H.85

An act relating to captive insurance companies

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

* * * Accounting Standards * * *

Sec. 1. 8 V.S.A. § 6007 is amended to read:

§ 6007. REPORTS AND STATEMENTS

- (a) Captive insurance companies shall not be required to make any annual report except as provided in this chapter.
- (b) Prior to March 1 of each year, and prior to March 15 of each year in the case of pure captive insurance companies or industrial insured captive insurance companies, each captive insurance company shall submit to the Commissioner a report of its financial condition, verified by oath of two of its executive officers. Each captive insurance company shall report using generally accepted accounting principles, statutory accounting principles, or international financial reporting standards unless the Commissioner requires, approves, or accepts the use of statutory accounting principles or any other comprehensive basis of accounting, in each case with any appropriate or necessary modifications or adaptations thereof required or approved or accepted by the Commissioner for the type of insurance and kinds of insurers to be reported upon, and as supplemented by additional information required by the Commissioner. As used in this section, statutory accounting principles

Practices and Procedures Manual. Upon application for admission, a captive insurance company shall select, with explanation, an accounting method for reporting. Any change in a captive insurance company's accounting method shall require prior approval. Except as otherwise provided, each risk retention group shall file its report in the form required by subsection 3561(a) of this title, and each risk retention group shall comply with the requirements set forth in section 3569 of this title. The Commissioner shall by rule propose the forms in which pure captive insurance companies, association captive insurance companies, and industrial insured captive insurance companies shall report.

Subdivision 6002(c)(3) of this title shall apply to each report filed pursuant to this section, except that such subdivision shall not apply to reports filed by risk retention groups.

* * *

* * * Premium Tax Credit * * *

Sec. 2. [Deleted.]

* * * Agency Captive Insurance Companies * * *

Sec. 3. 8 V.S.A. § 6001 is amended to read:

§ 6001. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Affiliated company" means any company in the same corporate system as a parent, an industrial insured, or a member organization by virtue of common ownership, control, operation, or management.
- (2) "Agency captive insurance company" means a captive insurance company that is owned or directly or indirectly controlled by one or more insurance agencies or brokerages licensed under the laws of any state and that only insures risks of policies that are placed by or through such agency or agencies, or brokerage or brokerages, as applicable.
- (3) "Association" means any legal association of individuals, corporations, limited liability companies, partnerships, associations, or other entities, the member organizations of which or which does itself, whether or not in conjunction with some or all of the member organizations:
- (A) own, control, or hold with power to vote all of the outstanding voting securities of an association captive insurance company incorporated as a stock insurer; or
- (B) have complete voting control over an association captive insurance company incorporated as a mutual insurer; or
- (C) constitute all of the subscribers of an association captive insurance company formed as a reciprocal insurer; or
- (D) have complete voting control over an association captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company.

- (3)(4) "Association captive insurance company" means any company that insures risks of the member organizations of the association, and that also may insure the risks of affiliated companies of the member organizations and the risks of the association itself.
- (4)(5) "Captive insurance company" means any pure captive insurance company, association captive insurance company, sponsored captive insurance company, industrial insured captive insurance company, agency captive insurance company, risk retention group, or special purpose financial insurance company formed or licensed under the provisions of this chapter. For purposes of this chapter, a branch captive insurance company shall be a pure captive insurance company with respect to operations in this State, unless otherwise permitted by the Commissioner.
- (5)(6) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Financial Regulation.
 - (6)(7) "Controlled unaffiliated business" means any person:
- (A) that is not in the corporate system of a parent and its affiliated companies in the case of a pure captive insurance company, or that is not in the corporate system of an industrial insured and its affiliated companies in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company;
- (B) that has an existing contractual relationship with a parent or one of its affiliated companies in the case of a pure captive insurance company, or VT LEG #324188 v.1

with an industrial insured or one of its affiliated companies in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company; and

- (C) whose risks are managed by a pure captive insurance company or an industrial insured captive insurance company, as applicable, in accordance with section 6019 of this title.
- (7)(8) "Excess workers' compensation insurance" means, in the case of an employer that has insured or self-insured its workers' compensation risks in accordance with applicable State or federal law, insurance in excess of a specified per-incident or aggregate limit established by the Commissioner.
 - (8)(9) "Industrial insured" means an insured:
- (A) who procures the insurance of any risk or risks by use of the services of a full-time employee acting as an insurance manager or buyer;
- (B) whose aggregate annual premiums for insurance on all risks total at least \$25,000.00; and
 - (C) who has at least 25 full-time employees.
- (9)(10) "Industrial insured captive insurance company" means any company that insures risks of the industrial insureds that comprise the industrial insured group, and that may insure the risks of the affiliated companies of the industrial insureds and the risks of the controlled unaffiliated business of an industrial insured or its affiliated companies.

