1	H.250
2	Introduced by Representatives Stevens of Waterbury, Andrews of Rutland
3	City, Branagan of Georgia, Burke of Brattleboro, Conquest of
4	Newbury, Donovan of Burlington, Edwards of Brattleboro,
5	Evans of Essex, Fagan of Rutland City, French of Shrewsbury,
6	Greshin of Warren, Jerman of Essex, Lanpher of Vergennes,
7	Lenes of Shelburne, Manwaring of Wilmington, Martin of
8	Springfield, Martin of Wolcott, Moran of Wardsboro, Potter of
9	Clarendon, Ram of Burlington, Shand of Weathersfield, Smith
10	of Mendon, South of St. Johnsbury, Stevens of Shoreham,
11	Sweaney of Windsor, Taylor of Barre City, Townsend of
12	Randolph, Waite-Simpson of Essex, Webb of Shelburne and
13	Wilson of Manchester
14	Referred to Committee on
15	Date:
16	Subject: Taxation; education property tax
17	Statement of purpose: This bill proposes to give the department of taxes
18	administrative responsibility for the statewide education property tax.
19	An act relating to a statewide education property tax

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

1 Sec. 1. 32 V.S.A. § 4772 is amended to read:

§ 4772. NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

- The tax collector shall, at least 30 days prior to the date fixed for the payment of taxes by vote of the municipality, mail to each taxpayer at his or her last known address a notice stating the amount of his or her grand list, the tax rate, the amount of municipal taxes due from him or her and when the same are payable. If a prepayment discount is available, the tax notice shall include information regarding the discount. If no date is fixed by vote of the municipality for the payment of taxes, or if no notice is mailed to the taxpayer at least 30 days prior to the date fixed for the payment of taxes, the date for the payment of taxes shall be 30 days from the date of mailing of notice to the taxpayer.
- 13 Sec. 2. 32 V.S.A. § 5402(b) and (c) are amended to read:
- (b) Calculation of education tax.
 - (1) The commissioner of taxes shall determine for each municipality the education tax rates under subsection (a) of this section, divided by the municipality's most recent common level of appraisal. The legislative body in each municipality commissioner shall then bill each property taxpayer at the homestead or nonresidential rate determined by the commissioner under this subdivision, multiplied by the education property tax grand list value of the property, properly classified as homestead or nonresidential property and

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without regard to any other tax classification of the property. Tax bills shall
show the tax due, the parcel identification number prescribed in subsection
5404(b)of this title, and the calculation of the rate determined under subsection
(a) of this section, divided by the municipality's most recent common level of
appraisal, multiplied by the current grand list value of the property to be taxed.
Each homestead property tax bill shall include a copy of the document entitled
"About Your 20XX Taxes" 'The more you spend the more you pay'," updated
annually for each town by the commissioner of taxes.

- (2) Taxes assessed under this section shall be assessed and collected in the same manner as taxes assessed under chapter 133 103 of this title with no tax classification other than as homestead or nonresidential property.
- (3) If a district has not voted a budget by June 30, an interim homestead education tax shall be imposed at the base rate determined under subdivision (a)(2) of this section, divided by the municipality's most recent common level of appraisal, but without regard to any district spending adjustment. Within 30 days after a budget is adopted and the deadline for reconsideration has passed, the commissioner shall determine the municipality's homestead tax rate as required under subdivision (b)(1) of this subsection and issue a revised bill.
- (c) The treasurer of each municipality shall by December 1 of the year in which the tax is levied and on June 1 of the following year pay to the state

1	treasurer for deposit in the education fund one half of the municipality's
2	statewide nonresidential tax and one half of the municipality's homestead
3	education tax, as determined under subdivision (b)(1) of this section. The
4	commissioner of education shall determine the municipality's net
5	nonresidential education tax payment and its net homestead education tax
6	payment to the state based on grand list information received by the
7	commissioner no later than the March 15 prior to the June 1 net payment.
8	Payment shall be accompanied by a return prescribed by the commissioner of
9	education. The municipality may retain 0.225 of one percent of the total
10	education tax collected, only upon timely remittance of net payment to the
11	state treasurer. The municipality may also retain \$15.00 for each late property
12	tax adjustment claim filed after April 15 and before September 2, as notified
13	by the department, for the cost of issuing a new property tax bill.
14	Sec. 3. 32 V.S.A. § 5404a(b), (d), and (f) are amended to read:
15	(b) An agreement affecting the education property tax grand list defined
16	under subsection (a) of this section shall reduce the municipality's value on the
17	education property tax liability grand list under this chapter for the duration of
18	the agreement or exemption without extension or renewal, and for a maximum
19	of 10 years, subject to the provisions of subsection 5930b(f) of this title. A
20	municipality's property tax liability under this chapter shall be reduced by any

