House Calendar

Wednesday, May 12, 2010

128th DAY OF ADJOURNED SESSION

House Convenes at 9:30 A.M.

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ORDERS OF THE DAY

ACTION CALENDAR CONSIDERATION INTERRUPTED BY ADJOURNMENT H. 792

An act relating to implementation of challenges for change

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

By renumbering Sec. 68 as Sec. 69 and inserting a new Sec. 68 to read:

Sec. 68. RECONVENING OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

This act and the Challenges for Change Act both accomplish significant progress toward redesigning how government services will be provided to achieve required outcomes, through long-term strategic planning, while spending less money. However, the \$38 million savings assumed in the budget in H. 789 as passed by the House will not be achieved by implementation of the proposals offered to date. It is estimated that there may need to be an additional savings of approximately \$20 million. To ensure that the general assembly has the opportunity to analyze the cost-savings proposals in detail and is fully accountable for any decisions with respect to implementation of the proposals and to ensure that the committees of jurisdiction and the joint legislative government accountability committee have sufficient time to analyze, adjust, and finalize the proposals, the general assembly when it initially adjourns from its 2010 session shall not adjourn sine die, but shall instead adjourn to June 15, 2010, to take any necessary legislative action to approve and implement further proposals in accordance with the Challenges for Change Act and this act to save the additional \$20 million in fiscal year 2011. Any committee of jurisdiction may meet at any time before June 15, 2010, for the purposes in this section, at the call of the chair.

(For text see House Journal 4/15 - 4/16/10)

Amendment to be offered by Rep. Poirier of Barre City to Senate proposal of amendment to H. 792

By striking Sec. H4a in its entirety and inserting a new Sec. H4a to read:

Sec. H4a. REVIEW BY JOINT FISCAL COMMITTEE

The general assembly recognizes that acts of appropriations and their sources of funding reflect the priorities for expenditures of public funds enacted by the general assembly and that reductions in expenditures and

programs which are considered as a means of accomplishing the goals of No. 68 of the Acts of the 2009 Adj. Sess. (2010), and this act should reflect these legislated priorities. Therefore, if the general assembly is not in session, the secretary of administration shall report to the relevant standing committees of jurisdiction any proposal for a reduction in excess of three percent of the expenditure of the appropriated funding for any single function, program, or service as a part of its plan of implementation of Challenges for Change and shall include in the report an analysis of how the reduction is designed to achieve the outcomes expressed in the Challenges for Change and how the reduction is designed to achieve legislated policy priorities. The standing committees shall provide a combined recommendation to the joint fiscal committee within 10 days after receipt of the secretary's report. The joint fiscal committee may within 21 days after receipt of the secretary's report consider the proposed reduction in expenditures and report its approval or disapproval and the reasons in support of its decision to the secretary and to the general assembly. If the report is disapproved, the secretary may submit a revised plan to the joint fiscal committee for its review and approval or disapproval.

Unfinished Business of Tuesday, May 11 2010 Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 213

An act to provide fairness to tenants in cases of contested housing security deposit withholding

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by adding a new section to be Sec. 2 to read as follows:

Sec. 2. 9 V.S.A. § 4467 is amended to read:

§ 4467. TERMINATION OF TENANCY; NOTICE

(a) Termination for nonpayment of rent. The landlord may terminate a tenancy for nonpayment of rent by providing actual notice to the tenant of the date on which the tenancy will terminate which shall be at least 14 days after the date of the actual notice. The rental agreement shall not terminate if the tenant pays or tenders rent due through the end of the rental period in which payment is made or tendered. Acceptance of partial payment of rent shall not constitute a waiver of the landlord's remedies for nonpayment of rent or an accord and satisfaction for nonpayment of rent.

* * *

(For text see House Journal 3/26 - 4/1/10)

An act relating to the use value appraisal program

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. USE VALUE APPRAISAL PROGRAM ASSESSMENT

For property tax bills prepared in 2010 only, there is imposed on each owner of land enrolled in the use value appraisal program pursuant to chapter 124 of Title 32 a one-time assessment of \$128.00. The assessment shall be collected as part of property tax bills prepared for the 2010 tax year, and the assessment shall show as a separate amount on all towns' bills. For the purpose of assessment and collection, the one-time assessment shall be a lien upon the real estate in the same manner and to the same effect as taxes are a lien upon real estate under 32 V.S.A. § 5061, and collection of the assessment shall be subject to all other provisions of chapter 133 of Title 32. The director of property valuation and review shall provide all towns with electronic notice of the parcels within each town that shall be subject to the one-time assessment. Using a form provided by the director, towns shall remit to the state treasurer for deposit in the general fund on May 1, 2011, the full amount collected as of that date. At the time of the May 1 payment, towns also will indicate the full amount that should have been collected and any amount that remains delinquent. Payment of any amount outstanding due to delinquencies shall be payable in full to the state treasurer on December 1, 2011.

* * * Method and Calculation of Land Use Change Tax * * *

Sec. 2. 32 V.S.A. § 3757 is amended to read:

§ 3757. LAND USE CHANGE TAX

(a) Land which has been classified as agricultural land or managed forest land forestland pursuant to this chapter shall be subject to a land use change tax upon the development of that land, as defined in section 3752 of this chapter. Said The tax shall be at the rate of 20 10 percent of the full fair market value of the changed land determined without regard to the use value appraisal; or the tax shall be at the rate of 10 percent if the owner demonstrates to the satisfaction of the director that the parcel has been enrolled continuously more than 10 years. If changed land is a portion of a parcel, the fair market value of the changed land shall be the fair market value of the changed land prorated on the basis of acreage, divided by the common level of appraisal. Such For purposes of the land use change tax, fair market value shall be determined as of the date the land is no longer eligible for use value appraisal developed or at an earlier date, if the owner petitions for the determination

pursuant to subsection (c) of this section and pays the tax within 30 days of notification from the local assessing officials. This tax shall be in addition to the annual property tax imposed upon such property. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require payment of an additional land use change tax upon the subsequent development of the same land, nor shall it be construed to require payment of a land use change tax merely because previously eligible land becomes ineligible, provided no development of the land has occurred.

- (b) Any owner of eligible land who wishes to withdraw land from use value appraisal shall petition the director for a determination of the fair market value of the land at the time of the withdrawal. Thereafter land which has been withdrawn shall be appraised and listed at its full fair market value in accordance with the provisions of chapter 121 of this title. Said determination of the fair market value shall be used in calculating the amount of the land use change tax that shall be due when and if the development of the land occurs.
- (c) The determination of the fair market value of the land as of the date the land is no longer eligible for a use value appraisal, or as of the time of the withdrawal of the land from use value appraisal, shall be made by the director local assessing officials in accordance with the land schedule and the appraisal model used to list property of similar size to the withdrawn parcel in their municipality divided by the municipality's most recent common level of appraisal as determined by the director; provided, however, that if the land use change tax becomes payable as a result of a transfer of title pursuant to a bona fide arms' length transaction, the purchase price shall be deemed the fair market value of the property for the purpose of calculating the land use change tax. The determination shall be made within 30 days after the date that the owner or assessing officials petition petitions for the determination and shall be effective on the date of dispatch the notice is sent to the owner. The director may initiate a determination on his or her own initiative following written notice to the owner and a period of not less than 30 days for the owner to respond. The director shall also send a copy of the notice to the local assessing officials, the secretary of the agency of agriculture, food and markets if the land is agricultural land, and the commissioner of forests, parks and recreation if the land is managed forestland.
- (d) The land use change tax shall be due and payable by the owner 30 days after the tax notice is mailed to the taxpayer. The tax shall be paid to the commissioner for deposit into the general fund municipality in which the land is located. The commissioner local assessing officials shall issue a form to the assessing officials commissioner which shall provide for a description of the land developed for which the tax is due, the amount of tax payable, and the fair market value of the land at the time of development or withdrawal from use value appraisal used to calculate the tax. The owner shall fill out the form and

shall sign it under the penalty of perjury. After receipt of payment, the eommissioner local assessing officials shall furnish the owner with one copy, shall retain one copy and shall, forward one copy to the local assessing officials and commissioner along with one-half of the tax collected, forward one copy to the register of deeds of the municipality in which the land is located, forward one copy to the secretary of the agency of agriculture, food and markets if the land is agricultural land, and forward one copy to the commissioner of forests, parks and recreation if the land is managed forestland. Thereafter, the land which has been withdrawn or developed shall be appraised and listed at its full fair market value in accordance with the provisions of chapter 121 of this title.

(e) The owner of any classified land receiving use value appraisal under this subchapter shall immediately notify the director, <u>local assessing officials</u>, the secretary of the agency of agriculture, food and markets if the land is agricultural land, and the commissioner of forests, parks and recreation if the land is managed forestland of:

* * *

Sec. 3. 32 V.S.A. § 3758(a) is amended to read:

- (a) Whenever the director denies in whole or in part any application for classification as agricultural land or managed forest land forestland or farm buildings, or grants a different classification than that applied for, or the director or assessing officials fix a use value appraisal, or determine that previously classified property is no longer eligible or that the property has undergone a change in use, the aggrieved owner may appeal the decision of the director to the director within 30 days of the decision. The aggrieved owner may appeal the director's final decision to the commissioner within 30 days, and from there to the superior court in the same manner and under the same procedures as an appeal from a decision of a board of civil authority, as set forth in subchapter 2 of chapter 131 of this title; and may appeal the decision of the assessing officials in the same manner as an appeal of a grand list valuation.
- * * * Remove Preferential Property Transfer Tax Rate for Enrolled Land * * * Sec. 4. REPEAL
- 32 V.S.A. § 9602(2) (providing preferential property transfer tax for land enrolled in the use value appraisal program) is repealed effective July 1, 2010.
 - * * * Electronic Administration of Use Value Appraisal Program * * *

Sec. 5. APPROPRIATION

(a) For fiscal year 2011, there is appropriated \$300,000.00 from the general - 3137 -

fund to the use value appraisal program special fund created pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 3756(e) for the purpose of administering the program electronically.

(b) It is the intent of the general assembly to appropriate \$300,000.00 from the general fund to the use value appraisal program special fund to continue administering the program electronically in each of fiscal years 2012 and 2013.

Sec. 6. NOTICE

- (a) The director of property valuation and review shall timely provide written notice to each owner of land enrolled in the use value appraisal program of the changes provided for in this act and the options the owner has with respect to any enrolled land.
- (b) The director shall timely provide written notice to all applicants to the use value appraisal program who applied to enroll land for the September 1, 2009, deadline of the changes provided for in this act and the options the applicant has with respect to the enrollment of land. Each applicant shall have the opportunity to do one of the following:
 - (1) Enroll all of the land as provided for in the original application; or
- (2) Withdraw the application in its entirety by filing a notice of withdrawal with the director on or before July 1, 2010.
- (c) Any applicant who does not provide notice to the director by July 1, 2010, pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall be deemed to have elected to enroll all of the land as provided for in the original application pursuant to subdivision (b)(1) of this section. The director shall refund the application fee of any applicant who elects to withdraw the application in its entirety pursuant to subdivision (b)(2) of this section.

