or assistant principal.

1	S.219
2	Introduced by Senator Mullin
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Education; statewide teachers' contract
6	Statement of purpose: This bill proposes to require that all public school
7	teachers negotiate employment contracts with the state and that the state
8	appropriate necessary funds to pay teacher salaries.
9	An act relating to a statewide public school teachers' contract
10	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
11	Sec. 1. 16 V.S.A. chapter 57 is amended to read:
12	CHAPTER 57. LABOR RELATIONS FOR TEACHERS
13	Subchapter 1. General Provisions
14	§ 1981. DEFINITIONS
15	As used in this chapter unless the context requires otherwise:
16	(1) "Administrator" means any person so licensed by the Vermont
17	standards board for professional educators, the majority of whose employed
18	time in a school or a school district is devoted to serving as superintendent,
19	assistant superintendent, assistant to the superintendent, supervisor, principal,

agreement.

1	(2) "Professional negotiations" means the meeting, conferring,
2	consulting, discussing, and negotiating in good faith between a school board
3	negotiations council or the state and a teachers' organization negotiations
4	council or an administrators' organization negotiations council to reach

- (3) "School board" means the board of school directors of a school district or its equivalent in any independent elementary or secondary school.
- (4) "School district" means any public school district or any independent elementary or secondary school within the state which that directly or indirectly receives support from public funds.
- (5) "Teacher" means any person licensed employable as a teacher by the Vermont standards board for professional educators who is not an administrator as herein defined in this section. "Public school teacher" means a teacher employed in a position requiring licensure by a public school or, in the case of a special educator, by a supervisory union. "Independent school teacher" means a teacher employed by an independent school that directly or indirectly receives support from public funds.
- (6) A "teachers' organization" or an "administrators' organization" means an organization, committee, council, group, or separate unit thereof in which teachers or administrators participate and which that exists, in whole or in part, for the purpose of professional negotiation.

1	(7) "Agency fee" means a fee for representation in collective bargaining,
2	not exceeding teachers' or administrators' organization dues, payable to the
3	organization which is the exclusive bargaining agent for teachers or
4	administrators in a bargaining unit, from individuals who are not members of
5	the organization.
6	(8) "School board negotiations council" means, for a supervisory
7	district, its school board, and, for school districts within a supervisory union,
8	the body comprising representatives designated by each school board within
9	the supervisory union to engage in professional negotiations with a teachers' or
10	administrators' organization.
11	(9) "Teachers' organization negotiations council" or "administrators'
12	organization negotiations council" means the body comprising representatives
13	designated by each teachers' organization or administrators' organization
14	within a supervisory district or supervisory union to act as its representative for
15	professional negotiations.
16	(10) "State" means the state of Vermont represented by the governor or
17	the governor's designee.
18	§ 1982. RIGHTS
19	* * *
20	(c) Neither the state nor a school board, nor any employee of the state or a

school board serving in any capacity, nor any other person or organization

1	shall interfere with, restrain, coerce, or discriminate in any way against or for
2	any teacher or administrator engaged in activities protected by this legislation.
3	Subchapter 2. Bargaining Agent
4	§ 1991. SELECTION OF REPRESENTATION
5	(a) Teachers and administrators may select organizations to represent them
6	on their negotiations council in collective negotiations with the state or a
7	school board negotiations council. The
8	(1) The state shall recognize an organization as the exclusive
9	representative of public school teachers when that organization has proved its
10	claim to sole and exclusive representative status as provided in this chapter.
11	(2) A school board shall recognize an organization as the exclusive
12	representative of independent school teachers or of the administrators in the
13	school district when that organization has proved its claim to sole and
14	exclusive representative status of the respective group as hereinafter provided
15	in this chapter. The
16	(3) A superintendent, the an assistant superintendent, and the or a
17	principal shall not serve as negotiating agents for the <u>a</u> teachers' organization.
18	(b) When close or disputed questions of eligibility to vote and inclusion in
19	the unit to be represented by the teachers' organization arise, the general
20	principle to be adhered to shall be that eligibility to vote and inclusion in that

the negotiating unit will be limited to all teachers in the school district under

1 contract and actually engaged in full-time or part-time positions which that are

2 not that of administrator.