difference between the amount of the education property taxes collected on the

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- subject property and the amount of education property taxes that would have been collected on such property if its fair market value were taxed at the equalized nonresidential rate for the tax year.
- (d) Tax agreements not affecting the education property tax grand list as defined in subsection (c) of this section shall not reduce the total education property tax liability of the property owners in the municipality to the state under this chapter. However, such agreements shall reduce the education property tax liability of the owner of the property subject to the agreement to the extent provided in the agreement and shall be itemized on the tax bill as a reduction due to the municipally voted tax agreement. A municipality The commissioner shall assess a tax on its the municipal grand list at a rate sufficient to raise an amount equal to the difference between the municipality's total education property tax liability to the state for property in the municipality under this chapter and the amount collected from education property taxes in the municipality after reductions for all tax agreements in effect in the municipality as defined in subsection (c) of this section. Any such tax assessed under this section shall be identified on the tax bill of the property in the municipality as a separate tax for municipally voted tax agreements.
- (f) A For a municipality that establishes a tax increment financing district under subchapter 5 of chapter 53 of Title 24, the commissioner shall collect all property taxes on properties contained within the district and apply return to

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1	the municipality up to 75 percent of the tax increment as defined in 24 V.S.A.
2	§ 1896 to be applied to repayment of financing of the improvements and
3	related costs for up to 20 years pursuant to 24 V.S.A. § 1894, if approved by
4	the Vermont economic progress council pursuant to this section.
5	Sec. 4. 32 V.S.A. § 5409 is amended to read:
6	§ 5409. DUTIES OF MUNICIPALITIES AND ADMINISTRATION
7	The following shall apply with regard to the statewide education tax
8	imposed under this chapter:
9	(1) Late payments of the tax by a municipality to the state shall be
10	assessed interest at a per diem rate of eight percent per annum of the amount
11	due. If a payment is more than 90 days overdue, any state funds due the
12	municipality shall be withheld.
13	(2) If by August 1 a municipality has failed to issue notices of
14	assessment of the statewide education tax; or if the municipality fails for more

- assessment of the statewide education tax; or if the municipality fails for more than 90 days after the due date for any installment payment to enforce the tax in the municipality; then the commissioner of taxes shall either issue notices of assessment or collect the tax or both, or bring appropriate court action to require the municipal officials to issue notices and collect the tax, as the commissioner deems necessary.
- (3) In any case of administration under subdivision (2) of this section by the commissioner of taxes of education property tax:

1	(A) Sections 5868, 5869, 5873, 5875, 5881, 5887 <u>5882-5887</u> , and
2	5891-5895 of this title, as amended, shall apply in the same manner as to
3	income tax.

* * *

(5) In case of insufficient property tax payment by a taxpayer to a municipality, payments shall be allocated first to municipal property tax, and next to statewide education tax. In case of insufficient payment by a taxpayer to the department of taxes, payments shall be allocated first to liabilities other than education taxes, and next to education tax.

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Sec. 5. 32 V.S.A. § 5410(g), (h) and (j) are amended to read:

(g) If the property identified in a declaration under subsection (b) of this section is not the taxpayer's homestead, or if the owner of a homestead fails to declare a homestead as required under this section, the commissioner shall notify the municipality and the municipality shall issue a corrected tax bill. The municipality commissioner shall also assess the taxpayer a penalty in an amount equal to one percent of the education tax on the property; or if the commissioner determines that the declaration or failure to declare was with fraudulent intent, then the municipality commissioner shall assess the taxpayer a penalty in an amount equal to 100 percent of the education tax on the property; plus any interest and late-payment fee or commission which may be

