1	H.808
2	Introduced by Representatives Lucke of Hartford, Berry of Manchester, Cole
3	of Burlington, Dakin of Chester, French of Randolph, Grad of
4	Moretown, Krowinski of Burlington, LaLonde of South
5	Burlington, Macaig of Williston, Manwaring of Wilmington,
6	Masland of Thetford, Nuovo of Middlebury, Partridge of
7	Windham, Russell of Rutland City, Sheldon of Middlebury,
8	Stevens of Waterbury, Sullivan of Burlington, Till of Jericho,
9	Walz of Barre City, Yantachka of Charlotte, and Zagar of
10	Barnard
11	Referred to Committee on
12	Date:
13	Subject: Labor; employment practices; unfair employment practices;
14	pregnancy; accommodations
15	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to require
16	employers to provide an accommodation to a pregnant employee unless the
17	accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the employer.

An act relating to accommodations for pregnant employees

18

1	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
2	Sec. 1. 21 V.S.A. § 495j is added to read:
3	§ 495j. ACCOMMODATIONS FOR PREGNANCY-RELATED
4	CONDITIONS
5	(a) It shall be an unlawful employment practice for an employer to:
6	(1) fail or refuse to reasonably accommodate an employee's condition
7	related to pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical condition, unless the
8	employer can demonstrate that the accommodation would impose an undue
9	hardship on the employer;
10	(2) require an employee to take leave if another reasonable
11	accommodation can be provided to an employee's condition related to
12	pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical condition;
13	(3) deny employment opportunities to an employee if the denial is based
14	on the refusal of the employer to reasonably accommodate an employee's
15	condition related to pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical condition;
16	(4) fail or refuse to treat, for an employment-related purpose, an
17	employee who the employer knows, or should know, is pregnant as well as the
18	employer treats or would treat any other employee who is not pregnant but is
19	similar in his or her ability or inability to work;
20	(5) require an employee to accept an accommodation that the employee
21	chooses not to accept, if the employee does not have a known limitation related

condition include:

to pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical condition, or if the
accommodation is unnecessary for the employee to perform the essential duties
of her job; or
(6) take adverse employment action against an employee for requesting
or using a reasonable accommodation for a condition related to pregnancy,
childbirth, or a related medical condition.
(b) As used in this section:
(1) "Reasonable accommodation" means the changes and modifications
which can be made in the structure of a job or in the manner in which a job is
performed. Reasonable accommodation may include more frequent or longer
breaks, time off to recover from childbirth, acquisition or modification of
equipment, seating, temporary transfer to a less strenuous or hazardous
position, job restructuring, light duty, assistance with manual labor, modified
work schedules, or the provision of unpaid leave in addition to any leave
provided pursuant to federal law or sections 472 and 472a of this title.
(2) "Undue hardship" means an action requiring significant difficulty or
expense to the employer. Factors to be considered in determining whether an
undue hardship is imposed by the requirement that reasonable accommodation
be made for a condition related to pregnancy, childbirth, or a related medical

1	(A) the overall size of the employer's operation with respect to the
2	number of employees, number and type of facilities, and size of budget; and
3	(B) the cost for the accommodation needed.
4	(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any other law
5	providing protections against sex or pregnancy discrimination, pregnancy, or
6	any law that provides greater protection or benefits with respect to pregnancy
7	childbirth, or a medical condition related to childbirth.
8	Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE
9	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.