H.158 An Act Relating to the Beverage Container Redemption System Side by Side Comparison

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. chapter 53 is amended to read: CHAPTER 53. BEVERAGE CONTAINERS; DEPOSIT-REDEMPTION SYSTEM § 1521. DEFINITIONS

H.158. As Passed the House

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Beverage" means beer or other malt beverages and mineral waters, mixed wine drink, soda water and carbonated soft all drinks in liquid form and intended for human consumption, except for milk, dairy products, plant-based beverages, infant formula, meal replacement drinks, or nonalcoholic cider. "Beverage" also means liquor and ready to drink spirits beverage.
- (2) "Biodegradable material" means material that is capable of being broken down by bacteria into basic elements. [Repealed.]
- (3) "Container" means the individual, and separate, bottle, can, or jar, or carton composed of glass, aluminum or other metal, paper, plastic, polyethylene terephthalate, high density polyethylene, or any combination of those materials, and containing a consumer product beverage. This definition shall does not include containers made of biodegradable material noncarbonated beverage containers with a volume greater than two and one-half liters and carbonated beverage containers with a volume greater than three liters.

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

Sec. 1. 10 V.S.A. chapter 53 is amended to read:

CHAPTER 53. BEVERAGE CONTAINERS;

DEPOSIT-REDEMPTION SYSTEM

§ 1521. DEFINITIONS

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Beverage" means beer or other malt beverages and mineral waters, mixed wine drink, soda water and carbonated soft all drinks in liquid form and intended for human consumption, except for milk, dairy products, plant-based beverages, infant formula, meal replacement drinks, or nonalcoholic cider. "Beverage" also means liquor and ready to drink spirits beverage.
- (2) "Biodegradable material" means material that is capable of being broken down by bacteria into basic elements. [Repealed.]
- (3) "Container" means the individual, and separate, bottle, can, or jar, or carton composed of glass, aluminum or other metal, paper, plastic, polyethylene terephthalate, high density polyethylene, or any combination of those materials, and containing a consumer product beverage. This definition shall does not include containers made of biodegradable material noncarbonated beverage containers with a volume greater than two and one-half liters and carbonated beverage containers with a volume greater than three liters.

- (4) "Distributor" means every person who engages in the sale of consumer products in containers to a dealer in this State, including any manufacturer who engages in such sales. Any dealer or retailer who sells, at the retail level, beverages in containers without having purchased them from a person otherwise classified as a distributor shall be is a distributor.
- (5) "Manufacturer" means every person bottling, canning, packing, or otherwise filling containers for sale to distributors or dealers.
- (6) "Recycling" means the process of sorting, cleansing, treating, and reconstituting waste and other discarded materials for the purpose of reusing the materials in the same or altered form.
- (7) "Redemption center" means a store or other location where any person may, during normal business hours, redeem the amount of the deposit for any empty beverage container labeled or certified pursuant to section 1524 of this title.
- (8) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Natural Resources.
- (9) "Mixed wine drink" means a beverage containing wine and more than 15 percent added plain, carbonated, or sparkling water and that contains added natural or artificial blended material, such as fruit juices, flavors, flavoring, adjuncts, coloring, or preservatives; that contains not more than 16 percent alcohol by volume; or other similar product marketed as a wine cooler.

- (4) "Distributor" means every person who engages in the sale of consumer products in containers to a dealer in this State, including any manufacturer who engages in such sales. Any dealer or retailer who sells, at the retail level, beverages in containers without having purchased them from a person otherwise classified as a distributor shall be is a distributor.
- (5) "Manufacturer" means every person bottling, canning, packing, or otherwise filling containers for sale to distributors or dealers.
- (6) "Recycling" means the process of sorting, cleansing, treating, and reconstituting waste and other discarded materials for the purpose of reusing the materials in the same or altered form.
- (7) "Redemption center" means a store or other location where any person may, during normal business hours, redeem the amount of the deposit for any empty beverage container labeled or certified pursuant to section 1524 of this title.
- (8) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Natural Resources.
- (9) "Mixed wine drink" means a beverage containing wine and more than 15 percent added plain, carbonated, or sparkling water and that contains added natural or artificial blended material, such as fruit juices, flavors, flavoring, adjuncts, coloring, or preservatives; that contains not more than 16 percent alcohol by volume; or other similar product marketed as a wine cooler.

- (10) "Liquor" means spirits as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 2.
- (11) "Cider" has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 2.
- (12) "Hard kombucha" means a fermented beverage produced from a mixture of steeped tea and sugar, combined with a culture of yeast strains and bacteria, that has an alcohol content of 0.5 percent or more alcohol by volume.
- (13) "Plant-based beverage" means a liquid intended for human consumption that imitates dairy milk, consists of plant material suspended in water, and the primary protein source in the beverage is from plant material or a derivative of plant materials. Plant-based beverages include beverages made from rice, soy, nuts, oats, and hemp.
- (14) "Vinous beverages" means all fermented beverages of any name or description manufactured or obtained for sale from the natural sugar content of fruits or other agricultural product, containing sugar, the total alcoholic content of which is not less than one percent nor more than 16 percent by volume at 60 degrees Fahrenheit. As used in this section, "vinous beverages" does not mean cider, hard kombucha, or a mixed wine drink.
- § 1522. BEVERAGE CONTAINERS; DEPOSIT
- (a) Except with respect to beverage containers that contain liquor, a deposit of not less than five cents shall be paid by the consumer on each beverage container sold at the retail level and refunded to the consumer upon return of the empty beverage

