Senate Calendar

FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 2010

SENATE CONVENES AT: 8:30 A.M.

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ACTION CALENDAR

UNFINISHED BUSINESS OF THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 2010

House Proposal of Amendment

S. 117

An act relating to the date of the primary election.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 17 V.S.A. § 2351 is amended to read:

§ 2351. PRIMARY ELECTION

A primary election shall be held on the second <u>fourth</u> Tuesday <u>of September in August</u> in each even numbered year for the nomination of candidates of major political parties for all offices to be voted for at the succeeding general election, except candidates for president and vice-president of the United States, their electors, and justices of the peace.

Sec. 2. 17 V.S.A. § 2352 is amended to read:

§ 2352. NOMINATION OF CANDIDATES PRIOR TO SPECIAL ELECTION

When the governor or any court, pursuant to law, orders a special election to be held for any of the offices covered by section 2351 of this title, a special primary election shall be held on the Tuesday which falls not less than 40 60 days nor more than 46 66 days prior to the date set for the special election. The nomination of candidates prior to a special election, including nomination both by primary and by other means, shall be governed by the rules applicable to nomination of candidates prior to the general election, except as may be specifically provided in this chapter. The term "general election", as used in this chapter, shall be deemed to include a special election, unless the context requires a different interpretation.

Sec. 3. 17 V.S.A. § 2353(a) is amended to read:

(a) The name of any person shall be printed upon the primary ballot as a candidate for nomination by any major political party for any office indicated, if petitions containing the requisite number of signatures made by legal voters, in substantially the following form, are filed with the proper official, together with the person's written consent to having his or her name printed on the ballot:

Sec. 4. 17 V.S.A. § 2356 is amended to read:

§ 2356. TIME FOR FILING PETITIONS

Primary petitions and statements of nomination from minor party candidates and independent candidates shall be filed no sooner than the first Monday in June second Monday in May and not later than 5:00 p.m. on the third Monday of July second Thursday after the first Monday in June preceding the primary election prescribed by section 2351 of this title, and not later than 5:00 p.m. of the 42nd 62nd day prior to the day of a special primary election.

Sec. 5. 17 V.S.A. § 2369 is amended to read:

§ 2369. DETERMINING WINNER: TIE VOTES

Persons who receive a plurality of all the votes cast by a party in a primary shall be candidates of that party for the office designated on the ballot. If two or more candidates of the same party are tied for the same office, the choice among those tied shall be determined:

- (1) Upon five days' notice <u>and not later than 10 days following the primary election</u>, by the state committee of a party, for a state or congressional office; the senatorial district committee for state senate; the county committee for county office; or the representative district committee for a representative to the general assembly shall meet to nominate a candidate from among the tied candidates.
- (2) By run-off election for a county office, for a state senator, or for a representative to the general assembly. The run-off election shall be held on the fourth Tuesday of September and shall be conducted in the same manner as the primary election. The committee chair shall certify the candidate nomination for the general election to the secretary of state within 48 hours of the nomination.

Sec. 6. 17 V.S.A. § 2386 is amended to read:

§ 2386. TIME FOR FILING STATEMENTS

(a) Statements pursuant to this subchapter, except for vacancies created by the death or withdrawal of a candidate after the primary <u>and statements for minor party candidates and independent candidates</u>, shall be filed not more

than 60 days earlier than the second Thursday after the first Monday in June before the day of the general election and not later than 5:00 p.m. on the third day Tuesday following the primary election.

(b) In the case of the death or withdrawal of a candidate after the primary election, the party committee shall have seven days from the date of the withdrawal to nominate a candidate. In no event, shall a statement be filed later than $40 \underline{60}$ days prior to the election.

Sec. 7. 17 V.S.A. § 2402(d) is amended to read:

(d) A statement of nomination and a completed and signed consent form shall be filed not sooner than the first Monday in June second Thursday after the first Monday in June and not later than the third day after the primary election. No public official receiving nominations shall accept a petition unless a completed and signed consent form is filed at the same time.

Sec. 8. 17 V.S.A. § 2413(a) is amended to read:

(a) The party members in each town, on or before the first Tuesday of September fourth Tuesday of August in each even numbered year, upon the call of the town committee, may meet in caucus and nominate candidates for justice of the peace. The committee shall give notice of the caucus as provided in subsection (d) of this section and the chairman and secretary shall file the statements required in sections 2385 through 2387 of this title.

Sec. 9. 17 V.S.A. § 2479 is amended to read:

§ 2479. MANNER OF DISTRIBUTION

Not later than 30 45 days before the election, the secretary of state shall furnish the prepared ballots to the clerk of each town. Ballots shall be sent in securely fastened packages by mail or in some other safe manner, with marks on the outside clearly designating the polling place for which they are intended and the number of ballots enclosed. The town clerk shall store the ballots, except for ballots used as early or absentee voter or sample ballots, in a secure place until the day of the election, at which time the town clerk shall deliver them in sufficient quantities to the presiding officer in each polling place, together with any ballots prepared by the town clerk.

Sec. 10. 17 V.S.A. § 2811 is amended to read:

§ 2811. CAMPAIGN REPORTS; CANDIDATES FOR STATE OFFICE, THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, POLITICAL COMMITTEES, AND POLITICAL PARTIES

(a) Each candidate for state office, each candidate for the general assembly who has made expenditures or received contributions of \$500.00 or more, and

each political committee and each political party required to register under section 2831 of this title shall file with the secretary of state campaign finance reports 40 days before the primary election and on the 25th on July 15th and on the 15th of each month thereafter and continuing to the general election and 10 days after the general election until and including December 15th.

(b) At any time, but not later than 40 days December 15th following the general election, a candidate for state office and each candidate for the general assembly who has made expenditures or received contributions of \$500.00 or more shall file with the secretary of state a "final report" which lists a complete accounting of all contributions and expenditures, and disposition of surplus, and which shall constitute the termination of his or her campaign activities.

* * *

NEW BUSINESS

Committee Bill for Second Reading

S. 292.

An act relating to term probation, the right to bail, medical care of inmates, and a reduction in the number of nonviolent prisoners, probationers, and detainees.

By the Committee on Judiciary.

AMENDMENT TO S. 292 TO BE OFFERED BY SENATOR SEARS

Senator Sears moves to amend the bill as follows

<u>First</u>: In Sec. 5, subsection (c), after the words "<u>the department of corrections shall</u>" by adding the following: <u>request that the court</u>

<u>Second</u>: In Sec. 5, subsection (d), in subdivision (1), by striking out the following: "<u>, as of July 1, 2010</u>" and by adding subdivision (3) to read as follows:

(3) The general assembly finds that a contributing factor to the escalating cost of the corrections' budget is that inmates are held unnecessarily past their minimum sentence because the department of corrections has not located suitable housing for the inmates in the community. While appropriate community housing is an important consideration in release of inmates, the department of corrections shall not use lack of housing as the sole factor in denying furlough to inmates who have served at least their minimum sentence for a nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony.

<u>Third</u>: In Sec. 8, subsection (b), by striking out the words "<u>achieve a 25</u> <u>percent reduction in</u>" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: <u>reduce</u> and after the words "<u>detainee population</u>" by adding the following: <u>to 300 persons</u>

AMENDMENT TO S. 292 TO BE OFFERED BY SENATOR CHOATE

Senator Choate moves to amend the bill by adding a Sec. 9a to read as follows:

Sec. 9a. APPROVAL FOR CLOSURE OR REDUCTION IN OPERATIONS AT CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES AND PROBATION AND PAROLE OFFICES

The secretary of administration shall not initiate plans to close any correctional facility or probation and parole office without prior approval of the general assembly if in session or the joint committee on corrections oversight and the joint fiscal committee if the general assembly has adjourned.

