# Sales Tax on Remotely Accessed Software

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## What would become taxable?

"Software as a Service" ("SaaS"), "Platform as a Service" ("PaaS"), and "Infrastructure as a Service" ("IaaS") are all currently exempt in Vermont.

- The terms are not uniformly defined in law (or in the computing industry):
  - SaaS is when a service provider hosts software applications over the internet for a customer. It is also known as "cloud application services".
  - **PaaS** is a service containing elements of both laaS and SaaS. PaaS provides a framework for developers to build on and use to create customized applications.
  - laaS is when a service provider owns, maintains, operates, and houses equipment (such as hardware, servers, network components, etc.) used to support a customer's operations. Customer accesses equipment over the internet and has complete control over the infrastructure.



## What would become taxable?

#### Software as a Service (SaaS)

- Turbotax and Quickbooks
- Microsoft Office Online
- Dropbox
- Mail Chimp
- Google Apps (like Docs, Sheets, etc)
- Toast and Square

#### Platform as a Service (PaaS)

- Squarespace web design
- Force.com (as part of Salesforce)

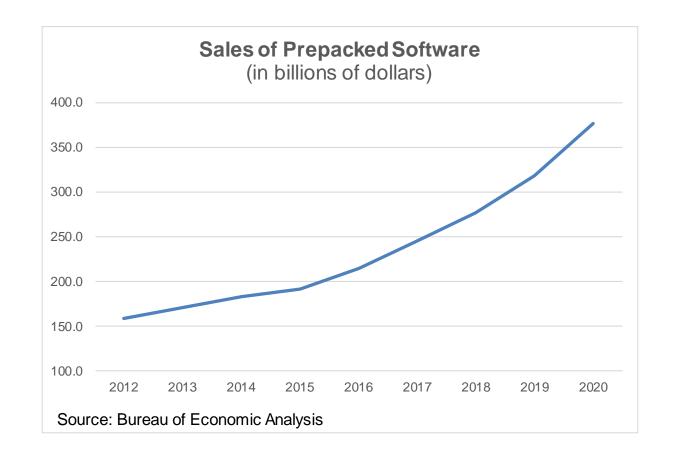
#### Infrastructure as a Service (laaS)

- Amazon Web Services
- Google Compute Engine



# Industry Growth

- Cloud based software continues to grow into a major US and global industry
- Relevant statistics on growth in industry:
  - 83% of all company workload will be store on cloud (Forbes)
  - 67% of all enterprise software is estimated to be cloud-based
  - Global Public cloud revenue is estimated to be \$482 billion in 2022 (Gartner)
    - Was \$313 billion in 2020 and \$242 million in 2019





## What happens when...

- **Customized software:** if you hire someone to build you a customized software solution, the purchase price would stay nontaxable
- Maintenance services: these would still be considered services and would not be taxable
- **Bundled transactions:** Suppose you purchase prewritten software, and a maintenance contract is included in the price:
  - Firm would be responsible for itemizing the software portion, or if they keep the package bundled, the entire purchase price would be subject to 6% tax
- Business to business: If a software business is accessing software via the cloud to create more software or as part of their business expense, their purchase would be subject to tax.
  - Their purchase and the tax paid can be written off as a business expenses on their income taxes
- Other states: If a Vermont company that makes prewritten software sells to a customer in a state where this type of software is taxable, the Vermont company should be collecting and remitting to that state.



## Revenue Impact

- Updated estimate: \$18.4 million for full year implementation
  - Was \$16.8 million in May 2022 but updated data shows significant growth in the industry