- (10) "Liquor" means spirits as defined in 7 V.S.A. § 2.
- (11) "Cider" has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 2.
- (12) "Hard kombucha" means a fermented beverage produced from a mixture of steeped tea and sugar, combined with a culture of yeast strains and bacteria, that has an alcohol content of 0.5 percent or more alcohol by volume.
- (13) "Plant-based beverage" means a liquid intended for human consumption that imitates dairy milk, consists of plant material suspended in water, and the primary protein source in the beverage is from plant material or a derivative of plant materials. Plant-based beverages include beverages made from rice, soy, nuts, oats, and hemp.
- (14) "Vinous beverages" means all fermented beverages of any name or description manufactured or obtained for sale from the natural sugar content of fruits or other agricultural product, containing sugar, the total alcoholic content of which is not less than one percent nor more than 16 percent by volume at 60 degrees Fahrenheit. As used in this section, "vinous beverages" does not mean cider, hard kombucha, or a mixed wine drink.
- § 1522. BEVERAGE CONTAINERS; DEPOSIT
- (a) Except with respect to beverage containers that contain liquor, a deposit of not less than five cents shall be paid by the consumer on each beverage container sold at the retail level and refunded to the consumer upon return of the empty beverage

container. With respect to beverage containers that contain a vinous beverage, a deposit of 15 cents shall be paid by the consumer on each beverage container sold at the retail level and refunded to the consumer upon return of the empty beverage container. With respect to beverage containers of volume greater than 50 ml. that contain liquor, a deposit of 15 cents shall be paid by the consumer on each beverage container sold at the retail level and refunded to the consumer upon return of the empty beverage container. The difference between liquor bottle deposits collected and refunds made is hereby retained by the Liquor Control Enterprise Fund for administration of this subsection. Beginning on January 15, 2024 and annually thereafter, the Commissioner of Liquor and Lottery shall report to the Secretary of Natural Resources:

- (1) the amount and tonnage of liquor bottles that the Department of Liquor and Lottery collected in the previous calendar year; and
- (2) the redemption rate for liquor bottles in the previous calendar year.
- (b) A retailer or a person operating a redemption center who redeems beverage containers shall be reimbursed by the manufacturer or distributor of such beverage containers in an amount that is three and one-half cents per container for containers of beverage brands that are part of a commingling program and four five cents per container for containers of beverage brands that are not part of a commingling program.

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

container. With respect to beverage containers that contain a vinous beverage, a deposit of 15 cents shall be paid by the consumer on each beverage container sold at the retail level and refunded to the consumer upon return of the empty beverage container. With respect to beverage containers of volume greater than 50 ml. that contain liquor, a deposit of 15 cents shall be paid by the consumer on each beverage container sold at the retail level and refunded to the consumer upon return of the empty beverage container. The difference between liquor bottle deposits collected and refunds made is hereby retained by the Liquor Control Enterprise Fund for administration of this subsection. Beginning on January 15, 2024 and annually thereafter, the Commissioner of Liquor and Lottery shall report to the Secretary of Natural Resources:

- (1) the amount and tonnage of liquor bottles
 that the Department of Liquor and Lottery collected
 in the previous calendar year; and
- (2) the redemption rate for liquor bottles in the previous calendar year.
- (b) A retailer or a person operating a redemption center who redeems beverage containers shall be reimbursed by the manufacturer or distributor of such beverage containers in an amount that is three and one-half cents per container for containers of beverage brands that are part of a commingling program and four five cents per container for containers of beverage brands that are not part of a commingling program.

- (c) Alcoholic beverages permitted to be shipped directly to a consumer under 7 V.S.A. § 277 shall be exempt from:
- (1) the beverage container deposit requirement of subsection (a) of this section;
- (2) the labeling requirements of section 1524 of this title; and
- (3) the abandoned beverage container deposit requirements of section 1530 of this title.
- (d) Containers shall be redeemed during no fewer than 40 hours per week during the regular operating hours of the establishment. [Repealed.]

 § 1522a. RULES

The Secretary may adopt rules, in accordance with 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, necessary for the administration of this chapter. These rules may include the following:

- (1) Provisions to ensure that beverage containers not labeled in accordance with section 1524 of this title are not redeemed.
- (2) Provisions to ensure that beverage containers are commingled.
- (3) Administrative penalties for the failure by a redemption center or retailer to remove beverage containers that are not labeled prior to pickup by a distributor or manufacturer. Penalties may include nonpayment of the deposit and handling fee established under section 1522 of this title for a reasonable period of time and for the number of beverage containers that were not labeled.

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

- (c) Alcoholic beverages permitted to be shipped directly to a consumer under 7 V.S.A. § 277 shall be exempt from:
- (1) the beverage container deposit requirement of subsection (a) of this section;
- (2) the labeling requirements of section 1524 of this title; and
- (3) the abandoned beverage container deposit requirements of section 1530 of this title.
- (d) Containers shall be redeemed during no fewer than 40 hours per week during the regular operating hours of the establishment. [Repealed.]

§ 1522a. RULES

The Secretary may adopt rules, in accordance with 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, necessary for the administration of this chapter. These rules may include the following:

- (1) Provisions to ensure that beverage containers not labeled in accordance with section 1524 of this title are not redeemed.
- (2) Provisions to ensure that beverage containers are commingled.
- (3) Administrative penalties for the failure by a redemption center or retailer to remove beverage containers that are not labeled prior to pickup by a distributor or manufacturer. Penalties may include nonpayment of the deposit and handling fee established under section 1522 of this title for a reasonable period of time and for the number of beverage containers that were not labeled.

- (4) Any other provision that may be necessary for the implementation of this chapter. [Repealed.] § 1523. ACCEPTANCE OF BEVERAGE CONTAINERS
- (a) Except as provided in section 1522 of this title:
- (1) A retailer shall not refuse to accept from any person any empty beverage containers, labeled in accordance with section 1524 of this title, of the kind, size, and brand sold by the retailer, or refuse to pay to that person the refund value of a beverage container as established by section 1522 of this title, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section.
- (2) A manufacturer or distributor may shall not refuse to pick up from a retailer that sells its product or a person operating a certified redemption center any empty beverage containers, labeled in accordance with section 1524 of this title, of the kind, size, and brand sold by the manufacturer or distributor, or refuse to pay the retailer or a person operating a redemption center the refund value of a beverage container as established by section 1522 of this title.
- (b) A retailer, with the prior approval of the Secretary, may refuse to redeem beverage containers if a redemption center or centers are established that serve the public need stewardship plan that meets the requirements of section 1532 of this title has been implemented by the producer responsibility organization in the State and the retailer's building is less than 5,000 square feet.