AMENDMENT TO S. 292 TO BE OFFERED BY SENATOR ILLUZZI

Senator Illuzzi moves to amend the bill by adding a new section to be numbered Sec. 9a to read as follows:

Sec. 9a. 24 V.S.A. § 290(b) is amended to read:

(b) Full-time deputy sheriffs whose primary responsibility is transportation of prisoners and mentally ill persons shall be paid by the state of Vermont. The appointment of such deputies and their salary shall be approved by the governor, or his designee. The executive committee of the Vermont sheriffs association and the executive director of the department of state's attorneys and sheriffs shall jointly have authority for the assignment of position locations in the counties of state paid deputy sheriffs and shall review the county location assignments periodically for efficient use of resources.

Second Reading

Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment

S. 207.

An act relating to handling of milk samples.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Choate for the Committee on Agriculture.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. FINDINGS

- (a) The preliminary incubation (PI) count of raw milk is one means of testing and detecting hygiene inadequacies during farm production that may not be apparent with a standard plate count (SPC) alone.
- (b) Although the information gained from a PI count test may be valuable for detecting potential sanitation problems and as a quality indicator, the test is often not repeatable, even with identical samples. Therefore, the PI count should be evaluated in conjunction with other quality and sanitation indicators, including the SPC count.
- (c) The PI count of milk is not required by the pasteurized milk ordinance (PMO) or any Vermont regulation governing milk safety and sanitation. Nonetheless, at least one milk processor purchasing Vermont milk has used the PI count as the sole basis for denying the shipment of milk.
- (d) Vermont law provides that a handler doing business in this state who has a contract with a producer for the purchase of dairy products shall not refuse to purchase dairy products from the producer except for violations of the sanitary regulations or standards applicable to the market in which the dairy product is sold or marketed.
- (e) The purpose of this act is to establish that, although the PI count of milk may be used when determining milk quality premium payments and differentials, the PI count cannot serve as the sole basis for rejecting a milk supply.
- Sec. 2. 6 V.S.A. § 2816 is added to read:
- § 2816. PRELIMINARY INCUBATION TESTING; REJECTION OF SUPPLY
- (a) A handler shall not reject the milk supply of a producer based solely on a preliminary incubation (PI) count.
- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a handler may use a preliminary incubation count as a basis for calculating and awarding milk premium or differential payments.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect upon passage.

(Committee vote: 4-0-1)

S. 259.

An act relating to the tuition to be paid by a designating school district.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Flory for the Committee on Education.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by adding a new section to be Sec. 2 to read:

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

House Proposal of Amendment

S. 77

An act relating to the disposal of electronic waste.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS

The general assembly finds:

- (1) According to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, discarded computers, computer monitors, televisions, and other consumer electronics—collectively referred to as e-waste—are the fastest growing portion of the waste stream, growing by approximately eight percent from 2004 to 2005.
- (2) Televisions, computers, computer monitors, and printers are prevalent in modern society and contribute significantly to the waste generated in Vermont.
- (3) Televisions, computers, computer monitors, and printers contain lead, mercury, and other hazardous substances that pose a threat to human health and the environment if improperly disposed of at the end of the useful life of these products.
- (4) The state of Vermont has committed to providing its citizens with a safe and healthy environment and has actively undertaken efforts such as mercury reduction programs to reduce the potential for contamination.
- (5) The appropriate recycling of televisions, computers, computer monitors, and printers protects public health and the environment by reducing the potential for the release of heavy metals and mercury from landfills into the environment, consistent with other state initiatives, and also conserving valuable landfill space.
- (6) The establishment of a system to provide for the collection and recycling of televisions, computers, computer monitors, and printers in Vermont is consistent with the state's duty to protect the health, safety, and welfare of its citizens; maintain and enhance the quality of the environment;

conserve natural resources; prevent pollution of air, water, and land; and stimulate economic growth.

Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. chapter 166 is added to read:

CHAPTER 166. COLLECTION AND RECYCLING OF ELECTRONIC DEVICES

§ 7551. DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this chapter:

- (1) "Agency" means the agency of natural resources.
- (2) "Cathode-ray tube" means a vacuum tube or picture tube used to convert an electronic signal into a visual image.
- (3) "Collection" means the aggregation of covered electronic devices from covered entities and includes all the activities up to the time the covered electronic devices are delivered to a recycler.
- (4) "Collector" means a public or private entity that receives covered electronic devices from covered entities and arranges for the delivery of the devices to a recycler.
- (5) "Computer" means an electronic, magnetic, optical, electrochemical, or other high-speed data processing device performing logical, arithmetic, or storage functions, including a laptop computer, desktop computer, and central processing unit. "Computer" does not include an automated typewriter or typesetter or other similar device.
- (6) "Computer monitor" means a display device without a tuner that can display pictures and sound and is used with a computer.
- (7) "Computer peripheral" means a keyboard or any other device sold exclusively for external use with a computer that provides input or output into or from a computer.
- (8) "Covered electronic device" means a: computer; computer monitor; device containing a cathode ray tube; printer; or television sold to a covered entity. "Covered electronic device" does not include: any motor vehicle or any part thereof; a camera or video camera; a portable or stationary radio; a wireless telephone; a household appliance, such as a clothes washer, clothes dryer, water heater, refrigerator, freezer, microwave oven, oven, range, or dishwasher; equipment that is functionally or physically part of a larger piece of equipment intended for use in an industrial, research and development, or commercial setting; security or anti-terrorism equipment; monitoring and control instruments or systems; thermostats; hand-held transceivers; a telephone of any type; a portable digital assistant or similar device; a

calculator; a global positioning system receiver or similar navigation device; commercial medical equipment that contains a cathode ray tube, a cathode ray tube device, a flat panel display, or similar video display that is not separate from the larger piece of equipment; or other medical devices, as the term "device" is defined under 21 U.S.C. § 321(h) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as that section is amended from time to time.

- (9) "Covered entity" means any household, charity, or school district in the state; or a business in the state that employs ten or fewer individuals.
- "Electronic waste" means a: computer; computer monitor; computer peripheral device containing a cathode ray tube; printer; or television sold to a covered entity. "Electronic waste" does not include: any motor vehicle or any part thereof; a camera or video camera; a portable or stationary radio; a wireless telephone; a household appliance, such as a clothes washer, clothes dryer, water heater, refrigerator, freezer, microwave oven, oven, range, or dishwasher; equipment that is functionally or physically part of a larger piece of equipment intended for use in an industrial, research and development, or commercial setting; security or antiterrorism equipment; monitoring and control instruments or systems; thermostats; handheld transceivers; a telephone of any type; a portable digital assistant or similar device; a calculator; a global positioning system receiver or similar navigation device; commercial medical equipment that contains a cathode ray tube, a cathode ray tube device, a flat panel display, or similar video display that is not separate from the larger piece of equipment; or other medical devices, as the term "device" is defined under 21 U.S.C. § 321(h) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as that section is amended from time to time.
 - (11) "Manufacturer" means a person who:
- (A) Manufactures or manufactured a covered electronic device under its own brand or label for sale in the state;
- (B) Sells in the state under its own brand or label covered electronic devices produced by another supplier;
- (C) Owns a brand that it licenses or licensed to another person for use on a covered electronic device sold in the state;
- (D) Imports covered electronic devices into the United States for sale in the state;
- (E) Manufactures covered electronic devices for sale in the state without affixing a brand name; or
- (F) Assumes the responsibilities, obligations, and liabilities of a manufacturer as defined under subdivisions (A) through (E) of this subdivision

