1 H.230 2 An act relating to implementing mechanisms to reduce suicide 3 The Senate proposes to the House to amend the bill by striking out all after 4 the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following: Sec. 1. FINDINGS 5 6 The General Assembly finds: 7 (1) More than 700 Vermont residents died of gunshot wounds in the 8 decade from 2011 to 2020. Eighty-eight percent of these deaths were by 9 suicide. 10 (2) Of all the deaths in Vermont involving firearms in 2021, 89 percent 11 were by suicide and eight percent were by homicide. 12 (3) The 2021 suicide rate by all methods in Vermont was 20.3 per 13 100,000 persons, compared to a national rate of 14.0 per 100,000 persons. 14 Suicide among Vermont men and boys is 50 percent higher than the national 15 average. 16 (4) In 2021, the number of suicides in Vermont was 142, with 83 of 17 them completed by firearm, or 58 percent. 18 (5) According to 2023 data from the Vermont Department of Health, 19 44 percent of Vermont households store at least one firearm in or around the 20 home.

1	(6) Children are 4.4 times more likely to die by suicide in a home with a
2	firearm compared to a home without a firearm.
3	(7) Extreme risk protection orders have proven successful in situations
4	where other protective orders, mental health proceedings, or criminal charges
5	could not address the risk presented. In fiscal year 2022, 18 extreme risk
6	protection order petitions were filed statewide. In at least five of these cases, a
7	temporary or final order was based on a finding that the respondent had
8	"threatened or attempted suicide or serious bodily harm."
9	(8) Emphasis on the eight percent of firearm deaths by homicide in the
10	State of Vermont does not portray the full impact of Vermont firearms on
11	public safety. Firearms purchased in Vermont and transferred, lawfully or
12	unlawfully, out of state contribute to violent crime in other states, including
13	homicide. A report prepared by the Federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco,
14	Firearms, and Explosives revealed that in 2016, there were 51 traces of
15	firearms involved in a homicide to the State of Vermont.
16	(9) The National Firearms Commerce and Trafficking Assessment
17	(NFCTA): Crime Guns - Volume Two report prepared by the Federal Bureau
18	of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives (ATF) revealed that between
19	2017 and 2021, 6,333 firearms that were used in a crime were traced to
20	Vermont. Of the 1,903 firearms that could be traced to a known purchaser,
21	65 percent were recovered from someone other than the purchaser, and

- 1 <u>64 percent were recovered outside the State of Vermont. Over 750 of these</u>
- 2 firearms were recovered in our neighboring states of New York,
- 3 Massachusetts, and New Hampshire.
- 4 (10) Waiting period laws, which create a buffer between the time of
- 5 gun purchase and gun acquisition, can help to prevent impulsive acts of gun
- 6 violence. One study found that waiting period laws that delay the purchase of
- 7 firearms by a few days can reduce gun homicides by roughly 17 percent.
- 8 Sec. 2. LEGISLATIVE PURPOSE
- 9 The purposes of this legislation are to prevent death by suicide by reducing
- 10 access to operable firearms by children and prohibited persons and to reduce
- 11 community violence. Although there are many other methods for completing
- 12 suicide, firearms are unique in their ability to create instantaneous and
- 13 irreversible outcomes. Nearly every other commonly used method for suicide
- 14 <u>has a high survivability rate</u>. It is extremely rare for someone to survive a
- 15 suicide attempt in which a firearm is used. This fact, combined with the high
- 16 prevalence of firearms in Vermont, is why this method alone is being
- 17 addressed by this act.
- 18 Sec. 3. 13 V.S.A. § 4024 is added to read:
- 19 <u>§ 4024. NEGLIGENT FIREARMS STORAGE</u>
- 20 (a)(1) A person who stores or keeps a firearm within any premises that are
- 21 under the person's custody or control, and who knows or reasonably should