- (4) Any other provision that may be necessary for the implementation of this chapter. [Repealed.] § 1523. ACCEPTANCE OF BEVERAGE CONTAINERS
- (a) Except as provided in section 1522 of this title:
- (1) A retailer shall not refuse to accept from any person any empty beverage containers, labeled in accordance with section 1524 of this title, of the kind, size, and brand sold by the retailer, or refuse to pay to that person the refund value of a beverage container as established by section 1522 of this title, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section.
- (2) A manufacturer or distributor may shall not refuse to pick up from a retailer that sells its product or a person operating a certified redemption center any empty beverage containers, labeled in accordance with section 1524 of this title, of the kind, size, and brand sold by the manufacturer or distributor, or refuse to pay the retailer or a person operating a redemption center the refund value of a beverage container as established by section 1522 of this title.
- (b)(1) A retailer, with the prior approval of the Secretary, may refuse to redeem beverage containers if a redemption center or centers are established that serve the public need stewardship plan that meets the requirements of section 1532 of this title has been implemented by the producer responsibility organization in the State and the retailer's building is less than 5,000 square feet.

(2) A manufacturer or distributor that sells directly to a consumer from a retail location may refuse to redeem beverage containers if the retail location where the manufacturer or distributor sells beverage containers is less than 5,000 square feet.

(c) A retailer or that is not exempt, a person

operating a redemption center, or any other point of

containers that are not clean, or are broken, and shall

not redeem beverage containers that are not labeled

redemption may only refuse to redeem beverage

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

(c) A retailer of that is not exempt, a person operating a redemption center, or any other point of redemption may only refuse to redeem beverage containers that are not clean, or are broken, and shall not redeem beverage containers that are not labeled in accordance with section 1524 of this title.

in accordance with section 1524 of this title. § 1524. LABELING

§ 1524. LABELING

(a)(1) Every beverage container sold or offered for sale at retail in this State shall clearly indicate by embossing or on the normal product label, imprinting on the normal product label, or in the case of a metal beverage container on the top of the container, other approved method secured to the container the word "Vermont" or the letters "VT" and the refund value of the container one of the following in not less than one-eighth inch type size or such other alternate indications as may be approved by the Secretary:

(a)(1) Every beverage container sold or offered for sale at retail in this State shall clearly indicate by embossing or on the normal product label, imprinting on the normal product label, or in the case of a metal beverage container on the top of the container, other approved method secured to the container the word "Vermont" or the letters "VT" and the refund value of the container one of the following in not less than one-eighth inch type size or such other alternate indications as may be approved by the Secretary:

(A) the refund value of the container;

(B) the words "refund value"; or

(A) the refund value of the container;

(B) the words "refund value"; or

(C) the letters "RV".

(C) the letters "RV".

(2) The label shall be on the top lid of the beverage container, the side of the beverage container, or in a clearly visible location on the beverage container. This subsection does not prohibit including names or abbreviations of other

(2) The label shall be on the top lid of the beverage container, the side of the beverage container, or in a clearly visible location on the beverage container. This subsection does not prohibit including names or abbreviations of other

states with deposit legislation comparable to this chapter.

- (b) Each beverage container sold or offered for sale in the State that has a deposit pursuant to section 1522 of this title shall include a Universal Product Code and barcode. Each distributor shall provide the Universal Product Code and barcode as part of its beverage registration or within 60 days following March 1, 2025, whichever occurs first.
- (c) The Commissioner of Liquor and Lottery may allow, in the case of liquor bottles, a conspicuous, adhesive sticker to be attached to indicate the deposit information required in subsection (a) of this section, provided that the size, placement, and adhesive qualities of the sticker are as approved by the Commissioner. The stickers shall be affixed to the bottles by the manufacturer, except that liquor that is sold in the State in quantities less than 100 cases per year may have stickers affixed by personnel employed by the Division of Liquor Control.
- (c) This section shall not apply to permanently labeled beverage containers.
- (d) The Secretary may allow a manufacturer, a distributor, or a retailer of vinous beverage containers to attach a conspicuous adhesive sticker to the beverage containers to indicate the deposit information required in subsection (a) of this section, provided that the size, placement, and adhesive qualities of the sticker are as approved by the Secretary. If the Secretary allows the use of an adhesive sticker under this subsection, the sticker

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

states with deposit legislation comparable to this chapter.

- (b) Each beverage container sold or offered for sale in the State that has a deposit pursuant to section 1522 of this title shall include a Universal Product Code and barcode. Each distributor shall provide the Universal Product Code and barcode as part of its beverage registration or within 60 days following March 1, 2025, whichever occurs first.
- (c) The Commissioner of Liquor and Lottery may allow, in the case of liquor bottles, a conspicuous, adhesive sticker to be attached to indicate the deposit information required in subsection (a) of this section, provided that the size, placement, and adhesive qualities of the sticker are as approved by the Commissioner. The stickers shall be affixed to the bottles by the manufacturer, except that liquor that is sold in the State in quantities less than 100 cases per year may have stickers affixed by personnel employed by the Division of Liquor Control.
- (c) This section shall not apply to permanently labeled beverage containers.
- (d) The Secretary may allow a manufacturer, a distributor, or a retailer of vinous beverage containers to attach a conspicuous adhesive sticker to the beverage containers to indicate the deposit information required in subsection (a) of this section, provided that the size, placement, and adhesive qualities of the sticker are as approved by the Secretary. If the Secretary allows the use of an adhesive sticker under this subsection, the sticker

shall be affixed by the manufacturer, the distributor, or the retailer.

* * *

§ 1527. PENALTY

A person who violates a provision of this chapter shall be fined not more than \$1,000.00 for each violation. [Repealed.]

* * *

§ 1529. REDEMPTION CENTER CERTIFICATION

A person operating a redemption center may shall obtain a certification from the Secretary. A redemption center certification shall include the following:

- (1) Specification of the name and location of the facility;
- (2) If the certified redemption center redeems more than 250,000 containers per year, a requirement that the certified redemption center shall participate in an approved commingling agreement; and
- (3) Additional conditions, requirements, and restrictions as the Secretary may deem necessary to implement the requirements of this chapter. This may shall include requirements concerning reporting, recording, and inspections of the operation of the site.

* * *

§ 1531. MANUFACTURER PARTICIPATION IN PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY ORGANIZATION

(a) No manufacturer or distributor may sell or distribute a beverage container in this State without

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

shall be affixed by the manufacturer, the distributor, or the retailer.

* * *

§ 1527. PENALTY

A person who violates a provision of this chapter shall be fined not more than \$1,000.00 for each violation. [Repealed.]