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§ 1992. ADMINISTRATORS AND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL

TEACHERS; REFERENDUM PROCEDURE FOR

REPRESENTATION

(a) An organization purporting to represent a majority of all of the independent school teachers or of all administrators employed by the a school board may be recognized by the school board without the necessity of a referendum upon the submission of a petition bearing the valid signatures of a majority of the teachers or administrators employed by that school board.

Within fifteen 15 days after receiving the petition, the school board shall notify the teachers or administrators of the school district in writing of its intention to either require or waive a secret ballot referendum. If the school board gives notice of its intention to waive a referendum and recognize an organization, ten percent of the teachers or administrators employed by the school board may submit a petition within fifteen 15 days thereafter, objecting to the granting or recognition without a referendum, in which event a secret ballot referendum shall be held in the district for the purpose of choosing an exclusive representative according to the guidelines for referendum contained in this legislation section.

1	(b) Recognition granted to a negotiating unit as exclusive representative \underline{of}
2	a group of independent school teachers or a group of administrators shall be
3	valid and not subject to challenge by referendum petition or otherwise for the
4	remainder of the fiscal year in which recognition is granted and for an
5	additional period of twelve 12 months after final adoption of the budget for the
6	succeeding fiscal year and shall continue thereafter until a new referendum is
7	called for.
8	(c) A secret ballot referendum shall be held any time that $\frac{20}{20}$ percent
9	of the <u>independent school</u> teachers or <u>the</u> administrators employed by the
10	school board present a petition requesting a referendum on the matter of
11	representation, except during a period of prior recognition, as hereinbefore
12	provided in subsection (b) of this section. Any organization interested in
13	representing the teachers or the administrators in the school district shall have
14	the right to appear on the ballot by submitting a petition supported by ten
15	percent or more of the teachers or administrators in the school district.
16	§ 1993. PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS; REFERENDUM PROCEDURE
17	FOR REPRESENTATION
18	(a) To determine who shall represent public school teachers in negotiations
19	with the state, the provisions of 21 V.S.A. §§ 1723 and 1724 shall apply,

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except that:

1	(2) "Municipal employee" means a public school teacher.
2	(3) There shall be no more than one bargaining unit.
3	(4) 21 V.S.A. § 1724(c) shall not apply.
4	(b) The Vermont labor relations board shall have the responsibility for
5	making decisions on any matters in dispute regarding the mechanics of the
6	election, eligibility to be in the negotiating unit, eligibility to vote, and other
7	necessary decisions relating to the conduct of the referendum. Decisions of the
8	board shall be final.
9	§ 1994. PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS; UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICES
10	For the purposes of this chapter, the provisions of 21 V.S.A. §§ 1726–1729
11	shall apply to public school teachers and the state pursuant to the provisions of
12	21 V.S.A. § 1735 and, for purposes of interpreting those sections:
13	(1) "Employer" means the state.
14	(2) "This chapter" as used in 21 V.S.A. § 1726(a)(1) means chapter 57
15	of this title.
16	Subchapter 3. Negotiations between School Boards and Administrators or
17	Independent School Teachers
18	§ 2001. GOOD FAITH
19	The negotiations councils of the school board and of the recognized
20	independent school teachers' organization or recognized administrators'

organization shall meet together at reasonable times, upon request of either

party, and shall negotiate in good faith on all matters properly before there	n
under the provisions of this chapter.	

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§ 2003. TIME TO BEGIN

The teacher or administrator independent school teachers' or administrators' organizations holding exclusive negotiating rights shall make a request for the commencement of negotiations either to their the school board or to the school board negotiations council no later than 120 days prior to the earliest school district annual meeting conducted within the supervisory union.

§ 2004. AGENDA

The school board, through its negotiations council, shall, upon request, negotiate with representatives of the <u>independent school</u> teachers' or administrators' organization negotiations council on matters of salary, related economic conditions of employment, an agency service fee, procedures for processing complaints and grievances relating to employment, and any mutually agreed upon matters not in conflict with the statutes and laws of the state of Vermont.