Sec. 7. WAIVER OF ERRORS AND OMISSIONS

For April 1, 2010, grand list only, the provisions of 32 V.S.A. § 4261, requiring selectboard approval before listers may correct errors on the grand list, are waived with respect to making changes to the grand list that are the result of withdrawal of applications for enrollment pursuant to Sec. 6(b)(2) of this act.

Sec. 8. THE FUTURE OF THE USE VALUE APPRAISAL PROGRAM

(a) Given the critical importance of Vermont's use value appraisal program to the state's agricultural and forest industries as well as to the state's rural character and quality of life and in response to continuing fiscal challenges, the general assembly should consider multiple strategies to strengthen the effectiveness, efficiency, and fairness of the use value appraisal program and seek ways to find additional revenue generation or cost savings consistent with

the program's policy objectives.

- (b) There is created a current use committee to study issues relating to the use value appraisal program and to report to the house committees on agriculture, on natural resources and energy, on fish, wildlife and water resources, and on ways and means and to the senate committees on agriculture, on natural resources and energy, and on finance. The committee shall provide an interim report no later than January 15, 2011, and a final report no later than January 15, 2012. The members of the study committee shall be:
- (1) The director of property valuation and review, who shall serve as the chair of the committee and shall call the first meeting of the committee on or before July 1, 2010;
- (2) The secretary of the agency of agriculture, food and markets or designee;
 - (3) The commissioner of forests, parks and recreation or designee;
- (4) A representative of the Vermont League of Cities and Towns, appointed by its board of directors;
- (5) A representative of the Vermont Assessors and Listers Association, appointed by its board of directors;
 - (6) A member of the public appointed by the speaker of the house;
 - (7) A member of the public appointed by the committee on committees;
 - (8) A member of the public appointed by the governor;
- (9) A member of the current use advisory board established pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 3753, appointed by the chair.
 - (c) The committee report shall address the following issues in detail:
- (1) The state's formula for municipal reimbursement payments ("hold harmless payments").
 - (2) The extent and degree of over-assessment of enrolled land;
- (3) Whether there is a need to create incentives for landowners who keep enrolled land open for public recreation, and if so, what incentives.
- (4) The feasibility of allowing enrollees to omit on an initial application or withdraw from the program an undesignated two-acre housesite that would be assessed at the highest value.
- (5) Deferral of the land use change tax payment for development of on-farm housing.

- (6) Eligibility requirements for agricultural parcels smaller than 25 acres.
- (d) Members of the committee who are not state employees shall be entitled to compensation as provided under 32 V.S.A. § 1010.

Sec. 9. EFFECTIVE DATES AND TRANSITION RULES

- (a) Any withdrawal of an application for use value appraisal pursuant to Sec. 6(b)(2) of this act after the date of passage of this act and before July 1, 2010, shall be deemed to affect the enrollment status of the withdrawn property for the grand list of April 1, 2010.
- (b) Property withdrawn from the use value appraisal program before the effective date of Secs. 2 and 3 of this act, but not developed before that date, shall be subject to the land use change tax under the provisions of 32 V.S.A. § 3757 that were in effect at the time of withdrawal; and revenues from land use change tax paid on any such property shall be paid to the commissioner for deposit into the general fund.
- (c) This section and Secs. 1, 5, 6, 7, and 8 of this act shall take effect upon passage.
 - (d) Secs. 2 and 3 of this act shall take effect on November 1, 2010.
- (e) Sec. 4 of this act shall apply to all property transfers on or after July 1, 2010.

(For text see House Journal 1/26 - 1/27/10)

Amendment to be offered by Rep. Lewis of Derby to H. 485

First: By adding Sec. 8a to read:

Sec. 8a. USE VALUE APPRAISAL "EASY-OUT"

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an owner of property enrolled in use value appraisal under chapter 124 of Title 32 who elects to discontinue enrollment of the entire parcel may be relieved of any obligation to pay a use change tax under section 3757 of that title or any other obligation entailed under that chapter, provided that, if the property owner does elect to discontinue enrollment and be relieved of those obligations, the owner shall pay the full property tax, based upon the property's full fair market value, for the 2010 assessment as well as future years, and no state reimbursement shall be paid for that land. An election to discontinue enrollment under this provision is effective only if made in writing to the director of property valuation and review on or before September 1, 2010; and an owner who elects to discontinue enrollment under this section may not re-enroll any portion of that parcel in the succeeding five years.

Action Postponed Until May 28, 2010 Governors Veto H. 436

An act relating to decommissioning funds of nuclear energy generation plants.

Pending Question: Shall the House sustain the Governor's veto?

NOTICE CALENDAR

Senate Proposal of Amendment

H. 66

An act relating to including secondary students with disabilities in senior year activities and ceremonies

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill as follows:

<u>First</u>: In Sec. 1, 16 V.S.A. § 2944, by redesignating the section to be Sec. 22 and in the new Sec. 22 by redesignating subsections (h) and (i) as subsections (i) and (j) respectively and by inserting a new subsection to be subdivision (h) to read:

(h) A school shall not be required to permit a student to participate in a graduation ceremony or senior year activities pursuant to subsection (g) of this section if the student has not met graduation requirements for reasons that are wholly unrelated to the student's disability

<u>Second</u>: By adding 21 new sections to be numbered Secs. 1 through 21 to read as follows:

Sec. 1. FINDINGS

The general assembly finds that:

- (1) the voluntary merger of Vermont's education governing units will support:
- (A) increased educational opportunities for all students, including the effective use of technology to expand those opportunities;
 - (B) increased economies of scale;
- (C) enhanced cost efficiencies available in personnel assignment and the management of resources, particularly at a time when many districts are experiencing declining enrollment;
- (2) providing incentives, technical assistance, and statutory changes to encourage voluntary merger of school districts will allow governance changes to occur while preserving the authority of voters to make local decisions that

are appropriate for their communities; and

- (3) the voluntary merger of Vermont's education governing units:
- (A) will assist schools and education governing units to obtain meaningful, standardized metrics for evaluating programs; comparing local, national, and international student data; assessing and identifying system improvements; and analyzing the costs and benefits of resource allocations;
- (B) provides voters opportunities to make local decisions regarding school choice and other enrollment options, in Vermont public schools and in approved independent schools, that are appropriate for their communities;
- (C) recognizes school choice as a significant part of the Vermont elementary and secondary system as it currently exists and as it will continue to exist as changes to the structure are made in the future; and
- (4) encouraging education governing units to enter into contracts to share administrative, educational, technical, labor, and material resources, which may be considered to be "virtual mergers," will also assist the governing units to reduce costs, to improve educational outcomes, and to eliminate barriers to increased efficiency.
 - * * * School District Merger Incentive Program * * *

Sec. 2. SCHOOL DISTRICT MERGER INCENTIVE PROGRAM

- (a) Program created. There is created a school district merger incentive program under which the incentives outlined in Sec. 4 of this act shall be available to each new unified union school district created pursuant to Sec. 3 of this act and to each new district created under that section by the merger of districts that provide education by paying tuition. Incentives shall be available, however, only if the effective date of merger is on or before July 1, 2017.
- (b) Board discussion. On or before December 1, 2010, the board of each supervisory union in the state shall discuss, and the board of every school district may discuss, whether it wishes to explore the merger of districts within the supervisory union or with one or more districts outside of the supervisory union, or both under the terms of this act.
- (c) Board vote. On or before October 1, 2012, each supervisory union board shall vote whether to perform a more comprehensive analysis of potential merger, and shall report the results of its vote to the commissioner of education and the voters of each member school district.
- Sec. 3. VOLUNTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT MERGER INCENTIVE PROGRAM
 - (a) Size.

- (1) School districts, which may include one or more union school districts, may merge to form a union school district pursuant to chapter 11 of Title 16 (a "Regional Education District" or "RED") that shall have an average daily membership of at least 1,250 or result from the merger of at least four districts, or both.
- (2) School districts interested in merger may request the state board of education to grant them a waiver from the requirements of subdivision (1) of this subsection, which shall be granted if the districts can demonstrate that the requirements would not be cost-effective, would decrease educational opportunities, or would diminish student achievement, or any combination of these.

(b) Elementary and Secondary Education.

- (1) A RED formed under this act shall provide for the education of its resident students by operating one or more public schools offering elementary and secondary education.
- (2) If they comply with all other provisions of this act, then notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, school districts that do not operate secondary schools may merge to form a RED, operate as a K–12 district, and receive the incentives in Sec. 4 of this act if the proposed RED operates one or more schools offering at least kindergarten through grade 6 for the resident students in those grade and implements one of the following options:
- (A) The RED designates either a Vermont public school outside the district or a Vermont approved independent school located inside or outside the district as the sole public secondary school of the RED pursuant to the provisions of 16 V.S.A. § 827.
- (B) The RED provides for the education of students in all grades for which it does not operate a school by paying tuition pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 824, provided that the RED will neither operate a school offering the grades for which it pays tuition nor designate a school that offers those grades.
- (3) If they comply with all other provisions of this act, then notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, school districts that do not operate any schools may merge to form a RED, operate as a K–12 district, and receive the incentives in Sec. 4 of this act if the proposed RED provides for the education of students in all grades by paying tuition pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 824, provided that the RED will neither operate a school offering the grades for which it pays tuition nor designate a school that offers those grades.
 - (c) Supervisory unions and supervisory districts.

- (1) School districts that merge to form a RED do not need to be members of the same supervisory union prior to merger.
- (2) Upon merger, the state board of education shall assign the RED to a supervisory union or determine that the RED will operate as a supervisory district. In addition, the state board shall assign any district or districts in the original supervisory union or unions that did not merge into the RED to one or more supervisory unions; provided, however, a district may request placement within a specified supervisory union pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 261(b).
- (d) Operation of schools. A RED shall not close any school within its boundaries during the first four years after the effective date of merger unless the electorate of the town in which the school is located consents to closure. The participating districts' plan of merger may include processes governing the manner in which the RED may close schools after the fourth year.
- (e) Local participation. Because the RED shall be governed by one board, the plan for merger presented to the electorate for approval under chapter 11 of Title 16 shall include structures and processes that provide opportunities for local participation in the creation of RED policy and budget development.
- (f) Enrollment options. The plan for merger presented to the electorate for approval shall include whether and to what extent elementary and secondary students residing within the RED may enroll in any school the RED operates, provided:
- (1) a RED that operates or designates a secondary school shall comply with regional high school choice provisions of 16 V.S.A. § 1622;
- (2) each RED shall provide, or provide access to, secondary technical education for students residing within its boundaries;
- (3) if the approved merger plan provides fewer options to the students in one or more of the merging districts than they have prior to merger, then the RED shall pay tuition to a school pursuant to the provisions of 16 V.S.A. §§ 823 and 824 for any resident student who resided in one of those districts and was enrolled in the school at public expense at the time of merger, even if the approved merger plan does not otherwise require the RED to pay tuition to that school; and
- (4) if a RED is created pursuant to subdivision (b)(2) or (b)(3) of this section and provides for the education of resident secondary students by paying tuition, and if after the effective date of merger the RED electorate is asked to vote on a proposal to limit enrollment options in those grades, then the proposed amendment, as with any change to a specific term of a merger agreement, shall be affirmed or rejected by the voters of each member town

pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 706n(a).