* * *

§ 1529. REDEMPTION CENTER CERTIFICATION

A person operating a redemption center may shall obtain a certification from the Secretary. A redemption center certification shall include the following:

- (1) Specification of the name and location of the facility;
- (2) If the certified redemption center redeems more than 250,000 containers per year, a requirement that the certified redemption center shall participate in an approved commingling agreement; and
- (3) Additional conditions, requirements, and restrictions as the Secretary may deem necessary to implement the requirements of this chapter. This may shall include requirements concerning reporting, recording, and inspections of the operation of the site.

* * *

§ 1531. MANUFACTURER PARTICIPATION IN PRODUCER RESPONSIBILITY ORGANIZATION

(a) No manufacturer or distributor may sell or distribute a beverage container in this State without

participating in a Secretary-approved producer responsibility organization.

- (b) On or before January 1, 2024, manufacturers of beverage containers sold or distributed within the State shall apply to the Secretary to form a producer responsibility organization to fulfill the requirement of manufacturers under this chapter.
- (c) The Secretary may approve, for a period not longer than 10 years, the producer responsibility organization, provided that:
- (1) the producer responsibility organization has the capacity to administer the requirements of a stewardship plan required by section 1532 of this title; and
- (2) the producer responsibility organization does not create any unreasonable barriers to joining the producer responsibility organization and shall take into the consideration the needs of small manufacturers that do not generate a significant volume of containers.
- (d) After approval, the producer responsibility organization shall maintain a website that identifies:
- (1) the name and principal business address of each manufacturer participating in the producer responsibility organization; and
- (2) the name of each beverage and the container size covered by the stewardship plan.
- (e) If the producer responsibility organization fails to implement the requirements of this chapter, the rules adopted by the Secretary, or an approved

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

participating in a Secretary-approved producer responsibility organization.

- (b) On or before January 1, 2024, manufacturers of beverage containers sold or distributed within the State shall apply to the Secretary to form a producer responsibility organization to fulfill the requirement of manufacturers under this chapter.
- (c) The Secretary may approve, for a period not longer than 10 years, the producer responsibility organization, provided that:
- (1) the producer responsibility organization
 has the capacity to administer the requirements of a
 stewardship plan required by section 1532 of this
 title; and
- (2) the producer responsibility organization does not create any unreasonable barriers to joining the producer responsibility organization and shall take into the consideration the needs of small manufacturers that do not generate a significant volume of containers.
- (d) After approval, the producer responsibility organization shall maintain a website that identifies:
- (1) the name and principal business address of each manufacturer participating in the producer responsibility organization; and
- (2) the name of each beverage and the container size covered by the stewardship plan.
- (e) If the producer responsibility organization fails to implement the requirements of this chapter, the rules adopted by the Secretary, or an approved

stewardship plan, the Secretary may dissolve the producer responsibility organization.

- (f) If no producer responsibility organization is formed, the Secretary shall either require the formation of the producer responsibility organization or adopt and administer a plan that meets the requirements of section 1532 of this title. If the Secretary administers the plan adopted under section 1532, the Secretary shall charge each manufacturer the costs of plan administration, the Agency's oversight costs, and a recycling market development assessment of 10 percent of the plan's total cost to be deposited in the Solid Waste Management Assistance Account of the Waste Management Assistance Fund, for the purpose of providing grants to develop markets to recycle materials.
- (g) The producer responsibility organization shall reimburse the Secretary for the costs of overseeing the administration of the program under this chapter as follows:
- (1) The Secretary shall annually provide an estimate of the costs of overseeing the administration of the program to the producer responsibility program, including staff costs, compliance, and oversight of the system.
- (2) The producer responsibility organization shall provide any comments to the Secretary's budget within 30 days of receipt. The Agency of Natural Resource shall respond to all comments provided by the producer responsibility organization and may make changes to its budget in response to those

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

stewardship plan, the Secretary may dissolve the producer responsibility organization.

- (f) If no producer responsibility organization is formed, the Secretary shall either require the formation of the producer responsibility organization or adopt and administer a plan that meets the requirements of section 1532 of this title. If the Secretary administers the plan adopted under section 1532, the Secretary shall charge each manufacturer the costs of plan administration, the Agency's oversight costs, and a recycling market development assessment of 10 percent of the plan's total cost to be deposited in the Solid Waste Management Assistance Account of the Waste Management Assistance Fund, for the purpose of providing grants to develop markets to recycle materials.
- (g) The producer responsibility organization shall reimburse the Secretary for the costs of overseeing the administration of the program under this chapter as follows:
- (1) The Secretary shall annually provide an estimate of the costs of overseeing the administration of the program to the producer responsibility program, including staff costs, compliance, and oversight of the system.
- (2) The producer responsibility organization shall provide any comments to the Secretary's budget within 30 days of receipt. The Agency of Natural Resource shall respond to all comments provided by the producer responsibility organization and may make changes to its budget in response to those

comments. These comments and the responses shall be provided to the General Assembly as a part of the Secretary's budget.

(3) Reimbursement of Agency of Natural
Resources costs under this subsection shall be subject
to the State budgeting process, and the producer
responsibility organization shall not be required to
reimburse any Agency cost unless that cost is
approved as a part of the Agency's budget.

(h) Manufacturers and distributors of liquor are
exempt from the requirements of this section and the

requirement to implement a stewardship plan under

§ 1532. STEWARDSHIP PLAN; MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

section 1532 of this title.

- (a) Plan elements. On or before October 1, 2024, an approved producer responsibility organization shall submit a stewardship plan to the Secretary. A stewardship plan shall, at a minimum, meet all of the following requirements of this section:
- (1) Convenience of collection. A plan shall ensure that consumers have convenient opportunities to redeem beverage containers. The plan shall take reasonable efforts to site points of redemption equitably across all regions of the State to allow for convenient and reasonable access of all Vermonters to redemption opportunities. A plan shall document how redemption services will be available to consumers as follows:
- (A) at least three points of redemption per county that provide an immediate return of a deposit

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

comments. These comments and the responses shall be provided to the General Assembly as a part of the Secretary's budget.

- (3) Reimbursement of Agency of Natural
 Resources costs under this subsection shall be subject
 to the State budgeting process, and the producer
 responsibility organization shall not be required to
 reimburse any Agency cost unless that cost is
 approved as a part of the Agency's budget.

