

Journal of the Senate

FRIDAY, MAY 7, 2010

The Senate was called to order by the President *pro tempore*.

Recess

On motion of Senator Racine the Senate recessed until Noon.

Called to Order

Pursuant to Rule 8 of the Senate Rules, in the absence of the President and the President pro tempore, the time for convening of the Senate having been set at Noon, the Senate was called to order by David A. Gibson, Secretary of the Senate.

Recess

On motion of Senator Campbell the Senate recessed until 1:00 P.M..

Called to Order

At 1 P.M. the Senate was called to order by the President *pro tempore*.

Devotional Exercises

A moment of silence was observed in lieu of devotions.

Message from the House No. 74

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. H. Gwynn Zakov, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has passed House bills of the following titles:

H. 730. An act relating to employment.

H. 780. An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the city of St. Albans.

In the passage of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has considered a bill originating in the Senate of the following title:

S. 262. An act relating to a study of coverage of appropriate services for children with autism spectrum disorders.

And has passed the same in concurrence with proposal of amendment in the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House proposal of amendment to Senate bill of the following title:

S. 90. An act relating to representative annual meetings.

And the House adheres to its proposal of amendment, and requests that the Senate recede from its proposal of amendment to the House proposal of amendment.

Message from the House No. 75

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. H. Gwynn Zakov, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered a bill originating in the Senate of the following title:

S. 182. An act relating to determining unemployment compensation experience rating for successor businesses.

And has passed the same in concurrence.

The House has considered the report of the Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on Senate bill of the following title:

S. 103. An act relating to the study and recommendation of ignition interlock device legislation.

And has adopted the same on its part.

The Governor has informed the House that on the May 5, 2010, he approved and signed bills originating in the House of the following titles:

H. 527. An act relating to municipal recovery of costs of fire department response.

H. 771. An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the town of Stowe.

H. 774. An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the city of South Burlington.

The Governor has informed the House that on the May 6, 2010, he approved and signed a bill originating in the House of the following title:

H. 775. An act relating to technical changes to the records management authority of the Vermont state archives and records administration.

Pages Honored

In appreciation of their many services to the members of the General Assembly, the following-named pages, who are completing their services today, were presented with commemorative posters signed by the President of the Senate.

William Capitani of West Dover
Nathaniel Durfee of Shaftsbury
Kyle Gadapee of Danville
Brianna Grimm of Newport
Ethan Reichsman of Marlboro
Samantha Robertson of Pittsfield
Lillian Seibert of South Lincoln
Kelly Shaw of Eden
Aleksandra Stamper of Williston
Meaghan Williams of Bradford

Bills Referred

House bills of the following titles were severally read the first time and referred:

H. 730.

An act relating to employment.

To the Committee on Rules.

H. 780.

An act relating to approval of amendments to the charter of the city of St. Albans.

To the Committee on Government Operations.

President Assumes the Chair

Senate Resolution Ordered to Lie

S.R. 25.

Senate resolution entitled:

Senate resolution relating to the animal slaughtering and meat packaging operations of Bushway Packing, Inc. and Champlain Valley Meats, Inc.

Was taken up.

Thereupon, pending the question, Shall the Senate resolution be adopted?, on motion of Senator Shumlin, the Senate resolution was ordered to lie.

Senate Resolution Adopted

S.R. 26.

Senate resolution entitled:

Senate resolution urging Congress to enact H.R. 2754 that would amend the Public Health Service Act to establish the Nurse-Managed Health Clinic Investment Program.

Having been placed on the Calendar for action, was taken up and adopted.

Rules Suspended; House Proposal of Amendment Concurred In

S. 262.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Shumlin, the rules were suspended and House proposal of amendment to Senate bill entitled:

An act relating to a study of coverage of appropriate services for children with autism spectrum disorders.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. FINDINGS

The general assembly finds that:

(1) Many individuals with an autism spectrum disorder require lifelong supports at an estimated cost of \$3.2 million per person.

(2) A 2008 report to the Vermont general assembly estimated that Vermont spent \$57 million on services for individuals with autism spectrum disorders during fiscal year 2007.

(3) Research strongly indicates that early detection, diagnosis, and treatment of children with autism spectrum disorders result in significant improvements in functioning for a substantial subset of young children from birth to age eight who receive intensive, early intervention and treatment. Examples from studies have found:

(A) For a group of children receiving 40 hours per week of intensive, early behavioral intervention for two or more years, 47 percent achieved successful first grade performance, only 40 percent were assigned to special classes, and only 10 percent required continued, ongoing support;

(B) When the children described in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (3) were followed up at the age of 11 and one-half years, only one child who had been in the 47 percent successful group in the first grade required more support; others were indistinguishable from their peers; and

(C) For a group of children in a separate study who received an average of 38 hours per week of intensive, early behavioral intervention for two years, 48 percent succeeded in regular first- and second-grade classes, demonstrated generally average academic abilities, spoke fluently, and had peers with whom they played regularly.

(4) A national survey of parents in 2005–2006 found that:

(A) 31 percent of children with an autism spectrum disorder had unmet needs for specific health care services;

(B) 14 percent of children with an autism spectrum disorder had forgone care;

(C) 31 percent of children with an autism spectrum disorder had difficulty receiving referrals;

(D) 38 percent of families of children with an autism spectrum disorder had financial problems caused by their child's health care;

(E) 35 percent of families of children with an autism spectrum disorder found that they needed additional income to cover their child's medical expenses;

(F) 57 percent of families of children with an autism spectrum disorder had a family member who needed to reduce or stop employment because of the child's condition;

(G) 27 percent of families of children with an autism spectrum disorder spent 10 or more hours per week providing or coordinating the child's care; and

(H) 31 percent of families of children with an autism spectrum disorder had paid at least \$1,000.00 for their child's medical care during the preceding year.

(5) Information gathered through a 2008 online survey indicates similar challenges for families of children with autism spectrum disorders in Vermont, including high rates of stress, depression, economic hardship, social isolation, marital difficulties, sibling issues, impacts on extended family relationships, and job loss.

(6) Two studies in other states have documented cost savings associated with early intensive behavioral intervention, predicting savings near or above \$200,000.00 per child over the course of the child's educational career.