§ 2005. WRITTEN AGREEMENT

The negotiations councils for the school board and the <u>independent school</u> teachers' or administrators' organization shall enter into a written agreement or

agreements incorporating therein that incorporate matters agreed to in negotiation.

§ 2006. MEDIATOR

If, after negotiation has taken place on all matters properly before them, the negotiations councils for the school board and <u>independent school</u> teachers' or administrators' organization are unable to reach agreement on specific negotiable items, they may jointly agree upon the services and person of a mediator for the purpose of assisting them in reconciling their differences and resolving the controversy on terms which that are mutually acceptable. If agreement cannot be reached upon the person of a mediator, then either party may request mediation upon any and all unresolved issues to be conducted by the American Arbitration Association or its designee. The parties shall meet with the mediator and make such information available as required.

14 § 2007. FACT-FINDING COMMITTEE

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(b) The fact-finding committee, which shall be activated as soon as practicable upon request, shall be composed of one member selected by the school board negotiations council, one member selected by the negotiations council for the <u>independent school</u> teachers' or administrators' organization, and one member who shall serve as chair, to be chosen by the other two members. <u>In the event that If</u> agreement cannot be reached on a third member

for the fact-finding committee, then the American Arbitration Association shall
be asked to appoint the third member.

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§ 2009. DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY

The negotiations councils for school boards and for <u>independent school</u> teachers' and administrators' organizations are empowered to delegate in whole or in part the responsibility for negotiation of the collective agreement to any persons they may choose. However, final ratification of any agreement on behalf of a school board shall remain the sole responsibility of the school board, unless the school board has agreed to binding interest arbitration pursuant to subchapter 4 of this chapter.

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Subchapter 4. Binding Interest Arbitration

§ 2021. NEGOTIATED BINDING INTEREST ARBITRATION

(a) Arbitration In connection with negotiations under subchapter 3 or 5 of this chapter, arbitration shall only occur if the recognized organization and the state or one or more of the school boards agree in writing to submit to binding arbitration for one or more issues remaining in dispute. An agreement to accept binding interest arbitration may not be revoked and shall apply only to the parties to the arbitration.

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(b) The parties may mutually agree to accept binding interest arbitration at
any time after impasse is reached. If the parties have neither accepted all
recommendations of a fact-finder nor reached an independent agreement on all
issues in dispute, either the state, the school board, or the recognized
organization may request binding interest arbitration by written notice to the
other party. The parties shall mutually agree on one of the following
limitations on the jurisdiction of the arbitrator:
(1) Arbitration under which the award is confined to a choice between
one of the following single packages:

- (A) The last best offer of the <u>state or</u> school board.
- (B) The last best offer of the recognized organization.
- (2) Arbitration under which the award is confined to a choice between one of the following on an issue-by-issue basis:
- (A) The last best offer of the <u>state or</u> school board.
- (B) The last best offer of the recognized organization.
 - (c) A strike, which shall have the same meaning as provided in 21 V.S.A. § 1722(16), shall be prohibited if it occurs after both parties have voluntarily submitted a dispute to final and binding arbitration or after a decision or award has been issued by the arbitrator. A The state or a school board may petition for an injunction or other appropriate relief from the superior court within the

1	county wherein where such strike in violation of this section is occurring or is
2	about to occur.
3	(d) If any provision of this subchapter is inconsistent with any other
4	provision of law governing arbitration, this subchapter shall govern.
5	* * *
6	§ 2025. FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED BY ARBITRATOR
7	(a) At the hearing, each party shall have full opportunity to submit all
8	relevant evidence, to introduce relevant documents and written material, and to
9	argue on behalf of its positions. At the hearing, both parties may present
10	evidence regarding the financial capacity of the state or the school district.
11	The arbitrator shall preside over such hearing.
12	(b) In reaching a decision, the arbitrator shall give weight to the factors
13	listed in subsection (a) of this section, plus the following factors:
14	(1) The lawful authority of the <u>state or the</u> school board.
15	(2) Stipulations of the parties.
16	(3) The interest and welfare of the public and the financial ability of the
17	state or the school board to pay for increased costs of public services including
18	the cost of labor.