 (h) Manufacturers and distributors of liquor are
 exempt from the requirements of this section and the
 requirement to implement a stewardship plan under
 section 1532 of this title.
- § 1532. STEWARDSHIP PLAN; MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS
- (a) Plan elements. On or before October 1, 2024, an approved producer responsibility organization shall submit a stewardship plan to the Secretary. A stewardship plan shall, at a minimum, meet all of the following requirements of this section:
- (1) Convenience of collection. A plan shall ensure that consumers have convenient opportunities to redeem beverage containers. The plan shall take reasonable efforts to site points of redemption equitably across all regions of the State to allow for convenient and reasonable access of all Vermonters to redemption opportunities. A plan shall document how redemption services will be available to consumers as follows:
- (A) at least three points of redemption per county that provide an immediate return of a deposit

to a consumer unless a waiver is granted by the Secretary;

- (B) at least one point of redemption per municipality with a population of 7,000 or more persons that provides an immediate return of a deposit to a consumer unless a waiver is granted by the Secretary; and
- (C) how sites of redemption are or will be sited in areas with high population density or located in centers designated under 24 V.S.A. chapter 76A.
- (2) Fair operation and compensation to redemption centers. The plan shall satisfy all of the following requirements.
- (A) The plan shall describe how all locations that redeem beverage containers are fairly compensated for their participation in the collection program.
- (B) There shall not be barriers to the participation in the collection program for a redemption center, except for restrictions that are authorized by the Secretary.
- (C) The plan shall describe how management and sorting of containers at redemption centers is minimized. The plan shall document how brand sorting will be eliminated at points of redemption.
- (D) The plan shall describe how materials will be picked up from redemption centers on a timely basis.
- (E) The plan shall maximize the use of existing infrastructure when establishing points of

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

to a consumer unless a waiver is granted by the Secretary;

- (B) at least one point of redemption per municipality with a population of 7,000 or more persons that provides an immediate return of a deposit to a consumer unless a waiver is granted by the Secretary; and
- (C) how sites of redemption are or will be sited in areas with high population density or located in centers designated under 24 V.S.A. chapter 76A.
- (2) Fair operation and compensation to redemption centers. The plan shall satisfy all of the following requirements.
- (A) The plan shall describe how all locations that redeem beverage containers are fairly compensated for their participation in the collection program.
- (B) There shall not be barriers to the participation in the collection program for a redemption center, except for restrictions that are authorized by the Secretary.
- (C) The plan shall describe how management and sorting of containers at redemption centers is minimized. The plan shall document how brand sorting will be eliminated at points of redemption.
- (D) The plan shall describe how materials will be picked up from redemption centers on a timely basis.
- (E) The plan shall maximize the use of existing infrastructure when establishing points of

H.158. As Passed the House collection under subdivision (1) of this subsection (a).

- (3) Education to consumers. The plan shall describe what education efforts will be undertaken to increase the number of beverage containers redeemed in the State.
- (4) Consultation with stakeholders. The producer responsibility organization shall consult with stakeholders on the development of the plan.

 The plan shall include processes for regular consultation, which shall not be less than annually, with stakeholders including the Agency, redemption centers, municipal and private recycling organizations, and other stakeholders.
- (b) Reporting. At a frequency required by the Secretary but not less than annually, the producer responsibility organization shall report the following to the Secretary:
- (1) the name, address, and business hours of each redemption center participating in the approved stewardship plan;
- (2) the amount, in containers and tons, and material type of beverage containers redeemed under the plan and the redemption rate by the following categories of:
 - (A) vinous beverage containers; and
 - (B) all other beverage containers;
- (3) the location and amount of beverage container material that was recycled and what products that beverage container material was recycled into;

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

collection under subdivision (1) of this subsection (a).

- (3) Education to consumers. The plan shall describe what education efforts will be undertaken to increase the number of beverage containers redeemed in the State.
- (4) Consultation with stakeholders. The producer responsibility organization shall consult with stakeholders on the development of the plan. The plan shall include processes for regular consultation, which shall not be less than annually, with stakeholders including the Agency, redemption centers, municipal and private recycling organizations, and other stakeholders.
- (b) Reporting. At a frequency required by the Secretary but not less than annually, the producer responsibility organization shall report the following to the Secretary:
- (1) the name, address, and business hours of each redemption center participating in the approved stewardship plan;
- (2) the amount, in containers and tons, and material type of beverage containers redeemed under the plan and the redemption rate by the following categories of:
 - (A) vinous beverage containers; and
 - (B) all other beverage containers;
- (3) the location and amount of beverage container material that was recycled and what products that beverage container material was recycled into;

- (4) the carbon impacts associated with the administration of the stewardship plan;
- (5) the costs associated with administration of the stewardship plan, including the costs of collection, management, and transportation of redeemed containers and the amount received for commodities;
- (6) a description of any improvements made in the reporting year to increase ease and convenience for consumers to return beverage containers for redemption;
- (7) efforts taken by or on behalf of the manufacturer or distributor to reduce environmental impacts throughout the product life cycle and to increase reusability or recyclability at the end of the life cycle by material type;
- (8) efforts taken by or on behalf of the producer responsibility organization to improve the environmental outcomes of the program by improving operational efficiency, such as reduction of truck trips through improved material handling or compaction or the increased use of refillable containers in a local refilling system;
- (9) a description and copies of educational materials and educational strategies the producer responsibility organization uses for the purposes of this program; and
- (10) any additional information required by the Secretary.
- (c) Secretary of Natural Resources approval. The plan shall be submitted to the Secretary, and, after

- (4) the carbon impacts associated with the administration of the stewardship plan;
- (5) the costs associated with administration of the stewardship plan, including the costs of collection, management, and transportation of redeemed containers and the amount received for commodities;
- (6) a description of any improvements made in the reporting year to increase ease and convenience for consumers to return beverage containers for redemption;
- (7) efforts taken by or on behalf of the manufacturer or distributor to reduce environmental impacts throughout the product life cycle and to increase reusability or recyclability at the end of the life cycle by material type;
- (8) efforts taken by or on behalf of the producer responsibility organization to improve the environmental outcomes of the program by improving operational efficiency, such as reduction of truck trips through improved material handling or compaction or the increased use of refillable containers in a local refilling system;
- (9) a description and copies of educational materials and educational strategies the producer responsibility organization uses for the purposes of this program; and
- (10) any additional information required by the Secretary.
- (c) Secretary of Natural Resources approval. The plan shall be submitted to the Secretary, and, after

concluding that the elements of the plan will maximize diversion of recyclable materials, provide convenience to users, and create a more circular economy, the Secretary's approval pursuant to this subsection shall be for a period not greater than five years.