- (g) Employment and labor relations. On the first day of its existence, the RED shall:
- (1) assume the obligations of individual employment contracts between the participating districts and their bargaining unit employees;
- (2) assume the collective bargaining agreements between the participating districts and their respective representative organizations, including any provisions that address the transition to the RED, until such time as it reaches its own agreement with teachers and administrators under 16 V.S.A. § 2005, and with other employees under 21 V.S.A. § 1725(a);
- (3) recognize the representatives of the employees of the former member districts as the recognized representatives of the employees of the RED;
- (4) ensure that an employee of the former member district who is not a probationary employee shall not be considered a probationary employee of the RED; and
- (5) have reached an agreement with the recognized representatives of the employees, effective on the first day of the RED's existence, regarding how to address issues of seniority, reduction in force, layoff, and recall prior to reaching its first collective bargaining agreement with its employees.
- (h) Cost-benefit analysis. School districts shall conduct a cost-benefit analysis as part of their merger planning. The plan for merger submitted to the state board of education pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 706c and presented to the voters for approval shall identify cost efficiencies and improved educational outcomes that will result from merger in order to demonstrate a rational basis for the decision to merge and shall outline and, to the extent possible, document projected:
 - (A) real dollar efficiencies;
 - (B) operational efficiencies;
 - (C) expanded student learning opportunities; and
 - (D) improved student outcomes.
- (i) Qualification. No individual entitlement or private right of action is created by Secs. 2 through 4 of this act.
- Sec. 4. VOLUNTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT MERGER; INCENTIVES
 - (a) Equalized homestead property tax rates.

- (1)(A) Subject to the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection and notwithstanding any other provision of law, the RED's equalized homestead property tax rate shall be
- (i) decreased by \$0.08 in the first year after the effective date of merger;
- (ii) decreased by \$0.06 in the second year after the effective date of merger;
- (iii) decreased by \$0.04 in the third year after the effective date of merger; and
- (iv) decreased by \$0.02 in the fourth year after the effective date of merger.
- (B) The household income percentage shall be calculated accordingly.
- (2) During the years in which a RED's equalized homestead property tax rate is decreased pursuant to this subsection, the rate for each town within the RED shall not increase or decrease by more than five percent in a single year. The household income percentage shall be calculated accordingly.
- (3) On and after the effective date of merger, the common level of appraisal shall be calculated independently for each town within the RED for purposes of determining the homestead property tax rate for each town.
- (b) Capital debt service. Beginning in fiscal year 2018, and notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commissioner annually shall reimburse from the education fund the amount of interest paid in the prior year by a RED to its lender on borrowing in anticipation of any state school construction aid that was owed to a merging member of the RED as of the effective date of this act and has not been paid to the RED by the state as of July 1, 2016.
- (c) Sale of school buildings. Subject to the provisions of Sec. 3(d) of this act:
- (1) if a RED closes a school building and sells the school building, or an energy saving measure within it as contemplated in 16 V.S.A. § 3448f(g), then neither the RED nor any other entity shall be required to refund a percentage of the sale price to the state pursuant to chapter 123 of Title 16; and
- (2) if a participating district retains ownership of and closes a school building as part of the electorate-approved plan for merger and the participating district sells the school building or energy saving measure

associated with the building, then neither the district nor any other entity shall be required to refund a percentage of the sale price to the state pursuant to chapter 123 of Title 16.

- (d) Merger support grant. If the merging districts of a RED included at least one "eligible school district," as defined in 16 V.S.A. § 4015, that had received a small school support grant under section 4015 in the fiscal year two years prior to the first fiscal year of merger, then the RED shall be eligible to receive a merger support grant in each of its first five fiscal years in an amount equal to the small school support grant received by the eligible school district in the fiscal year two years prior to the first fiscal year of merger. If more than one merging district was an eligible school district, then the merger support grant shall be in an amount equal to the total combined small school support grants they received in the fiscal year two years prior to the first fiscal year of merger.
- (e) Consulting services reimbursement grant. From the education fund, the commissioner of education shall pay up to \$20,000.00 to the merger study committee established under 16 V.S.A. § 706 to reimburse the participating districts for legal and other consulting fees necessary for the analysis and report required by 16 V.S.A. § 706b. The study committee shall forward invoices to the commissioner on a quarterly basis. The commissioner shall reimburse one-half of the total amount reflected in each set of invoices and the remaining one-half upon completion of the final report, provided that no payment shall cause the total amount paid to exceed the \$20,00.00 limit. In addition, any facilitation grant funds paid to the RED pursuant to Sec. 5 of this act shall be reduced by the total amount of funds provided under this subsection (e).

(f) Multiyear budgets.

- (1) In addition to the option of proposing a single-year budget on an annual basis pursuant to the provisions of chapter 11 of Title 16 and notwithstanding any other provision of law, a RED formed pursuant to Secs. 2 and 3 of this act shall also have the option to propose one or both of the following:
- (A) A multiyear budget for the first two fiscal years of its existence that will be included as part of the plan that must be approved by the electorate in order to create the RED.
- (B) A multiyear budget for the third and fourth fiscal years of its existence that is presented to the electorate for approval at the RED's annual meeting convened in its second fiscal year.
 - (2) The plan presented to the electorate to authorize creation of the RED

may contain a provision authorizing the RED, beginning in the fifth fiscal year of its existence to present multiyear proposed budgets to the electorate once in every two or three years.

- (g) Recent merger. If the Addison Northwest Unified Union School District becomes a body corporate and politic on or before July 1, 2010, then the merged district shall be entitled to receive any of the benefits set forth in this section that it elects and is otherwise eligible to receive if, on or before July 1, 2011:
 - (1) it notifies the commissioner of its election; and
- (2) it provides the commissioner with a cost-benefit analysis as required by Sec. 3(h) of this act.
- Sec. 5. Sec. 168a of No. 122 of the Acts of the 2003 Adj. Sess. (2004) as amended by Sec. 23 of No. 66 of the Acts of 2007 is amended to read:

Sec. 168a. SCHOOL DISTRICT CONSOLIDATION; TRANSITION AID; APPROPRIATION SUNSET

- (a) After voter approval of the establishment of a union, unified union, or interstate school district, the commissioner of education shall pay to the board of the union, unified union, or interstate school district a facilitation grant of five percent of the base education payment amount in 16 V.S.A. § 4001(13) based on the combined enrollment of the participating districts on October 1 of the year in which the successful vote was taken or \$150,000.00, whichever is less, from the education fund. The grant shall be in addition to funds received under 16 V.S.A. § 4028.
 - (b) This section shall sunset on June 30, 2010 2014.

Sec. 6. STUDY; TUITION VOUCHERS

The commissioner of education shall request the Regional Education Laboratory Northeast and Islands (REL-NEI) to research, analyze and, on or before January 15, 2011, report to the senate and house committees on education, the senate committee on finance, and the house committee on ways and means regarding the fiscal impacts on the education fund, the general fund, property tax rates, and school budgets as well as the effects on educational outcomes if the state were to make tuition vouchers available to all Vermont students. The report shall include a summary of peer-reviewed research, with particular emphasis on research related to Vermont or other demographically or geographically similar states. Areas of inquiry shall include student achievement, property values, special education services, transportation, income levels served, community involvement, and social and economic stratification, if any.

Sec. 7. MERGER TEMPLATE

After reviewing existing models, the department of education shall develop a merger template to assist study committees formed pursuant 16 V.S.A. § 706 to consider the advisability of and prepare a proposal for merger. Among other things, the template shall provide data regarding the enrollment and finances of the participating school districts and demographic statistics. It shall also outline common issues considered by districts exploring merger and provide links to related resources. The department shall publish the template on its website on or before December 15, 2010.

Sec. 8. REPORTS; EFFECTS OF MERGER; RECOMMENDATIONS

- (a) On or before January 15, 2011, and in every January thereafter through 2018, the commissioner shall report to the house and senate committees on education regarding the status of merger discussions and votes.
- (b) The James M. Jeffords Center of the University of the Vermont, the department of education, and school districts participating in the voluntary merger process authorized by this act shall collaborate to study:
- (1) data and comments from school districts and supervisory unions statewide that are discussing voluntary merger;
- (2) the results of local district elections to approve voluntary merger under the provisions of this act; and
- (3) in connection with USDs that are formed under the provisions of this act:
 - (A) real dollar efficiencies realized;
 - (B) operational efficiencies realized;
 - (C) changes in student learning opportunities; and
 - (D) changes in student outcomes.
- (d) On or before January 15, 2018, the James M. Jeffords Center and the department of education shall present a final report concerning the study required in subsection (c) of this section, including recommendations to the house and senate committees on education regarding what further actions, if any, should be pursued to encourage or require merger by nonparticipating school districts, and shall provide interim reports in each January until that date.
- * * * Virtual Merger; Supervisory Unions; Superintendents; Class Sizes * * *
- Sec. 9. 16 V.S.A. § 261a is amended to read:

§ 261a. DUTIES OF SUPERVISORY UNION BOARD

- (a) Duties. The board of each supervisory union shall:
- (1) set policy to coordinate curriculum plans among the sending and receiving schools in that supervisory union establish a supervisory union-wide curriculum, by either developing the curriculum or assisting the member districts to develop it jointly, and ensure implementation of the curriculum. The curriculum plans shall meet the requirements adopted by the state board under subdivision 165(a)(3)(B) of this title;
- (2) take reasonable steps to assist each school in the supervisory union to follow its respective the curriculum plan as adopted under the requirements of the state board pursuant to subdivision 165(a)(3)(B) of this title;
- (3) if students residing in the supervisory union receive their education outside the supervisory union, periodically review the compatibility of the supervisory union's curriculum plans with those other schools;
- (4) in accordance with criteria established by the state board, establish and implement a plan for receiving and disbursing federal and state funds distributed by the department of education, including funds awarded under P.L. 89-10, the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 as amended;
- (5) provide for the establishment of a written policy on professional development of teachers employed in the supervisory union and periodically review that policy. The policy may professional development programs or arrange for the provision of them, or both, for teachers, administrators, and staff within the supervisory union, which may include programs offered solely to one school or other component of the entire supervisory union to meet the specific needs or interests of that component; a supervisory union has the discretion to provide financial assistance outside the negotiated agreements for teachers' professional development activities and may require the superintendent periodically to develop and offer professional development activities within the supervisory union;
- (6) provide or, if agreed upon by unanimous vote at a supervisory union meeting, coordinate provision of the following educational services on behalf of member districts:
 - (A) special education;
- (B) except as provided in section 144b of this title, compensatory and remedial services; and
- (C) other services as directed by the state board and local boards provide special education services on behalf of its member districts and, except as provided in section 144b of this title, compensatory and remedial services,

and provide or coordinate the provision of other educational services as directed by the state board or local boards; provided, however, if a supervisory union determines that services would be provided more efficiently and effectively in whole or in part at the district level, then it may ask the commissioner to grant it a waiver from this provision;