(7) Special education information provided to the office of special education in the Vermont department of education in December 2009 included 94 early essential education students (ages three to five years) and 14 family, infant, and toddler children (ages birth to three years) with autism spectrum disorders. Using the predicted savings from the studies in other states, the projected savings in Vermont if those 108 children received early intensive behavioral intervention would be over \$20 million.

(8) Special education directors currently report spending an average of \$42,500.00 per child per year for students with an autism spectrum disorder, which would total \$765,000.00 per child over 18 years of education.

Sec. 2. 8 V.S.A. § 4088i is added to read:

§ 4088i. COVERAGE FOR DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT OF AUTISM SPECTRUM DISORDERS

(a) A health insurance plan shall provide coverage for the diagnosis and treatment of autism spectrum disorders, including applied behavior analysis supervised by a nationally board-certified behavior analyst, for children, beginning at 18 months of age and continuing until the child reaches age six or enters the first grade, whichever occurs first.

(b) A health insurance plan shall not limit in any way the number of visits an individual eligible for coverage under subsection (a) of this section may have with an autism services provider.

(c) A health insurance plan shall not impose greater coinsurance, co-payment, deductible, or other cost-sharing requirements for coverage of the diagnosis or treatment of autism spectrum disorders than apply to the diagnosis and treatment of any other physical or mental health condition under the plan.

(d) As used in this section:

(1) "Applied behavior analysis" means the design, implementation, and evaluation of environmental modifications using behavioral stimuli and consequences to produce socially significant improvement in human behavior. The term includes the use of direct observation, measurement, and functional analysis of the relationship between environment and behavior.

(2) "Autism services provider" means any licensed or certified person providing treatment of autism spectrum disorders.

(3) “Autism spectrum disorders” means one or more pervasive developmental disorders as defined in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, including autistic disorder and Asperger’s disorder.

(4) “Diagnosis of autism spectrum disorder” means medically necessary assessments; evaluations, including neuropsychological evaluations; genetic testing; or other testing to determine whether an individual has one or more autism spectrum disorders.

(5) “Habilitative care” or “rehabilitative care” means professional counseling, guidance, services, and treatment programs, including applied behavior analysis and other behavioral health treatments, in which the covered individual makes clear, measurable progress, as determined by an autism services provider, toward attaining goals the provider has identified.

(6) “Health insurance plan” means Medicaid, the Vermont health access plan, and any other public health care assistance program, any individual or group health insurance policy, any hospital or medical service corporation or health maintenance organization subscriber contract, or any other health benefit plan offered, issued, or renewed for any person in this state by a health insurer, as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 9402. The term does not include benefit plans providing coverage for specific diseases or other limited benefit coverage.

(7) “Medically necessary” means any care, treatment, intervention, service, or item that is prescribed, provided, or ordered by a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 23 of Title 26 or by a psychologist licensed pursuant to chapter 55 of Title 26 if such treatment is consistent with the most recent relevant report or recommendations of the American Academy of Pediatrics, the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry, or another professional group of similar standing.

(8) “Therapeutic care” means services provided by licensed or certified speech language pathologists, occupational therapists, physical therapists, or social workers.

(9) “Treatment of autism spectrum disorders” means the following care prescribed, provided, or ordered for an individual diagnosed with one or more autism spectrum disorders by a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 23 of Title 26 or a psychologist licensed pursuant to chapter 55 of Title 26 if such physician or psychologist determines the care to be medically necessary:

(A) habilitative or rehabilitative care;

(B) pharmacy care;

(C) psychiatric care;

(D) psychological care; and

(E) therapeutic care.

(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any obligation to provide services to an individual under an individualized family service plan, individualized education program, or individualized service plan.

Sec. 3. APPLICABILITY AND EFFECTIVE DATE

(a) Sec. 2 of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2011, and shall apply to all health insurance plans on and after July 1, 2011, on such date as a health insurer offers, issues, or renews the health insurance plan, but in no event later than July 1, 2012.

(b) This section and Secs. 1 and 4 of this act shall take effect upon passage.

Sec. 4. EVALUATION OF COVERAGE FOR SCHOOL-AGE CHILDREN; IDENTIFICATION OF SAVINGS AND EFFICIENCIES

(a) The agencies of administration and of human services and the department of education shall evaluate the feasibility and budget impacts of requiring health insurance plans, including Medicaid and the Vermont health access plan, to provide coverage of autism spectrum disorders, including applied behavior analysis supervised by a nationally board-certified behavior analyst for children under the age of 18 who have been diagnosed with an autism spectrum disorder. The agencies and department shall also assess the availability of providers of services across Vermont for individuals with autism spectrum disorders. No later than January 15, 2011, the agencies and department shall report their findings and recommendations regarding expanding coverage of treatment for autism spectrum disorders to school-age children and the availability of providers to the house committees on health care and on appropriations and the senate committees on health and welfare and on appropriations.

(b) In preparing their fiscal year 2012 budget proposals, the agencies of administration and of human services and the department of education shall collaborate to identify savings, reductions in spending trends, and avoided costs to be achieved by reducing duplications of effort and maximizing achievable efficiencies in the provision of services to children diagnosed with autism spectrum disorders. In addition, the agencies and the department shall estimate the amount of savings and avoided costs to be realized by the state over time as a result of the insurance coverage requirement in Sec. 2 of this act. The agencies and the department shall collaborate with the joint fiscal office and shall include in their fiscal year 2012 budget proposals all identified and

projected savings, reductions in trend, and avoided costs that may be used to offset the state's share of expenditures resulting from the requirement that health insurance plans provide coverage for diagnosis and treatment of autism spectrum disorders.

(c) In order to permit the general assembly to assess the availability of sufficient funds to implement the coverage requirement established in Sec. 2 of this act in fiscal year 2012, no later than February 15, 2011, the agencies of administration and of human services and the department of education shall report to the house committees on health care and on appropriations and the senate committees on health and welfare and on appropriations the amount of savings, reductions in spending trends, and avoided costs they have identified pursuant to subsection (b) of this section that will offset the state's share of expenditures related to the coverage requirement.