1	§ 2026. NOTICE OF AWARD
2	The arbitrator shall file one copy of the decision with the state and the
3	recognized public school teachers' organization or, in the case of independent
4	school teacher or administrator negotiations, with each city or town clerk in the
5	school district involved, the school board, and the recognized organization.
6	The decision of the arbitrator shall be final and binding upon the parties to the
7	dispute.
8	* * *
9	Subchapter 5. Negotiations between the State
10	and Public School Teachers
11	§ 2031. GOOD FAITH
12	The state and the public school teachers' organization negotiations council
13	shall meet together at reasonable times, upon the request of either party, and
14	shall negotiate in good faith on all matters properly before them under the
15	provisions of this chapter.
16	§ 2032. TIME TO BEGIN
17	The public school teachers' organization and the state shall jointly
18	determine a date to begin negotiations on the next contract.
19	<u>§ 2033. AGENDA</u>
20	The public school teachers' organization negotiations council and the state

shall negotiate matters of salary, including the number of days and hours per

day that salary covers; insurance benefits; related economic conditions of
employment; leave time, excluding extended leave which under state board
rule requires employment of a licensed substitute; duration of the contract; an
agency service fee; procedures for processing complaints and grievances
relating to employment; and any mutually agreed-upon matters not in conflict
with the statutes and laws of the state of Vermont. Economic conditions of
employment not bargained for under this section shall be determined by local
school boards and teachers pursuant to chapter 9, subchapter 5 of this title.
Nothing in this section shall preclude a school board and teachers from
agreeing, pursuant to chapter 9, subchapter 5 of this title, to grievance
definitions and procedures other than those negotiated under this section.
§ 2034. WRITTEN AGREEMENT
The state and the public school teachers' organization negotiations council
shall enter into a written agreement or agreements that incorporate matters
agreed to in negotiation.
§ 2035. MEDIATOR
After negotiation has taken place on all matters properly before them, if the
state and the public school teachers' organization negotiations council are
unable to reach agreement on specific negotiable items, they may jointly agree
upon the services and person of a mediator for the purpose of assisting them in
reconciling their differences and resolving the controversy on terms that are

1	mutually acceptable. If agreement cannot be reached upon the person of a
2	mediator, then either party may request mediation upon any unresolved issues
3	to be conducted by the American Arbitration Association or its designee. The
4	parties shall meet with the mediator and make information available as
5	required.
6	§ 2036. FACT-FINDING COMMITTEE
7	(a) If mediation fails to resolve outstanding differences or is not requested
8	and a continuing disagreement persists, either party may, after negotiation on
9	all matters properly before them, request that any or all unresolved issues be
10	submitted to a fact-finding committee by notifying the other party of its
11	intention and setting forth in writing the issues to be submitted to fact-finding.
12	(b) The fact-finding committee, which shall be activated as soon as
13	practicable upon request, shall be composed of one member selected by the
14	state, one member selected by the public school teachers' organization
15	negotiations council, and one member who shall serve as chair, to be chosen by
16	the other two members. If agreement cannot be reached on a third member for
17	the fact-finding committee, then the American Arbitration Association shall be
18	asked to appoint the third member.
19	(c) The fact-finding committee shall convene as soon as practicable after its
20	appointment, hold informal hearings as necessary, and provide adequate

opportunity to all parties to testify fully on, and present evidence regarding,

1	their respective positions. All parties to the dispute shall furnish the
2	fact-finding committee upon its request all records, papers, and information in
3	their possession pertaining to any matter properly in issue before the fact-
4	finding committee. The fact-finding committee shall make a written report and
5	shall deliver it to both parties recommending a reasonable basis for the
6	settlement of the disagreement within 30 days after the appointment of all
7	members of the committee.
8	(d) The report of the fact-finding committee shall be advisory only and
9	shall not be binding on either party. If the issues in dispute have not been
10	resolved within ten days of the delivery of the report, the report shall be made
11	public by the fact-finding committee.
12	(e) All expenses of fact-finding and mediation shall be borne jointly by the
13	parties to the dispute.
14	§ 2037. FINALITY OF DECISIONS
15	All decisions of the state regarding matters in dispute in negotiations shall,
16	after full compliance with this chapter, be final.
17	§ 2038. RIGHT TO STRIKE
18	(a) In this section, "strike" means a concerted stoppage of work by teachers
19	except as provided in subsection (e) of this section. "Strike" does not mean a
20	concerted slowdown, interference, or interruption of operations or services by

teachers, all of which are prohibited to public school teachers.