- (10)(11) "Industrial insured group" means any group of industrial insureds that collectively:
- (A) own, control, or hold with power to vote all of the outstanding voting securities of an industrial insured captive insurance company incorporated as a stock insurer;
- (B) have complete voting control over an industrial insured captive insurance company incorporated as a mutual insurer; or
- (C) constitute all of the subscribers of an industrial insured captive insurance company formed as a reciprocal insurer; or
- (D) have complete voting control over an industrial insured captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company.
- (11)(12) "Member organization" means any individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, association, or other entity that belongs to an association.
- (12)(13) "Mutual corporation" means a corporation organized without stockholders and includes a nonprofit corporation with members.
- (13)(14) "Parent" means a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, other entity, or individual, that directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds with power to vote more than 50 per centum percent of the outstanding voting:

- (A) securities of a pure captive insurance company organized as a stock corporation; or
- (B) membership interests of a pure captive insurance company organized as a nonprofit corporation; or
- (C) membership interests of a pure captive insurance company organized as a limited liability company.
- (14)(15) "Pure captive insurance company" means any company that insures risks of its parent and affiliated companies or controlled unaffiliated business.
- (15)(16) "Risk retention group" means a captive insurance company organized under the laws of this State pursuant to the Liability Risk Retention Act of 1986, 15 U.S.C. § 3901 et seq., as amended, as a stock or mutual corporation, a reciprocal or other limited liability entity.
- Sec. 4. 8 V.S.A. § 6002(a) is amended to read:
- (a) Any captive insurance company, when permitted by its articles of association, charter, or other organizational document, may apply to the Commissioner for a license to do any and all insurance comprised in subdivisions 3301(a)(1), (2), (3)(A)-(C), (E)-(R), and (4)-(9) of this title and may grant annuity contracts as defined in section 3717 of this title; provided, however, that:

- (1) no No pure captive insurance company may insure any risks other than those of its parent and affiliated companies or controlled unaffiliated business;.
- (2) No agency captive insurance company may do any insurance business in this State unless:
- (A) an insurance agency or brokerage that owns or controls the agency captive insurance company remains in regulatory good standing in all states in which it is licensed;
- (B) it insures only the risks of the commercial policies that are placed by or through an insurance agency or brokerage that owns or directly or indirectly controls the agency captive insurance company and, if required by the Commissioner in his or her discretion, it provides the Commissioner the form of such commercial policies;
- (C) it discloses to the original policyholder or policyholders, in a form or manner approved by the Commissioner, any limitations, rights, and obligations held by the agency captive insurance company as a result of its affiliation with an insurance agency or brokerage; and
- (D) if required by the Commissioner in his or her discretion, the business written by an agency captive insurance company is:
- (i) Fronted by an insurance company licensed under the laws of any state.

- (ii) Reinsured by a reinsurer authorized or approved by the State of Vermont.
- (iii) Secured by a trust fund in the United States for the benefit of policyholders and claimants or funded by an irrevocable letter of credit or other arrangement that is acceptable to the Commissioner. The Commissioner may require the agency captive insurance company to increase the funding of any security arrangement established under this subdivision. If the form of security is a letter of credit, the letter of credit shall be issued or confirmed by a bank approved by the Commissioner. A trust maintained pursuant to this subdivision shall be established in a form and upon terms approved by the Commissioner.
- (3) no No association captive insurance company may insure any risks other than those of its association, those of the member organizations of its association, and those of a member organization's affiliated companies;
- (3)(4) no No industrial insured captive insurance company may insure any risks other than those of the industrial insureds that comprise the industrial insured group, those of their affiliated companies, and those of the controlled unaffiliated business of an industrial insured or its affiliated companies;
- (4)(5) no No risk retention group may insure any risks other than those of its members and owners;