(d) If the report required by subsection (c) of this section or the findings of the committees of jurisdiction indicate that sufficient funds will not be available to offset the state's share of expenditures related to the coverage requirement established in Sec. 2 of this act in fiscal year 2012, it is the intent of the general assembly to consider whether to proceed with implementation of such coverage requirement.

Ad that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

“An act relating to insurance coverage for autism diagnosis and treatment.”

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate concur in the House proposal of amendment?, was decided in the affirmative.

**Rules Suspended; Report of Committee of Conference Accepted and
Adopted on the Part of the Senate**

H. 590.

Appearing on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Shumlin, the rules were suspended and the report of the Committee of Conference on House bill entitled:

An act relating to mediation in foreclosure proceedings.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Campbell, for the Committee of Conference, submitted the following report:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The Committee of Conference to which were referred the disagreeing votes of the two Houses upon House bill entitled:

H. 590. An act relating to mediation in foreclosure proceedings.

Respectfully reports that it has met and considered the same and recommends that the Senate recede from its proposal of amendment and that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. Rule 80.1 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure is amended to read:

RULE 80.1. FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGES AND JUDGMENT LIENS

* * *

(b) Complaint; Process.

(1) Complaint. The complaint in an action for foreclosure shall set forth the name of the mortgagor and mortgagee, the date of the mortgage deed, the description of the premises, the debt or claim secured by the mortgage, any attorney's fees claimed under an agreement in the mortgage or other instrument evidencing indebtedness, any assignment of the mortgage, the condition contained in the mortgage deed alleged to have been breached, the names of all parties in interest and, as to each party in interest, the date of record of the instrument upon which the interest is based, shall pray that defendants' equity of redemption in the premises be foreclosed and explain that the defendant or defendants must enter their appearance in order to receive notice of the foreclosure judgment which will set forth the amount of money they must deposit to redeem the premises and the period of time allowed them to deposit this amount. The plaintiff shall attach to the complaint copies of the original note and mortgage deed and proof of ownership thereof, including copies of all original endorsements and assignments of the note and mortgage deed. The plaintiff shall plead in its complaint that the originals are in the possession and control of the plaintiff or that the plaintiff is otherwise entitled to enforce the mortgage note pursuant to the Uniform Commercial Code. All parties in interest shall be joined as parties defendant. Failure to join any party in interest shall not invalidate the action nor any subsequent proceedings as to those joined. A claim for foreclosure in an action under this paragraph may not be joined with a claim for a deficiency except when a defendant in the answer has requested foreclosure pursuant to a power of sale in the mortgage.

* * *

Sec. 2. 12 V.S.A. § 4523(b) is amended to read:

(b) The plaintiff shall file a copy of the complaint, without supporting attachments, in the town clerk's office in each town where the mortgaged property is located. The clerk of the town shall minute on the margin of the record of the mortgage that a copy of foreclosure proceedings on the mortgage

is filed. The filing shall be sufficient notice of the pendency of the action to all persons who acquire any interest or lien on the mortgaged premises between the dates of filing the copy of foreclosure and the recording of the final judgment in the proceedings. Without further notice or service, those persons shall be bound by the judgment entered in the cause and be foreclosed from all rights or equity in the premises as completely as though they had been parties in the original action.

Sec. 3. 12 V.S.A. § 4531a is amended to read:

§ 4531a. FORECLOSURE; POWER OF SALE

(a) When a power of sale is contained in a mortgage and the plaintiff in the foreclosure complaint, or the defendant in his or her answer requests a sale, the court may upon entry of judgment of foreclosure order that if the property is not redeemed within the time period allowed by the court, the property be sold pursuant to such power and the court may further determine the time and manner of the sale. If a sale is ordered with respect to any property other than farmland or a dwelling house of ~~two~~ four units or less when currently occupied by the owner as his or her principal residence, the redemption period shall be eliminated or reduced by the court to no more than 30 days. If the property is not redeemed, the plaintiff shall thereupon execute the power of sale and do all things required by it or by the court. No sale of a dwelling house of ~~two~~ four units or less when currently occupied by the owner as his or her principal residence may take place within seven months of service of the foreclosure complaint, unless the court finds that the occupant is making waste of the property or the parties mutually agree after suit to a shorter period.

(b) When a power of sale is contained in a mortgage relating to any property except for a dwelling house of ~~two~~ four units or less that is occupied by the owner as a principal residence, or farmland, instead of a suit and decree of foreclosure, the mortgagee or assignee may, upon breach of mortgage condition, exercise the power of sale without first commencing a foreclosure action or obtaining a foreclosure decree, and may give notices and do all such acts as are authorized or required by the power, including the giving of a foreclosure deed upon the completion of the foreclosure sale; but no sale under and by virtue of a power of sale shall be valid and effectual to foreclose the mortgage unless the conditions of sections 4532 and 4533a of this title are complied with.

* * *

Sec. 4. 12 V.S.A. chapter 163, subchapter 9 is added to read:

Subchapter 9. Mediation in Foreclosure Actions

§ 4701. MEDIATION PROGRAM ESTABLISHED

(a) This subchapter establishes a program to assure the availability of mediation and application of the federal Home Affordable Modification Program (“HAMP”) requirements in actions for foreclosure of a mortgage on any dwelling house of four units or less that is occupied by the owner as a principal residence.

(b) The requirements of this subchapter shall apply only to foreclosure actions involving loans that are subject to the federal HAMP guidelines.

(c) To be qualified to act as a mediator under this subchapter, an individual shall be licensed to practice law in the state and shall be required to have taken a specialized, continuing legal education training course on foreclosure prevention or loss mitigation approved by the Vermont Bar Association.

§ 4702. OPPORTUNITY TO MEDIATE

(a) In an action for foreclosure of a mortgage on any dwelling house of four units or less that is occupied by the owner as a principal residence, whenever the mortgagor enters an appearance in the case or requests mediation prior to four months after judgment is entered, the court shall refer the case to mediation pursuant to this subchapter, except that the court may:

(1) for good cause, shorten the four-month period or thereafter decline to order mediation; or

(2) decline to order mediation if the mortgagor requests mediation after judgment has been entered and the court determines that the mortgagor is attempting to delay the case, or the court may for good cause decline to order mediation if the mortgagor requests mediation after judgment has been entered.