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1	(b) Public school teachers may strike during negotiations under this
2	subchapter with the state or following a decision of the general assembly to
3	appropriate fewer funds than were requested under section 2039 of this title.
4	(c) A strike pursuant to subsection (b) of this section is prohibited under the
5	following circumstances:
6	(1) A court of competent jurisdiction, after due hearing, finds that the
7	commencement or continuance of the strike poses a clear and present danger to
8	a sound program of school education which in light of all relevant
9	circumstances is in the best public interest to prevent. Any restraining order or
10	injunction issued by a court under this subdivision shall prohibit only a specific
11	act or acts expressly determined in the findings of fact to pose a clear and
12	present danger.
13	(2) The strike occurs sooner than 30 days after the report of a fact-finder
14	has been made public pursuant to subsection 2036(d) of this title.
15	(3) Both parties have voluntarily agreed to binding arbitration under
16	subchapter 4 of this chapter, except that the teachers may strike following a
17	decision of the general assembly to appropriate fewer funds than were
18	requested under section 2039 of this title.
19	(d) For a violation of subsection (c) of this section, an injunction or other
20	appropriate relief may be obtained upon petition to the Washington superior
21	court.

process.

1	(e) A strike, which in this subsection has the same meaning as provided in
2	21 V.S.A. § 1722(16), in protest of a decision or action of a school board is
3	prohibited. For a violation of this subsection, a school board may petition the
4	superior court within the county in which the board is located for an injunction
5	or other appropriate relief.
6	§ 2039. APPROPRIATION
7	An agreement between the state and the recognized public school teachers'
8	organization shall be submitted to the governor, who shall request from the
9	general assembly the amount necessary to compensate the teachers according
10	to the negotiated compensation schedule.
11	Sec. 2. 16 V.S.A. chapter 9, subchapter 5 is added to read:
12	Subchapter 5. School Board and Public School Teacher
13	Decision Making
14	§ 568. RESOLUTION OF ISSUES
15	(a) Issues involving economic conditions of employment for public school
16	teachers not bargained under chapter 57, subchapter 5 of this title and any
17	other mutually agreed-upon matters not in conflict with law shall be resolved
18	under this subchapter; provided, however, that matters of educational and
19	school policy as set forth in section 563 of this title shall not be subject to this

1	(b) Nothing in this subchapter shall preclude public school teachers from
2	organizing for the purposes of resolving issues under this subchapter.
3	(c) For purposes of organization, public school teachers shall be subject to
4	the procedures of sections 1991 and 1992 of this title.
5	§ 569. SCHOOL BOARD AND TEACHER DECISION-MAKING
6	<u>PROCESS</u>
7	(a) The school board and teachers of a district shall mutually agree upon a
8	procedure for discussion and resolution of issues under this subchapter. The
9	procedure shall be one that enables discussion and resolution of issues that are
10	of importance to the teachers or the board in a way that is fair, satisfactory to
11	all, and in keeping with the best interests of the students. The procedure shall
12	be set forth in writing and ratified by each party.
13	(b) In the absence of a mutually agreed-upon procedure, the teachers and
14	board shall follow the procedure set forth in this subchapter.
15	(c) Two or more school districts may develop and implement a joint
16	procedure under this section.
17	§ 570. FACULTY-BOARD RELATIONS COUNCIL
18	(a) Unless the teachers and the school board of a district agree to a
19	procedure pursuant to section 569 of this title, they shall create a faculty-board
20	relations council for the purpose of discussing and resolving issues under this

