AOA PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO S.255

Introduced by Senators Ayer and Lyons

Referred to Committee on

Date:

Subject: Health; health insurance; Department of Financial Regulation

Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to require hospitals to provide information to the public about their community health needs and to allow public participation in the community health needs assessment process. It would establish a statewide comparative hospital quality report and modify the regulation of managed care organizations. The bill would also expand the information health insurers must report annually to include detailed information regarding claims processing, denials, grievances, and provider satisfaction, and it would require insurers to post all of the information their websites.

An act relating to regulation of hospitals, health insurers, and managed care organizations

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. § 9405a is amended to read:

§ 9405a. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION AND STRATEGIC PLANNING

   (a) Each hospital shall have a protocol for meaningful public participation in its strategic planning process for identifying and addressing health care needs that the hospital provides or could provide in its service area. Needs identified through the process shall be integrated with the hospital’s long-term
AOA PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO S.255

planning. The process shall be updated as necessary to continue to be consistent with such planning and capital expenditure projections, and identified needs shall be summarized in the hospital’s community report. Each hospital shall post on its website a description of its identified needs, strategic initiatives developed to address the identified needs, annual progress on implementation of the proposed initiatives, and opportunities for public participation. Hospitals may meet the community health needs assessment and implementation plan requirement through compliance with the relevant Internal Revenue Service community health needs assessment requirements for nonprofit hospitals.

(b) When a hospital is working on a new community health needs assessment, the hospital shall post on its website information about the process for developing the community needs assessment and opportunities for public participation in the process.

Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. § 9405b is amended to read:

§ 9405b. HOSPITAL COMMUNITY REPORTS

(a) The Commissioner of Health, in consultation with representatives from hospitals, other groups of health care professionals, and members of the public representing patient interests, shall adopt rules establishing a standard format for community reports, as well as the contents, which statewide comparative hospital quality report. Hospitals located outside this State which serve a significant number of Vermont residents, as determined by the Commissioner
AOA PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO S.255

of Health, shall be invited to participate in the community report process established by this section. The report shall include:

(1) Measures of quality, including process and performance measures, that are valid, reliable, and useful, including comparisons to appropriate national benchmarks for high quality and successful results.

(2) Measures of patient safety that are valid, reliable, and useful, including comparisons to appropriate industry benchmarks for safety;

(3) Measures of hospital-acquired infections that are valid, reliable, and useful, including comparisons to appropriate industry benchmarks.

(4) Valid, reliable, and useful information on nurse staffing, including comparisons to appropriate industry benchmarks for safety. This information may include system-centered measures such as skill mix, nursing care hours per patient day, and other system-centered measures for which reliable industry benchmarks become available.

(5) Measures of the hospital’s financial health, including comparisons to appropriate national benchmarks for efficient operation and fiscal health.

(5)(6) A summary of the hospital’s budget, including revenue by source, the one-year and four-year capital expenditure plans, the depreciation schedule for existing facilities, and quantification of cost shifting to private payers.

(6)(7) Data that provides valid, reliable, useful, and efficient information for payers and the public for the comparison of charges for higher volume health care services.
AOA PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO S.255

(b) Each hospital shall publish on its website:

(7)(1) The hospital’s process for achieving openness, inclusiveness, and meaningful public participation in its strategic planning and decision-making;

(8)(2) The hospital’s consumer complaint resolution process, including identification of the hospital officer or employee responsible for its implementation;

(9) Information concerning recently completed or ongoing quality improvement and patient safety projects;

(10) A description of strategic initiatives discussed with or derived from the identification of health care needs; the one-year and four-year capital expenditure plans; and the depreciation schedule for existing facilities;

(11)(3) Information on membership and governing body qualifications, a listing of the current governing body members, and means of obtaining a schedule of meetings of the hospital’s governing body, including times scheduled for public participation; and

(4) A link to the comparative statewide hospital quality report.