(b) Unless the mortgagee agrees otherwise, all mediation shall be completed prior to the expiration of the redemption period. The redemption period shall not be stayed on account of pending mediation.

(c) In an action for foreclosure of a mortgage on any dwelling house of four units or less that is occupied by the owner as a principal residence, the mortgagee shall serve upon the mortgagor two copies of the notice described in subsection (d) of this section with the summons and complaint. The supreme court may by rule consolidate this notice with other foreclosure-related notices as long as the consolidation is consistent with the content and format of the notice under this subsection.

(d) The notice required by subsection (c) of this section shall:

(1) be on a form approved by the court administrator;

(2) advise the homeowner of the homeowner's rights in foreclosure proceedings under this subchapter;

(3) state the importance of participating in mediation even if the homeowner is currently communicating with the mortgagee or servicer;

(4) provide contact information for legal services; and

(5) incorporate a form that can be used by the homeowner to request mediation from the court.

(e) The court may, on motion of a party, find that the requirements of this subchapter have been met and that the parties are not required to participate in mediation under this subchapter if the mortgagee files a motion and establishes to the satisfaction of the court that it has complied with the applicable requirements of HAMP and supports its motion with sworn affidavits that:

(1) include the calculations and inputs required by HAMP and employed by the mortgagee; and

(2) demonstrate that the mortgagee or servicer met with the mortgagor in person or via videoconferencing or made reasonable efforts to meet with the mortgagor in person.

§ 4703. MEDIATION

(a) During all mediations under this subchapter:

(1) the mortgagee shall use and consider available foreclosure prevention tools, including reinstatement, loan modification, forbearance, and short sale, and the calculations, assumptions, and forms established by the HAMP guidelines, including all HAMP-related "net present value" calculations in considering a loan modification conducted under this subchapter;

(2) the mortgagee shall produce for the mortgagor and mediator documentation of its consideration of the options available in this subdivision and subdivision (1) of this subsection, including the data used in and the outcome of any HAMP-related "net present value" calculation; and

(3) where the mortgagee claims that a pooling and servicing or other similar agreement prohibits modification, the mortgagee shall produce a copy of the agreement. All agreement documents shall be confidential and shall not be included in the mediator's report.

(b) In all mediations under this subchapter, the mortgagor shall make a good faith effort to provide to the mediator 20 days prior to the first mediation, or within a time determined by the mediator to be appropriate in order to allow

for verification of the information provided by the mortgagee, information on his or her household income, and any other information required by HAMP unless already provided.

(c) The parties to a mediation under this subchapter shall cooperate in good faith under the direction of the mediator to produce the information required by subsections (a) and (b) of this section in a timely manner so as to permit the mediation process to function effectively.

(d)(1) The following persons shall participate in any mediation under this subchapter:

(A) the mortgagee, or any other person, including the mortgagee's servicing agent, who meets the qualifications required by subdivision (2) of this subsection;

(B) counsel for the mortgagee; and

(C) the mortgagor, and counsel for the mortgagor, if represented.

(2) The mortgagee or mortgagee's servicing agent, if present, shall have:

(A) authority to agree to a proposed settlement, loan modification, or dismissal of the foreclosure action;

(B) real time access during the mediation to the mortgagor's account information and to the records relating to consideration of the options available in subdivisions (a)(1) and (2) of this section, including the data and factors considered in evaluating each such foreclosure prevention tool; and

(C) the ability and authority to perform necessary HAMP-related "net present value" calculations and to consider other options available in subdivisions (a)(1) and (2) of this section during the mediation.

(e) The mediator may permit a party identified in subdivision (d)(1) of this section to participate in mediation by telephone or videoconferencing.

(f) The mediator may include in the mediation process under this subchapter any other person the mediator determines would assist in the mediation.

(g) Unless the parties agree otherwise, all mediations under this subchapter shall take place in the county in which the foreclosure action is brought pursuant to subsection 4523(a) of this title.

§ 4704. MEDIATION REPORT

(a) Within seven days of the conclusion of any mediation under this subchapter, the mediator shall report in writing the results of the process to the court and both parties.

(b) The report required by subsection (a) of this section shall not disclose the mediator's assessment of any aspect of the case or substantive matters discussed during the mediation, except as is required to report the information required by this section. The report shall contain all of the following items:

(1) The date on which the mediation was held, including the starting and finishing times.

(2) The names and addresses of all persons attending, showing their role in the mediation and specifically identifying the representative of each party who had decision-making authority.

(3) A summary of any substitute arrangement made regarding attendance at the mediation.

(4) All HAMP-related "net present value" calculations and other foreclosure avoidance tool calculations performed prior to or during the mediation and all information related to the requirements in subsection 4703(a) of this title.

(5) The results of the mediation, stating whether full or partial settlement was reached and appending any agreement of the parties.

(6)(A) A statement as to whether any person required under subsection (d) of section 4703 of this title to participate in the mediation failed to:

(i) attend the mediation;

(ii) make a good faith effort to mediate; or

(iii) supply documentation, information, or data as required by subsections 4703(a)–(c) of this title.

(B) If a statement is made under subdivision (6)(A) of this subsection (b), it shall be accompanied by a brief description of the applicable reason for the statement.

§ 4705. COMPLIANCE WITH OBLIGATIONS

(a) Upon receipt of a mediator's report required by subsection 4704(a) of this title, the court shall determine whether the mortgagee or servicer has complied with all of its obligations under subsection 4703(a) of this title, and, at a minimum, with any modification obligations under HAMP. The court may make such a determination without a hearing unless the court, in its discretion, determines that a hearing is necessary.

(b) If the mediator's report includes a statement under subdivision 4704(b)(6) of this title, or if the court makes a determination of noncompliance with the obligations under subsection 4705(a) of this title, the court may impose appropriate sanctions, including prohibiting the mortgagee from selling

or taking possession of the property that is the subject of the action with or without opportunity to cure as the court deems appropriate.

(c) No mediator shall be required to testify in an action subject to this subchapter.

§ 4706. EFFECT OF MEDIATION PROGRAM ON FORECLOSURE ACTIONS FILED PRIOR TO EFFECTIVE DATE

The court shall, on request of a party prior to judgment or on request of a party and showing of good cause after judgment, require mediation in any foreclosure action on a mortgage on any dwelling house of four units or less that is occupied by the owner as a principal residence that was commenced prior to the effective date of this subchapter but only up to 30 days prior to the end of the redemption period.