- (5)(6) no No captive insurance company may provide personal motor vehicle or homeowner's insurance coverage or any component thereof;
- (6)(7) no No captive insurance company may accept or cede reinsurance except as provided in section 6011 of this title;
- (7)(8) any Any captive insurance company may provide excess workers' compensation insurance to its parent and affiliated companies, unless prohibited by the federal law or laws of the state having jurisdiction over the transaction. Any captive insurance company, unless prohibited by federal law, may reinsure workers' compensation of a qualified self-insured plan of its parent and affiliated companies; and.
- (8)(9) any Any captive insurance company which that insures risks described in subdivisions 3301(a)(1) and (2) of this title shall comply with all applicable State and federal laws.
- Sec. 5. 8 V.S.A. § 6004 is amended to read:

§ 6004. MINIMUM CAPITAL AND SURPLUS; LETTER OF CREDIT

- (a) No captive insurance company shall be issued a license unless it shall possess and thereafter maintain unimpaired paid-in capital and surplus of:
- (1) in the case of a pure captive insurance company, not less than \$250,000.00;
- (2) in the case of an association captive insurance company, not less than \$500,000.00;

- (3) in the case of an industrial insured captive insurance company, not less than \$500,000.00;
- (4) in the case of an agency captive insurance company, not less than \$500,000.00;
- (5) in the case of a risk retention group, not less than \$1,000,000.00; and (5)(6) in the case of a sponsored captive insurance company, not less than \$250,000.00.
- (b) The Commissioner may prescribe additional capital and surplus based upon the type, volume, and nature of insurance business transacted.
- (c) Capital and surplus may be in the form of cash, marketable securities, a trust approved by the Commissioner and of which the Commissioner is the sole beneficiary, or an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank approved by the Commissioner.
- Sec. 6. 8 V.S.A. § 6006 is amended to read:
- § 6006. FORMATION OF CAPTIVE INSURANCE COMPANIES IN THIS STATE
- (a) A pure captive insurance company may be incorporated as a stock insurer with its capital divided into shares and held by the stockholders, as a nonprofit corporation with one or more members, or as a manager-managed limited liability company.

- (b) An agency captive insurance company may be incorporated as a stock insurer with its capital divided into shares and held by the stockholders, as a nonprofit corporation with one or more members, or as a manager-managed limited liability company.
- (c) An association captive insurance company, an industrial insured captive insurance company, or a risk retention group may be:
- (1) incorporated as a stock insurer with its capital divided into shares and held by the stockholders;
 - (2) incorporated as a mutual corporation;
- (3) organized as a reciprocal insurer in accordance with chapter 132 of this title; or
 - (4) organized as a manager-managed limited liability company.
- (e)(d) A captive insurance company incorporated or organized in this State shall have one or more incorporators or one or more organizers, at least one of which shall be a resident of this State.
 - (d)(e) In the case of a captive insurance company:
- (1)(A) Formed as a corporation, before the articles of incorporation are transmitted to the Secretary of State, the incorporators shall petition the Commissioner to issue a certificate setting forth the Commissioner's finding that the establishment and maintenance of the proposed corporation will

promote the general good of the State. In arriving at such a finding, the Commissioner shall consider:

- (i) the character, reputation, financial standing, and purposes of the incorporators;
- (ii) the character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance experience, and business qualifications of the officers and directors; and
- (iii) such other aspects as the Commissioner shall deem deems advisable.
- (B) The articles of incorporation, such the certificate, and the organization fee shall be transmitted to the Secretary of State, who shall thereupon record both the articles of incorporation and the certificate.
- (2) Formed as a reciprocal insurer, the organizers shall petition the Commissioner to issue a certificate setting forth the Commissioner's finding that the establishment and maintenance of the proposed association will promote the general good of the State. In arriving at such a finding, the Commissioner shall consider the items set forth in subdivisions (1)(A)(i)-(iii) of this subsection.
- (3) Formed as a limited liability company, before the articles of organization are transmitted to the Secretary of State, the organizers shall petition the Commissioner to issue a certificate setting forth the Commissioner's finding that the establishment and maintenance of the

proposed company will promote the general good of the State. In arriving at such a finding, the Commissioner shall consider the items set forth in subdivisions (1)(A)(i)–(iii) of this subsection.