- (7) employ a person or persons qualified to manage provide financial and student data management services for the supervisory union accounts;
- (8) at the option of the supervisory union, provide the following services for the benefit of member districts according in a manner that promotes the efficient use of financial and human resources, which shall be provided pursuant to joint agreements under section 267 of this title whenever feasible; provided, however, if a supervisory union determines that services would be provided more efficiently and effectively in another manner, then it may ask the commissioner to grant it a waiver from this subdivision:
- (A) centralized purchasing manage a system to procure and distribute goods and operational services;
 - (B) construction management manage construction projects;
- (C) budgeting, accounting and other financial management provide financial and student data management services, including grant writing and fundraising as requested;
- (D) teacher negotiations negotiate with teachers and administrators, pursuant to chapter 57 of this title, and with other school personnel, pursuant to chapter 22 of Title 21, at the supervisory union level; provided that
 - (i) contract terms may vary by district; and
- (ii) contracts may include terms facilitating arrangements between or among districts to share the services of teachers, administrators, and other school personnel;
- (E) transportation provide transportation or arrange for the provision of transportation, or both in any districts in which it is offered within the supervisory union; and
 - (F) provide human resources management support; and
- (G) provide other appropriate services according to joint agreements pursuant to section 267 of this title;
- (9) require that the superintendent as executive officer of the supervisory union board be responsible to the commissioner and state board for reporting on all financial transactions within the supervisory union. On or before August 15 of each year, the superintendent, using a format approved by

the commissioner, shall forward to the commissioner a report describing the financial operations of the supervisory union for the preceding school year. The state board may withhold any state funds from distribution to a supervisory union until such returns are made; [Repealed.]

- (10) submit to the town auditors of each member school district or to the person authorized to perform the duties of an auditor for the school district, on or before January 15 of each year, a summary report of financial operations of the supervisory union for the preceding school year, an estimate of its financial operations for the current school year, and a preliminary budget for the supervisory union for the ensuing school year. This requirement shall not apply to a supervisory district. For each school year, the report shall show the actual or estimated amount expended by the supervisory union for special education-related services, including:
- (A) A breakdown of that figure showing the amount paid by each school district within the supervisory union;
- (B) A summary of the services provided by the supervisory union's use of the expended funds;
- (11) on or before June 30 of each year, adopt a budget for the ensuing school year; and
- (12) adopt supervisory union_wide truancy policies consistent with the model protocols developed by the commissioner.

(13)–(17) [Repealed.]

(b) Virtual merger. In order to promote the efficient use of financial and human resources, and whenever legally permissible, supervisory unions are encouraged to reach agreements with other supervisory unions jointly to provide any service or perform any duty under this section pursuant to section 267 of this title. Agreements between supervisory unions are not subject to the waiver requirement of subdivision (a)(8) of this section. Agreements shall include a cost-benefit analysis outlining the projected financial savings or enhanced outcomes, or both, that the parties expect to realize through shared services or programs.

Sec. 9a. AGREEMENTS BETWEEN SUPERVISORY UNIONS; REIMBURSEMENT

From the education fund, the commissioner of education shall pay up to \$10,000.00 to supervisory unions to reimburse the transitional costs, including legal and other consulting fees, necessary for the supervisory unions to enter into agreements to provide services or perform duties jointly pursuant to the provisions of 16 V.S.A. §§ 261a(b) and 267.

Sec. 10. 16 V.S.A. § 242 is amended to read:

§ 242. DUTIES OF SUPERINTENDENTS

The superintendent shall be the chief executive officer for the supervisory union board and for each school board in within the supervisory district union, and shall:

- (1) carry out the policies adopted by the school <u>board</u> <u>boards</u> relating to the educational or business affairs of the school district <u>or supervisory union</u>, <u>and develop procedures to do so</u>;
- (2) identify prepare, for adoption by a local school board, plans to achieve the educational goals and objectives of established by the school district and prepare plans to achieve those goals and objectives for adoption by the school board;
- (3) recommend that the school board employ or dismiss persons as necessary to carry out the work of the school district (A) nominate a candidate for employment by the school district or supervisory union if the vacant position requires a licensed employee; provided, if the appropriate board declines to hire a candidate, then the superintendent shall nominate a new candidate;
- (B) select nonlicensed employees to be employed by the district or supervisory union; and
- (C) dismiss licensed and nonlicensed employees of a school district or the supervisory union as necessary, subject to all procedural and other protections provided by contract, collective bargaining agreement, or provision of state and federal law;
- (4)(A) furnish the commissioner provide data and information required by the commissioner; and
- (B) report all financial operations within the supervisory union to the commissioner and state board for the preceding school year on or before August 15 of each year, using a format approved by the commissioner;
- (C) report all financial operations for each member school district to the commissioner and state board for the preceding school year on or before August 15 of each year, using a format approved by the commissioner; and
- (D) prepare for each district an itemized report detailing the portion of the proposed supervisory union budget for which the district would be assessed for the subsequent school year identifying the component costs by category and explaining the method by which the district's share for each cost was calculated; and provide the report to each district at least 14 days before a

budget, including the supervisory union assessment, is voted on by the electorate of the district;

* * *

Sec. 11. 16 V.S.A. § 563(11)(C) is amended to read:

- (C) At a school district's annual or special meeting, the electorate may vote to provide notice of availability of the school budget required by this subdivision to the electorate in lieu of distributing the budget. If the electorate of the school district votes to provide notice of availability, it must specify how notice of availability shall be given, and such notice of availability shall be provided to the electorate at least 30 days before the district's annual meeting. The proposed budget shall be prepared and distributed at least ten days before a sum of money is voted on by the electorate. Any proposed budget shall show the following information in a format prescribed by the commissioner of education:
- (i) all revenues from all sources, and expenses, including as separate items any assessment for a supervisory union of which it is a member, and any tuition to be paid to a technical center; and including the report required in subdivision 242(4)(D) of this title itemizing the component costs of the supervisory union assessment;

* * *

Sec. 12. REPEAL

16 V.S.A. § 563(13) (duty of school district board to report financial information to the commissioner) is repealed.

Sec. 13. 16 V.S.A. § 1981(8) and (9) are amended to read:

- (8) "School board negotiations council" means, for a supervisory district, its school board, and, for school districts within a supervisory union, the body comprising representatives designated by each school board within the supervisory union to engage in professional negotiations with a teachers' or administrators' organization.
- (A) School districts within a supervisory union that has more than one public high school, however, may form separate negotiations councils, each consisting of representatives, as appropriate, designated by:
- (i) Each school district providing kindergarten through grade 12 within the supervisory union; or
- (ii) The school board for a high school within the supervisory union and the board of each elementary school, if any, that sends its students to the high school.

- (B) A school district, however, may form a separate negotiations council if it:
 - (i) Maintains a school but does not offer grades 9 through 12;
 - (ii) Is not a member of a union high school district; and
- (iii) Is in a supervisory union that includes a district providing kindergarten through grade 12.
- (9) "Teachers' organization negotiations council" or "administrators' organization negotiations council" means the body comprising representatives designated by each teachers' organization or administrators' organization within a supervisory district or supervisory union to act as its representative for professional negotiations.
- (A) Teachers' or administrators' organizations within a supervisory union that has more than one public high school, however, may form separate negotiations councils, each consisting of representatives designated by the teachers' or administrators' organization, as appropriate, of:
- (i) Each school district providing kindergarten through grade 12 within the supervisory union; or
- (ii) A high school within the supervisory union and of each elementary school, if any, that sends its students to the high school.
- (B) A teachers' or administrators' organization, however, may form a separate negotiations council if it is within a school district that:
 - (i) Maintains a school but does not offer grades 9 through 12;
 - (ii) Is not a member of a union high school district; and
- (iii) Is in a supervisory union that includes a district providing kindergarten through grade 12.
- Sec. 14. 21 V.S.A. § 1722(18) and (19) are amended to read:
- (18) "School board negotiations council" means, for a supervisory district, its school board, and, for school districts within a supervisory union, the body comprising representatives designated by each school board within the supervisory union to engage in collective bargaining with their school employees' negotiations council.
- (A) School districts within a supervisory union that has more than one public high school, however, may form separate negotiations councils, each consisting of representatives, as appropriate, designated by:
 - (i) Each school district providing kindergarten through grade 12

within the supervisory union; or

- (ii) The school board for a high school within the supervisory union and the board of each elementary school, if any, that sends its students to the high school.
- (B) A school district, however, may form a separate negotiations council if it:
 - (i) Maintains a school but does not offer grades nine through 12;
 - (ii) Is not a member of a union high school district; and
- (iii) Is in a supervisory union that includes a district providing kindergarten through grade 12.
- (19) "School employees' negotiations council" means the body comprising representatives designated by each exclusive bargaining agent within a supervisory district or supervisory union to engage in collective bargaining with its school board negotiations council.
- (A) Exclusive bargaining agents within a supervisory union that has more than one public high school, however, may form separate negotiations councils, each consisting of representatives designated by the exclusive bargaining agent, as appropriate, of:
- (i) Each school district providing kindergarten through grade 12 within the supervisory union; or
- (ii) A high school within the supervisory union and of each elementary school, if any, that sends its students to the high school.
- (B) An exclusive bargaining agent, however, may form a separate negotiations council if it is within a school district that:
 - (i) Maintains a school but does not offer grades nine through 12;
 - (ii) Is not a member of a union high school district; and
- (iii) Is in a supervisory union that includes a district providing kindergarten through grade 12.
- Sec. 15. Sec. 10. 16 V.S.A. § 242(5) is amended to read:
- (5) work with the school boards of the member districts to develop and implement policies regarding minimum and optimal average class sizes for regular and technical education classes. The policies may be supervisory union-wide, may be course- or grade-specific, and may reflect differences among school districts due to geography or other factors; and
 - (6) provide for the general supervision of the public schools in the

supervisory union or district.

Sec. 16. MINIMUM AND OPTIMAL CLASS SIZE POLICIES

- (a) On or before January 15, 2011, the policy required by Sec. 15 of this act, 16 V.S.A. § 242(5), regarding minimum and optimal average class size, shall be:
 - (1) adopted by each supervisory union board and member district board;
 - (2) posted on the website maintained by the supervisory union; and
 - (3) forwarded to the commissioner of education.
- (b) On or before August 31, 2010, the commissioner of education shall develop two or more model policies regarding minimum and optimal class size and shall post them on the department's website.

