u>Robert D. Ide</u> of Peacham – Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles – By Sen. Kitchel for the Committee on Transportation. (1/28/11)

<u>Jeb Spaulding</u> of Montpelier – Secretary of the Agency of Administration – By Sen. Pollina for the Committee on Government Operations. (1/28/11)

<u>Mary Peterson</u> of Williston – Commissioner of the Department of Taxes – By Sen. Westman for the Committee on Finance. (1/28/11)

Steve Kimbell of Tunbridge – Commissioner of the Department of Banking, Insurance, Securities and Health Care Administration – By Sen. Cummings for the Committee on Finance. (1/28/11)

<u>Brian Searles</u> of Burlington – Secretary of the Agency of Transportation – By Sen. Mazza for the Committee on Transportation. (2/1/11)

Bruce Post of Essex Junction – Member of the Board of Libraries – By Sen. Baruth for the Committee on Education. (2/4/11)

Jason Gibbs of Duxbury – Member of the Community High School of Vermont Board – By Sen. Doyle for the Committee on Education. (2/15/11)

John Fitzhugh of West Berlin – Member of the Board of Libraries – By Sen. Doyle for the Committee on Education. (2/15/11)

<u>Susan Wehry</u> of Burlington – Commissioner of the Department of Disabilities, Aging and Independent Living – By Sen. Pollina for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (2/15/11)

<u>Dave Yacavone</u> of Morrisville – Commissioner of the Department of Children and Families – By Sen. Fox for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (2/15/11)

<u>Christine Oliver</u> of Montpelier – Commissioner of the Department of Mental Health – By Sen. Mullin for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (2/15/11)

<u>Doug Racine</u> of Richmond – Secretary of the Agency of Human Services – By Sen. Ayer for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (2/15/11)

<u>Michael Obuchowski</u> of Montpelier – Commissioner of the Department of Buildings and General Services – By Sen. Hartwell for the Committee on Institutions. (2/17/11)

<u>Susan Besio</u> of Jericho – Commissioner of the Department of Vermont Health Access – By Sen. Miller for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (2/18/11)

<u>Susan Besio</u> of Jericho – Commissioner of the Department of Vermont Health Access – By Sen. Miller for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (2/18/11)

<u>Harry Chen</u> of Mendon – Commissioner of the Department of Health – By Sen. Mullin for the Committee on Health and Welfare. (2/18/11)

<u>Andrew Pallito</u> of Jericho – Commissioner of the Department of Corrections – By Sen. Hartwell for the Committee on Institutions. (2/18/11)

<u>Keith Flynn</u> of Derby Line – Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety – By Sen. Flory for the Committee on Transportation. (2/22/11)

Elizabeth Strano of Bennington – Member of the State Board of Education – By Sen. Baruth for the Committee on Education. (2/24/11)

Amy W. Grillo of Dummerston – Member of the Community High School of Vermont Board – By Sen. Baruth for the Committee on Education. (2/24/11)

#### **CROSSOVER DEADLINES**

The following bill reporting deadlines are established for the 2011 session:

- (1) From the standing committee of last reference (<u>excluding</u> the Committees on Appropriations and Finance), all Senate bills must be reported out of committee on or before March 11, 2011.
- (2) Senate bills referred pursuant to Senate Rule 31, must be reported out of the Committees on Appropriations and Finance on or before March 18, 2011.
- (3) These deadlines may be waived for any bill or committee **only** by consent given by the Committee on Rules.

Exceptions to the foregoing deadlines include the major money bills (Appropriations, Transportation, Capital, and Miscellaneous Taxes).

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Statewide Public Hearing on H.202/S.57 HEALTH CARE REFORM BILL Monday Evening March 14, 2011

**House Health Care and Senate Health and Welfare Committees** 

### Monday, March 14, 2011, 6:00 - 8:00 p.m., on Vermont Interactive Television

The House Health Care and Senate Health and Welfare Committees will hold a joint public hearing on Vermont Interactive Television (V.I.T.) to give Vermonters throughout the state an opportunity to express their views about the health care legislation proposed by Governor Shumlin.

All 15 V.I.T. sites will be available for the hearing: Bennington, Brattleboro, Castleton, Johnson, Lyndonville, Middlebury, Montpelier, Newport, Randolph Center, Rutland, Springfield, St. Albans, Waterbury, White River Junction and Williston. V.I.T.'s web site has an up-to-date location listing, including driving directions, addresses and telephone numbers, <a href="http://www.vitlink.org/">http://www.vitlink.org/</a>.

The health care bill has been introduced in the House as H. 202 and in the Senate as S. 57. It can be viewed at the Legislature's website: <a href="http://www.leg.state.vt.us/docs/2012/bills/Intro/H-202.pdf">http://www.leg.state.vt.us/docs/2012/bills/Intro/H-202.pdf</a>

For information about the format of this event or to submit written testimony, call the House Health Care Committee at (802) 828-2264 or e-mail <a href="mailto:lstarr@leg.state.vt.us">lstarr@leg.state.vt.us</a>