1	S.239
2	Introduced by Senator Giard
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Agriculture; animals; humane treatment and slaughter
6	Statement of purpose: This bill proposes to prohibit the confinement of sows
7	during gestation and to ensure the humane slaughter of animals by itinerant
8	slaughterers.
9	An act relating to ensuring the humane treatment and slaughter of animals
10	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
11	Sec. 1. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE
12	It shall be the purpose of this act:
13	(1) to prohibit the cruel confinement of sows during gestation in a
14	manner that does not allow them to turn around freely, lie down, stand up, or
15	fully extend their limbs; and
16	(2) to ensure that itinerant slaughterers are aware of and conform to
17	humane slaughter practices applicable in Vermont.
18	Sec. 2. 6 V.S.A. § 3135 is added to read:
19	§ 3135. DEFINITIONS
20	(a) As used in this section:

1	(1) "Enclosure" means a cage, crate, or other structure used to confine a
2	covered animal, including what is commonly described as a "gestation crate"
3	for sows.
4	(2) "Farm" means the land, building, support facilities, and other
5	equipment that are wholly or partially used for the commercial production of
6	animals or animal products used for food or fiber and does not include live
7	animal markets.
8	(3) "Farm owner or operator" means any person who owns or controls
9	the operations of a farm and does not include any nonmanagement employee,
10	contractor, or consultant.
11	(4) "Fully extending the animal's limbs" means fully extending all limbs
12	without touching the side of an enclosure.
13	(5) "Sow during gestation" means a pregnant animal of the porcine
14	species kept for the primary purpose of breeding.
15	(6) "Turning around freely" means turning in a complete circle without
16	any impediment, including a tether, and without touching the side of an
17	enclosure.
18	(b) Prohibition. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a person is
19	guilty of unlawful confinement of a sow during gestation if the person is a

farm owner or operator who knowingly tethers or confines the sow in an

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and regulations.

1	enclosure in a manner that prevents the sow from turning around freely, lying
2	down, standing up, and fully extending its limbs.
3	(c) Exceptions. The prohibition in subsection (b) of this section shall not
4	apply:
5	(1) During medical research;
6	(2) During examination or testing or individual treatment of or operation
7	on an animal for veterinary purposes;
8	(3) During transportation;
9	(4) During rodeo exhibitions, state or county fair exhibitions, 4-H
10	programs, and similar exhibitions or educational programs;
11	(5) To the humane slaughter of an animal in accordance with this
12	chapter and the rules adopted pursuant to section 3133 of this title pertaining to
13	the slaughter of animals; and
14	(6) To a sow during the seven-day period prior to the sow's expected
15	date of giving birth.
16	(d) Relation to other laws.
17	(1) The provisions of this section are in addition to and not in lieu of any
18	other laws protecting animal welfare. This section may not be construed to
19	limit any state law or rules protecting the welfare of animals or to prevent a

local governing body from adopting and enforcing its own animal welfare laws

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1	(2) It is not an affirmative defense to alleged violations of this section
2	that the sow was kept as part of an agricultural operation and in accordance
3	with customary animal husbandry or farming practices.
4	Sec. 3. 6 V.S.A. chapter 204 is amended to read:
5	CHAPTER 204. PREPARATION OF LIVESTOCK AND
6	POULTRY PRODUCTS
7	§ 3302. DEFINITIONS
8	As used in this chapter, except as otherwise specified, the following terms
9	shall have the meanings stated below:
10	* * *
11	(43) "Itinerant custom slaughterer" means a person who for
12	compensation or gain slaughters livestock or poultry:
13	(A) at a person's home or farm for the person's exclusive use by him
14	or her and members of his or her household and his or her nonpaying guests
15	and employees; or
16	(B) owned by a person who has entered into a contract with another
17	person to raise the livestock on the farm where it is intended to be slaughtered
18	* * *
19	§ 3304. POWERS OF THE SECRETARY
20	In order to accomplish the objectives stated in section 3303 of this title, the
21	secretary shall:

- (7) by rules require that the following classes of persons shall keep records and for periods as are specified in the rules to fully and correctly disclose all transactions involved in their business, and afford to the commissioner and his or her representatives, including representatives of other governmental agencies designated by him or her, access to places of business, and opportunity, at all reasonable times, to examine the facilities, inventory, and records, to copy the records, and to take reasonable samples of the inventory upon the payment of the fair market value, any persons that engage in or for intrastate commerce:
- (A) in the business of slaughtering any livestock or poultry, or preparing, freezing, packaging, or labeling, buying or selling as brokers, wholesalers, or otherwise, transporting, or storing any livestock products for human or animal food;
- (B) in business as renderers or in the business of buying, selling or transporting any dead, dying, disabled, or diseased livestock or poultry, or parts of the carcasses of any of these animals, including poultry, that died otherwise than by slaughter; or
 - (C) who are required to be licensed under section 3306 of this title.
- (8) by rules adopt a compliance certificate for itinerant custom slaughterers that shall be kept on file by the slaughterer and the animal owner

1	for a period of not less than three years and shall be available for inspection
2	upon request of the agency, and that shall at minimum include:
3	(A) the site and date of the slaughter of each animal slaughtered;
4	(B) the signature of the owner of the farm or animal giving
5	permission for the slaughter of the animal confirming that the meat shall be
6	used and consumed solely by the owner of the farm or animal and members of
7	his or her household and his or her nonpaying guests and employees; and
8	(C) a description of the penalties applicable to itinerant custom
9	slaughterers for violation of the provisions of chapter 204 of this title and the
10	rules adopted by the agency pursuant thereto.
11	* * *
12	§ 3306. LICENSING
12 13	§ 3306. LICENSING (a) No person may engage in intrastate commerce in the business of
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13 14	(a) No person may engage in intrastate commerce in the business of buying, selling, preparing, processing, packing, <u>slaughtering</u> , storing,
13 14 15	(a) No person may engage in intrastate commerce in the business of buying, selling, preparing, processing, packing, <u>slaughtering</u> , storing, transporting, or otherwise handling meat, meat food products, or poultry
13 14 15 16	(a) No person may engage in intrastate commerce in the business of buying, selling, preparing, processing, packing, <u>slaughtering</u> , storing, transporting, or otherwise handling meat, meat food products, or poultry products, unless that person holds a valid license issued under this chapter.
13 14 15 16 17	(a) No person may engage in intrastate commerce in the business of buying, selling, preparing, processing, packing, <u>slaughtering</u> , storing, transporting, or otherwise handling meat, meat food products, or poultry products, unless that person holds a valid license issued under this chapter. Categories of licensure shall include: commercial slaughterers, custom

of dead, dying, disabled, or diseased animals, and any other category which the secretary may by rule establish.

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(f) Itinerant custom slaughterers, who slaughter solely at a person's home or farm and who do not own, operate or work at a slaughtering plant shall be exempt from subject to the licensing provisions of this section. An itinerant custom slaughterer may slaughter livestock owned by an individual who has entered into a contract with a person to raise the livestock on the farm where it is intended to be slaughtered.

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(k) The secretary may deny an itinerant custom slaughter license or the renewal of an itinerant custom slaughter license under this chapter to a person who has been convicted of a felony, convicted of a misdemeanor involving cruelty to animals, or found in violation of section 3132 of this title more than once. The secretary may deny an itinerant custom slaughter license or the renewal of an itinerant custom slaughter license under this chapter if a person responsibly connected to the applicant has been convicted of a felony, convicted of a misdemeanor involving cruelty to animals, or found in violation of section 3132 of this title more than once. For purposes of this subdivision, a "person responsibly connected to an applicant" is a partner, officer, director, holder, or owner of 10 percent or more of the voting stock of the applicant's

1	business or is an employee in a managerial or executive capacity at the
2	applicant's business.
3	(l) All applicants for licensure or relicensure as an itinerant custom
4	slaughterer shall submit a written humane livestock handling plan for review
5	and approval by the secretary of agriculture, food and markets or designee.
6	The secretary may suspend, revoke, or condition an itinerant custom slaughter
7	license after notice and opportunity for hearing for a licensee's failure to
8	adhere to the written plan.
9	* * *
10	Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE
11	This act shall take effect on passage.