(12) Valid, reliable, and useful information on nurse staffing, including comparisons to appropriate industry benchmarks for safety. This information may include system-centered performance measures, such as skill mix, nursing care hours per patient day, and other such system-centered performance measures as reliable industry benchmarks become available in the future.
AOA PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO S.255

(b) On or before January 1, 2005, and annually thereafter beginning on June 1, 2006, the board of directors or other governing body of each hospital licensed under chapter 43 of this title shall publish on its website, making paper copies available upon request, its community report in a uniform format approved by the Commissioner of Health and in accordance with the standards and procedures adopted by rule under this section. Hospitals located outside this State which serve a significant number of Vermont residents, as determined by the Commissioner of Health, shall be invited to participate in the community report process established by this subsection.

(c) The community reports shall be provided to the Commissioner of Health. The Commissioner of Health shall publish the reports statewide comparative hospital quality report on a public website and shall develop and include a format for comparisons of hospitals within the same categories of quality and financial measures update the report at least annually beginning on June 1, 2017.

Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 9408a is amended to read:

§ 9408a. UNIFORM PROVIDER CREDENTIALING

* * *

(e) The commissioner may enforce compliance with the provisions of this section as to insurers and as to hospitals as if the hospital were an insurer under 8 V.S.A. § 3661. [Repealed.]

Sec. 3a. 18 V.S.A. § 1905(23) is added to read:
(23) All hospitals shall use the credentialing application form
described in 18 V.S.A. § 9408a(b).

*** Health Care Provider Bargaining Groups ***

Section 3b. 18 V.S.A. § 9409 is amended to read:

§ 9409. HEALTH CARE PROVIDER BARGAINING GROUPS

(a) The commissioner Green Mountain Care Board may approve the
creation of one or more health care provider bargaining groups,
consisting of health care providers who choose to participate. A
bargaining group is authorized to negotiate on behalf of all participating
providers with the commissioner, the secretary of administration, the
secretary of human services, the Green Mountain Care board Board, or
the commissioner of labor with respect to any matter in this chapter;
chapter 13, 219, 220, or 222 of this title; 21 V.S.A. chapter 9; and 33
V.S.A. chapters 18 and 19 with respect to provider regulation, provider
reimbursement, administrative simplification, information technology,
workforce planning, or quality of health care.

(b) The commissioner Green Mountain Care Board shall adopt by rule
criteria for forming and approving bargaining groups, and criteria and
procedures for negotiations authorized by this section.

(c) The rules relating to negotiations shall include a nonbinding
arbitration process to assist in the resolution of disputes. Nothing in this
section shall be construed to limit the authority of the commissioner, the
commissioner of labor, the secretary of administration, the Green
Mountain Care board Board, or the secretary of human services to reject
the recommendation or decision of the arbiter.

Sec. 3c. HEALTH CARE PROVIDER BARGAINING GROUP

RULEMAKING

For the purposes of provider bargaining group regulation pursuant to
18 V.S.A. chapter 221, subchapter 1, the Green Mountain Care Board
shall apply Rule 6.00 of the Department of Financial Regulation, as that
rule exists on the effective date of this section, until the Board’s adoption
of a permanent rule on provider bargaining groups pursuant to Sec. 3b of
this act.

Sec. 4. 18 V.S.A. § 9414 is amended to read:

§ 9414. QUALITY ASSURANCE FOR MANAGED CARE

(a) The Commissioner shall have the power and responsibility to ensure
that each managed care organization provides quality health care to its
members, in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(1) In determining whether a managed care organization meets the
requirements of this section, the Commissioner shall may review and examine,
in accordance with subsection (e) of this section, the organization’s
administrative policies and procedures, quality management and improvement
procedures, utilization management, credentialing practices, members’ rights
and responsibilities, preventive health services, medical records practices,
AOA PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO S.255

1 grievance and appeal procedures, member services, financial incentives or
2 disincentives, disenrollment, provider contracting, and systems and data
3 reporting capacities. The Commissioner may shall establish, by rule, specific
4 criteria to be considered under this section.