- (e)(f) The capital stock of a captive insurance company incorporated as a stock insurer may be authorized with no par value.
 - (f)(g) In the case of a captive insurance company:
- (1) formed as a corporation, at least one of the members of the board of directors shall be a resident of this State;
- (2) formed as a reciprocal insurer, at least one of the members of the subscribers' advisory committee shall be a resident of this State;
- (3) formed as a limited liability company, at least one of the managers shall be a resident of this State.
- (g)(h) Other than captive insurance companies formed as limited liability companies under 11 V.S.A. chapter 21 or as nonprofit corporations under Title 11B, captive insurance companies formed as corporations under the provisions of this chapter shall have the privileges and be subject to the provisions of Title 11A as well as the applicable provisions contained in this chapter. In the event of conflict between the provisions of said general corporation law and the provisions of this chapter, the latter shall control.
- (h)(i) Captive insurance companies formed under the provisions of this chapter:

- (1) As limited liability companies shall have the privileges and be subject to the provisions of 11 V.S.A. chapter 21 as well as the applicable provisions contained in this chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of 11 V.S.A. chapter 21 and the provisions of this chapter, the latter shall control.
- (2) As nonprofit corporations shall have the privileges and be subject to the provisions of Title 11B as well as the applicable provisions contained in this chapter. In the event of conflict between the provisions of Title 11B and the provisions of this chapter, the latter shall control.
- (i)(j) The provisions of subchapter 3 and subchapter 3A of chapter 101 of this title, pertaining to mergers, consolidations, conversions, mutualizations, redomestications, and mutual holding companies, shall apply in determining the procedures to be followed by captive insurance companies in carrying out any of the transactions described therein, except that:
- (1) The Commissioner may, upon request of an insurer party to a merger authorized under this subsection, waive the requirement of <u>subdivision</u> 3424(6) of this title.
- (2) The Commissioner may waive the requirements for public notice and hearing or, in accordance with rules which the Commissioner may adopt addressing categories of transactions, modify the requirements for public notice and hearing. If a notice of public hearing is required, but no one

requests a hearing ten days before the day set for the hearing, then the Commissioner may cancel the hearing.

- (3) The provisions of subsections 3423(f) and (h) of this title shall not apply, and the Commissioner may waive or modify the requirement of subdivision 3423(b)(4) of this title, with respect to market value of a converted company as necessary or desirable to reflect applicable restrictions on ownership of companies formed under this chapter.
- (4) An alien insurer may be a party to a merger authorized under this subsection; provided that the requirements for a merger between a captive insurance company and a foreign insurer under section 3431 of this title shall apply to a merger between a captive insurance company and an alien insurer under this subsection. Such alien insurer shall be treated as a foreign insurer under section 3431 and such other jurisdictions shall be the equivalent of a state for purposes of section 3431.
- (5) The Commissioner may issue a certificate of general good to permit the formation of a captive insurance company that is established for the purpose of consolidating or merging with or assuming existing insurance or reinsurance business from an existing licensed captive insurance company.

 The Commissioner may, upon request of such newly formed captive insurance company, waive or modify the requirements of subdivisions 6002(c)(1)(B) and (2) of this title.

(j)(k) Captive insurance companies formed as reciprocal insurers under the provisions of this chapter shall have the privileges and be subject to the provisions of chapter 132 of this title in addition to the applicable provisions of this chapter. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of chapter 132 and the provisions of this chapter, the latter shall control. However, in approving assessments levied upon subscribers of a captive insurance company formed as a reciprocal insurer, the Commissioner may exempt the company from any provision of sections 4850 (assessments), 4851 (time limit for assessments), and 4852 (aggregate of liability) of chapter 132. To the extent a reciprocal insurer is made subject to other provisions of this title pursuant to chapter 132, such provisions shall not be applicable to a reciprocal insurer formed under this chapter unless such provisions are expressly made applicable to captive insurance companies under this chapter.

(k)(1) The articles of incorporation or bylaws of a captive insurance company formed as a corporation may authorize a quorum of its board of directors to consist of no fewer than one-third of the fixed or prescribed number of directors determined under 11A V.S.A. § 8.24(a) or under 11B V.S.A. § 8.24.

(1)(m) The subscribers' agreement or other organizing document of a captive insurance company formed as a reciprocal insurer may authorize a

quorum of its subscribers' advisory committee to consist of no fewer than onethird of the number of its members.