§ 4707. NO WAIVER OF RIGHTS; COSTS OF MEDIATION; EXEMPTIONS

(a) The parties' rights in a foreclosure action are not waived by their participation in mediation under this subchapter.

(b) The mortgagee shall pay the required costs for any mediation under this subchapter except that the mortgagor shall be responsible for mortgagor's own costs, including the cost of mortgagor's attorney, if any, and travel costs.

(c) If the foreclosure action results in a sale with a surplus, the mortgagee may recover the full cost of mediation to the extent of the surplus. Otherwise, the mortgagee may not shift to the mortgagor the costs of the mortgagee's or the servicing agent's attorney's fees or travel costs related to mediation but may shift up to one-half of the costs of the mediator.

Sec. 5. 12 V.S.A. § 4532a is amended to read:

§ 4532a. NOTICE TO COMMISSIONER OF BANKING, INSURANCE, SECURITIES, AND HEALTH CARE ADMINISTRATION

(a) At the same time the mortgage holder files an action to foreclose owner occupied, one-to-four-family residential property, the mortgage holder shall file a notice of foreclosure with the commissioner of the department of banking, insurance, securities, and health care administration. The commissioner may require that the notice of foreclosure be sent in an electronic format. The notice of foreclosure shall include:

(1) the name and, current mailing address, and current telephone number, if known, of the mortgagor;

(2) the address of the property being foreclosed;

(3) the name of the current mortgage holder, along with the address and telephone number of the person or entity responsible for workout negotiations concerning the mortgage;

(4) the name of the original lender, if different;

(5) the name, address, and telephone number of the mortgage servicer, if applicable; and

(6) any other information the commissioner may require.

(b) The court clerk shall not accept a foreclosure complaint for filing without a certification by the plaintiff that the notice of foreclosure has been sent to the commissioner of banking, insurance, securities, and health care administration in accordance with subsection (a) of this section.

(c) Acceptance of a foreclosure complaint by the court clerk that, due to a good faith error or omission by the plaintiff or the clerk, does not contain the certification required in subsection (a) of this section, shall not invalidate the foreclosure proceeding, provided that the plaintiff files the required notice with the commissioner within 10 days of obtaining knowledge of the error or omission.

(d) The commissioner may disclose the information from the notice of foreclosure to the office of the attorney general.

Sec. 6. 27 V.S.A. § 305 is amended to read:

§ 305. CONVEYANCES EFFECTED THROUGH POWER OF ATTORNEY

(a) A deed or other conveyance of lands or of an estate or interest therein, made by virtue of a power of attorney, shall not be of any effect or admissible in evidence, unless such power of attorney is signed, witnessed by one or more witnesses, acknowledged and recorded in the office where such deed is required to be recorded.

(b) Nothing in subsection (a) of this section shall limit the enforceability of a power of attorney which is executed in another state or jurisdiction in compliance with the law of that state or jurisdiction. This subsection shall apply retroactively, except that it shall not affect a suit begun or pending as of July 1, 2010.

Sec. 7. 27 V.S.A. § 348 is amended to read:

§ 348. INSTRUMENTS CONCERNING REAL PROPERTY VALIDATED

(a) When an instrument of writing shall have been on record in the office of the clerk in the proper town for a period of 15 years, and there is a defect in the instrument because it omitted to state any consideration therefor or was not sealed, witnessed, acknowledged, validly acknowledged, or because a license

to sell was not issued or is defective, the instrument shall, from and after the expiration of 15 years from the filing thereof for record, be valid. Nothing herein shall be construed to affect any rights acquired by grantees, assignees or encumbrancers under the instruments described in the preceding sentence, nor shall this section apply to conveyances or other instruments of writing, the validity of which is brought in question in any suit now pending in any courts of the state.

* * *

Sec. 8. 12 V.S.A. § 506 is amended to read:

§ 506. JUDGMENTS

Actions on judgments and actions for the renewal or revival of judgments shall be brought by filing a new and independent action on the judgment within eight years after the rendition of the judgment, and not after.

Sec. 9. 12 V.S.A. § 2903 is amended to read:

§ 2903. DURATION AND EFFECTIVENESS

(a) A judgment lien shall be effective for eight years from the issuance of a final judgment on which it is based except that ~~a petition for foreclosure filed~~ an action to foreclose the judgment lien during the eight-year period shall extend the period until the termination of the foreclosure suit if a copy of the complaint is filed in the land records on or before eight years from the issuance of the final judgment.

(b) A judgment which is renewed or revived pursuant to section 506 of this title shall constitute a lien on real property for eight years from the issuance of the renewed or revived judgment if recorded in accordance with this chapter and shall relate back to the date on which the original lien was first recorded.

(c) Interest on a judgment lien shall accrue at the rate of 12 percent per annum.

~~(e)~~(d) If a judgment lien is not satisfied within 30 days of recording, it may be foreclosed and redeemed as provided in this title and V.R.C.P. 80.1. Unless the court finds that as of the date of foreclosure the amount of the outstanding debt exceeds the value of the real property being foreclosed, section 4531 of this title shall apply to foreclosure of a judgment lien.

Sec. 10. 19 V.S.A. § 1111 is amended to read:

§ 1111. PERMITTED USE OF THE RIGHT-OF-WAY

* * *

(h) Restraining prohibited acts. Whenever the secretary believes that any person is in violation of the provisions of this chapter he or she may also bring an action in the name of the agency in a court of competent jurisdiction against the person to collect civil penalties as provided for in subsection (j) of this section and to restrain by temporary or permanent injunction the continuation or repetition of the violation. The selectmen have the same authority for town highways. The court may issue temporary or permanent injunctions without bond, and any other relief as may be necessary and appropriate for abatement of any violation. An action, injunction, or other enforcement proceeding by a municipality relating to the failure to obtain or comply with the terms and conditions of any permit issued by a municipality pursuant to this section shall be instituted within 15 years from the date the alleged violation first occurred and not thereafter. The burden of proving the date on which the alleged violation first occurred shall be on the person against whom the enforcement action is instituted.