- (11), provided that the secretary may enforce the requirements of this chapter against a manufacturer if a person who assumes the manufacturer's responsibilities fails to comply with the requirements of this chapter.
- (12) "Market share" means a "manufacturer's market share" which shall be the manufacturer's percentage share of the total weight of covered electronic devices sold in the state as determined by the best available information, which may include an estimate of the aggregate total weight of the manufacturer's covered electronic devices sold in the state during the previous program year based on national sales data.
- (13) "Printer" means desktop printers, multifunction printer copiers, and printer fax combinations taken out of service that are designed to reside on a work surface, and include various print technologies, including without limitation laser and LED (electrographic), ink jet, dot matrix, thermal, and digital sublimation, and "multi-function" or "all-in-one" devices that perform different tasks, including copying, scanning, faxing, and printing. Printers do not include floor-standing printers, printers with an optional floor stand, point of sale (POS) receipt printers, household printers such as a calculator with printing capabilities or label makers, or nonstand-alone printers that are embedded into products that are not covered electronic products.
 - (14) "Program year" means the period from July 1 through June 30.
- (15) "Recycler" means a person who accepts electronic waste from covered entities and collectors for the purpose of recycling. A person who takes products solely for reuse, refurbishment, or repair is not a recycler.
- (16) "Recycling" means the process of collecting and preparing electronic wastes for use in manufacturing processes or for recovery of useable materials followed by delivery of such materials for use. Recycling does not include destruction by incineration; waste-to-energy incineration, or other such processes; or land disposal.
- (17) "Retailer" means a person who sells, rents, or leases covered electronic devices to a person in the state, through any means, including sales outlets, catalogues, the telephone, the Internet, or any electronic means.
- (18) "Sell" or "sale" means any transfer for consideration of title or of the right to use by lease or sales contract of a covered electronic device to a person in the state. "Sell" or "sale" does not include the sale, resale, lease, or transfer of used covered electronic devices or a manufacturer's or a distributor's wholesale transaction with a distributor or a retailer.
- (19) "Television" means any telecommunications system or device containing a cathode ray tube or other type of display system with a viewable

area of greater than four inches when measured diagonally that can broadcast or receive moving pictures and sound over a distance and includes a television tuner or a display device peripheral to a computer that contains a television tuner.

(20) "Transporter" means a person that moves electronic waste from a collector to a recycler.

§ 7552. STANDARD ELECTRONIC WASTE RECYCLING PLAN

- (a) Standard plan adoption. Beginning January 1, 2011, the secretary shall adopt a plan for the collection and recycling of all electronic waste in the state. In developing the plan, the secretary shall evaluate existing electronic waste collection opportunities and services in each county to determine whether such opportunities and services are adequate. In making an adequacy determination, the secretary shall consider the geography, population, and population density of each county. If, after completion of an adequacy review, the secretary determines that the collection opportunities in a county are:
- (1) inadequate, the secretary may require additional collection activities in that county. Additional collection activities may include additional collection facilities, collection events, or other collection activities identified by the secretary as necessary to achieve the statewide recycling goal. If the secretary requires additional collection activities, the secretary shall consider, as one of the criteria reviewed in selecting additional collection activities, the cost effectiveness of the additional collection activities in achieving the objective of convenient service.
- (2) adequate, and that additional collection opportunities are not required.
 - (b) Standard plan minimum requirements. The standard plan shall:
- (1) Site at least three permanent facilities in each county for the collection of electronic waste from covered entities, unless the secretary determines that existing or proposed collection opportunities are not required, but in no case shall the secretary reduce the number of permanent facilities below one.
- (2) Site at least one permanent facility in each city or town with a population of 10,000 or greater for the collection of electronic waste from covered entities.
- (3) Require electronic waste collection facilities to accept electronic waste at no cost to covered entities.
- (4) Ensures that each recycler used in implementing the plan complies with the recycling standards established under section 7559 of this title.

- (5) Ensures that during plan implementation a public information and outreach effort takes place to inform consumers about how to recycle their electronic waste at the end of the product's life.
- (6) Require electronic waste collection facilities to be staffed, open on an ongoing basis, and open to the public at a frequency needed to meet the needs of the area being served.
- (7) Prohibit a collection facility from refusing to accept electronic waste delivered to the facility for recycling from a covered entity.
- (c) Plan evaluation. The secretary shall annually review and analyze the standard plan to determine if implementation of the standard plan achieves the statewide collection and recycling goal set forth under section 7555 of this title. The secretary may modify the plan based upon the results of that review.
- (d) Plan term. The secretary shall revise and adopt the standard plan every five years.
- (e) Public review and consultation. Prior to the approval or modification of the standard plan, the agency shall make the proposed standard plan available for public review and comment for at least 30 days. The agency shall consult with interested persons, including manufacturers, recyclers, collectors, retailers, solid waste districts, and environmental groups.
- (f) Applicability. A collector, transporter, or recycler not included in a plan approved under this section or under a plan approved under section 7554 of this title shall not be subject to the requirements of this section or section 7554.

§ 7553. SALE OF COVERED ELECTRONIC DEVICES; MANUFACTURER REGISTRATION

- (a) Sale prohibited. Beginning July 1, 2010, no manufacturer shall sell or offer for sale or deliver to a retailer for subsequent sale a covered electronic device unless:
 - (1) the manufacturer has filed the registration required by this section;
- (2)(A) beginning July 1, 2010, and annually thereafter, the manufacturer has paid the fee required by subsection (g) of this section; and
- (B) beginning July 1, 2011, and annually thereafter, if the manufacturer is covered under the standard plan, the manufacturer has paid the fee required by subsection (h) of this section.
- (3) the covered electronic device is labeled with the manufacturer's brand or registered trademark and the label or trademark is permanently affixed and readily visible.

- (b) Manufacturer registration requirements.
- (1) The manufacturer shall file a registration form with the secretary. The secretary shall provide the registration form to a manufacturer. The registration form shall include:
- (A) a list of the manufacturer's brands of covered electronic devices offered for sale by the manufacturer in this state;
- (B) the name, address, and contact information of a person responsible for ensuring the manufacturer's compliance with this chapter;
- (C) beginning July 1, 2011 and annually thereafter, a certification that the manufacturer is seeking coverage under the standard plan set forth under subsection (a) of this section or, under a plan approved under section 7554 of this title, is opting out of the standard plan; and
- (D) an estimate of the aggregate total weight of the manufacturer's covered electronic devices sold during the previous program year based on national sales data. A manufacturer shall submit with the report required under this subsection a description of how the estimate was calculated. The data submitted under this subdivision shall be considered a trade secret for the purposes of subdivision 317(c)(9) of Title 1.
- (2) A renewal of a registration without changes may be accomplished through notifying the agency of natural resources on a form provided by the agency.
- (c) Registration prior to sale. A manufacturer who begins to sell or offer for sale covered electronic devices and has not filed a registration under this section or section 7554 of this title shall submit a registration to the agency of natural resources within ten days of beginning to sell or offer for sale covered electronic devices.
- (d) Amendments to registration. A registration shall be amended within ten days after a change to any information included in the registration submitted by the manufacturer under this section.
- (e) Effective date of registration. A registration is effective upon receipt by the agency of natural resources of a complete registration form and payment of fees required by this section. Registration under this chapter shall be renewed annually.
- (f) Agency review of registration application. The agency of natural resources shall notify the manufacturer of any required information that is omitted from the registration. Upon receipt of a notification from the agency, the manufacturer shall submit a revised registration providing the information noted by the agency.

- (g)(1) Registration fee. Each manufacturer of a covered electronic device registered under this section shall pay to the secretary a fee:
- (A) For the program year beginning July 1, 2010, for manufacturers who sell in Vermont no more than 100 covered electronic devices, the fee shall be \$1,250.00 and for all other manufacturers, the fee shall be \$5,000.00.
- (B) For the program year beginning July 1, 2011 and annually thereafter, the fee shall be determined by multiplying the manufacturer's market share by the cost to the agency of administering the electronic waste collection program under this chapter.
- (2) The fees collected under this subsection shall be deposited into the electronic waste collection and recycling account of the waste management assistance fund.

(h) Implementation fee.