- (m)(n) With the Commissioner's approval, a captive insurance company organized as a stock insurer may convert to a nonprofit corporation with one or more members by filing with the Secretary of State an irrevocable election for such conversion, provided that:
- (1) the irrevocable election shall certify that, at the time of the company's original organization and at all times thereafter, the company conducted its business in a manner not inconsistent with a nonprofit purpose; and
- (2) at the time of the filing of its irrevocable election, the company shall file with both the Commissioner and the Secretary of State amended and restated articles of incorporation consistent with the provisions of this chapter and with Title 11B, duly authorized by the corporation.
- (n)(o) The following provisions of Title 11B shall not apply to captive insurance companies which that are nonprofit corporations:
- (1) subsection 2.02(c) (relating to the signing of articles of incorporation by directors); and
- (2) section 11.02, in the case of any merger in which a captive insurance company merges with and into a captive insurance company organized as a

nonprofit corporation under Title 11B where the latter is the surviving corporation.

- (o)(p) In the case of a captive insurance company formed as a limited liability company, a reciprocal insurance company or mutual insurance company, any proxy executed by the members, subscribers, and policyholders of each shall be valid if executed and transmitted in compliance with 11A V.S.A. § 7.22.
- (p)(q) With the Commissioner's prior written approval, a captive insurance company may establish one or more separate accounts and may allocate to them amounts to provide for the insurance of risks of certain of its parents, affiliates, or members, as the case may be, subject to the following:
- (1) The income, gains, and losses, realized or unrealized, from assets allocated to a separate account shall be credited to or charged against the account, without regard to other income, gains, or losses of the captive insurance company.
- (2) Amounts allocated to a separate account in the exercise of the power granted by this subsection are owned by the captive insurer, and the captive insurer may not be nor hold itself out to be a trustee with respect to such amounts.

- (3) Unless otherwise approved by the Commissioner, assets allocated to a separate account shall be valued in accordance with the rules otherwise applicable to the captive insurer's assets.
- (4) If and to the extent so provided under the applicable contracts, that portion of the assets of any such separate account equal to the reserves and other contract liabilities with respect to such account shall not be chargeable with liabilities arising out of any other business the captive insurer may conduct.
- (5) No sale, exchange, or other transfer of assets may be made by such captive insurer between any of its separate accounts or between any other investment account and one or more of its separate accounts unless, in the case of a transfer into a separate account, such transfer is made solely to establish the account or to support the operation of the contracts with respect to the separate account to which the transfer is made and unless such transfer, whether into or from a separate account is made by a transfer of cash or by a transfer of securities having a readily determinable market value, provided that such transfer of securities is approved by the Commissioner. The Commissioner may approve other transfers among such accounts if, in his or her opinion, such transfers would be equitable.
- (6) To the extent such captive insurer deems it necessary to comply with any applicable federal or State laws, such captive insurer, with respect to any

 VT LEG #324188 v.1

separate account, including any separate account which that is a management investment company or a unit investment trust, may provide for persons having an interest therein appropriate voting and other rights and special procedures for the conduct of the business of such account, including special rights and procedures relating to investment policy, investment advisory services, selection of independent public accountants, and the selection of a committee, the members of which need not be otherwise affiliated with such company, to manage the business of such account.

Sec. 7. 8 V.S.A. § 6010 is amended to read:

§ 6010. LEGAL INVESTMENTS

- (a) Except as may be otherwise authorized by the Commissioner, <u>agency</u> <u>captive insurance companies</u>, association captive insurance companies, and risk retention groups shall comply with the investment requirements contained in sections 3461 through 3472 of this title, as applicable. Section 3463a of this title shall apply to association captive insurance companies and risk retention groups except to the extent it is inconsistent with approved accounting standards in use by the company. Notwithstanding any other provision of this title <u>to the contrary</u>, the Commissioner may approve the use of alternative, reliable methods of valuation and rating.
- (b) No pure captive insurance company or industrial insured captive insurance company shall be subject to any restrictions on allowable

investments whatever, including those limitations contained in sections 34613472 of this title; provided, however, that the Commissioner may prohibit or limit any investment that threatens the solvency or liquidity of any such company.

- (c) No pure captive insurance company may make a loan to or an investment in its parent company or affiliates without prior written approval of the Commissioner, and any such loan or investment must be evidenced by documentation approved by the Commissioner. Loans of minimum capital and surplus funds required by section 6004 of this title are prohibited.
 - * * * Dormant Captive Insurance Companies * * *

Sec. 8. 8 V.S.A. § 6024 is amended to read:

§ 6024. DORMANT CAPTIVE INSURANCE COMPANIES

- (a) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise, "dormant captive insurance company" means a pure captive insurance company, sponsored captive insurance company, or industrial insured captive insurance company a captive insurance company that has:
- (1) ceased transacting the business of insurance, including the issuance of insurance policies; and
- (2) no remaining liabilities associated with insurance business transactions, or insurance policies issued prior to the filing of its application for a certificate of dormancy under this section.