1 know that a child or prohibited person is likely to gain access to the firearm, 2 shall be: 3 (A) imprisoned not more than one year or fined not more than 4 \$1,000.00, or both, if a child or prohibited person gains access to the firearm 5 and uses it in the commission of a crime or displays it in a threatening manner; 6 or 7 (B) imprisoned not more than five years or fined not more than 8 \$5,000.00, or both, if a child or prohibited person gains access to the firearm 9 and uses it to cause death or serious bodily injury to any person. 10 (2) This subsection shall not apply if: 11 (A) the firearm is carried by or within such close proximity that it can 12 be readily retrieved and used by the owner or another authorized user; 13 (B) a child or prohibited person accesses the firearm as a result of an 14 illegal entry; 15 (C) a child or prohibited person accesses and uses the firearm during 16 the course of a lawful act of self-defense or defense of another person; or 17 (D) the person stores or keeps the firearm in a locked container or 18 equipped with a tamper-resistant mechanical lock or other safety device. 19 (b)(1) At any location where a licensed dealer conducts firearm sales or 20 transfers, the licensed dealer shall conspicuously display a sign containing the 21 information required by subdivision (2) of this subsection in any area where

1	the sales or transfers occur. The sign shall be posted so that it can be easily
2	viewed by persons purchasing or receiving firearms, and the sign shall not be
3	removed, obscured, or rendered illegible. If the location where the sales or
4	transfers occur is the premises listed on the dealer's federal firearms license, an
5	additional sign shall be placed at or near the entrance to the premises.
6	(2) The sign required by subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be at
7	least eight and one-half inches high by 11 inches wide and shall contain black
8	text at least half an inch high against a white background. The sign shall
9	contain the following text and no other statements or markings:
10	"WARNING: Access to a firearm in the home significantly increases
11	the risk of suicide; death during domestic violence disputes; and the
12	unintentional death of children, household members, and others. If you or a
13	loved one is experiencing distress or depression, call the 988 Suicide and Crisis
14	hotline or text "VT" to 741741.
15	Failure to securely store firearms may result in criminal prosecution. It
16	is important that the owner of a firearm seek firearm safety instructions from a
17	certified firearms instructor and keep firearms secured from unauthorized use.
18	Posted pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 4024."

19 (c) As used in this section:

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- 1 (1) "Authorized user" means a person 18 years of age or older who is
- 2 not a prohibited person and who has been authorized to carry or use the firearm
- 3 by the owner.
- 4 (2) "Child" means a person under 18 years of age.
- 5 (3) "Firearm" has the same meaning as in subsection 4017(d) of this
- 6 <u>title.</u>
- 7 (4) "Licensed dealer" means a person issued a license as a dealer in
- 8 firearms pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 923(a).
- 9 (5) "Locked container" means a box, case, chest, locker, safe, or other
- 10 similar receptacle equipped with a tamper-resistant lock.
- 11 (6) "Prohibited person" means a person who is prohibited from
- 12 possessing a firearm by state or federal law or by court order.
- 13 (7) "Serious bodily injury" has the same meaning as in subdivision
- 14 <u>1021(a)(2) of this title.</u>
- 15 Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 4051 is amended to read:
- 16 § 4051. DEFINITIONS
- 17 As used in this subchapter:
- 18 ***
- 19 (7) "Household members" means persons who are living together, are
- 20 sharing occupancy of a dwelling, are engaged in a sexual relationship, or
- 21 minors or adults who are dating. "Dating" means a social relationship of a

1	romantic nature. Factors that the court may consider when determining
2	whether a dating relationship exists include:
3	(A) the nature of the relationship;
4	(B) the length of time the relationship has existed; and
5	(C) the frequency of interaction between the parties.
6	Sec. 5. 13 V.S.A. § 4053 is amended to read:
7	§ 4053. PETITION FOR EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER
8	(a) A State's Attorney or, the Office of the Attorney General, or a family or
9	household member may file a petition requesting that the court issue an
10	extreme risk protection order prohibiting a person from purchasing, possessing,
11	or receiving a dangerous weapon or having a dangerous weapon within the
12	person's custody or control. The petitioner shall submit an affidavit in support
13	of the petition.
14	(b)(1) Except as provided in section 4054 of this title, the court shall grant
15	relief only after notice to the respondent and a hearing. The petitioner shall
16	have the burden of proof by clear and convincing evidence.
17	(2) When a petition has been filed by a family or household member, the
18	State's Attorney of the county where the petition was filed shall be substituted
19	as the plaintiff in the action upon the issuance of an ex parte order under
20	section 4054 of this title or at least seven days prior to the hearing for a petition