* * *

Sec. 11. 14A V.S.A. § 102 is amended to read:

§ 102. SCOPE

(a) This title applies to express trusts, charitable or noncharitable, and trusts created pursuant to a statute, judgment, or decree that requires the trust to be administered in the manner of an express trust. Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, this title shall not apply to trusts described in the following provisions of Vermont Statutes Annotated: chapter 16 of Title 3, chapter 151 of Title 6, chapters 103, 204, and 222 of Title 8, chapters 11A, 12, and 59 of Title 10, chapter 7 of Title 11A, chapter 11 of Title 15, chapters 55, 90, and 131 of Title 16, chapters 121, 177, and 225 of Title 18, chapter 9 of Title 21, chapters 65, 119, 125, and 133 of Title 24, ~~chapters 5 and chapter 7~~ of Title 27, chapter 11 of Title 28, chapter 16 of Title 29, and chapters 84 and 91 of Title 30.

(b) Section 1013 of this title (certification of trust) shall apply to all trusts described in subsection (a) of this section.

Sec. 12. EFFECTIVE DATE

(a) Secs. 1–5 and 13 of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2010.

(b) This section and Secs. 6–11 of this act shall take effect upon passage.

Sec. 13. SUNSET

Secs. 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 of this act shall be repealed on the same day as the expiration date of the federal Home Affordability Modification Program (“HAMP”).

JOHN F. CAMPBELL
VINCENT ILLUZZI
ANN E. CUMMINGS

Committee on the Part of the Senate

THOMAS F. KOCH
WILLEM W. JEWETT
RICHARD J. MAREK

Committee on the Part of the House

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate accept and adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?, was decided in the affirmative.

Rules Suspended; Report of Committee of Conference Accepted and Adopted on the Part of the Senate

H. 647.

Pending entry on the Calendar for notice, on motion of Senator Shumlin, the rules were suspended and the report of the Committee of Conference on House bill entitled:

An act relating to misclassification of employees to lower premiums for workers' compensation and unemployment compensation.

Was taken up for immediate consideration.

Senator Illuzzi, for the Committee of Conference, submitted the following report:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The Committee of Conference to which were referred the disagreeing votes of the two Houses upon House bill entitled:

H. 647. An act relating to misclassification of employees to lower premiums for workers' compensation and unemployment compensation.

Respectfully reports that it has met and considered the same and recommends that the House accede to the Senate Proposal of Amendment and that the bill be further amended as follows:

First: In Sec. 3, 21 V.S.A. § 692, by striking out subsections (a), (b), and (c) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(a) Failure to insure. If after a hearing under section 688 of this title, the commissioner determines that an employer has failed to comply with the provisions of section 687 of this title, the employer shall be assessed an administrative penalty of not more than \$100.00 for ~~every day~~ the first seven

days the employer neglected to secure liability and not more than \$150.00 for every day thereafter.

(b) Stop-work orders. Additionally, If an employer who fails to comply with the provisions of section 687 of this title for a period of five days after notice from investigation by the commissioner, the commissioner shall issue an emergency order to that employer to stop work until the employer has secured workers' compensation insurance. If the commissioner determines that issuing a stop-work order would immediately threaten the safety or health of the public, the commissioner may permit work to continue until the immediate threat to public safety or health is removed. The commissioner shall document the reasons for permitting work to continue, and the document shall be available to the public. In addition, the employer shall be assessed an administrative penalty of not more than \$250.00 for every day after five days that the employer fails to secure workers' compensation coverage after the commissioner issues an order to obtain insurance and may also be assessed an administrative penalty of not more than \$250.00 for each employee for every day that the employer fails to secure workers' compensation coverage as required in section 687 of this title. The When a stop-work order is issued, the commissioner may, after giving notice and after the expiration of the five day period, shall post a notice at a conspicuous place on the premises work site of the employer informing the employees that their employer has failed to comply with the provisions of section 687 of this title and ordering the premises closed that work at the work site has been ordered to cease until workers' compensation insurance is secured. The stop-work order shall be rescinded as soon as the commissioner determines that the employer is in compliance with section 687 of this title. An employer against whom a stop-work order has been issued is prohibited from contracting, directly or indirectly, with the state or any of its subdivisions for a period of up to three years following the date of the issuance of the stop-work order, as determined by the commissioner in consultation with the commissioner of buildings and general services or the secretary of transportation, as appropriate. Either the secretary or the commissioner, as appropriate, shall be consulted in any contest of the prohibition of the employer from contracting with the state or its subdivisions.

(c) If any employer fails to secure or retain workers' compensation insurance within two years after receiving an order to obtain insurance or a notice that the commissioner intends to order the premises closed as described in subsection (b) of this section, without further notice the commissioner shall order the premises of that employer closed and that all business operations cease until the employer has secured workers' compensation insurance.

Penalty for violation of stop-work order. In addition to any other penalties, an employer who violates a stop-work order described in subsection (b) of this section is subject to:

(1) A civil penalty of not more than \$5,000.00 for the first violation and a civil penalty of not more than \$10,000.00 for a second or subsequent violation; or

(2) A criminal fine of not more than \$10,000.00 or imprisonment for not more than 180 days, or both.

Second: In Sec. 5, 21 V.S.A. § 708, by striking out subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(a) Action by the commissioner of labor. A person who willfully makes a false statement or representation, for the purpose of obtaining any benefit or payment under the provisions of this chapter, either for ~~her~~ herself or himself or for any other person, after notice and opportunity for hearing, may be assessed an administrative penalty of not more than ~~\$5,000.00—total~~ \$20,000.00, and shall forfeit all or a portion of any right to compensation under the provisions of this chapter, as determined to be appropriate by the commissioner after a determination by the commissioner that the person has willfully made a false statement or representation of a material fact. In addition, an employer found to have violated this section is prohibited from contracting, directly or indirectly, with the state or any of its subdivisions for up to three years following the date the employer was found to have made a false statement or misrepresentation of a material fact, as determined by the commissioner in consultation with the commissioner of buildings and general services or the secretary of transportation, as appropriate. Either the secretary or the commissioner, as appropriate, shall be consulted in any contest relating to the prohibition of the employer from contracting with the state or its subdivisions.