- (b) A captive insurance company domiciled in Vermont that meets the criteria of subsection (a) of this section may apply to the Commissioner for a certificate of dormancy. The certificate of dormancy shall be subject to renewal every five years and shall be forfeited if not renewed within such time.
- (c) A dormant captive insurance company that has been issued a certificate of dormancy shall:
- (1) possess and thereafter maintain unimpaired, paid-in capital and surplus of not less than \$25,000.00;
- (2) prior to March 15 of each year, submit to the Commissioner a report of its financial condition, verified by oath of two of its executive officers, in a form as may be prescribed by the Commissioner; and
- (3) pay a license renewal fee as provided in subsection 6002(d) of this chapter of \$500.00.
- (d) A dormant captive insurance company shall not be subject to or liable for the payment of any tax under section 6014 of this chapter.
- (e) A dormant captive insurance company shall apply to the Commissioner for approval to surrender its certificate of dormancy and resume conducting the business of insurance prior to issuing any insurance policies.
- (f) A certificate of dormancy shall be revoked if a dormant captive insurance company no longer meets the criteria of subsection (a) of this section.

- (g) The Commissioner may establish guidelines and procedures as necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- * * * Incorporated Protected Cells; Naming Conventions * * *

 Sec. 9. 8 V.S.A. § 6034a(d) is amended to read:
- (d) An incorporated protected cell formed after May 7, 2015 shall have its own distinct name or designation, which shall include the words "Incorporated Cell" or the abbreviation "IC." The provisions of Title 11A, chapter 4 and Title 11B, chapter 4 shall not apply to the naming of incorporated protected cells.
- * * * Risk Retention Group Governance Standards * * *

 Sec. 10. 8 V.S.A. § 6052(g)(6) is amended to read:
- (6) A risk retention group shall have an audit committee composed of at least three independent board members. A nonindependent board member may participate in the committee's activities, if invited to do so by the audit committee, but he or she shall not serve as a committee member. The Commissioner may waive the requirement of an audit committee if the risk retention group demonstrates to the Commissioner's satisfaction that having such committee is impracticable and the board of directors is able to perform sufficiently the committee's responsibilities. The audit committee shall have a written charter defining its responsibilities, which shall include:

- (A) <u>assisting Assisting</u> board oversight of the integrity of financial statements, compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, and qualifications, independence, and performance of the independent auditor or actuary;.
- (B) <u>reviewing Reviewing</u> quarterly financial statements and annual audited financial statements with management;
- (C) reviewing Reviewing annual audited financial statements with its independent auditor and, if it deems advisable, the risk retention group's quarterly financial statements as well;
- (D) <u>reviewing Reviewing</u> risk assessment and risk management policies;
- (E) meeting Meeting with management, either directly or through a designated representative of the committee;
- (F) meeting Meeting with independent auditors, either directly or through a designated representative of the committee;
- (G) reviewing Reviewing with the independent auditor any audit problems and management's response;
- (H) <u>establishing Establishing</u> clear hiring policies applicable to the hiring of employees or former employees of the independent auditor by the risk retention group;

- (I) requiring Requiring the independent auditor to rotate the lead audit partner having primary responsibility for the risk retention group's audit; as well as the audit partner responsible for reviewing that audit, so that neither so that no individual performs audit services for the risk retention group for more than five consecutive fiscal years; and. In a form and manner prescribed by the Commissioner, a risk retention group may request a waiver from the rotation requirement of this subdivision. In determining whether to grant a waiver request, the Commissioner may consider:
 - (i) the number and expertise of the independent auditor's partners;
 - (ii) the number of insurance clients the independent auditor has;
 - (iii) the premium volume of the risk retention group;
- (iv) the number of jurisdictions in which the risk retention group transacts business; and
 - (v) any other factor deemed relevant by the Commissioner.
 - (J) reporting Reporting regularly to the board of directors.

* * * Effective Date * * *

Sec. 11. EFFECTIVE DATE

This act shall take effect on passage.