- (1) For the program year of July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2012, each manufacturer that seeks coverage under the standard plan shall pay to the secretary an implementation fee that shall be assessed on a quarterly basis and that shall be determined by multiplying the manufacturer's market share by the prior quarter's cost of implementing the electronic waste collection and recycling program adopted under the standard plan. For purposes of this section, the electronic waste and recycling program includes collection, transportation, recycling, and the reasonable cost of contract administration.
- (2) Beginning with the program year starting July 1, 2012, a proposed methodology for calculating the implementation fee for manufacturers seeking coverage under the standard plan shall be included in the executive branch fee report and approved by the general assembly according to the requirements of subchapter 6 of chapter 7 of Title 32.
- (3) The fee collected under this subsection shall be deposited into the electronic waste collection and recycling account of the waste management assistance fund.
- (4) For purposes of reimbursing the solid waste management account in full for all funds transferred to the electronic waste collection and recycling assistance account for implementation of the electronic waste collection and recycling program, the secretary, under subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection, may assess against a manufacturer registered and operating under the standard plan set forth in section 7552 of this title a charge in addition to the manufacturer's prorated share of the costs of implementing the electronic waste collection and recycling program.
 - (5) At the end of each program year, the secretary shall review the total

costs of collection and recycling for the program year and shall reapportion the implementation fee assessed under this subsection to accurately reflect the manufacturer's actual market share of covered electronic devices sold in the state during the program year.

§ 7554. MANUFACTURER OPT-OUT; INDIVIDUAL PLAN

- (a) Opt-out of standard plan. A manufacturer or group of manufacturers may elect not to seek coverage under the standard plan established under section 7552 of this title, provided that the manufacturer or group of manufacturers complies with the requirements of subdivisions 7553(a)(1)–(3) and submits an individual plan to the secretary for approval that:
- (1) Provides for each county the number of collection methods identified in the standard plan adopted under section 7552 of this title.
- (2) Describes the collection, transportation, and recycling systems and service providers used, including a description of how the authority or authorized party will:
- (A) Seek to use businesses within the state, including retailers, charities, processors, and collection and transportation services, to fulfill its program goal under this section;
- (B) Fairly compensate collectors for providing collection services; and
 - (C) Fairly compensate recyclers for providing recycling services.
 - (3) Describes how the plan will provide service to covered entities.
- (4) Describes the processes and methods used to recycle electronic waste, including a description of the processing that will be used and the facility location.
- (5) Documents the audits of each recycler used in the plan and compliance with recycling standards established under section 7559 of this title.
- (6) Describes the accounting and reporting systems that will be employed to track progress toward the plan's equivalent share.
- (7) Includes a time line describing start-up, implementation, and progress toward milestones with anticipated results.
- (8) Includes a public information campaign to inform consumers about how to recycle their electronic waste at the end of the product's life.
- (b) Manufacturer program goal. An individual plan submitted under this section shall be implemented to ensure satisfaction of the manufacturer's

electronic waste program goal. The electronic waste recycling program goal for a manufacturer that submits a plan under this section shall be the product of the relevant statewide recycling goal set forth in subsection 7555(a) of this title multiplied by the manufacturer's market share of covered electronic devices. A manufacturer that submits a plan under this section may only count electronic waste received from covered entities toward the program goal set forth in this section.

- (c) Collection from covered entities. A manufacturer that submits a plan under this section or a collector operating on behalf of a manufacturer that submits a plan under this section shall not charge a fee to covered entities for the collection, transportation, or recycling of electronic waste.
- (d) Public review and consultation. Prior to approval of a plan under this section, the agency shall make the manufacturer's proposed plan available for public review and comment for at least 30 days.
- (e) Collection facilities. If a manufacturer that submits a plan under this section is required to implement a collection facility, the collection facility shall be staffed, open on an ongoing basis, and open to the public at a frequency approved by the secretary in order to meet the needs of the area being served. A collection facility implemented under this section shall be prohibited from refusing or rejecting acceptance of electronic waste delivered to the facility for recycling.
- (f) Annual report. Beginning August 1, 2012, a manufacturer that submits a plan under this section shall report by August 1, and annually thereafter, to the secretary the following:
 - (1) the type of electronic waste collected;
- (2) the aggregate total weight of electronic waste the manufacturer recycled by type during the preceding program year;
 - (3) a list of recyclers utilized by the manufacturer;
- (4) a description of the processes and methods used to recycle the electronic waste; and
- (5) a summary of the educational and outreach activities undertaken by the manufacturer.
- (g)(1) Parity surcharge. A manufacturer that submits a plan under this section shall be assessed a surcharge if the lesser of the following occurs:
- (A) the manufacturer accepts less than the program goal set forth in subsection (b) of this section; or
 - (B) the manufacturer accepts less than its market share portion of the

total of electronic waste collected in the state.

- (2) The surcharge shall be calculated by multiplying the average per pound of cost to the secretary for the current program year to implement the standard plan plus 20 percent by the number of additional pounds of electronic waste that should have been accepted by the manufacturer. The surcharges collected under this section shall be deposited into the electronic waste collection and recycling account of the waste management assistance fund and used to offset the costs of program implementation.
- (h) Effective date of plan approval. A plan submitted under this section shall not be approved until the secretary determines that the plan will provide a functionally equivalent level of electronic waste collection and recycling as the standard plan and that all the requirements of this section have been met.
- (i) Amendments to plan. An amendment to an individual plan approved under this section shall not take effect until approved by the secretary.
- (j) Opt-in to standard plan. At the completion of any program year, a manufacturer approved under this section may seek coverage under the standard plan adopted under section 7552 of this title.

§ 7555. STATEWIDE RECYCLING GOAL

- (a) Statewide recycling goal.
- (1) For the program year of July 1, 2011, to June 30, 2012, the statewide recycling goal for electronic waste shall be the product of the U.S. Census Bureau's 2010 population estimate for the state multiplied by 5.5 pounds.
- (2) For the program year of July 1, 2012, to June 30, 2013, the statewide recycling goal for electronic waste shall be the product of the U.S. Census Bureau's 2010 population estimate for the state multiplied by 6.0 pounds.
- (3) For the program year of July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2014, and annually thereafter, the statewide recycling goal for all electronic waste shall be the product of the base weight multiplied by the goal attainment percentage.
- (b) Base weight. For purposes of this section, "base weight" means the average weight of all electronic waste reported as collected under this chapter reported as collected under this chapter during the previous two program years.
- (c) Goal attainment percentage. For purposes of this section, "goal attainment percentage" means, for each type of product:
- (1) 90 percent if the base weight is less than 90 percent of the statewide recycling goal for the previous calendar year;
 - (2) 95 percent if the base weight is 90 percent or greater, but not more

than 95 percent of the statewide recycling goal for the previous calendar year;

- (3) 100 percent if the base weight is 95 percent or greater, but not more than 105 percent of the statewide recycling goal for the previous calendar year;
- (4) 105 percent if the base weight is 105 percent or greater, but not more than 110 percent of the statewide recycling goal for the previous calendar year; or
- (5) 110 percent if the base weight is 110 percent or greater of the statewide recycling goal.

§ 7556. RETAILER OBLIGATIONS

- (a) Sale prohibited. Beginning July 1, 2010, no retailer shall sell or offer for sale a covered electronic device unless the covered electronic device is labeled by the manufacturer as required by subdivision 7553(a)(3) of this title, and the retailer has reviewed the website required in subdivision 7559(6) of this title to determine that the labeled manufacturers of all new covered electronic devices that the retailer is offering for sale are registered with the agency of natural resources.
- (b) Expiration or revocation of manufacturer registration. A retailer shall not be responsible for an unlawful sale under this subdivision if the manufacturer was not registered or the manufacturer's registration expired or was revoked if the retailer took possession of the covered electronic device prior to July 1, 2010 or prior to the expiration or revocation of the manufacturer's registration, and the unlawful sale occurred within six months after the expiration or revocation.
- (c) Customer information. Beginning July 1, 2011, a retailer who sells new covered electronic devices shall provide information to customers describing where and how they may recycle electronic waste and advising them of opportunities and locations for the convenient collection of electronic waste for the purpose of recycling. This requirement may be met by the posting of signs provided under the standard plan or a plan approved under section 7554 of this title that includes a warning that electronic waste shall not be disposed of in a solid waste facility and that provides a toll-free number or website address regarding proper disposal of covered electronic devices.