§ 1533. PROGRAM AND FISCAL AUDIT

- (a) Program audit. Beginning on March 1, 2030 and every five years thereafter, the producer responsibility organization shall conduct an independent third-party program audit of the operation of the stewardship plan. The audit shall make recommendations to improve the operation of the collection program established by this chapter.
- (b) Fiscal audit. Beginning on March 1, 2026 and annually thereafter, the producer responsibility organization shall conduct an independent third-party fiscal audit of the program. The fiscal audit shall provide a transparent fiscal analysis of the producer responsibility organization, its expenditures, the number of beverage containers collected, and the

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

concluding that the elements of the plan will maximize diversion of recyclable materials, provide convenience to users, and create a more circular economy, the Secretary's approval pursuant to this subsection shall be for a period not greater than five years.

(d) Revision of stewardship goals. If the producer responsibility organization fails to meet the beverage container redemption rate in section 1534 of this title for vinous beverage containers or for all other beverage containers, the Secretary may require the producer responsibility organization to implement activities to enhance the rate of redemption, including additional public education and outreach, additional redemption sites, or additional redemption opportunities.

§ 1533. PROGRAM AND FISCAL AUDIT

- (a) Program audit. Beginning on March 1, 2030 and every five years thereafter, the producer responsibility organization shall conduct an independent third-party program audit of the operation of the stewardship plan. The audit shall make recommendations to improve the operation of the collection program established by this chapter.
- (b) Fiscal audit. Beginning on March 1, 2026 and annually thereafter, the producer responsibility organization shall conduct an independent third-party fiscal audit of the program. The fiscal audit shall provide a transparent fiscal analysis of the producer responsibility organization, its expenditures, the number of beverage containers collected, and the

amount of unclaimed deposits. The audit shall also provide the redemption rate of beverage containers redeemed in the State. The Secretary shall approve the audit results and the redemption rate of beverage containers included in the audit.

(c) Submission to Secretary. The results of each audit required under subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall be submitted to the Secretary for purposes of reviewing performance of the stewardship plan and for oversight of the requirements of this chapter.

§ 1534. BEVERAGE CONTAINER REDEMPTION RATE GOAL, REPORT

- (a) It is a goal of the State that the following minimum beverage container redemption rates shall be satisfied by the specified dates:
 - (1) Beginning on July 1, 2026: 75 percent.
 - (2) Beginning on July 1, 2030: 80 percent.
 - (3) Beginning on July 1, 2035: 85 percent.
 - (4) Beginning on July 1, 2040: 90 percent.
- (b) Beginning on July 1, 2025 and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall submit to the Senate Committees on Natural Resources and Energy and on Finance and the House Committees on Environment and Energy and on Ways and Means a written report containing the current beverage container redemption rate in the State for the following three categories of beverage containers:
 - (1) liquor bottles;
 - (2) vinous beverage containers; and

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

amount of unclaimed deposits. The audit shall also provide the redemption rate of beverage containers redeemed in the State. The Secretary shall approve the audit results and the redemption rate of beverage containers included in the audit.

(c) Submission to Secretary. The results of each audit required under subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall be submitted to the Secretary for purposes of reviewing performance of the stewardship plan and for oversight of the requirements of this chapter.

§ 1534. BEVERAGE CONTAINER REDEMPTION RATE GOAL; REPORT

- (a) It is a goal of the State that the following minimum beverage container redemption rates shall be satisfied by the specified dates:
 - (1) Beginning on July 1, 2026: 75 percent.
 - (2) Beginning on July 1, 2030: 80 percent.
 - (3) Beginning on July 1, 2035: 85 percent.
 - (4) Beginning on July 1, 2040: 90 percent.
- (b)(1) Beginning on July 1, 2025 and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Natural Resources shall submit to the Senate Committees on Natural Resources and Energy and on Finance and the House Committees on Environment and Energy and on Ways and Means a written report containing the current beverage container redemption rate in the State for the following three categories of beverage containers:
 - (A) liquor bottles;
 - (B) vinous beverage containers; and

| H 150 1 D 141 W | W 150 A. D |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| H.158. As Passed the House | H.158. As Proposed by the Senate |
| (3) all other beverage containers. | (C) all other beverage containers. |
| | (2) Each annual report submitted under |
| | subdivision (1) of this subsection shall include a |
| | recommendation of whether the beverage container |
| | deposit for any of the three beverage categories |
| | should be increased to improve redemption of that |
| | category of beverage container. |
| (c) Beginning on January 1, 2028, if the Secretary | |
| determines that the redemption rate goal established | |
| in subsection (a) of this section was not met for one | |
| or more of the beverage container categories listed | |
| under subsection (b) of this section for two | |
| consecutive years, the beverage container deposit for | |
| the category shall increase by five cents, provided | |
| that the maximum deposit for any beverage container | |
| category shall not exceed 20 cents for vinous | |
| beverage containers and liquor bottles and shall not | |
| exceed 10 cents for every other container. Within | |
| one year following the Secretary's determination | |
| under this section, manufacturers and distributors | |
| shall comply with the labeling requirements of | |
| section 1524 of this title before assessing the relevant | |
| deposit established under this subsection for the | |
| beverage container. | |
| § 1535. RULEMAKING | § 1535. RULEMAKING |
| The Secretary may adopt rules, in accordance with | The Secretary may adopt rules, in accordance with |
| 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, necessary for the administration | 3 V.S.A. chapter 25, necessary for the administration |
| of this chapter. | of this chapter. |
| § 1536. ANTITRUST; CONDUCT AUTHORIZED | § 1536. ANTITRUST; CONDUCT AUTHORIZED |
| (a) Activity authorized. A manufacturer, group of | (a) Activity authorized. A manufacturer, group of |
| manufacturers, or producer responsibility | manufacturers, or producer responsibility |

organization implementing or participating in an approved collection plan under this chapter for the collection, transport, processing, and management of beverage container is individually or jointly immune from liability for conduct under State laws relating to antitrust, restraint of trade, unfair trade practices, and other regulation of trade or commerce under 9 V.S.A. chapter 63, subchapter 1 to the extent that the conduct is reasonably necessary to plan, implement, and comply with the producer responsibility organization's chosen system for beverage containers.