subchapter. The council shall consist of two members of the school board

1	chosen by the board and two teachers elected by the teachers. The
2	superintendent shall appoint one administrator to provide staff assistance to the
3	council. The council shall meet at least monthly.
4	(b) At the request of any two council members, the council shall discuss
5	any issue or issues described in subsection 568(a) of this title.
6	(c) Pending resolution of a dispute between the board and teachers,
7	conditions of the former agreement or contract shall apply.
8	(d) If, after discussion, council members cannot resolve an issue or issues
9	raised and discussed at a monthly meeting, they shall place the issue or issues
10	on the formal agenda for the next monthly meeting. If an issue or issues
11	remain unresolved following that meeting, they shall be placed on the formal
12	agenda for the following monthly meeting.
13	(e) If an issue or issues are unresolved after being on the formal agenda for
14	two monthly meetings, the council may proceed to one or more of the
15	following:
16	(1) Mediation.
17	(2) Binding arbitration, but only if both the board and teachers ratify this
18	<u>step.</u>
19	(3) Further discussion at monthly meetings.

(4) Postponement of discussion to a date certain.

1	(f) If the council does not agree to use any of the processes of
2	subsection (e) of this section for dispute resolution or if mediation fails to
3	resolve an issue and, following mediation, the council does not proceed to
4	binding arbitration, then the council shall request that the issue or issues be
5	heard by the faculty-board appeal panel.
6	(g) If, at any point in the process, the teachers and school board are
7	satisfied that they have reached an agreement, they shall put the agreement into
8	writing.
9	(h) The council shall be exempt from the open meeting law of 1 V.S.A.
10	chapter 5, subchapter 2.
11	§ 570a. REPRESENTATION; RATIFICATION OF AGREEMENTS
12	(a) If, by petition, ten percent of the teachers in a district question who shall
13	represent the teachers in developing a mutually agreed-upon procedure under
14	section 569 of this title, who is elected to be a teacher member of the council
15	under section 570 of this title, or whether ratification of an agreement under
16	either section is valid, the superintendent shall conduct a referendum by secret
17	ballot. The petition shall be presented to the superintendent within 30 days of
18	the choice of a representative, election of a council member, or ratification of
19	an agreement.
20	(b) If the teachers are organized under section 568 of this title, the

organization shall ratify agreements and represent the teachers in developing a

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1	mutually agreed-upon procedure under section 569 of this title and in council
2	meetings under section 570 of this title.
3	§ 570b. FACULTY-BOARD APPEAL PANEL
4	(a) Unless teachers and the school board agree to a procedure pursuant to
5	section 569 of this title, they shall create a faculty-board appeal panel for the
5	purpose of hearing and deciding issues that are unresolved under section 568
7	of this title. The panel shall be made up of five legal voters in the school
8	district who are neither regularly employed by the school district or another
9	school district within the same supervisory union nor members of a public

(1) Two shall be elected by a majority of the teachers voting. All teachers in the school district under contract and actually engaged in full-time or part-time positions that are not that of administrator shall be eligible to vote. If at any point up to 30 days after choosing a member or until the first hearing in which the new member will participate, whichever comes first, ten percent of the teachers in a district sign a petition requesting a secret ballot, the superintendent shall conduct a referendum.

school board. A member may serve for an unlimited number of terms. A term

shall be one year. If a vacancy occurs before a term expires, the replacement

shall be chosen in the same manner as the original member. The members of

(2) Two shall be chosen by the school board.

the panel shall be chosen as follows:

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(3) One shall be elected by a majority of the members selected under
subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection. This member shall serve as chair.
(b) Upon request of the faculty-board relations council, the panel shall
meet within 30 days. All meetings of the panel shall be open to the public.
The panel shall give both parties the opportunity to present evidence and
argument and to respond to argument on all issues involved. Either party may
conduct cross-examination required for a full disclosure of the facts. The panel
shall keep a record of its proceedings and other official actions. The record
shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the district or supervisory union as a
public record. For the conduct of any hearing and the taking of any action, a
quorum shall be not less than three members of the panel. Any action of the
panel shall be taken by the concurrence of a majority of the entire panel.
(c) The panel shall consider the position of the school board and either
affirm, reverse, or modify the position or remand the issue to the council.
(d) In making a decision under this section, the panel shall affirm a position
of the school board if it finds that it is more likely than not that the position:
(1) was taken after good faith discussions;
(2) was taken after following the procedures of section 570 of this title;
<u>and</u>
(3) was reasonable