* * *

(4) The Commissioner or designee may resolve any consumer complaint
arising out of this subsection as though the managed care organization were an
insurer licensed pursuant to Title 8. As used in this section, “complaint”
means a report of a violation or suspected violation of the standards set forth in
this section or adopted by rule pursuant to this section and made by or on
behalf of a consumer or provider.

(b)(1) A managed care organization shall assure that the health care
services provided to members are consistent with prevailing professionally
recognized standards of medical practice.

(2) A managed care organization shall participate in establish a chronic
care program as needed to implement the Blueprint for Health established in
chapter 13 of this title. The program If needed to implement the Blueprint, a
managed care organization shall establish a chronic care program, which shall
include:

(A) appropriate benefit plan design;

(B) informational materials, training, and follow-up necessary to

support members and providers; and
(C) payment reform methodologies.

(3) Each managed care organization shall have procedures to assure availability, accessibility, and continuity of care, and ongoing procedures for the identification, evaluation, resolution, and follow-up of potential and actual problems in its health care administration and delivery.

(4) Each managed care organization shall be accredited by a national independent accreditation organization approved by the Commissioner.

(c) Consistent with participation in the Blueprint for Health pursuant to subdivision (b)(2) of this section and the accreditation required by subdivision (b)(4) of this section, the managed care organization shall have an internal quality assurance program to monitor and evaluate its health care services, including primary and specialist physician services, and ancillary and preventive health care services, across all institutional and noninstitutional settings. The internal quality assurance program shall be fully described in written form, provided to all managers, providers, and staff and made available to members of the organization. The components of the internal quality assurance program shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(1) a peer review committee or comparable designated committee responsible for quality assurance activities;

(2) accountability of the committee to the Board of Directors or other governing authority of the organization;

(3) participation by an appropriate base of providers and support staff;
AOA PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO S.255

(4) supervision by the medical director of the organization;

(5) regularly scheduled meetings; and

(6) minutes or records of the meetings which describe in detail the actions of the committee, including problems discussed, charts reviewed, recommendations made, and any other pertinent information.

(d)(1) In addition to its internal quality assurance program, each managed care organization shall evaluate the quality of health and medical care provided to members. The organization shall use and maintain a patient record system which will facilitate documentation and retrieval of statistically meaningful clinical information.

(2) A managed care organization may evaluate the quality of health and medical care provided to members through an independent accreditation organization. [Repealed.]

* * *

Sec. 5. 18 V.S.A. § 9414a is amended to read:

§ 9414a. ANNUAL REPORTING BY HEALTH INSURERS

(a) As used in this section:

(1) “Adverse benefit determination” means a denial, reduction, modification, or termination of, or a failure to provide or make payment in whole or in part for, a benefit, including:
AOA PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO S.255

(A) a denial, reduction, modification, termination, or failure to provide or make payment that is based on a determination of the member’s eligibility to participate in a health benefit plan;

(B) a denial, reduction, modification, or termination of, or failure to make payment in whole or in part for, a benefit resulting from the application of any utilization review; and

(C) a failure to provide coverage for an item or service for which benefits are otherwise provided because the item or service is determined to be experimental, investigational, or not medically necessary or appropriate.

(2) “Claim” means a pre-service review or a request for payment for a covered service that a member or the member’s health care provider submits to the insurer at or after the time that health care services have been provided.

(3) “Concurrent review” means utilization review conducted during a member’s stay in a hospital or other facility, or during another ongoing course of treatment.

(4) “Grievance” means a complaint submitted by or on behalf of a member regarding:

(A) an adverse benefit determination;

(B) the availability, delivery, or quality of health care services;

(C) claims payment, handling, or reimbursement for health care services; or
(D) matters relating to the contractual relationship between a member and the managed care organization or health insurer offering the health benefit plan.

(5) “Independent external review” means a review of a health care decision by an independent review organization pursuant to 8 V.S.A. § 4089f.