§ 7557. RECYCLER PROGRAM RESPONSIBILITY

(a)(1) Recycler registration. Beginning July 1, 2011, no person may recycle electronic waste at a facility located within the state unless that person has submitted a registration with the agency of natural resources on a form prescribed by the agency. A registration is effective upon receipt by the agency and is valid for a period not to exceed five years. An electronics

recycling facility registered under this section is not required to obtain a solid waste certification pursuant to chapter 159 of this title. Registration information shall include:

- (A) the name, address, telephone number, and location of all recycling facilities under the direct control of the recycler that may receive electronic waste;
- (B) evidence that the financial assurance requirements of section 6611 of this title have been satisfied.
- (2) A registration shall be amended within ten days after a change to any information included in the registration submitted by the recycler under this section.
- (b) Recycler's reporting requirements. Beginning August 1, 2012, a recycler of electronic waste shall report by August 1, and annually thereafter, to the agency of natural resources on a form provided by the agency: the type of electronic waste collected; the total weight of electronic waste recycled during the preceding program year; and whether electronic waste was collected under the standard or an approved individual plan. In the annual report, the recycler shall certify that the recycler has complied with the electronic management guidelines developed under subdivision 7559(7) of this title.

§ 7558. COLLECTOR AND TRANSPORTER PROGRAM RESPONSIBILITY

- (a)(1) Collector and transporter registration. Beginning July 1, 2011, no person may operate as a collector or transporter of electronic waste unless that person has submitted a registration with the agency of natural resources on a form prescribed by the agency. A registration is effective upon receipt by the agency and is valid for a period not to exceed five years. An electronics collector or transporter registered under this section shall not be required to obtain a solid waste certification or a solid waste hauler permit pursuant to chapter 159 of this title.
- (2) A registration shall be amended within ten days after a change to any information included in the registration submitted by the collector under this section.
- (3) Beginning August 1, 2012, a collector of electronic waste shall report by August 1, and annually thereafter, to the agency of natural resources on a form provided by the agency: the type of electronic waste collected; the total weight of electronic waste recycled during the preceding program year; and whether electronic waste was collected under the standard or an approved individual plan.

(b) Transporter reporting requirements. Beginning August 1, 2012, a transporter of electronic waste not destined for recycling in Vermont shall report annually by August 1 to the agency of natural resources the total pounds of electronic waste collected and whether electronic waste was collected under the standard or an approved individual plan.

§ 7559. AGENCY OF NATURAL RESOURCES RESPONSIBILITIES

The agency of natural resources shall:

- (1) Adopt and administer the standard plan required under section 7552 of this title.
 - (2) Establish procedures for:
 - (A) the registration and certifications required under this chapter; and
- (B) making the registrations and certifications required under this chapter easily available to manufacturers, retailers, and members of the public.
 - (3) Collect the data submitted under this chapter.
- (4) Annually review data submitted under this chapter to determine whether any of the variables in the statewide recycling goal should be changed, the agency shall submit recommended changes to the senate and house committees on natural resources and energy.
- (5) Beginning February 15, 2012, annually report to the senate and house committees on natural resources and energy, the house committee on ways and means, the senate committee on finance, and the senate and house committees on appropriations regarding the implementation of this chapter. Prior to submitting this report, the secretary shall share it with interested persons. For each program year, the report shall provide the total weight of electronic waste recycled. The report shall also summarize the various collection programs used to collect electronic waste; information regarding electronic waste that is being collected by persons outside a plan approved under this chapter; and information about electronic waste, if any, being disposed of in landfills in this state. The report shall include an accounting of the cost of the program, the governor's estimated budget for the program for the next relevant fiscal year, and a summary of the funding sources for the program. The agency may include in its report other information regarding the implementation of this chapter and may recommend additional incentives to increase the rate of recycling.
- (6) Maintain a website that includes the names of manufacturers with current, valid registrations; the manufacturers' brands listed in registrations filed with the agency. The agency shall update the website information within 10 days of receipt of a complete registration.

- (7) In consultation with interested parties, establish guidelines for the environmentally sound management of consumer electronics, including specific requirements for collectors, transporters, and recyclers.
 - (8) Identify approved transporters, collectors, and recyclers.

§ 7560. ADMINISTRATION OF ELECTRONIC WASTE RECYCLING PROGRAM

- (a) The secretary of natural resources may contract for implementation and administration of the standard plan required under section 7552 of this title and, in so doing, shall comply with the agency of administration's current contracting procedures.
- (b) In contracting for implementation and administration of the standard plan, the secretary shall review the costs incurred by similar electronic waste collection and recycling programs in other states. The secretary in his or her discretion may reopen the standard plan if bids received in response to a request for proposal exceed the average cost of collection and recycling incurred by similar electronic waste collection and recycling programs in other states.

§ 7561. OTHER RECYCLING PROGRAMS

A municipality or other public agency may not require covered entities to use public facilities to recycle their electronic waste to the exclusion of other lawful programs available. A municipality and other public agencies are encouraged to work with manufacturers to assist them in meeting their recycling obligations under this chapter. Nothing in this chapter prohibits or restricts the operation of any program recycling electronic waste in addition to those provided by manufacturers or prohibits or restricts any persons from receiving, collecting, transporting, or recycling electronic waste, provided that those persons are registered as required under this chapter.

§ 7562. MULTISTATE IMPLEMENTATION

The agency of natural resources or a contracted entity under section 7560 of this title is authorized to participate in the establishment of a regional multistate organization or compact to assist in carrying out the requirements of this chapter.

§ 7563. LIMITATIONS

If a federal law or combination of federal laws takes effect that is applicable to all covered electronic devices sold in the United States and establishes a program for the collection and recycling or reuse of covered electronic devices that is applicable to all covered electronic devices, the agency shall evaluate whether the federal law provides a solution that is equal to or better than the

program established under this chapter. The agency shall report its findings to the general assembly.

§ 7564. RULEMAKING

The secretary of natural resources may adopt rules to implement the requirements of this chapter.

Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. § 6618 is amended to read:

§ 6618. WASTE MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE FUND

(a) There is hereby created in the state treasury a fund to be known as the waste management assistance fund, to be expended by the secretary of the agency of natural resources. The fund shall have two three accounts: one for solid waste management assistance and, one for hazardous waste management assistance, and one for electronic waste collection and recycling assistance. The hazardous waste management assistance account shall consist of a percentage of the tax on hazardous waste under the provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 237, as established by the secretary, the toxics use reduction fees under subsection 6628(j) of this title, and appropriations of the general assembly. In no event shall the amount of the hazardous waste tax which is deposited to the hazardous waste management assistance account exceed 40 percent of the annual tax receipts. The solid waste management assistance account shall consist of the franchise tax on waste facilities assessed under the provisions of subchapter 13 of chapter 151 of Title 32, and appropriations of the general assembly. The electronic waste collection and recycling account shall consist of the program and implementation fees required under section 7553 of this title. All balances in the fund accounts at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward and remain a part of the fund accounts, except as provided in subsection (e) of this section. Interest earned by the fund shall be deposited into the appropriate fund account. Disbursements from the fund accounts shall be made by the state treasurer on warrants drawn by the commissioner of finance and management.

* * *

(d) The secretary shall annually allocate from the fund accounts the amounts to be disbursed for each of the functions described in subsections (b) and, (c), and (f) of this section. The secretary, in conformance with the priorities established in this chapter, shall establish a system of priorities within each function when the allocation is insufficient to provide funding for all eligible applicants.