Sec. 17. STUDENT-TO-STAFF RATIOS; DATA

In order to develop meaningful proposals to determine optimal cost-effective student-to-staff ratios, the commissioner of education shall research and, on or before January 15, 2011, shall present to the senate and house committees on education the following statistics for the most recent academic year for which data is available:

- (1) the total staff-to-student ratios at a supervisory unionwide level, without including transportation, food service, maintenance, enterprise operations, or community service operations;
- (2) classroom teacher-to-student ratios at a supervisory unionwide level, without including transportation, food service, maintenance, enterprise operations, or community service operations;
- (3) administrative staff-to-student ratios at a supervisory unionwide level, without including transportation, food service, maintenance, enterprise operations, or community service operations;
- (4) licensed educator-to-student ratios at a supervisory unionwide level, without including transportation, food service, maintenance, enterprise operations, or community service operations; and
- (5) total expenditures, at both the supervisory unionwide and statewide levels, of transportation, food service, maintenance, enterprise operations, or community service operations, with a breakdown of contractual services and services provided by the supervisory union or school district.

Sec. 18. TRANSITION

Each supervisory union shall provide for any transition of employment of

special education staff by member districts to employment by the supervisory union, pursuant to Sec. 9 of this act, 16 V.S.A. § 261a(6), by:

- (1) providing that the supervisory union assumes all obligations of each existing collective bargaining agreement in effect between the member districts and their special education employees until the agreement's expiration, subject to employee compliance with performance standards and any lawful reduction in force, layoff, nonrenewal, or dismissal;
- (2) providing, in the absence of an existing recognized representative of its employees, for the immediate and voluntary recognition by the supervisory union of the recognized representatives of the employees of the member districts as the recognized representatives of the employees of the supervisory union;
- (3) ensuring that an employee of a member district who is not a probationary employee shall not be considered a probationary employee upon transition to the supervisory union; and
- (4) containing an agreement with the recognized representatives of the employees of the member districts that is effective on the day the supervisory union assumes obligations of existing agreements regarding how the supervisory union, prior to reaching its first collective bargaining agreement with its special education employees, will address issues of seniority, reduction in force, layoff, and recall.

Sec. 18a. 16 V.S.A. § 1071(b) is amended to read:

(b) Hours of operation; <u>academic year</u>. Within the minimum set by the state board, the school board shall fix the number of hours that shall constitute a school day, subject to change upon the order of the state board. <u>The first student day shall not occur before Labor Day in any academic year.</u>

Sec. 18b. APPLICATION

Sec. 18a of this act shall apply in the 2011–2012 academic year and after.

Sec. 19. INTEGRATED FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT PROCESS

(a) The commissioner of education shall develop an integrated process, including consistent policies and practices, for financial management and reporting that includes common accounting standards, to be used by supervisory unions in the state to enable the supervisory unions share financial information with each other, with the public, and with the department and to ensure that all districts and supervisory unions consistently use uniform, high quality practices. In developing the integrated process, the commissioner shall include standards requiring that persons responsible for the financial management of Vermont education entities share an equivalent level of

training and expertise.

- (b) The commissioner shall ensure that the integrated process of financial management and reporting is fully implemented no later than July 1, 2011, and shall report to the senate and house committees on education regarding implementation on or before January 15, 2012.
- Sec. 20. HIGH SCHOOL TUITION; UNDERCHARGES AND OVERCHARGES

On or before January 15, 2011, the department of education shall:

- (1) review 16 V.S.A. § 824(b)(1) regarding tuition payments that are three percent more or less than the calculated net cost per secondary pupil for the year of attendance;
- (2) calculate the number of receiving schools that have been subject to the provisions of subdivision 824(b)(1) during the last three years;
- (3) calculate the total amount of additional tuition that sending districts have paid to receiving schools pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 824(b)(1) during the last three years;
- (4) calculate the number of total amount of tuition that receiving schools have credited to sending districts pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 824(b)(1) during the last three years;
- (5) calculate the number of total amount of tuition that receiving schools have refunded to sending districts pursuant to the provisions of subdivision 824(b)(1) during the last three years;
- (6) consider and propose to the senate and house committees on education alternative means by which tuition payments that are three percent more or less than the calculated net cost per secondary pupil can be addressed.

* * * Small Schools * * *

Sec. 21. RECOMMENDATIONS: SMALL SCHOOLS

On or before January 15, 2011, the commissioner of education shall develop and present to the general assembly a detailed proposal to:

- (1) identify annually the school districts that are "eligible school districts" pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 4015 due to geographic necessity, including the criteria that indicate geographic necessity;
- (2) calculate and adjust the level of additional financial support necessary for the districts identified in subdivision (1) of this section to provide an education to resident students in compliance with state education quality standards and other state and federal laws; and

- (3) withdraw small school support gradually from districts that are "eligible school districts" pursuant to 16 V.S.A. § 4015 as currently enacted but will not be identified as "eligible school districts" pursuant to subdivision (1) of this section.
 - * * * Designation; Codification * * *

Sec. 21a. 16 V.S.A. § 827(e) is added to read:

- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary:
- (1) the school districts of Pawlet, Rupert, and Wells may designate a public high school located in New York as the public high school of the district pursuant to the provisions of this section; and
- (2) unless otherwise directed by an affirmative vote of the school district, when the Wells board approves parental requests to pay tuition to a nondesignated approved independent or public school, the board shall pay tuition in an amount not to exceed the base education amount as determined under section 4011 of this title for the fiscal year in which tuition is being paid.

Third: By adding a new section to be numbered Sec. 23 to read as follows:

Sec. 23. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) Secs. 5 and 22 of this act shall take effect on passage.
- (b) Secs 9 through 12 of this act shall take effect on passage and shall be fully implemented by July 1, 2012, subject to the provisions of existing contracts.
- (c) This section and all other sections of this act not mentioned in subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall take effect on July 1, 2010.

And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:

"An act relating to voluntary school district merger, virtual merger, supervisory union duties, and including secondary students with disabilities in senior year activities and ceremonies."

(For text see House Journal 2/23/2010)

Н. 542

An act relating to transfers of mobile homes and rent-to-own transactions

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 1. 9 V.S.A. § 2602 is amended to read:

§ 2602. SALE OR TRANSFER; PRICE DISCLOSURE; UNIFORM

MOBILE HOME UNIFORM BILL OF SALE

* * *

- (b) No mobile home may be sold unless a mobile home uniform bill of sale as described in subsection (c) is completed and furnished by the seller to the buyer. The mobile home uniform bill of sale must be filed with the town clerk of the town in which the mobile home is to be located. Prior to resale, a mobile home uniform bill of sale must be endorsed by the town clerk of the town in which the mobile home is located and a copy sent to the town clerk where the mobile home will be located.—Sale or transfer of all mobile homes.
- (1) Prior to the sale or transfer of ownership of a mobile home, the seller or transferor shall provide a copy of a completed, unexecuted, mobile home bill of sale:
- (A) to the town clerk in which the mobile home is located for his or her endorsement; and
- (B) in the case of a mobile home being sold or transferred separately from the real property on which it is located, to the record owner of the real property on which the mobile home is located by certified mail, return receipt requested, at least 21 days prior to the transfer or sale.
 - (2) A clerk shall not endorse a mobile home uniform bill of sale unless:
- (A) all property taxes due and payable on the mobile home, but not the real property on which the mobile home is located if separately owned, have been paid in full as of the most recent assessment, or if the town collects taxes in installments pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 4872, as of the most recent installment; or
- (B) in the case of removal of a mobile home from the municipality, or of a sale, trade, or transfer that will result in the removal of the mobile home from the municipality, all property taxes assessed with regard to the mobile home, but not the mobile home site, have been paid.
- (3) The seller or transferor shall execute and provide the endorsed bill of sale to the buyer or transferee at the time of sale or transfer.
- (4) The buyer or transferee shall execute and then file the executed bill of sale with the clerk of the town in which the mobile home will be located within 10 days of executing the bill of sale. A clerk shall not accept a mobile home uniform bill of sale for filing that is not completed, executed, and endorsed as required by this subsection. Upon filing the clerk shall note the transfer on the mobile home uniform bill of sale whereby the seller acquired ownership of the mobile home, if available.

- (5) If the mobile home will be relocated to real property that is not owned by the buyer or transferee, the buyer or transferee shall provide a copy of the mobile home uniform bill of sale to the record owner of the real property on which the mobile home will be located at least 21 days prior to the sale or transfer of the mobile home.
- (6) Within 14 days of the filing of the bill of sale, the town clerk shall mail a copy of the bill of sale to each buyer, seller, and owner of real property for whom a mailing address is provided in the bill of sale pursuant to subdivision (c)(1) of this section.
- (7) The requirements of this subsection shall apply to a mobile home that is physically relocated by its owner to another town.
 - (8) This subsection shall not apply to:
- (A) the valid transfer of a mobile home by deed when financed as residential real estate pursuant to this chapter;
- (B) the valid transfer of a mobile home by a mobile home uniform bill of sale issued by the court pursuant to the abandonment process set forth in 10 V.S.A. § 6249;
- (C) the physical relocation of a mobile home that is held as inventory by a manufacturer, distributor, or dealer, is stored or displayed on a sales lot, and is not connected to utilities.
- (c) No mobile home shall be moved over the highways of this state unless the operator of the vehicle hauling such mobile home has in his or her possession a copy of the mobile home uniform bill of sale endorsed pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 5079 by the town clerk of the town in which the mobile home was last listed and by the clerk of the town in which the mobile home was last located. The mobile home uniform bill of sale shall contain the make, model, serial, size, year manufactured and location of each mobile home. It shall give the name and address of the owner of the property and whether the property is subject to a security interest and shall be substantially in the following form:

VERMONT MOBILE HOME UNIFORM BILL OF SALE KNOW ALL
PEOPLE BY THESE PRESENTS THAT
Seller(s), of County of
and State of, in
consideration of
, Buyer(s), of
County of and State of
the receipt and sufficiency whereof is hereby acknowledged, do hereby grant,
sell, transfer and deliver unto said Buyer(s) the following goods and chattels,

namely:		
Mobile Home Make:	Model:	· Year:
Seri	ial Number:	Size:
Color: pres-	ently located at	in the Town of
		
[] Mobile Home w	vill remain at above loca	ation.
[] Mobile Home	will be located at	in Town of
Buyer(s) assigns, to Buyer(s) own covenant(s) with the said said goods and chattels, the has/have good right to sell and defend the same agains IN WITNESS WI	and Buyer(s) exuse and behoof forever Buyer(s) that Seller(s) at they are free from all the same as aforesaid, as the lawful claims and HEREOF, the Seller(s	s) hereto set(s) his/her/their
hand(s), this day of	f A.D. 20	
Witness	Selle	f
Witness	Selle	
of Sale be signed by Seller	s, Town Clerk of the T d filed by Buyer with	s Mobile Home Uniform Bill own where the Mobile Home the Town Clerk of the Town sale.
SECURITY INTEREST		
This property is subject record:	et to the following sec	curity interest or interests of
Secured Party Da	ate <u>Discharge</u>	d Town Record Number
	Y TOWN CLERK W	HERE MOBILE HOME IS

I hereby acknowledge that:

1. Notation of above transfer has been made on the margin of the retained copy of the Mobile Home Uniform Bill of Sale whereby Seller(s) herein acquired title.