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1	§ 570c. UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICES
2	For the purpose of prevention of unfair labor practices, teachers and school
3	boards shall be subject to the provisions of 21 V.S.A. §§ 1726-1729 pursuant
4	to 21 V.S.A. § 1735. For the purposes of relations between teachers and their
5	school boards, subdivisions 1726(a)(8) and (b)(6) do not apply. In addition,
6	subdivisions 1726(a)(5) and (b)(4) shall not apply:
7	(1) if a school board and teachers in a district have agreed to a
8	decision-making process pursuant to section 569 of this title that enables
9	impartial review of whether discussion and attempted resolution of issues were
10	carried out in good faith; or
11	(2) if the board and teachers of a district have failed to agree on a
12	decision-making process and are therefore subject to the provisions of sections
13	570 and 570b of this title.
14	Sec. 3. 16 V.S.A. § 261a is amended to read:
15	§ 261a. DUTIES OF SUPERVISORY UNION BOARD
16	(a) Duties. The board of each supervisory union shall:
17	* * *
18	(8) provide the following services for the benefit of member districts in
19	a manner that promotes the efficient use of financial and human resources,

which shall be provided pursuant to joint agreements under section 267 of this

title whenever feasible; provided, however, if a supervisory union determines

1	that services would be provided more efficiently and effectively in another
2	manner, then it may ask the commissioner to grant it a waiver from this
3	subdivision:
4	* * *
5	(D) negotiate with teachers and administrators, pursuant to chapter 57
6	of this title, and with other school personnel, pursuant to chapter 22 of Title 21,
7	at the supervisory union level; provided that
8	(i) contract terms may vary by district; and
9	(ii) contracts may include terms facilitating arrangements between
10	or among districts to share the services of teachers, administrators, and other
11	school personnel;
12	* * *
13	Sec. 4. 16 V.S.A. § 1751 is amended to read:
14	§ 1751. SCHOOL BOARD OR SUPERVISORY UNION AS EMPLOYER;
15	CONTRACT
16	(a) Notwithstanding that the public school teachers' compensation schedule
17	is negotiated between the state of Vermont and the recognized teachers'
18	organization and notwithstanding that the school district or supervisory union
19	receives aid from the state of Vermont for funding teacher compensation, a
20	teacher shall be an employee of the school board or, in the case of special
21	educators, the supervisory union. Decisions regarding hiring, evaluation,

suspension, nonrenewal of contract, conditions of employment other than those
negotiated under chapter 57 of this title, and dismissal of the teacher shall be
made as provided in chapters 7 and 9 of this title.
(b) A contract between a board of school directors and a teacher shall not
be valid unless the same is in writing, or partly written and partly printed, in
triplicate, and signed by the teacher and by a majority of the board or by a
member of the board or other person who has been duly authorized by a
majority vote of the board at a regular meeting to sign the contract in question
on behalf of the board. One copy thereof shall be filed with the board, one
copy delivered to the teacher, and one copy delivered to the superintendent.
Such contract shall specify the date when the teacher shall begin service, the
time, grade and date of expiration of the license held by the teacher, the salary
of the teacher and such other matters as may be necessary for a complete
understanding between the parties.
(c) A public school teacher shall be compensated by a public school board
or supervisory union according to the agreement negotiated between the state
and the public school teachers' organization negotiating council. Except as
provided in this subsection, a school board or supervisory union shall not enter
into separate negotiations with a teacher and shall not provide the teacher
compensation above or below that set forth in the contract for a teacher of

equal experience and qualifications performing the same duties. For extra

BILL AS INTRODUCED 2012

S.219 Page 27 of 27

1	student-attendance days and extra teacher in-service education days, a board
2	shall pay compensation according to the statewide contract on a prorated basis.
3	A board may pay compensation at a different rate from that set forth in the
4	statewide contract for the performance of extra- or cocurricular activities or
5	days or hours worked during days which are not student-attendance or teacher
6	in-service days.
7	Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE; IMPLEMENTATION
8	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2012; provided, however, it shall apply
9	to contracts negotiated for the 2013–2014 academic year and after.