* * *

Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 6621a(a) is amended to read:

(a) In accordance with the following schedule, no person shall knowingly dispose of the following solid waste in landfills:

* * *

- (8) Banned electronic devices. After January 1, 2011, computers; peripherals; computer monitors; cathode ray tubes; televisions; printers; personal electronics such as personal digital assistants and personal music players; electronic game consoles; printers; fax machines; wireless telephones; telephones; answering machines; videocassette recorders; digital versatile disc players; digital converter boxes; stereo equipment; and power supply cords (as used to charge electronic devices).
- Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A. § 8003(a) is amended to read:
- (a) The secretary may take action under this chapter to enforce the following statutes:

* * *

- (18) 10 V.S.A. chapter 164, relating to comprehensive mercury management; and
 - (19) 24 V.S.A. chapter 61, subchapter 10, relating to salvage yards; and
- (20) 10 V.S.A. chapter 166, relating to collection and recycling of electronic waste.
- Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. § 8503(a) is amended to read:
- (a) This chapter shall govern all appeals of an act or decision of the secretary, excluding enforcement actions under chapters 201 and 211 of this title and rulemaking, under the following authorities and under the rules adopted under those authorities:
 - (1) The following provisions of this title:

* * *

(P) chapter 166 (collection and recycling of electronic waste).

Sec. 6a. SUNSET

10 V.S.A. § 7559(5) (ANR annual report to general assembly regarding electronic waste collection and recycling program) shall be repealed February 16, 2014.

Sec. 6b. ELECTRONIC WASTE COLLECTION AND RECYCLING PROGRAM FUNDING

- (a) Beginning in fiscal year 2012, the governor's proposed budget for the agency of natural resources shall include a line item, including the source of the funds, for the electronic waste collection and recycling activities required under chapter 166 of Title 10.
- (b) The secretary of natural resources may transfer funds within the waste management assistance fund from the solid waste management assistance account to the electronic waste collection and recycling assistance account to pay the initial costs incurred by the agency of natural resources in the first quarter of the program year beginning July 1, 2011, in implementing the electronic waste collection and recycling requirements of chapter 166 of Title 10. In no case shall the unencumbered balance of the solid waste management assistance account following a transfer under this subsection be less than \$300,000.00.
- (c) On or before January 15, 2012, the secretary of natural resources shall reimburse the solid waste management account in full for all funds transferred from the solid waste management account to the environmental contingency fund under 10 V.S.A. § 6618(f) for implementation of the electronic waste collection and recycling program under chapter 166 of Title 10.
- (d) On or before February 15, 2011, the secretary of natural resources shall provide the house and senate committees on natural resources, the house committee on ways and means, the senate committee on finance, and the senate and house committees on appropriations with a summary of the status of the secretary's development of the electronic waste collection and recycling standard plan under 10 V.S.A. § 7552 and of the status of any request for proposal to implement the standard plan.

Sec. 6c. ANR DISBURSEMENTS; APPROPRIATIONS

- (a) In fiscal year 2011, the secretary of natural resources may authorize disbursements from the electronic waste collection and recycling account within the waste management assistance fund for the purpose of paying the costs of administering and implementing the electronic waste collection program set forth under chapter 166 of Title 10.
- (b) In addition to any other funds appropriated to the agency of natural resources in fiscal year 2011, there is appropriated from the general fund to the agency \$50,000.00 in fiscal year 2011 for the purpose of administering and implementing the electronic waste collection and recycling program under chapter 166 of Title 10.

Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect upon passage.

and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read: "An act relating to the recycling and disposal of electronic waste".

House Proposal of Amendment to Senate Proposal of Amendment H. 331

An act relating to technical changes to the records management authority of the Vermont State Archives and Records Administration.

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the proposal of amendment as follows:

- In Sec. 17 by striking 1 V.S.A. § 317(c)(40) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- (40) records of the identity of a donor or prospective donor when the donor or prospective donor requests anonymity as a condition of making the gift; and records of donor or prospective donor's personal, marital, familial, financial, tax, estate planning, or gift planning information when maintained by a Vermont public postsecondary educational institution, the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation, or the institutionally related foundations of public postsecondary education institutions or of the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation, provided that:
 - (A) "donor" within the meaning of this subdivision shall mean a:
 - (i) natural person;
- (ii) private charitable foundation or trust named for a natural person or persons; or
- (iii) donor-advised fund, as defined by 26 U.S.C. § 4966(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, when the person holding advisory privileges for the fund is a natural person or is unknown to the postsecondary educational institution;
- (B) this subdivision does not apply to benefactors of grants or contracts to the institution for the performance of research;
- (C) disclosure shall be required of the purpose, date, amount, and any donor-imposed restrictions on the use of the donation; and
- (D) the name of any donor and the amount of a donation made by such donor shall be subject to disclosure if the donor transacts business with the educational institution within three years before or after the date of such

donation. For purposes of this subdivision, to "transact business" means the sale or lease of property, goods, or services to the institution in an amount greater than \$10,000.00 in the aggregate in a calendar year by the donor, the donor's immediate family, or a business in which the donor is an officer or has a direct ownership interest of greater than five percent of the assets or stock of the business.

(E) the board of trustees of the Vermont public postsecondary educational institution, the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation, or the institutionally related foundations of a public postsecondary education institution or of the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation shall adopt a procedure for the review of donation in order to ensure compliance with the requirements of this subdivision (c)(40).

NOTICE CALENDAR

Second Reading

Favorable

H. 607.

An act relating to codifying and amending the charter of the Chittenden County Transportation Authority.

Reported favorably by Senator White for the Committee on Government Operations.

(Committee vote: 4-0-1)

H. 761.

An act relating to authorization of High-Speed Intercity Passenger Rail Program grants.

Reported favorably by Senator Scott for the Committee on Transportation.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

J.R.H. 34.

Joint resolution in support of the New England Secondary School Consortium.

Reported favorably by Senator Starr for the Committee on Education.

(Committee vote: 4-0-1)

Favorable with Recommendation of Amendment

S. 222.

An act relating to recognition of Abenaki tribes.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Miller for the Committee on Economic Development, Housing and General Affairs.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. FINDINGS

The general assembly finds the following:

- (1) State recognition of Vermont's tribes is necessary in order for the Indian Arts and Crafts Board (IACB) of the Bureau of Indian Affairs to permit them to market their arts and crafts as authentic Indian products and to provide tribal members access to state, federal, and private aid for cultural, artistic, and educational endeavors.
- (2) In May 2006, the general assembly passed S.117, Act No. 125, in an effort to recognize the Abenaki people and create a Vermont Commission on Native American Affairs. The act failed to comport with the recognition requirements of the IACB, and therefore prevented Vermont Native Americans from marketing their arts and crafts as authentic Indian works.
- (3) Fifteen other states have recognized their resident Native people as American Indian Tribes, without any of those tribes previously or subsequently acquiring federal recognition.
- (4) According to a public affairs specialist from the U.S. Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) state recognition of Indian tribes plays a very small role in regard to federal recognition. The only exception is when a state recognized a tribe well before 1900.
- (5) Recognition of a tribe by a state at this time will play no significant role in any subsequent effort to gain federal tribal recognition.
- Sec. 2. 1 V.S.A. § 852 is amended to read:
- § 852. VERMONT COMMISSION ON NATIVE AMERICAN AFFAIRS ESTABLISHED; AUTHORITY
- (a) In order to recognize the historic and cultural contributions of Native Americans to Vermont, to protect and strengthen their heritage, and to address their needs in state policy, programs, and actions, there is hereby established the Vermont commission on Native American affairs (the "commission").