- 2. Copy of this bill of sale has been forwarded to Town Clerk of Town where above Mobile Home will be located.
 - 3. Notation of security interest has been made.

DATED: TOWN CLERK

- (c) Mobile home uniform bill of sale.
- (1) A mobile home uniform bill of sale shall contain the following information regarding each mobile home being transferred:
 - (A) the name and address of each seller or transferor;
- (B) the name and address of each buyer or transferee, and if more than one buyer or transferee, the estate under which the buyers or transferees will hold title to the mobile home;
 - (C) the make, model, serial number, size, and year manufactured;
 - (D) the current address or location of the mobile home;
- (E) whether the mobile home will be moved following the sale or transfer, and if so, the future address of the mobile home;
- (F) the name and address of the owner of the real property on which the mobile home is located;
- (G) the name and address of the owner of the real property on which the mobile home will be located following the sale or transfer;
- (H) the sale constitutes a "retail installment transaction" as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 2351(4) and is subject to 9 V.S.A. Chapter 59 (motor vehicle and mobile home retail installment sales financing);
- (I) an itemized list of the mobile home's deficiencies known to the seller at the time of the sale, if the mobile home is sold "as is:" and
 - (J) an itemized list of known liens on the mobile home.
- (2) A mobile home uniform bill of sale shall be substantially in the following form:

VERMONT MOBILE HOME UNIFORM BILL OF SALE

NOTICE

Vermont statute requires that this Mobile Home Uniform Bill of Sale be signed by each Buyer and Seller, endorsed by the Town Clerk of the Town where the Mobile Home is located at the time of sale, and filed by Buyer with the Town Clerk of the Town where the Mobile Home will be located after the sale. A financing statement evidencing a security interest in the Mobile Home must be

filed with the Secretary of State.

Seller or Transferor ("Seller"):

Name:
Street:
Town/State/ZIP:
County:
Mailing Address (if different):
Street:
Town/State/ZIP:
Buyer or Transferee ("Buyer"):
Name:
Street:
Town/State/ZIP:
<u>County:</u>
Mailing Address (if different):
Street:
Town/State/ZIP:
If more than one Buyer, Buyers take title as:
[] Joint tenants (co-owners with right of survivorship).
[] Tenants by the entirety (joint tenancy of persons who are married).
[] Tenants in common (individual interests without right of survivorship).
[]
Mobile Home Being Sold or Transferred ("Mobile Home")
Specifications:
Make:
Model:
Year:
Serial Number:
Size:

<u>Color:</u>
Current Location:
Street:
Town/State/ZIP:
County:
Owner of Real Property on which Mobile Home is Located:
Name:
Street:
Town/State/ZIP:
Mailing Address (if different):
Street:
Town/State/ZIP:
Location of Mobile Home Following Sale
[] Mobile Home will remain at current location.
[] Mobile Home will be relocated to the following address:
Street:
Town/State/ZIP:
County:
Owner of Real Property on which Mobile Home will be Located:
Name:
Street:
Town/State/ZIP:
Mailing Address (if different):
Street:
Town/State/ZIP:

Retail Installment Transaction

This sale constitutes a "retail installment transaction" as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 2351(4) and is subject to 9 V.S.A. Chapter 59 (motor vehicle and mobile home retail installment sales financing).

KNOWN DEFICIENCIES IN "AS IS" SALES

In the case of an "as is" sale, the Seller is aware of the following deficiencies
and defects of the Mobile Home:
KNOWN LIENS
The Seller is aware of the following liens on the Mobile Home:
For good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is
acknowledged, Seller hereby transfers to the Buyer the Mobile Home
identified in this Bill of Sale, and Seller covenants with Buyer that Seller is the
lawful owner of the Mobile Home, that it is free from all encumbrances, that
Seller has good right to sell the Mobile Home, and that Seller will warrant and
defend the same against the lawful claims and demands of all persons.
Seller SignatureDate
Witness SignatureDate
Buyer SignatureDate
Witness SignatureDate
TOWN CLERK ENDORSEMENT
TO BE COMPLETED BY TOWN CLERK WHERE MOBILE HOME IS
CURRENTLY LOCATED PRIOR TO EXECUTION BY THE BUYER AND
<u>SELLER.</u>
I hereby acknowledge that:
[] all property taxes due and payable on the mobile home, but not
the real property on which the mobile home is located if separately owned
have been paid in full as of the most recent assessment, or if the town collects
taxes in installments pursuant to 32 V.S.A. § 4872, as of the most recent
installment; or
[] in the case of removal of a mobile home from the municipality, or
of a sale, trade, or transfer that will result in the removal of the mobile home
from the municipality, all property taxes assessed with regard to the mobile home but not the mobile home site, have been paid
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(d) Relocation of mobile home.

Unless excluded under subdivision (b)(8) of this section, a mobile home shall not be moved over the highways of this state unless the operator of the vehicle hauling the mobile home has in his or her possession a copy of the mobile home uniform bill of sale endorsed pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. In addition to any penalty or remedy imposed under section 2607 of this title, a violation of this subsection shall be subject to the collection and enforcement provisions set forth in 32 V.S.A. § 5079.

- (e) Mobile home rent to own agreements.
 - (1) Definition of rent to own agreements for mobile homes.

For purposes of this subsection, "an agreement to purchase a mobile home on a rent-to-own, lease-purchase, or similar basis" means any agreement, other than an agreement to purchase a mobile home, that will be financed as residential real estate, under which:

- (A) a buyer or lessee, however named, agrees to pay consideration in one or more installments to the owner of a mobile home, or to a third party designated by the owner of the mobile home to receive payment on behalf of the owner, for the right to use or occupy the mobile home; and
- (B) upon full compliance with the terms of the agreement, the buyer or lessee, however named, is bound to become, or for no further or a merely nominal additional consideration, has the option of becoming, the owner of the mobile home.
- (2) Requirements to consummate sale under rent to own agreements. An agreement to purchase a mobile home on a rent-to-own, lease-purchase, or similar basis shall not transfer ownership of the mobile home, or the rights, duties, and liabilities arising from ownership of the mobile home, unless and until:
- (A) the buyer and seller execute a written retail installment contract complying with the requirements set forth in chapter 59 of this title; and
- (B) a mobile home uniform bill of sale transferring the mobile home from the seller to the buyer is completed, endorsed, executed, and filed pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.
- (3) Compliance; sale. Notwithstanding any provision of 9A V.S.A. Article 2 (uniform commercial code; sale of goods) to the contrary, an agreement to purchase a mobile home on a rent-to-own, lease-purchase, or similar basis that meets the requirements of subdivision (2) of this subsection

- shall constitute a "retail installment transaction" as defined in subdivision 2351(4) of this title, is subject to 9 V.S.A. Chapter 59, and shall not be subject to chapter 137 of this title relating to residential rental agreements.
- (4) Failure to comply; lease. Notwithstanding any provision of 9A V.S.A. Article 2A (uniform commercial code; leases) to the contrary, an agreement to purchase a mobile home on a rent-to-own, lease-purchase, or similar basis that does not meet the requirements of subdivision (2) of this subsection shall constitute a residential rental agreement as defined in subdivision 4451(8) of this title, and shall be governed by chapter 137 of this title relating to residential rental agreements.
- (f) Sale of mobile homes in non-rent to own transactions. Except for a mobile home that is financed or conveyed as real property:
- (1) The sale of a mobile home under subsection (b) of this section, is a sale of goods under 9A V.S.A. Article 2 (uniform commercial code; sale of goods), except to the extent of a direct conflict with this section.
- (2) The sale of a mobile home under this section is subject to the provisions governing express and implied warranties on the sale of goods set forth in 9A V.S.A. Article 2, Part 3, with the following modifications:
- (A) the warranty of title in a contract of sale under 9A V.S.A. § 2-312 may be excluded or modified only by a written agreement that is executed by the buyer and seller prior to sale and clearly states any deficiency or limitation on the seller's title, as well as any security interest, lien, or encumbrance on the mobile home that excludes or modifies the warranty of title;
- (B) in the case of a new mobile home, the implied warranty of merchantability under 9A V.S.A. § 2-314 and the implied warranty of fitness for a particular purpose under 9A V.S.A. § 2-315 may not be waived if the seller has notice that the mobile home will be used by the buyer as his or her primary residence; and
- (C) in the case of a used mobile home, the implied warranty of merchantability under 9A V.S.A. § 2-314 and the implied warranty of fitness for a particular purpose under 9A V.S.A. § 2-315 may be waived only if the seller notifies the buyer in writing that the mobile home is being offered for sale "as is."
- Sec. 2. 32 V.S.A. § 5079 is amended to read:
- § 5079. SALE OR TRANSFER OF MOBILE HOMES; COLLECTION OF TAXES
 - (a) Within 10 days of acquiring ownership by sale, trade, transfer, or other 3169 -

means, an owner of a mobile home as defined in 9 V.S.A. § 2601 or 10 V.S.A. § 6201 shall file with the clerk of the municipality in which the mobile home is located a mobile home uniform bill of sale, containing the make, model, serial number, size, year manufactured, and location of the mobile home. It shall give the name and address of the owner of the property, and whether the property is subject to a security interest, and shall be substantially in the form prescribed in 9 V.S.A. § 2602(c). This subsection shall not apply to mobile homes held solely for sale by a manufacturer, distributor, or dealer that are stored or displayed on a sales lot and are not connected to utilities. A transfer of ownership of a mobile home shall be made pursuant to the requirements set forth in chapter 72 of Title 9.

(b) Repealed.

(c) Repealed.