(6) “Post-service review” means the review of any claim for a benefit that is not a pre-service or concurrent review.

(7) “Pre-service review” means the review of any claim for a benefit with respect to which the terms of coverage condition receipt of the benefit in whole or in part on approval of the benefit in advance of obtaining health care.

(8) “Utilization review” means a set of formal techniques designed to monitor the use, or evaluate the clinical necessity, appropriateness, efficacy, or efficiency, of health care services, procedures, or settings, including prescription drugs.

(b) Health insurers with a minimum of 2,000 Vermont lives covered at the end of the preceding year or who offer insurance through the Vermont Health Benefit Exchange pursuant to 33 V.S.A. chapter 18, subchapter 1 shall annually report the following information to the Commissioner of Financial Regulation, in plain language, as an addendum to the health insurer’s annual statement:

(1) the health insurer’s state of domicile and the total number of states in which the insurer operates;
(2) the total number of Vermont lives covered by the health insurer;

(3) the total number of claims submitted to the health insurer;

(4) the total number of claims denied by the health insurer, including the total number of denied claims for mental health services, treatment for substance use disorder, and prescription drugs;

(5) data regarding the number and percentage of denials of service by the health insurer at the preauthorization level, based on utilization review, including utilization review at the pre-service review, concurrent review, and post-service review levels and including denials of mental health services, services for substance use disorder, and prescription drugs broken out separately, including:

(A) the total number of denials of service by the health insurer at the preauthorization level;

(B) the total number of denials of service at the preauthorization level appealed to the health insurer at the first-level grievance and, of those, the total number overturned;

(C) the total number of denials of service at the preauthorization level appealed to the health insurer at any second-level grievance and, of those, the total number overturned;

(D) the total number of denials of service at the preauthorization pre-service level for which external review was sought and, of those, the total number overturned;
AOA PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO S.255

(6) the total number of adverse benefit determinations made by the health insurer, including:

(A) the total number of adverse benefit determinations appealed to the health insurer at the first-level grievance and, of those, the total number overturned;

(B) the total number of adverse benefit determinations appealed to the health insurer at any second-level grievance and, of those, the total number overturned;

(C) the total number of adverse benefit determinations for which external review was sought and, of those, the total number overturned;

(7) the total number of claims denied by the health insurer because the service was experimental, investigational, or an off-label use of a drug, was not medically necessary, involved access to a provider that is inconsistent with the limitations imposed by the plan, or was subject to a preexisting condition exclusion; [Repealed.]

(8) the total number of claims denied by the health insurer as duplicate claims, as coding errors, or for services or providers not covered;

(9) the percentage of claims processed in a timely manner;

(10) the percentage of claims processed correctly accurately both financially and administratively;

(11) the composite percentage of claims processed in a timely manner and correctly;
(12) the number and percentage of utilization review decisions meeting the timelines described in subdivisions (A)–(D) of this subdivision, including timeliness data for all utilization review decisions and timeliness data for physical health, mental health, substance use disorder, and prescription drug utilization review decisions broken out separately:

(A) concurrent reviews within 24 hours;

(B) urgent pre-service reviews within 48 hours of receipt of the request;

(C) non-urgent pre-service reviews within two business days of receipt of request; and

(D) post-service reviews within 30 days of receipt of request;

(13) data regarding the number of grievances related to availability, delivery, or quality of health care services or matters relating to the contractual relationship between a member and the health insurer, including:

(A) health care provider performance and office management issues;

(B) plan administration;

(C) access to health care providers and services;

(D) access to mental health providers and services; and

(E) access to substance use disorder providers and services;

(14) the total number of claims, including separate numbers for claims related to mental health services, services for substance use disorder, and prescription drugs, denied by the health insurer on the grounds that the service
was experimental, investigations, or an off-label use of a drug; was not medically necessary; or involved access to a provider that is inconsistent with the limitations imposed by the plan;

(15) results of surveys evaluating health care provider satisfaction with the health insurer;