- (b) The commission shall comprise seven members appointed by the governor for two year terms from a list of candidates compiled by the division for historic preservation. The governor shall appoint a chair from among the members of the commission. The division shall compile a list of candidates' recommendations from the following:
- (1) Recommendations from the Missisquoi Abenaki and other Abenaki and other Native American regional tribal councils and communities in Vermont.
- (2) Applicants who apply in response to solicitations, publications, and website notification by the division of historical preservation:
- (1) Be composed of the following members, who shall serve for no more than two consecutive three-year terms:
- (A) Three members appointed by the Abenaki Nation of Missisquoi, St. Francis Sokoki Band, which is composed of the three Missisquoi Bands.
- (B) One member appointed by the Koasek Traditional Band of the Koas Abenaki Nation.
- (C) One member appointed by the Nulhegan Band of the Abenaki Nation.
- (D) One member appointed by the ELNU Abenaki Tribe of the Koasek.
- (E) One member appointed by any additional Abenaki tribe following recognition by the general assembly.
- (F) Two or three at-large members to assure an odd number of members on the commission, to be appointed by the other commission members.
 - (2) Elect a chair to serve for two years.
- (c) The commission shall have the authority to assist Native American tribal councils, organizations, and individuals to:
 - (1) Assist Native American tribes recognized by the state to:
- (A) Develop and market Vermont Native American fine and performing arts, craftwork, and cultural events in and outside Vermont.
- (B) Secure social services, education, employment opportunities, health care, housing, and census information.

- (2) Permit the creation, display, and sale of Native American arts and crafts and legally to label them as Indian or Native American produced as provided in 18 U.S.C. § 1159(c)(3)(B) and 25 U.S.C. § 305e(d)(3)(B)
- (3) Receive assistance and support from the federal Indian Arts and Crafts Board, as provided in 25 U.S.C. § 305 et seq.
- (4) Become eligible for federal assistance with educational, housing, and cultural opportunities.
- (5) Establish and continue programs offered through the U.S. Department of Education Office on Indian Education pursuant to Title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act established in 1972 to support educational and cultural efforts of tribal entities that have been either state or federally recognized.
- (2) Assist bands and groups of Native Americans who are unrecognized to organize and develop a representative tribal organization in order to petition for legal tribal recognition by the state.
- (3) Review petitions for tribal recognition, and, if satisfied that petitioners have complied with recognition criteria, file with the general assembly a copy of the petition together with a recommendation to recognize the band or group as a recognized tribe.
- (4) Develop policies and programs to benefit Vermont's Native American population.
- (d) The commission shall meet at least three times a year and at any other times at the request of the chair. The <u>division of historic preservation of</u> the agency of commerce and community development and the department of education shall provide administrative support to the commission.
- (e) The commission may seek and receive funding from <u>state</u>, federal, and other sources to assist with its work.
- Sec. 3. 1 V.S.A. § 853 is amended to read:

§ 853. RECOGNITION OF ABENAKI PEOPLE

- (a) The state of Vermont recognizes the Abenaki people and recognizes all Native American people who reside in Vermont as a minority population.
- (b) Recognition of the Native American or Abenaki people provided in subsection (a) of this section shall be for the sole purposes specified in subsection 852(c) of this title and shall not be interpreted to provide any Native American or Abenaki person with any other special rights or privileges that the state does not confer on or grant to other state residents. For the purposes of

recognition, a Vermont Native American tribe must demonstrate that it has all of the following:

- (1) A physical and legal residence in Vermont.
- (2) An organized tribal membership roll along with specific criteria that were used to determine membership, including evidence of kinship among tribal members.
- (3) Documented traditions, customs, and legends that signify Native American heritage.
 - (4) A tribal council, a constitution, and a chief.
- (5) Been and continues to be recognized by other Native American communities in Vermont as a Vermont Native American band or group.
- (6) Been known by state, county, or municipal officials, as a functioning Native American band or group in Vermont.
 - (7) Not been recognized as a tribe in any other state, province, or nation.
- (8) An enduring community presence within the boundaries of Vermont that is documented by archaeology, ethnography, physical anthropology, history, genealogy, folklore, or any other applicable scholarly research and data.
- (c) A band or group of Native Americans not identified in subsection (e) of this section may file a petition for recognition with the commission. If after thorough review of the petition and evidence supporting recognition, the commission determines that the petitioning group has complied with the criteria under subsection (b) of this section, the commission shall recommend to the general assembly that the state recognize the tribe.
- (d) After a group or band is recognized by the general assembly as a Native American tribe, the band or group may refer to itself as a recognized tribe, and the tribe may appoint a member of that tribe to the Vermont commission on Native American affairs.
- (e) Having complied with the criteria in subsection (b) of this section, the following groups or bands are recognized as Native American tribes by the state of Vermont:
- (1) The Abenaki Nation of Missisquoi, St. Francis Sokoki Band, composed of the former Missisquoi, St. Francis, and Sokoki Bands.
 - (2) The Koasek Traditional Band of the Koas Abenaki Nation.
- (3) The Nulhegan Band of the Abenaki Nation, historically known as the Northern Coosuk/Memphremagog/Old Philip's Band.

(4) The ELNU Abenaki Tribe of the Koasek.

- (f) Native American tribes recognized by the state of Vermont may freely practice their traditional culture, lifeways, arts, language, and religion without interference, provided there is no violation of law.
- (g) All documents related to recognition of any Vermont Native American tribe shall be maintained by the division of historic preservation and made available to the public.
- (h) This chapter shall not be construed to recognize, create, extend, or form the basis of any right or claim to land or real estate in Vermont for the Abenaki people or any Abenaki individual and shall be construed to confer only those rights specifically described in this chapter. Abenaki tribes and other Vermont Native American tribes and individual members of those tribes are subject to the laws of the state.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

S. 283.

An act relating to amending miscellaneous motor vehicle laws, eliminating the motorcycle rider training program advisory committee, and repealing the interstate compact for motor vehicle safety equipment.

Reported favorably with recommendation of amendment by Senator Scott for the Committee on Transportation.

The Committee recommends that the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 23 V.S.A. § 4 is amended to read:

§ 4. DEFINITIONS

Except as may be otherwise provided herein, and unless the context otherwise requires in statutes relating to motor vehicles and enforcement of the law regulating vehicles, as provided in this title and part 5 of Title 20, the following definitions shall apply:

* * *

(45) "Moped" means a motor driven cycle equipped with two or three wheels, with or without foot pedals to permit muscular propulsion, a power source providing up to a maximum of two brake horsepower and having a maximum piston or rotor displacement of 50 cubic centimeters if a combustion

engine is used, which will propel the vehicle, unassisted, at a speed not to exceed 30 miles per hour on a level road surface, and which is equipped with a power drive system that functions directly or automatically only, not requiring clutching or shifting by the operator after the drive system is engaged. As motor vehicles, mopeds shall be subject to the purchase and use tax imposed under chapter 219 of Title 32 rather than to a general sales tax. An electric personal assistive mobility device is not a moped.

* * *

Sec. 2. 23 V.S.A. § 114(a)(21) is amended to read:

(21) Records not otherwise specified 4.00 per page

Sec. 3. 23 V.S.A. §§ 453 and 459 are amended to read:

§ 453. FEES AND NUMBER PLATES

* * *

The commissioner of motor vehicles shall not issue a dealer's certificate of registration to a new or used car dealer, unless the dealer has provided the commissioner with a surety bond, letter of credit, or certificate of deposit issued by an entity authorized to transact business in the same state. The amount of such surety bond, letter of credit, or certificate of deposit shall be between \$5,000.00 \$20,000.00 and \$15,000.00, \$35,000.00 based on the number of new or used units sold in the previous year; such schedule is to be determined by the commissioner of motor vehicles. In the case of a certificate of deposit, it shall be issued in the name of the dealer and assigned to the commissioner or his or her designee. The bond, letter of credit, or certificate of deposit shall serve as indemnification for any monetary loss suffered by the state or by a purchaser of a motor vehicle by reason of the dealer's failure to remit to the commissioner any fees collected by the dealer under the provisions of chapters 7 and 21 of this title or by a dealer's failure to remit to the commissioner any tax collected by the dealer under chapter 219 of Title 32. This state or the motor vehicle owner who suffers such loss or damage shall have the right to claim against the surety upon the bond or against the letter of credit or certificate of deposit. The bond, letter of credit, or certificate of deposit shall remain in effect for the pending registration year and one year thereafter. The liability of any such surety or claim against the letter of credit or certificate of deposit shall be limited to the amount of the fees or tax collected by the dealer under chapters 7 and 21 of this title or chapter 219 of Title 32 and not remitted to the commissioner.

