An act relating to bail determinations concerning a defendant charged with lewd and lascivious conduct with a child

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 2602(f) is added to read:

(f) Conduct constituting the offense of lewd and lascivious conduct with a child under this section shall be considered a violent act for the purpose of determining bail under chapter 229 of this title.

Sec. 2. 13 V.S.A. § 7554 is amended to read:

§ 7554. RELEASE PRIOR TO TRIAL

- (a) Any person charged with an offense, other than a person held without bail under section 7553 or 7553a of this title, shall at his or her appearance before a judicial officer be ordered released pending trial in accordance with this section.
- (1) The person defendant shall be ordered released on personal recognizance or upon the execution of an unsecured appearance bond in an amount specified by the judicial officer unless the judicial officer determines that such a release will not reasonably assure ensure the appearance of the person as required. In determining whether the person defendant presents a risk of nonappearance, the judicial officer shall consider, in addition to any other factors, the seriousness of the offense charged and the number of

offenses with which the person is charged. If the officer determines that such a release will not reasonably assure ensure the appearance of the person defendant as required, the officer shall, either in lieu of or in addition to the above methods of release, impose the least restrictive of the following conditions or the least restrictive combination of the following conditions which that will reasonably assure ensure the appearance of the person defendant as required:

- (A) place the person Place the defendant in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise him or her <u>if the</u> defendant is charged with an offense that is not a nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony as defined in 28 V.S.A. § 301;
- (B) <u>place Place</u> restrictions on the travel, association, or place of abode of the <u>person defendant</u> during the period of release;
- (C) require the person Require the defendant to participate in an alcohol or drug treatment program. The judicial officer shall take into consideration the defendant's ability to comply with an order of treatment and the availability of treatment resources;
- (D) require Require the execution of a secured appearance bond in a specified amount and the deposit with the clerk of the Court, in cash or other security as directed, of a sum not to exceed 10 percent of the amount of the

bond, such deposit to be returned upon the appearance of the person defendant as required;

- (E) require Require the execution of a surety bond with sufficient solvent sureties, or the deposit of cash in lieu thereof;
- (F) <u>impose Impose</u> any other condition found reasonably necessary to <u>assure ensure</u> appearance as required, including a condition requiring that the <u>person defendant</u> return to custody after specified hours.
- (2) If the judicial officer determines that conditions of release imposed to assure ensure appearance will not reasonably protect the public, the judicial officer may in addition impose in addition the least restrictive of the following conditions or the least restrictive combination of the following conditions which that will reasonably assure ensure protection of the public:
- (A) place the person Place the defendant in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise him or her; if the defendant is charged with an offense that is not a nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony as defined in 28 V.S.A. § 301.
- (B) <u>place Place</u> restrictions on the travel, association, or place of abode of the <u>person defendant</u> during the period of release;
- (C) require the person Require the defendant to participate in an alcohol or drug treatment program. The judicial officer shall take into

consideration the defendant's ability to comply with an order of treatment and the availability of treatment resources.

- (D) <u>impose Impose</u> any other condition found reasonably necessary to protect the public, except that a physically restrictive condition may only be imposed in extraordinary circumstances.
- (E) if the person If the defendant is a State, county, or municipal officer charged with violating section 2537 of this title, the Court may suspend the officer's duties in whole or in part, if the Court finds that it is necessary to protect the public.

* * *

Sec. 3. 28 V.S.A. § 808(f) is amended to read:

(f) While appropriate community housing is an important consideration in release of offenders, the Department of Corrections shall not use lack of housing as the sole factor in denying furlough to offenders who have served at least their minimum sentence for a nonviolent misdemeanor or nonviolent felony provided that public safety and the best interests of the offender will be served by reentering the community on furlough. The Department shall adopt rules to implement this subsection.

Sec. 4. COMMUNITY HOUSING PLAN

On or before October 15, 2015, the Department of Corrections shall report to the Joint Legislative Corrections Oversight Committee regarding a plan for

reducing the growing number of nonviolent offenders being held past their minimum sentence because of the lack of community housing and regarding its proposal for rulemaking. The report shall include data for offenders who are held past their minimum sentence for lack of housing, the offenders' risk levels, and whether they were released and reincarcerated due to violating conditions.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATES

- (a) Secs. 1 and 2 shall take effect on July 1, 2015.
- (b) This section and Secs. 3 and 4 shall take effect on passage.