(16) the health insurer’s actions taken in response to the prior year’s health care provider survey results;

(17)(A) the titles and salaries of all corporate officers and board members during the preceding year;

(B) the bonuses and compensatory benefits of all corporate officers and board members during the preceding year;

(18) the health insurer’s marketing and advertising expenses during the preceding year;

(19) the health insurer’s federal and Vermont-specific lobbying expenses during the preceding year;

(20) the amount and recipient of each political contribution made by the health insurer during the preceding year;

(21) the amount and recipient of dues paid during the preceding year by the health insurer to trade groups that engage in lobbying efforts or that make political contributions;

(22) the health insurer’s legal expenses related to claims or service denials during the preceding year; and
AOA PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO S.255

(15)(23) the amount and recipient of charitable contributions made by
the health insurer during the preceding year.

(2) Health insurers may indicate the extent of overlap or duplication in
reporting the information described in subsection (a)(b) of this section.

(e)(d) The Department of Financial Regulation shall create a standardized
form using terms with uniform, industry-standard meanings for the purpose of
collecting the information described in subsection (a) of this section, and each
health insurer shall use the standardized form for reporting the required
information as an addendum to its annual statement. To the extent possible,
health insurers shall report information specific to Vermont on the
standardized form and shall indicate on the form where the reported
information is not specific to Vermont.

(d)(e)(1) The Department of Financial Regulation and the Office of the
Health Care Advocate shall post on its website their websites links to the
standardized form completed by each health insurer pursuant to this section.
Each health insurer shall post its form on its own website.

(2) The Department of Vermont Health Access shall post on the
Vermont Health Benefit Exchange established pursuant to 33 V.S.A. chapter
18, subchapter 1 an electronic link to the standardized forms posted by the
Department of Financial Regulation pursuant to subdivision (1) of this
subsection.
AOA PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO S.255

(e)(f) The Commissioner of Financial Regulation may adopt rules pursuant to 3 V.S.A. chapter 25 to carry out the purposes of this section.

Sec. 6. 18 V.S.A. § 1854(a) is amended to read:

(a) A hospital shall make public the maximum patient census and the number of registered nurses, licensed practical nurses, and licensed nursing assistants providing direct patient care in each unit during each shift. Each unit’s information shall be reported in full-time equivalents, with either every eight hours or 12 hours worked by a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or licensed nursing assistant during the shift as one full-time equivalent. The reporting of this information shall be in a manner consistent with the requirements for public reporting for measures of nurse staffing selected by the commissioner of financial regulation Commissioner of Health under subdivision 9405b(a)(12) 9405b(a)(4) of this title, but shall not in any way change what is required to be posted as set forth in this subsection. Each unit’s information shall be posted in a prominent place that is readily accessible to patients and visitors in that unit at least once each day. The posting shall include the information for the preceding seven days.

Sec. 7. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ALIGNMENT BETWEEN ACCOUNTABLE CARE ORGANIZATIONS, MEDICAID, AND MANAGED CARE ORGANIZATIONS

On or before December 15, 2017, the Director of Health Care Reform in the Agency of Administration, in collaboration with the Green Mountain
Care Board and the Department of Financial Regulation, shall compare the requirements in federal law applicable to Vermont’s accountable care organizations and the Department of Vermont Health Access in its role as a public managed care organization with 18 V.S.A. § 9414(a)(1) as it applies to managed care organizations to find opportunities for alignment. The Director of Health Care Reform, after taking into consideration the financial and operational implications of alignment, shall make recommendations to improve alignment. Prior to making its recommendations, the Director shall consult regularly with interested stakeholders, including accountable care organizations; health insurance and managed care organizations, as defined by 18 V.S.A. § 9402; health care providers; and the Office of the Health Care Advocate.

Sec. 78. EFFECTIVE DATES

(a) Secs. 1 (hospital needs assessment) and 2 (hospital community reports) and this section shall take effect on passage.

(b) The remaining sections shall take effect on July 1, 2016.