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1	filed under this section. Upon substitution of the State's Attorney as the
2	plaintiff, the family or household member shall no longer be a party.
3	* * *
4	(d)(1) The court shall hold a hearing within 14 days after a petition is filed
5	under this section. Notice of the hearing shall be served pursuant to section
6	4056 of this title concurrently with the petition and any ex parte order issued
7	under section 4054 of this title.
8	(2) If a petition is filed by a family or household member under this
9	section, the court shall transmit a copy of the petition to the State's Attorney of
10	the county where the petition was filed, along with all supporting documents
11	and the notice of the initial status conference or hearing.
12	* * *
13	Sec. 6. 13 V.S.A. § 4054 is amended to read:
14	§ 4054. EMERGENCY RELIEF; TEMPORARY EX PARTE ORDER
15	(a)(1) A State's Attorney $\overline{\text{or}}$, the Office of the Attorney General, or a family
16	or household member may file a motion requesting that the court issue an
17	extreme risk protection order ex parte, without notice to the respondent. A law
18	enforcement officer may notify the court that an ex parte extreme risk
19	protection order is being requested pursuant to this section, but the court shall
20	not issue the order until after the motion is submitted.
21	* * *

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1	(b)(1)(A) The court shall grant the motion and issue a temporary ex parte
2	extreme risk protection order if it finds by a preponderance of the evidence, or
3	by clear and convincing evidence if the petition was filed by a family or
4	household member, that at the time the order is requested the respondent poses
5	an imminent and extreme risk of causing harm to himself or herself themselves
6	or another person by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a dangerous weapon
7	or by having a dangerous weapon within the respondent's custody or control.
8	The petitioner shall cause a copy of the order to be served on the respondent
9	pursuant to section 4056 of this title, and the court shall deliver a copy to the
10	holding station.
11	(B) If a motion is filed by a family or household member under this
12	section and the court has issued an ex parte order, the court shall transmit a
13	copy of the motion to the State's Attorney of the county where the petition was
14	filed, along with all supporting documents and the notice of the initial status
15	conference or hearing.
16	* * *
17	Sec. 7. 13 V.S.A. § 4019a is added to read:
18	§ 4019a. FIREARMS TRANSFERS; WAITING PERIOD
19	(a) A person shall not transfer a firearm to another person until 72 hours
20	after the licensed dealer facilitating the transfer is provided with a unique
21	identification number for the transfer by the National Instant Criminal
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- 1 Background Check System (NICS) or seven business days have elapsed since
- 2 the dealer contacted NICS to initiate the background check, whichever occurs
- 3 <u>first.</u>
- 4 (b) A person who transfers a firearm to another person in violation of
- 5 <u>subsection (a) of this section shall be imprisoned not more than one year or</u>
- 6 fined not more than \$500.00, or both.
- 7 (c) This section shall not apply to a firearm transfer that does not require a
- 8 background check under 18 U.S.C. § 922(t) or section 4019 of this title.
- 9 (d) As used in this section, "firearm" has the same meaning as in
- 10 <u>subsection 4017(d) of this title.</u>
- 11 (e)(1) This section shall not apply to a firearms transfer at a gun show.
- 12 (2) As used in this subsection, "gun show" means a function sponsored
- 13 <u>by:</u>
- 14 (A) a national, state, or local organization, devoted to the collection,
- 15 competitive use, or other sporting use of firearms; or
- 16 (B) an organization or association that sponsors functions devoted to
- 17 the collection, competitive use, or other sporting use of firearms in the
- 18 <u>community.</u>
- 19 (3) This subsection shall be repealed on July 1, 2024.

- 1 Sec. 8. SEVERABILITY
- 2 As set forth in 1 V.S.A. § 215, the provisions of this act are severable, and if
- 3 <u>a court finds any provision of this act to be invalid, or if any application of this</u>
- 4 act to any person or circumstance is invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other
- 5 provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision
- 6 <u>or application.</u>
- 7 Sec. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE
- 8 <u>This act shall take effect on July 1, 2023.</u>
- 9 And that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read:
- 10 An act relating to implementing mechanisms to reduce suicide and
- 11 community violence.