Third: by adding new Secs. 5a and 5b to read as follows:

Sec. 5a. 8 V.S.A. § 3661(c) is amended to read:

(c) An employer who makes a false statement or representation that results in a lower workers' compensation premium, after notice and opportunity for hearing before the commissioner, may be assessed an administrative penalty of not more than \$20,000.00 in addition to any other appropriate penalty. In addition, an employer found to have violated this section is prohibited from contracting, directly or indirectly, with the state or any of its subdivisions for up to three years following the date the employer was found to have made a false statement or misrepresentation, as determined by the commissioner in consultation with the commissioner of buildings and general services or the

secretary of transportation, as appropriate. Either the secretary or the commissioner, as appropriate, shall be consulted in any appeal relating to prohibiting the employer from contracting with the state or its subdivisions.

Sec. 5b. 29 V.S.A. § 161 is amended to read:

§ 161. REQUIREMENTS ON STATE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

(a) Bids; selection.

* * *

(d) ~~This~~ Subsections (a) through (c) of this section shall not apply to maintenance or construction projects carried out by the agency of transportation and by the department of forests, parks and recreation.

(e) The agency of administration shall ensure that the state and any of its subdivisions do not contract, directly or indirectly, with employers who are prohibited from contracting by the commissioner of labor pursuant to 21 V.S.A. § § 692, 708, and 1314a or the commissioner of banking, insurance, securities, and health care administration pursuant to 8 V.S.A. § 3661.

(f) The agency of administration shall maintain a current list of employers that have been prohibited from contracting with the state or any of its subdivisions, and the agencies of administration and of transportation shall publish that list on their websites.

Fourth: In Sec. 7, by adding a final sentence to read as follows: The department shall keep the name of the complainant confidential.

Fifth: In Sec. 8, in 21 V.S.A. § 710, by striking out subsection (c) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(c) The department shall not include in any publication or public report the name or contact information of any individual who has alleged that an employer has made a false statement or misclassified any employees, unless it is required by law or necessary to enable enforcement of this chapter.

Sixth: In Sec. 9, 21 V.S.A. § 1314a, by striking out subsection (f) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(f)(1) Any employing unit or employer ~~which~~ that fails to ~~file~~:

(A) File any report required by this section shall be subject to a penalty of ~~\$35.00~~ \$100.00 for each ~~such~~ report not received by the prescribed due dates, ~~which~~.

(B) Properly classify an individual regarding the status of employment is subject to a penalty of not more than \$5,000.00 for each improperly classified employee. In addition, an employer found to have

violated this section is prohibited from contracting, directly or indirectly, with the state or any of its subdivisions for up to three years following the date the employer was found to have failed to properly classify, as determined by the commissioner in consultation with the commissioner of buildings and general services or the secretary of transportation, as appropriate. Either the secretary or the commissioner, as appropriate, shall be consulted in any appeal relating to prohibiting the employer from contracting with the state or its subdivisions.

(2) Penalties under this subsection shall be collected in the manner provided for the collection of contributions in section 1329 of this title and shall be paid into the contingent fund provided in section 1365 of this title. If the employing unit demonstrates that its failure was due to a reasonable cause, the commissioner may waive or reduce the penalty.

Seventh: In Sec. 10, 21 V.S.A., § 1328, after the word “waive”, by adding the words “or reduce”

Eighth: By striking out Sec. 13 and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 13 to read:

Sec. 13. EMPLOYEE MISCLASSIFICATION; INVESTIGATION AND ENFORCEMENT; INTERAGENCY REPORT

(a) The agency of administration shall ensure that all state agencies and departments do the following:

(1) Coordinate to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of efforts to combat employee misclassification.

(2) Receive information concerning any employer determined to have misclassified one or more employees as independent contractors.

(b) The department of banking, insurance, securities, and health care administration and the department of labor shall report on or before January 15, 2011, and again on January 15, 2012, to the house committee on commerce and economic development and the senate committee on economic development, housing and general affairs regarding their investigation and enforcement efforts as they relate to employee misclassification and the enforcement of Vermont labor standards, including all the following:

(1) The number and outcome of departmental audits and investigations.

(2) An assessment of the efficacy of the new workers' compensation fraud staff positions created in Sec. 106 of No. 54 of the Acts of 2009.

(3) The financial costs of misclassification and miscoding.

(4) The success of the employee misclassification public education and outreach program.

Ninth: By striking out Sec. 17 in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof a new Sec. 17 to read as follows:

Sec. 17. Sec. 32(b) of No. 54 of the Acts of 2009 is amended to read:

(b) The agencies shall ~~require by rule or by~~ develop a procedure to ensure that any contractor that ~~violates classification requirements shall be~~ has been prohibited or restricted from bidding on future state contracts for a period of time that corresponds to the seriousness of the classification violation by the commissioner of labor or the commissioner of banking, insurance, securities, or health care administration. ~~The rules or procedures shall also provide for an appeal process from any such prohibition or restriction consistent with existing law.~~

Tenth: In Sec. 18, 18 V.S.A. § 906(8), by striking out subdivisions (C) and (E) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(C) ~~An~~ Unless otherwise provided under this section, an individual seeking any level of certification shall be required to pass an examination approved by the commissioner for that level of certification. Written and practical examinations shall not be required for recertification; however, to maintain certification, all individuals shall complete a specified number of hours of continuing education as established by rule by the commissioner.

(E) An applicant who has served as an advanced emergency medical technician, such as a hospital corpsman or a medic in the United States Armed Forces, or who is licensed as a registered nurse or a physician's assistant shall be granted a permanent waiver of the training requirements to become a certified emergency medical technician, an advanced emergency medical technician, or a paramedic, provided the applicant passes the applicable examination approved by the commissioner for that level of certification and further provided that the applicant is affiliated with a rescue service, fire department, or licensed ambulance service.

Eleventh: By striking out Secs. 19 and 20 in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 19. UPDATED RULES FOR ADVANCED EMERGENCY MEDICAL CARE

No later than March 1, 2011, the commissioner of health shall adopt, repeal, or amend any existing departmental rules on emergency medical care to ensure they are in compliance with the provisions of 18 V.S.A. § 906(8).