- (d) A mobile home removed from a town without a mobile home uniform bill of sale endorsed by the clerk of the municipality where the mobile home was located as required by subsection (b) of this section 9 V.S.A. § 2602 may be taken into possession by any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, or police officer, or by the treasurer or tax collector of the town in which the mobile home was last listed if known, or by the commissioner of taxes if that town is unknown. A mobile home taken into possession under this section by an officer other than the collector of taxes shall be delivered promptly to the collector of taxes of the town in which the mobile home was last listed in the constructive custody of the official, who shall control the use and movement of the mobile home. In taking possession, the authorized officer may proceed without judicial process only in the event that the taking of possession can be done without breach of the peace. Proceedings for collection of the taxes assessed against and due with respect to the mobile home shall then be conducted in accordance with subchapter 9 of chapter 133 of this title.
- (e) Taxes assessed against a mobile home shall be considered due for purposes of this section as of the date of removal of the mobile home from the town in which the mobile home was last listed, and the owner shall be liable for fees provided for in section 1674 of this title from the date of removal.
- (f) The treasurer or tax collector of any town from which a mobile home is removed, without an endorsed mobile home uniform bill of sale as required by subsection (b) of this section 9 V.S.A. § 2602(b) may notify the director of the division of property valuation and review of the removal giving a description of the mobile home by serial or other number if known. If the director is notified of the seizure of a mobile home as provided in subsection (d) of this section, he or she shall immediately notify the treasurer or tax collector of the town, if known, in which the mobile home was last listed on the grand list.

- (g) Taxes lawfully assessed upon a mobile home shall attach as a lien on the mobile home as provided in section 5061 of this title.
- Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. § 6204(d) is amended to read:
- (d) A mobile home occupied on the basis of a lease-purchase or "rent to own" rent-to-own contract, however named, shall be subject to the provisions of 9 V.S.A. chapter 59 § 2602(e).

Sec. 4. AVAILABILITY OF MOBILE HOME UNIFORM BILL OF SALE

The agency of commerce and community development shall make publicly available on its website:

- (a) a mobile home uniform bill of sale in a format substantially similar to the form set forth in 9 V.S.A. § 2602(c); and
 - (b) a copy of this act.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on September 1, 2010.

(For text see House Journal 2/16/2010 and 2/17/2010)

H. 760

An act relating to the repeal or revision of certain boards and commissions

The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- Sec. 1. 3 V.S.A. § 2504(a) is amended to read:
- (a) The secretary of the agency of agriculture, food and markets and the secretary of the agency of commerce and community development, in consultation with the market Vermont board, shall develop categories and standards designed to identify those Vermont goods, services, and experiences which best portray and promote Vermont's reputation for high standards of quality.

Sec. 2. [DELETED]

* * *

Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. § 647 is amended to read:

§ 647. ANNUAL REPORT

Annually, on or before March 1, the board of directors of the Vermont film corporation shall submit a report to the department of tourism and marketing and to the general assembly house and senate committees on government operations for the prior 12-month period. The report shall:

- (1) describe the activities of the board during the preceding year;
- (2) and shall also include an accounting of revenues received by and expenditures of the board;
- (3) describe outcomes and revenues, if known, that are generated by activities of the corporation; and
- (4) include plans to minimize future state funding of the corporation's activities.
- Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 2606a(b) is amended to read:

(b) Specific sites.

(1) Mountaintop designation. The state-owned mountaintops to which this section shall apply are: Ascutney Mountain North Peak and Ascutney Mountain South Peak, Burke Mountain, Okemo Mountain, and Killington Mountain. Before any applicable permitting process is commenced regarding Okemo Mountain, the Okemo Mountain technical site committee, created by subdivision (2) of this subsection, shall hold a public hearing in the Town of Ludlow before authorizing any use of the Okemo Mountain site for communications purposes. Upon a request for use or other indication of need for establishing additional communications facilities by either public or private parties, additional mountaintop communications sites may be designated by the department when consistent with long range management plans for state-owned land and subject to public input. Such designations shall be by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 25 of Title 3.

* * *

Sec. 5. 15 V.S.A. § 1140(b) is amended to read:

(b) The commission shall be comprised of 15 17 members, consisting of the following:

* * *

- (14) a physician, appointed by the governor; and
- (15) the executive director of the Vermont criminal justice training council, or his or her designee;
 - (16) the commissioner of mental health or his or her designee; and
- (17) one judge, appointed by the chief justice of the Vermont supreme court.
- Sec. 6. 16 V.S.A. § 216(b) is amended to read:
 - (b) The commissioner with the approval of the state board shall establish an

advisory council on wellness <u>and comprehensive health</u> which shall include at least three members associated with the health services field. The members shall serve without compensation but shall receive their actual expenses incurred in the pursuit of their duties relating to wellness <u>and comprehensive health</u> programs. The council shall assist the department of education in planning, coordinating, and encouraging wellness <u>and comprehensive health</u> programs in the public schools.

Sec. 7. 18 V.S.A. § 1700 is amended to read:

- § 1700. CREATION; MEMBERSHIP; OFFICERS; QUORUM
- (a) There is created a nuclear advisory panel which shall consist of the following:

* * *

(3) the commissioner of the department of public service, or his or her designee;

* * *

- (f) The department of public service shall:
- (1) keep the panel informed of the status of matters within the jurisdiction of the panel;
- (2) notify members of the panel in a timely manner upon receipt of information relating to matters within the jurisdiction of the panel; and
- (3) upon request, provide to all members of the panel all relevant information within the department's control relating to subjects within the scope of the duties of the panel.

Sec. 8. 18 V.S.A. § 1701 is amended to read:

§ 1701. DUTIES

The duties of the panel shall be:

(1) To hold regular a minimum of three public meetings each year for the purpose of discussing issues relating to the present and future use of nuclear power and to advise the governor, the general assembly and the agencies of the state thereon with a written report being provided annually to the governor and to the energy committees of the general assembly;

* * *

- Sec. 9. 18 V.S.A. § 4702(a) is amended to read:
 - (a) The department of health, in collaboration with the opiate addiction

treatment advisory committee, shall develop by rule comprehensive guidelines for a regional system of opiate addiction treatment.

Sec. 10. 18 V.S.A. § 5212b(c) is amended to read:

(c) The commissioner of housing and community affairs may authorize disbursements from the fund for use in any municipality in which human remains are discovered in unmarked burial sites in accordance with a process approved by the commissioner. The commissioner shall approve any process developed through consensus or agreement of the interested parties, including the municipality, the governor's advisory Vermont commission on Native American affairs, and private property owners of property on which there are known or likely to be unmarked burial sites, provided the commissioner determines that the process is likely to be effective, and includes all the following:

* * *

Sec. 11. [DELETED]

Sec. 12. [DELETED]

Sec. 13. [DELETED]

Sec. 14. [DELETED]

Sec. 15. [DELETED]

Sec. 16. [DELETED]

Sec. 17. [DELETED]

Sec. 18. 21 V.S.A. § 1306(a) is amended to read:

(a) The governor shall appoint a state department of labor advisory council composed of eight members from the general public to include four employer representatives and four employee representatives who may fairly be regarded as employees because of their vocations, employment, and affiliations. Appointment of the four employee representatives, at least one of whom shall have experience in workers' compensation law and one of whom shall be a member of a building trade, shall be made from a list of qualified individuals submitted by the Vermont state labor council, the Vermont state employees' association, and the Vermont national education association. Appointment of the four employer representatives shall be made from a list of qualified individuals submitted by the Vermont chamber of commerce, associated general contractors of Vermont, and Vermont businesses for social responsibility. The council members shall be appointed for staggered terms of four years. The council shall meet at least six three times a year.

Sec. 19. 23 V.S.A. § 3310(a) is amended to read:

(a) The state board commissioner of forests, parks and recreation or a municipality in administering a swimming beach or waterfront program may designate a swimming area in front of the beach or land which the state or a municipality owns or controls and may make rules pertaining to the area. The rules may provide that no person, except a lifeguard on duty and other authorized personnel, may operate any boat, canoe, or water vehicle of any sort within the designated swimming area.

Sec. 20. [DELETED]

Sec. 21. [DELETED]

Sec. 22. [DELETED]

Sec. 23. 29 V.S.A. § 152(a)(3)(A) is amended to read:

(A) For which the legislature or the emergency board has made specific appropriations. In consultation with the department or agency concerned and with the approval of the board of state buildings, the commissioner shall select sites, purchase lands, determine plans and specifications, and advertise for bids for the furnishing of materials and construction thereof and of appurtenances thereto. The commissioner shall determine the time for beginning and completing the construction. Any change orders occurring under the contracts let as the result of actions previously mentioned in this section shall not be allowed unless they have the approval of the secretary of administration.

Sec. 24. 29 V.S.A. § 152(a)(5) is amended to read:

(5) Inspect, appraise, and maintain a current appraisal schedule of all state-owned buildings, appendages, and appurtenances thereto based upon replacement value in the first instance and upon depreciated value in the second instance. Such appraisals Appraisals shall be furnished upon request to the secretary of administration, the board of state buildings, the commissioner of buildings and general services, departments and agencies concerned, and appropriate committees of the general assembly.

Sec. 25. 32 V.S.A. § 1010(a) is amended to read:

- (a) Except for those members serving ex officio or otherwise regularly employed by the state, the compensation of the members of the following boards shall be \$50.00 per diem:
 - (1) Board of bar examiners
 - (2) Board of libraries

- (3) Vermont milk commission
- (4) Board of education
- (5) State board of health
- (6) Emergency board
- (7) Liquor control board
- (8) [Repealed.]
- (9) Human services board
- (10) State board of forests, parks and recreation
- (11)(9) State fish and wildlife board
- (12)(10) State board of mental health
- (13) Vermont development advisory board
- (14) Vermont state water resources board
- (15)(11) Vermont employment security board
- (16)(12) Capitol complex commission
- (17)(13) Natural gas and oil resources board
- (18) Commission of the deaf and hearing impaired
- (19)(14) Transportation board
- (20) Health policy council
- (21) Certificate of need review board
- (22) Certificate of need appeals board
- (23)(15) Vermont veterans' home board of trustees
- (24)(16) Advisory council on historic preservation
- (25) Vermont whey pollution abatement authority
- (26)(17) The electricians' licensing board
- (27) The alternatives to incarceration board
- (28)(18) Offender work programs board
- (29) Firefighters' (19) Emergency personnel survivors benefit review board
 - (30)(20) Community high school of Vermont board
 - (31) Municipal land records commission.