(b) Limitations on antitrust activity. Subsection

(a) of this section shall not apply to an agreement among producers, groups of manufacturers, retailers, wholesalers, or the producer responsibility organization affecting the price of beverage containers or any agreement restricting the geographic area in which or customers to whom beverage containers shall be sold.

Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 1530(c)(1) is amended to read:

(c)(1) On or before January 1, 2020, and quarterly thereafter, Every quarter, at the time a report is filed pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, each deposit initiator shall remit to the Commissioner of Taxes any abandoned beverage container deposits from the preceding quarter. The Commissioner of Taxes shall deposit the first \$3,000,000.00 of the abandoned beverage container deposits into the Clean Water Fund under 10 V.S.A. § 1388. The Commissioner shall return to the producer

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

organization implementing or participating in an approved collection plan under this chapter for the collection, transport, processing, and management of beverage container is individually or jointly immune from liability for conduct under State laws relating to antitrust, restraint of trade, unfair trade practices, and other regulation of trade or commerce under 9 V.S.A. chapter 63, subchapter 1 to the extent that the conduct is reasonably necessary to plan, implement, and comply with the producer responsibility organization's chosen system for beverage containers.

(b) Limitations on antitrust activity. Subsection

(a) of this section shall not apply to an agreement among producers, groups of manufacturers, retailers, wholesalers, or the producer responsibility organization affecting the price of beverage containers or any agreement restricting the geographic area in which or customers to whom beverage containers shall be sold.

Sec. 2. 10 V.S.A. § 1530(c)(1) is amended to read:

(c)(1) On or before January 1, 2020, and quarterly thereafter, Every quarter, at the time a report is filed pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, each deposit initiator shall remit to the Commissioner of Taxes any abandoned beverage container deposits from the preceding quarter. The Commissioner of Taxes shall deposit the first \$3,000,000.00 of the abandoned beverage container deposits into the Clean Water Fund under 10 V.S.A. § 1388. The Commissioner shall return to the producer

responsibility organization implementing the requirements of this chapter any abandoned beverage container deposits in excess of the amount deposited into the Clean Water Fund. The amount of abandoned beverage container deposits for a quarter is the amount equal to the amount of deposits that the deposit initiator collected in the quarter less the amount of the total refund value paid out by the deposit initiator for beverage containers during the quarter.

Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. § 1530(c)(1) is amended to read: (c)(1) Every quarter, at the time a report is filed pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, each deposit initiator shall remit to the Commissioner of Taxes any abandoned beverage container deposits from the preceding quarter. The Commissioner of Taxes shall deposit the first \$3,000,000.00 \$4,000,000.00 of the abandoned beverage container deposits into the Clean Water Fund under 10 V.S.A. § 1388. The Commissioner shall return to the producer responsibility organization implementing the requirements of this chapter any abandoned beverage container deposits in excess of the amount deposited into the Clean Water Fund. The amount of abandoned beverage container deposits for a quarter is the amount equal to the amount of deposits that the deposit initiator collected in the quarter less the amount of the total refund value paid out by the deposit initiator for beverage containers during the quarter.

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

responsibility organization implementing the requirements of this chapter any abandoned beverage container deposits in excess of the amount deposited into the Clean Water Fund. The amount of abandoned beverage container deposits for a quarter is the amount equal to the amount of deposits that the deposit initiator collected in the quarter less the amount of the total refund value paid out by the deposit initiator for beverage containers during the quarter.

Sec. 3. 10 V.S.A. § 1530(c)(1) is amended to read: (c)(1) Every quarter, at the time a report is filed pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, each deposit initiator shall remit to the Commissioner of Taxes any abandoned beverage container deposits from the preceding quarter. The Commissioner of Taxes shall deposit the first \$3,000,000.00 \$4,000,000.00 of the abandoned beverage container deposits into the Clean Water Fund under 10 V.S.A. § 1388. The Commissioner shall return to the producer responsibility organization implementing the requirements of this chapter any abandoned beverage container deposits in excess of the amount deposited into the Clean Water Fund. The amount of abandoned beverage container deposits for a quarter is the amount equal to the amount of deposits that the deposit initiator collected in the quarter less the amount of the total refund value paid out by the deposit initiator for beverage containers during the quarter.

Sec. 3a. 10 V.S.A. § 1530(c)(1) is amended to read:

(c)(1) Every quarter, at the time a report is filed pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, each deposit initiator shall remit to the Commissioner of Taxes any abandoned beverage container deposits from the preceding quarter. The Commissioner of Taxes annually shall deposit 50 percent or the first \$4,000,000.00, whichever is greater, of the abandoned beverage container deposits into the Clean Water Fund under 10 V.S.A. § 1388. The Commissioner shall return to the producer responsibility organization implementing the requirements of this chapter deposit into the Solid Waste Management Assistance Account of the Waste Management Assistance Fund any abandoned beverage container deposits in excess of the amount deposited into the Clean Water Fund. The amount of abandoned beverage container deposits for a quarter is the amount equal to the amount of deposits that the deposit initiator collected in the quarter less the amount of the total refund value paid out by the deposit initiator for beverage containers during the quarter.

Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 7714 is amended to read: § 7714. TYPE 3 PROCEDURES

- (a) Purpose; scope.
- (1) The purpose of this section is to establish the public notice and comment requirements that the Department must follow when adopting general permits, except for general permits governed by

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

Sec. 3a. 10 V.S.A. § 1530(c)(1) is amended to read: (c)(1) Every quarter, at the time a report is filed pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, each deposit initiator shall remit to the Commissioner of Taxes any abandoned beverage container deposits from the preceding quarter. The Commissioner of Taxes annually shall deposit 50 percent or the first \$4,000,000.00, whichever is greater, of the abandoned beverage container deposits into the Clean Water Fund under 10 V.S.A. § 1388. The Commissioner shall return to the producer responsibility organization implementing the requirements of this chapter deposit into the Solid Waste Management Assistance Account of the Waste Management Assistance Fund any abandoned beverage container deposits in excess of the amount deposited into the Clean Water Fund. The amount of abandoned beverage container deposits for a quarter is the amount equal to the amount of deposits that the deposit initiator collected in the quarter less the amount of the total refund value paid out by the deposit initiator for beverage containers during the quarter.