§ 459. NOTICE TO COMMISSIONER

- (a) Upon issuing a number plate with temporary validation stickers, temporary number plate, or decal to a purchaser for attachment to a motor vehicle, a dealer shall, within three business 15 calendar days, forward to the commissioner the application and fee, deposited with him or her by the purchaser, together with notice of such issue and such other information as the commissioner may require.
- (b) If a number plate with temporary validation stickers, temporary registration plate, or decal is not issued by a dealer in connection with the sale or exchange of a motor vehicle, the dealer may accept, from the purchaser, a properly executed registration, tax and title application, and the required fees for transmission to the commissioner. The dealer shall, within three business 15 calendar days, forward to the commissioner the application and fee together with such other information as the commissioner may require.

Sec. 4. 23 V.S.A. § 1129(a) is amended to read:

(a) The operator of a motor vehicle involved in an accident whereby a person is injured or whereby there is total damage to all property to the extent of \$1,000.00 \$3,000.00 or more shall make a written report concerning the accident to the commissioner of motor vehicles on forms furnished by the commissioner. The written report shall be mailed to the commissioner within 72 hours after the accident. The commissioner may require further facts concerning the accident to be provided upon forms furnished by him or her.

Sec. 5. 23 V.S.A. § 1222(c) is amended to read:

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, an exhibition vehicle of model year 1940 or before, registered as prescribed in section 373 of this title or a trailer registered as prescribed in subdivision 371(a)(1)(A) of this title shall be exempt from inspection; provided, however, the vehicle must be equipped as originally manufactured, must be in good mechanical condition, and must meet the applicable standards of the inspection manual.

Sec. 6. 23 V.S.A. § 2017(b) is amended to read:

- (b) The commissioner shall maintain at his or her central office a record of all certificates of title issued by him or her:
- (1) Under for vehicles 15 years old and newer under a distinctive title number assigned to the vehicle;
 - (2) Under under the identification number of the vehicle;
- (3) Alphabetically alphabetically, under the name of the owner; and, in the discretion of the commissioner, by any other method he or she determines. The original records may be maintained on microfilm or electronic imaging.

and, in the discretion of the commissioner, by any other method he or she determines. The original records may be maintained on microfilm or electronic imaging.

Sec. 7. REPEAL

23 V.S.A. § 735 (motorcycle rider training program advisory committee) and chapter 20 of Title 23 (interstate compact for motor vehicle safety equipment) are repealed.

(Committee vote: 5-0-0)

Reported favorably by Senator Hartwell for the Committee on Finance.

(Committee vote: 5-0-2)

ORDERED TO LIE

S. 99.

An act relating to amending the Act 250 criteria relating to traffic, scattered development, and rural growth areas.

S. 110.

An act relating to sheltering livestock.

CONFIRMATIONS

The following appointments will be considered by the Senate, as a group, under suspension of the Rules, as moved by the President *pro tempore*, for confirmation together and without debate, by consent thereby given by the Senate. However, upon request of any senator, any appointment may be singled out and acted upon separately by the Senate, with consideration given to the report of the Committee to which the appointment was referred, and with full debate; and further, all appointments for the positions of Secretaries of Agencies, Commissioners of Departments, Judges, Magistrates, and members of the Public Service Board shall be fully and separately acted upon.

Robert Kelley of Brandon - Member of the Board of Education - By Senator Flory for the Committee on Education. (1/14/10)

Steven Gurin of Barre - Member of the Vermont Educational & Health Buildings Financing Agency - By Senator Cummings for the Committee on Finance. (2/3/10)

Kenneth Gibbons of Hyde Park - Member of the Vermont Educational & Health Buildings Financing Agency - By Senator McCormack for the Committee on Finance. (2/17/10)

Sandi Murphy of Enosburg Falls - Member of the Valuation Appeals Board

- By Senator Giard for the Committee on Finance. (2/24/10)

<u>Jonathan Wood</u> of Cambridge - Secretary of the Agency of Natural Resources - By Senator Lyons for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy. (3/10/10)

<u>Jonathan Wood</u> of Cambridge - Secretary of the Agency of Natural Resources - By Senator Lyons for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy. (3/10/10)

<u>Justin Johnson</u> of Barre - Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Conservation - By Senator Lyons for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy. (3/10/10)

<u>Wayne Allen Laroche</u> of Franklin - Commissioner of the Department of Fish & Wildlife - By Senator Lyons for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy. (3/10/10)

<u>Peter F. Young, Jr.</u> of Northfield - Chair of the Natural Resources Board - By Senator Lyons for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy. (3/10/10)

<u>Jason Gibbs</u> of Duxbury - Commissioner of the Department of Forests, Parks & Recreation - By Senator Lyons for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy. (3/10/10)

<u>Jason Gibbs</u> of Duxbury – Commissioner of the Department of Forests, Parks & Recreation – By Senator Lyons for the Committee on Natural Resources and Energy. (3/10/10)

<u>Richard A. Westman</u> of Cambridge – Commissioner of the Department of Taxes – By Senator MacDonald for the Committee on Finance. (3/16/10)

REPORTS ON FILE

Pursuant to the provisions of 2 V.S.A. §20(c), one (1) hard copy of the following reports is on file in the office of the Secretary of the Senate. Effective January 2010, pursuant to Act No. 192, Adj. Sess. (2008) §5.005(g) some reports will automatically be sent by electronic copy only and can be found on the State of Vermont webpage.

40. Vermont Workforce Development Council 2008 Annual Report. (March 2010).

JFO NOTICE

INFORMATION NOTICE

The following items were recently received by the Joint Fiscal Committee:

JFO #2433 — \$3,999,923 grant from the U.S. Department of Labor to the Vermont Department of Labor. These funds will be used to study the demand for Green Jobs in Vermont and the northeast. Vermont will act as the lead administrative state for this collaboration with Massachusetts, Connecticut, Maine, New York, New Hampshire, and the District of Columbia. Vermont's share of this award is approximately \$530,000. The establishment of two (2) limited service positions are associated with this request, as is the retention of two existing positions. This grant is awarded under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. [JFO received 3/4/10]

JFO #2434 — \$10,466 grant from the University of Vermont to Agriculture, Food & Markets. These funds will be used to provide oversight of the voluntary Johne's disease program, review risk assessment and management plans, and process invoices for participating veterinarians. [*JFO received* 3/4/10]

JFO #2435 — \$40,000 donation from the Watershed Center (Bristol, Vermont) to the Department of Fish & Wildlife. This funding represents 25% of the of the purchase price for a conservation easement in the Town of Bristol. [*JFO received* 3/09/10]

JFO #2436 — \$951,000 grant from the U.S. Department of Labor to the Department of Disabilities, Aging and Independent Living. This grant will be used to further develop a statewide employment-focused Neuro-Resource Facilitation (NRF) System for disabled veterans with Traumatic Brain Injury in Vermont. This grant includes a request for two limited service positions. *JFO received* 3/09/10]

JFO #2437 — \$293,998 grant from the U.S. Department of Health & Human Services to the Office of Vermont Health Access. This grant will be used to support the development of a State Medicaid Health Information Technology Plan (SMHP). The establishment of two (2) limited service positions are associated with this request. This grant is awarded under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act. [JFO received 3/09/10]