

HEAT SOURCE OPTIONS FOR A SYSTEM TO DEHUMIDIFY THE STATE HOUSE IN THE SUMMER MONTHS THAT ARE CONSISTENT WITH THE STATE AGENCY ENERGY PLAN SET FORTH IN 3 V.S.A. § 2291

In accordance with the requirements of 3 V.S.A. § 2291(d)(1) pertaining to heat source options for a system to dehumidify the State House in the summer months that are consistent with the State Agency Energy Plan. Three options were evaluated: heat shift chiller (water to water), propane boiler, air to water heat pump. The heat shift chiller has the lowest cost by \$29,500 and the lowest annual energy cost.

20-Year Life Cycle Cost Analysis			
Item	Heat Shift Chiller	Propane Boiler	Air to Water Heat
Equipment	\$60,000	\$50,000	\$70,000
Secondary pumps	\$20,000	\$10,000	\$20,000
Hydronic specialties	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$10,000
Boiler/Mech room piping,	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000
Connect to existing loop piping	\$20,000	\$10,000	\$20,000
Breeching	N/A	\$25,000	N/A
Additional control points	\$20,000	\$10,000	\$20,000
Underground LP tank and	N/A	\$50,000	N/A
Electrical feed and connection	\$10,500	\$5,000	\$15,000
Plate and frame heat exchanger	N/A	N/A	\$10,000
Glycol tank	N/A	N/A	\$6,000
Total	\$185,500	\$215,000	\$221,000

