1	H.696
2	Introduced by Representatives Lucke of Hartford, Cole of Burlington, Deen of
3	Westminster, Dickinson of St. Albans Town, Martel of
4	Waterford, Murphy of Fairfax, Nuovo of Middlebury, Parent of
5	St. Albans Town, Ryerson of Randolph, Savage of Swanton,
6	Sullivan of Burlington, Tate of Mendon, Till of Jericho, Troiano
7	of Stannard, Viens of Newport City, and Walz of Barre City
8	Referred to Committee on
9	Date:
10	Subject: Health; communicable disease testing; consent
11	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to enable a
12	health care worker, public safety personnel, or emergency personnel exposed
13	to the blood or bodily fluids of a patient to petition the Superior Court to order
14	the patient to obtain a test for bloodborne pathogen-related illnesses when
15	voluntary consent is denied.
16	An act relating to patient testing for bloodborne pathogen-related illnesses
17	after possible transmission to health care, safety, or emergency personnel

1	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
2	Sec. 1. 18 V.S.A. § 1141 is amended to read:
3	§ 1141. COMMUNICABLE DISEASE TESTING
4	(a) A health care provider may order a test for bloodborne pathogens if a
5	health care worker, public safety personnel, or emergency personnel has been
6	exposed to the blood or bodily fluids of the source patient in a manner
7	sufficient to transmit a bloodborne pathogen-related illness to the affected
8	worker while engaged in rendering health services to the source patient, and
9	provided that:
10	(1) the <u>The</u> source patient:
11	(A) has provided informed consent, as defined in subdivision
12	9701(17) of this title; or
13	(B) is deceased; <u>or</u>
14	(C) has not provided informed consent and the court has ordered the
15	source patient to obtain a blood test for bloodborne pathogen-related illnesses
16	pursuant to subsection (n) of this section.
17	(2) the The worker has provided a blood sample and consented to testing
18	for bloodborne pathogens and a physician has documented that bloodborne
19	pathogen test results are needed for beginning, continuing, modifying, or
20	discontinuing medical treatment for the worker;

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1	(3) $\frac{1}{2}$ A physician with specialty training in infectious diseases has
2	confirmed that the worker has been exposed to the blood or bodily fluids of the
3	source patient in a manner sufficient to transmit a bloodborne pathogen-related
4	illness <u>;.</u>
5	(4) $\frac{A}{A}$ health care provider has informed the worker of the
6	confidentiality requirements in subsection (c) of this section and the penalties
7	for unauthorized disclosure of source patient information under subsection (e)
8	of this section; and.
9	(5) $\frac{1}{8}$ health care provider has informed the source patient of the
10	purpose and confidentiality provisions in subsections (b) and (c) of this
11	section, respectively, if applicable.
12	(b) Bloodborne pathogen test results of a source patient obtained under
13	subsection (a) of this section are for diagnostic purposes and to determine the
14	need for treatment or medical care specific to a bloodborne pathogen-related
15	illness of a worker. Test results may not be used as evidence in any criminal or
16	civil proceedings.
17	(c) The result of a test ordered pursuant to subsection (a) of this section is
18	protected health information subject to the "Standards for Privacy of
19	Individually Identifiable Health Information" established under the Health
20	Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and contained in

45 C.F.R., Parts 160 and 164, and any subsequent amendments. Test results

shall be confidential except that the worker who sustained the exposure, the health care provider who ordered the test, and the source patient, upon his or her request, shall be informed of the test results. Test results reported to the worker and documented in his or her medical record shall not include any personally identifying information relative to the source patient. Test results shall be transmitted to the commissioner of health Commissioner of Health pursuant to subsection (i) of this section.

- (d) Prior to laboratory testing of a source patient's blood sample for bloodborne pathogens, personal identifiers shall be removed from the sample.
- (e) Unauthorized disclosures of test results obtained under this section shall be subject to the penalties provided under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. subsections 1320d-5 and 1320d-6, and may be considered unprofessional conduct under applicable licensing, certification, and registration laws.
- (f) The results of rapid testing technologies shall be considered preliminary and may be released in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration. Corroborating or confirmatory testing must shall be conducted as follow-up to a positive preliminary test.