Sec. 26. REPEAL

The following are repealed:

- (1) Subchapter 1 of chapter 21 of Title 1 (commission on interstate cooperation).
 - (2) The following sections, subsections, and subdivisions in Title 3:
 - (A) § 2(3)(C) (commission on interstate cooperation);
 - (B) § 2294 (technology advisory board);
 - (C) § 2503 (market Vermont advisory board);
 - (D) § 2873(h) (compliance advisory board).
 - (3) The following chapters and subchapters in Title 10:
- (A) Subchapter 1 of chapter 1 (Vermont business recruitment partnership);
 - (B) Chapter 4 (world trade office);
- (C) Chapter 11A (Vermont qualifying facility contract mitigation authority);
 - (D) Chapter 24 (outdoor lighting);
 - (E) Chapter 28 (Vermont small business investment);
 - (F) Subchapter 5 of chapter 73 (forest resource advisory council).
 - (4) The following sections and subdivisions in Title 10:
 - (A) § 2604 (state board of forests, parks and recreation);
- (B) § 2606a(b)(2)–(5) (technical site committees, duties, leases, administration).
- (5) Subchapter 3 of chapter 125 of Title 16 (benefits under higher education facilities act of 1963).
 - (6) The following sections and subsections in Title 16:
 - (A) § 15 (council on civics education);
 - (B) § 132 (comprehensive health education advisory council).
 - (7) The following sections and subsections in Title 18:
- (A) § 104b(c) and (d) (community health and wellness grant committee);
 - (B) § 4703 (opiate addiction treatment advisory committee);

- (8) The following subsections in Title 20:
- (A) § 2673(d) (assistance of the state HAZMAT emergency operation team);
 - (B) § 2681(b) and (c) (state HAZMAT emergency operation team).
 - (9) 21 V.S.A. § 229 (VOSHA advisory councils).
 - (10) 23 V.S.A. § 735 (motorcycle training advisory committee).
 - (11) The following chapters in Title 24:
 - (A) Chapter 133 (Vermont independent school finance authority);
 - (B) Chapter 135 (Vermont municipal land records commission).
 - (12) The following sections in Title 29:
 - (A) § 156 (composition of the board of state buildings);
 - (B) § 158 (land and office building development plan).
 - (13) The following chapters in Title 30:
 - (A) Chapter 85 (West River Basin energy authority);
 - (B) Chapter 90 (Vermont hydro-electric power authority);
 - (14) The following sections in Title 31:
 - (A) § 641 (Vermont breeder's stake board);
 - (B) § 642 (Vermont standard-bred development special fund).
 - (15) 32 V.S.A. § 203 (committee on coordination).
 - (16) Chapter 61 of Title 33 (Vermont independence fund).
 - (17) The following sections in Title 33:
 - (A) § 308 (child care advisory board);
 - (B) § 806 (alcohol and drug abuse advisor appointees).
- (18) Sec. 1 of No. 204 of the Acts of the 2005 Adj. Sess. (2006) (commission to develop the next generation initiative) is repealed.

(For text see House Journal 4/6/2010 and 4/7/2010)

S. 296

An act relating to sale or lease of the John H. Boylan state airport

The Senate concurs in the House proposal of amendment thereto by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following::

- Sec. 1. SALE OR LEASE OF THE JOHN H. BOYLAN STATE AIRPORT
- (a) Pursuant to the provisions of 5 V.S.A. § 204(3), the secretary of transportation is authorized to sell or lease the John H. Boylan state airport to the town of Brighton or to the Vermont Renewable Energy Company, LLC, d/b/a Vermont Biomass Energy at fair market value.
 - (b) Conditions of the lease or sale shall include:
- (1) The state shall retain an ownership interest in sufficient flat, open acreage which is in close proximity to VT route 105 to be used for landing of helicopters. The land purchaser or lessee shall maintain the helicopter landing area so that it is accessible for this purpose.
- (2) The agency of transportation shall have received inactive status for the John H. Boylan state airport from the U.S. Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) in order to preserve air space for future use as an airport.
- (3) If the conveyance is a lease agreement, the lessee shall purchase liability insurance sufficient to cover potential injuries and damages and shall indemnify the state from loss or injury during the lessee's tenancy.
 - (4) The purchaser or lessee shall have obtained all necessary permits.
 - (c) The property shall be conveyed subject to the following covenants:
- (1) The property shall be used only for storage and processing of wood for a pellet manufacturing operation at the former Ethan Allen property on VT route 105 in Brighton, and other uses directly related to the operation.
- (2) If the property is conveyed through a sale, the property shall not be sold or assigned to any other person except that:
- (A) at the request of the purchaser, the land may be sold back to the state in the condition required under subdivision (3) of this subsection at the original sale price not increased by interest or an inflation index;
- (B) the purchaser may sell the land to another person subject to the applicable conditions and covenants of this section; or
- (C) if the purchaser ceases to use the land for storage and processing of logs for a pellet manufacturing operation for a continuous period of more than 18 months, or uses the land in a manner contrary to the applicable conditions and covenants of this section, the land shall revert to the state at no cost to the state.
- (3) Upon termination of a lease or sale of the property back to the state, the owner shall return the property to the state in a condition sufficient to

support a grass strip airport of the size in existence at the time of the first sale. Upon lease or purchase of the property, the lessor or purchaser or assignee shall also purchase a seven-year performance bond of \$50,000.00 to ensure that if the land is returned to the state, it will be returned to the state in the required condition.

- (d) Any purchaser or lessee shall agree to purchase the hangars, including the concrete pads, on the property from their owners at fair market value as mutually agreed upon by the purchaser or lessee and hangar owner, or as determined by an appraiser mutually agreed upon by the purchaser or lessee and hangar owner, and paid for by the purchaser or lessee. If there is no agreement, the matter shall be resolved by binding arbitration no later than January 1, 2011 by a single arbitrator selected by the secretary of transportation with all arbitration fees and costs to be shared by the hangar owners and the purchaser or lessor. The state shall terminate the hangar leases at the John H. Boylan state airport or, if the owner so desires, shall transfer one or more lease for placement of the hangar to a nearby airport on the same terms for the remainder of the lease. Any movement of the hanger shall be at the expense of the hanger owner.
- (e) The secretary of transportation is authorized to sell the residence and up to an acre of associated land on the airport property to the highest bidder, provided that the residence and land shall not be sold for less than fair market value.
- (f) Proceeds from the state of Vermont's sales or leases authorized by this section shall be deposited into the transportation fund, except for up to \$5,000.00 which may be used by the agency of transportation to create a memorial park at a location mutually agreed upon by the town of Brighton and by the agency to commemorate the contributions to the state of Vermont of the late Senator John H. Boylan and the late Essex District Probate Court Judge Lena Boylan.
- (g) Any issue not addressed or contemplated by this section may be addressed by the secretary and included in any purchase or lease agreement after consultation with the chairs of the senate committee on institutions, the house committee on corrections and institutions, and the senate and house committees on transportation.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.

(For House Proposal of Amendment see House Journal 5/8/2010)
Ordered to Lie

H.R. 19

House resolution urging the agency of natural resources to retain delegated authority to administer the federal Clean Water Act in Vermont.

Pending Question: Shall the House adopt the resolution?

For Informational Purposes

J.R.S. 64

Joint resolution relating to the future of the international port of entry at Morses Line and the proposed federal acquisition of land belonging to the Rainville family farm

Rep. McAllister of Highgate, for the Committee on **Agriculture,** recommends the resolution be amended by striking from the first Whereas clause to the end of the resolution and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Whereas, Clement and Elizabeth Rainville own a dairy farm in the town of Franklin astride the United States—Canadian border at Morses Line, and

Whereas, the Rainville farm consists of 130 acres of cropland and a dairy operation with 75 milkers and approximately the same number of heifers, and

Whereas, every one of those 130 acres is integral to this Vermont farm's economic viability, and

Whereas, the Rainville farm is exactly the type of dairy farm that is all too rapidly vanishing and that the state of Vermont is making every effort to preserve as an ongoing agricultural enterprise, and

Whereas, the state of Vermont, through the Vermont Housing and Conservation Trust Fund, has spent millions of dollars to preserve farmland for future generations, and the current use program was established to encourage the conduct of agricultural activities on Vermont land, and

Whereas, Vermont's farmland attracts tourists who travel to the state to view the state's picturesque open spaces, and

Whereas, according to the Vermont Agency of Agriculture, Food and Markets (VAAFM), the total number of dairy farms in January stood at 11,206 in 1947, 9,512 in 1957, 4,729 in 1967, 3,531 in 1977, 2,771 in 1987, 1,908 in 1997, 1,168 in 2007, and 1,055 in 2010, and

Whereas, the VAAFM has projected that Vermont may lose up to 200 farms in 2010, lowering the number to below 1,000 for the first time since the state of Vermont has conducted a farm count survey, and

Whereas, from an economic perspective, the Sustainable Agriculture Council has estimated that Vermont's agricultural worth has now grown to

nearly \$3.7 billion, and

Whereas, the United States Department of Homeland Security (the Department) and United States Customs and Border Protection (CBP), which is under the Department's jurisdiction, have announced their intention to acquire land—by means of eminent domain proceedings if necessary—from the Rainville farm for use in the construction of a new international border port-of-entry facility at Morses Line, and

Whereas, the Department and CBP are justifying this project on grounds of both national security and economic stimulation, and

Whereas, the Rainville family has stated that were it to lose any of its land used for hay production, this small farm's self-sufficiency would be lost, and

Whereas, a loss in the available hay would force the Rainvilles to purchase commercial feed for their herd, adding an expense they do not currently incur, and

Whereas, in the federal Farmland Protection Policy Act of 1981 (Pub. L. 97-89) (the act), Congress found that "the Nation's farmland is a unique natural resource and provides food and fiber necessary for the continued welfare of the people of the United States" and further stated that the law's purpose was "to minimize the extent to which Federal programs contribute to the unnecessary and irreversible conversion of farmland to nonagricultural uses," and

Whereas, this proposed land acquisition is clearly contrary to Congress' express intent as stated in the act, and

Whereas, the Rainville farm is listed on the National Register of Historic Places, which is further evidence of the importance that has been attached to the farm's continuity and integrity, and

Whereas, although the department's proposed new border-crossing facility has been reduced in size, there remains concern that it may be larger than needed for the amount of traffic that crosses at Morses Line, and

Whereas, there have been suggestions that federal funds would be better directed at further improvements to the heavily used port of entry at nearby Highgate, and

Whereas, the Vermont congressional delegation has been closely involved with the issues related to the proposed new facility at the Morses Line port of entry and the impact it will have on the Rainville Farm, and

Whereas, on Tuesday, April 27, 2010, while testifying before the United States Senate Judiciary Committee, Homeland Security Secretary Janet

Napolitano, in response to a request of Senator Leahy, committed herself to the convening of a public meeting near Morses Line before proceeding, and

Whereas, this meeting will be extremely timely, as in the past few days, the Rainville family received notice from the federal government that the condemnation process will be commenced in 60 days if the family does not agree to sell the requested land, and

Whereas, reducing the economic viability of a small Vermont dairy farm should not be equated with economic stimulation, now therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives:

That the General Assembly strongly urges the United States Department of Homeland Security to assess carefully the comments offered at the forthcoming public meeting on the future of the port of entry facility at Morses Line and to re-evaluate the need to condemn any land belonging to the Rainville farm in the town of Franklin, *and be it further*

Resolved: That the Secretary of State be directed to send a copy of this resolution to Secretary of Homeland Security Janet Napolitano, United States Customs and Border Protection Commissioner Alan Bersin, the Vermont congressional delegation, Vermont Secretary of Agriculture, Food and Markets Roger Allbee, and the Rainville family in Franklin.

(Committee Vote: 10-0-1)

Information Notice

The text of H. 789 (Budget bill) will appear as an addendum to the Senate Calendar of May 12, 2010.