- due. Any penalty imposed under this section and any additional property tax interest and late payment fee or commission shall be assessed and collected by the municipality in the same manner as a property tax under chapter 133 of this title.
- (h) The filing of a new or corrected declaration or rescission of an erroneous declaration, on or before September 1 of the property tax year, that is not reflected in the first education fund payment under 16 V.S.A. § 4028 for that fiscal year or in a municipality's first payment to the education fund under subsection 5402(c) of this title for that fiscal year, shall be reflected in the final net payment to or from the education fund for that fiscal year. The municipality may retain 0.225 of one percent of the tax collected. Any reduction in tax paid to a municipality due to a new, revised, or rescinded declaration shall be paid by the municipality to the taxpayer no later than May 15 of the fiscal year. No later than June 1, each municipality the commissioner shall provide to the state treasurer a list of taxpayers who filed late or corrected declarations or rescinded declarations, the amount of the change in education tax, and the amount of any interest and penalty billed the taxpayer.
- (j) A taxpayer may appeal a determination of domicile for purposes of a homestead declaration or an assessment of fraud penalty under this section to the commissioner, in the same manner as an appeal under chapter 151 of this title. A taxpayer may appeal an assessment of any other penalty under this

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1	section to the listers commissioner within 14 days after the date of mailing of
2	notice of the penalty, and from the listers to the board of civil authority and
3	thereafter to the courts, in the same manner as an appraisal appeal under
4	chapter 131 151 of this title. The legislative body of a municipality
5	commissioner shall have authority in cases of hardship to abate all or any
6	portion of a penalty appealable to the listers under this section and any tax,
7	penalty, and interest arising out of a corrected property classification under thi
8	section; and shall state in detail in writing the reasons for its his or her grant or
9	denial of the requested abatement. The legislative body may delegate this
10	abatement authority to the board of civil authority or the board of abatement
11	for the municipality. Requests for abatement shall be made to the municipal
12	treasurer or other person designated to collect current taxes, and that person
13	shall forward all requests, with his or her recommendation, to the body
14	authorized to grant or deny abatement.
15	Sec. 6. 32 V.S.A § 5412 is amended to read:
16	§ 5412. REDUCTION OF LISTED VALUE AND RECALCULATION OF
17	EDUCATION TAX LIABILITY
18	(a)(1) If a listed value is reduced as the result of an appeal or court action,

(a)(1) If a listed value is reduced as the result of an appeal or court action, and if the municipality files a written request with the commissioner within 30 days after the date of the determination, entry of the final order, or settlement agreement if the commissioner determines that the settlement value is the fair

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market value of the parcel, the commissioner shall recalculate the
municipality's taxpayer's education property tax liability for the year at issue,
in accord with the reduced valuation, provided that:

* * *

- (B) the municipality taxpayer notified the commissioner of the appeal or court action, in writing, within ten days after notice of the appeal was filed under section 4461 of this title or after the complaint was served; and
- (C) as a result of the valuation reduction of the parcel, the value of the municipality's grand list is reduced at least one percent.
- (2) The municipality's request shall include a copy of the agreement, determination or final order, and any other documentation necessary to show the existence of these conditions.
- (b) To the extent that the municipality has paid that liability, the commissioner shall allow a credit for any reduction in education tax liability against the next ensuing year's education tax liability or, at the request of the municipality, may refund to the municipality an amount equal to the reduction in education tax liability.
- (c) If a listed value is increased as the result of an appeal under chapter 131 of this title or court action, whether adjudicated or settled and the commissioner determines that the settlement value is the fair market value of the parcel, with no further appeal available with regard to that valuation, the

1	commissioner shall recalculate the municipality's education property tax for
2	each year at issue, in accord with the increased valuation, and shall assess the
3	municipality for the additional tax at the same time the commissioner assesses
4	the municipality's education tax liability for the next ensuing year, unless the
5	resulting assessment would be less than \$300.00. Payment under this section
6	shall be due with the municipality's education tax liability for the next ensuing
7	year.
8	(d) Recalculation of education property tax under this section shall have no
9	effect other than to reimburse or assess a municipality for education property

- 11 Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE
- This act shall apply to education property tax bills prepared on or after

tax changes which result from property revaluation.

13 <u>January 1, 2011.</u>