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1	(g) The health care provider who requested the test shall provide the source
2	patient and the worker an opportunity to receive follow-up testing and shall
3	provide information on options for counseling, as appropriate.
4	(h) Records pertaining to testing performed pursuant to this section shall
5	not be recorded in the source patient's medical record unless authorized by the
6	source patient and shall not be maintained in the location where the test is
7	ordered or performed for more than 60 days.
8	(i) A laboratory having personal knowledge of a test result under this
9	section shall transmit within 24 hours a report thereof to the department of
10	health Department of Health pursuant to subsection 1001(k) of this title.
11	(j) The employer of any worker exposed to blood or bodily fluids while
12	rendering health services to a source patient during the performance of normal
13	job duties shall maintain an incident report with information regarding the
14	exposure that is relevant to a workers' compensation claim. The employer
15	shall not be provided or have access to information personally identifying the
16	source patient.
17	(k) The costs of all diagnostic tests authorized by these provisions shall be
18	borne by the employer of the worker.
19	(l) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a health care provider

who orders a test in accordance with this section shall not be subject to civil or

criminal liability for ordering the test. Nothing in this subsection shall be

1	construed to establish immunity for the failure to exercise due care in the
2	performance or analysis of the test.
3	(m) A health care provider's duties under this section are not continuing
4	but limited to testing and services performed under this section.
5	(n)(1) A health care worker, public safety personnel, or emergency
6	personnel exposed to the blood or bodily fluids of the source patient while
7	engaged in rendering health services to the source patient may file a written
8	petition to the Superior Court in the unit in which the exposure occurred to
9	obtain a blood sample from the source patient against his or her consent for the
10	purpose of testing for HIV, Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C, or any other bloodborne
11	pathogen-related illnesses if:
12	(A) exposure to the blood or bodily fluids of the source patient
13	creates a significant risk of transmission of a bloodborne pathogen-related
14	illness to the affected worker;
15	(B) notice of the occupational exposure was provided to the source
16	patient and written informed consent for blood testing was sought from the
17	source patient by the employer or health care provider of the affected
18	worker; and
19	(C) written informed consent was not given by the source patient and
20	he or she refused to be tested.

1	(2) The petitioner shall serve notice of the petition on the source patient
2	as provided for by Rule 4 of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure.
3	(3) Upon receipt by the Superior Court of the petition, the court shall:
4	(A) schedule a hearing on the petition as soon as practicable;
5	(B) appoint counsel, if requested, for any indigent client not already
6	represented; and
7	(C) furnish counsel with copies of the petition.
8	(4) The hearing shall be confidential and the Vermont Rules of Evidence
9	shall apply. The report of the hearing proceedings are exempt from public
10	inspection and copying under the Public Records Act and shall be kept
11	confidential, except by permission of the source patient and with the approval
12	of the court.
13	(5) The court shall order the source patient to obtain a test for
14	bloodborne pathogen-related illnesses if it finds that the petitioner has proven
15	by a preponderance of the evidence that:
16	(A) exposure to the blood or bodily fluids of the source patient
17	creates a significant risk of transmission of a bloodborne pathogen-related
18	illness to the affected worker;
19	(B) notice of the occupational exposure was provided to the source
20	patient and written informed consent for blood testing was sought from the

1	source patient by the employer or health care provider of the affected
2	worker; and
3	(C) written informed consent was not given by the source patient and
4	he or she refused to be tested.
5	(6) The petitioner's employer is responsible for the reasonable costs
6	related to obtaining the results of a test for bloodborne pathogen-related
7	illnesses pursuant to this subsection, including the payment of the petitioner's
8	attorney fees.
9	(7) A source patient may appeal the order to the Supreme Court. Any
10	findings of fact of the Superior Court may not be set aside unless clearly
11	erroneous.
12	Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE
13	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2016.