Sec. 20. STUDY; STATEWIDE LICENSING OF EMS PROVIDERS

(a) The commissioner of health, in consultation with the Vermont secretary of state's office of professional regulation, the Professional Firefighters of

Vermont, the Vermont Career Fire Chiefs Association, the Vermont State Firefighters' Association, the Vermont Ambulance Association, the Vermont Association of Hospitals and Health Systems, a representative from the Initiative for Rural Emergency Medical Services program at the University of Vermont, and a representative of three of Vermont's existing 13 EMS districts chosen jointly by the speaker of the house and the president pro tempore of the senate, one of whom shall be a medical director and one of whom shall be a volunteer certified emergency medical technician, shall develop a proposal for a statewide licensing mechanism for emergency medical services (EMS) providers and shall assess the state's EMS capabilities and training requirements. In addition, the commissioner, also in consultation with the entities referenced in this subsection, shall study whether an individual may provide emergency medical services that exceed the scope of practice for the license level of the service or department with which the individual is affiliated if the individual is licensed and certified at a more advanced level.

(b) The commissioner of health shall prepare a proposal on a statewide licensing mechanism in the form of draft legislation and shall submit that proposal along with findings and recommendations related to the other topics itemized in subsection (a) of this section to the house committee on commerce and economic development and the senate committee on economic development, housing and general affairs no later than January 15, 2012.

(c) Pending the results of the study required under this section and any subsequent legislative action, an individual may provide emergency medical services that exceed the scope of practice for the license level of the service or department with which the individual is affiliated if the individual is licensed and certified at a more advanced level provided the emergency medical services are in accordance with a protocol cooperatively developed by the individual and the district medical advisor.

Twelfth: By striking out Sec. 21 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 21. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2010, except for this section and Secs. 7, 8, 14, 18, 19, and 20, which shall take effect on passage.

Thereupon, the question, Shall the Senate accept and adopt the report of the Committee of Conference?, was decided in the affirmative.

VINCENT ILLUZZI
TIMOTHY R. ASHE
WILLIAM H. CARRIS

Committee on the part of the Senate

*ERNEST W. SHAND
MICHAEL J. MARCOTTE
WARREN F. KITZMILLER*

Committee on the part of the House

Thereupon, on motion of Senator Shumlin, the rules were suspended and the bill was ordered messaged to the House forthwith.

Rules Suspended; Bills Messaged

On motion of Senator Shumlin, the rules were suspended, and the following bills were severally ordered messaged to the House forthwith:

H. 590, H. 647.

Rules Suspended; Bill Delivered

On motion of Senator Shumlin, the rules were suspended, and the following bill was ordered delivered to the Governor forthwith:

S. 262.

Recess

On motion of Senator Shumlin the Senate recessed until 4:00 P.M..

Called to Order

Pursuant to Rule 8 of the Senate Rules, in the absence of the President and the President pro tempore, the time for convening of the Senate having been set at 4 P.M., the Senate was called to order by David A. Gibson, Secretary of the Senate.

Recess

On motion of Senator Campbell the Senate recessed until 6:00 P.M..

Called to Order

At 6:00 P.M. the Senate was called to order by the President.

Message from the House No. 76

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. H. Gwynn Zakov, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered the report of the Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on Senate bill of the following title:

S. 97. An act relating to a Vermont state employees' cost-savings incentive program.

And has adopted the same on its part.

Recess

On motion of Senator Mazza the Senate recessed until 7:30 P.M.

Called to Order

At 7:30 P.M. the Senate was called to order by the President.

Recess

On motion of Senator Campbell the Senate recessed until 8:30 P.M. on a roll call, Yeas 19, Nays 4.

Senator McCormack having demanded the yeas and nays, they were taken and are as follows:

Roll Call

Those Senators who voted in the affirmative were: Ashe, Ayer, Brock, Campbell, Carris, Choate, Cummings, Doyle, Flanagan, Giard, Hartwell, Kitchel, Lyons, Mazza, Nitka, Racine, Shumlin, Starr, White.

Those Senators who voted in the negative were: Flory, Kittell, McCormack, Scott.

Those Senators absent and not voting were: Bartlett, Illuzzi, MacDonald, Miller, Mullin, Sears, Snelling.

Called to Order

At 9:08 P.M. the Senate was called to order by the President.

Message from the House No. 77

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. H. Gwynn Zakov, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has considered the report of the Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on Senate bill of the following title:

S. 295. An act relating to the creation of an agricultural development director.

And has adopted the same on its part.

Message from the House No. 78

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Ms. H. Gwynn Zakov, its Second Assistant Clerk, as follows:

Mr. President:

I am directed to inform the Senate that:

The House has adopted joint resolution of the following title:

J.R.H. 49. Joint resolution strongly criticizing the United States Department of Education for requiring the Vermont Department of Education to identify persistently low-achieving schools.

In the adoption of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has considered joint resolution originating in the Senate of the following title:

J.R.S. 57. Joint resolution relating to authorizing the commissioner of forests, parks and recreation to proceed with an exchange of rights-of-way in Groton state forest.

And has adopted the same in concurrence.

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House bill entitled:

H. 470. An act relating to restructuring of the judiciary.

And has refused to concur therein and asks for a Committee of Conference upon the disagreeing votes of the two Houses;

The Speaker appointed as members of such Committee on the part of the House:

Rep. Lippert of Hinesburg

Rep. Koch of Barre Town

Rep. Jewett of Ripton

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House proposal of amendment to Senate bill of the following title:

S. 280. An act relating to prohibiting texting while operating on a highway.

And has concurred therein.

The House has considered Senate proposal of amendment to House proposal of amendment to the following bill:

S. 88. An act relating to health care financing and universal access to health care in Vermont.

And has severally concurred therein with further amendments in the passage of which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The House has considered Senate proposals of amendment to the following House bills:

H. 488. An act relating to prohibiting the use of felt-soled boots and waders in the waters of Vermont.

H. 614. An act relating to the regulation of composting.

H. 769. An act relating to the licensing and inspection of plant and tree nurseries.

H. 779. An act relating to potable water supply and wastewater system permits.

And has severally concurred therein.

Adjournment

On motion of Senator Shumlin, the Senate adjourned until nine o'clock and thirty minutes in the morning.