Sec. 4. 10 V.S.A. § 7714 is amended to read: § 7714. TYPE 3 PROCEDURES

- (a) Purpose; scope.
- (1) The purpose of this section is to establish the public notice and comment requirements that the Department must follow when adopting general permits, except for general permits governed by

section 7712 of this chapter, and when considering other permits listed in this section.

- (2) The procedures under this section shall be known as Type 3 Procedures. This section governs each of the following:
- (A) Each general permit issued pursuant to the Secretary's authority under this title other than a general permit subject to section 7712 of this chapter. However, this section does not apply to a notice of intent under a general permit.
- (B) Issuance of a dam safety order under chapter 43 of this title, except for an unsafe dam order under section 1095 of this title.
- (C) An application or request for approval of:
- (i) an aquatic nuisance control permit under chapter 50 of this title;
- (ii) a change in treatment for a public water supply under chapter 56 of this title;
- (iii) a collection plan for mercurycontaining lamps under section 7156 of this title;
- (iv) an individual plan for the collection and recycling of electronic waste under section 7554 of this title; and
- (v) a primary battery stewardship plan under section 7586 of this title; and
- (vi) approval of a stewardship plan required under chapter 53 of this title.
- (b) Notice of application. The Secretary shall provide notice of an administratively complete application through the environmental notice bulletin.

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

section 7712 of this chapter, and when considering other permits listed in this section.

- (2) The procedures under this section shall be known as Type 3 Procedures. This section governs each of the following:
- (A) Each general permit issued pursuant to the Secretary's authority under this title other than a general permit subject to section 7712 of this chapter. However, this section does not apply to a notice of intent under a general permit.
- (B) Issuance of a dam safety order under chapter 43 of this title, except for an unsafe dam order under section 1095 of this title.
- (C) An application or request for approval of:
- (i) an aquatic nuisance control permit under chapter 50 of this title;
- (ii) a change in treatment for a public water supply under chapter 56 of this title;
- (iii) a collection plan for mercurycontaining lamps under section 7156 of this title;
- (iv) an individual plan for the collection and recycling of electronic waste under section 7554 of this title; and
- (v) a primary battery stewardship plan under section 7586 of this title; and
- (vi) approval of a stewardship plan required under chapter 53 of this title.
- (b) Notice of application. The Secretary shall provide notice of an administratively complete application through the environmental notice bulletin.

- (c) Notice of draft decision; comment period.

 The Secretary shall provide notice of the draft decision through the environmental notice bulletin and shall post the draft decision to the bulletin. The Secretary shall provide a public comment period.
- (d) Public meeting. The Secretary shall hold a public meeting whenever any person files a written request for such a meeting. The Secretary otherwise may hold a public meeting at his or her the Secretary's discretion.
- (e) Notice of final decision. The Secretary shall provide notice of the final decision through the environmental notice bulletin and shall post the final decision to the bulletin. The Secretary shall provide a response to comments.
- Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A. § 1388 is amended to read: § 1388. CLEAN WATER FUND
- (a) There is created a special fund to be known as the Clean Water Fund to be administered by the Secretary of Administration. The Fund shall consist of:
- (1) revenues from the Property Transfer Tax surcharge established under 32 V.S.A. § 9602a;
- (2) other gifts, donations, and impact fees received from any source, public or private, dedicated for deposit into the Fund and approved by the Secretary of Administration;
- (3) the unclaimed beverage container deposits (escheats) remitted to the State required to be deposited to the Fund under chapter 53 of this title;

- (c) Notice of draft decision; comment period.

 The Secretary shall provide notice of the draft decision through the environmental notice bulletin and shall post the draft decision to the bulletin. The Secretary shall provide a public comment period.
- (d) Public meeting. The Secretary shall hold a public meeting whenever any person files a written request for such a meeting. The Secretary otherwise may hold a public meeting at his or her the Secretary's discretion.
- (e) Notice of final decision. The Secretary shall provide notice of the final decision through the environmental notice bulletin and shall post the final decision to the bulletin. The Secretary shall provide a response to comments.
- Sec. 5. 10 V.S.A. § 1388 is amended to read: § 1388. CLEAN WATER FUND
- (a) There is created a special fund to be known as the Clean Water Fund to be administered by the Secretary of Administration. The Fund shall consist of:
- (1) revenues from the Property Transfer Tax surcharge established under 32 V.S.A. § 9602a;
- (2) other gifts, donations, and impact fees received from any source, public or private, dedicated for deposit into the Fund and approved by the Secretary of Administration;
- (3) the unclaimed beverage container deposits (escheats) remitted to the State required to be deposited to the Fund under chapter 53 of this title;

- (4) six percent of the revenues from the meals and rooms taxes imposed under 32 V.S.A. chapter 225; and
- (5) other revenues dedicated for deposit into the Fund by the General Assembly.
- (b) Notwithstanding any contrary provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5, unexpended balances and any earnings shall remain in the Fund from year to year.
- Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. § 6618(a) is amended to read:
- (a) There is hereby created in the State Treasury a fund to be known as the Waste Management Assistance Fund, to be expended by the Secretary of Natural Resources. The Fund shall have three accounts: one for Solid Waste Management Assistance, one for Hazardous Waste Management Assistance, and one for Electronic Waste Collection and Recycling Assistance. The Hazardous Waste Management Assistance Account shall consist of a percentage of the tax on hazardous waste under the provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 237, as established by the Secretary, the toxics use reduction fees under subsection 6628(j) of this title; and appropriations of the General Assembly. In no event shall the amount of the hazardous waste tax that is deposited to the Hazardous Waste Management Assistance Account exceed 40 percent of the annual tax receipts. The Solid Waste Management Assistance Account shall consist of the franchise tax on waste facilities assessed under the provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 151, subchapter 13; the unclaimed beverage container

- (4) six percent of the revenues from the meals and rooms taxes imposed under 32 V.S.A. chapter 225; and
- (5) other revenues dedicated for deposit into the Fund by the General Assembly.
- (b) Notwithstanding any contrary provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5, unexpended balances and any earnings shall remain in the Fund from year to year.
- Sec. 6. 10 V.S.A. § 6618(a) is amended to read:
- (a) There is hereby created in the State Treasury a fund to be known as the Waste Management Assistance Fund, to be expended by the Secretary of Natural Resources. The Fund shall have three accounts: one for Solid Waste Management Assistance, one for Hazardous Waste Management Assistance, and one for Electronic Waste Collection and Recycling Assistance. The Hazardous Waste Management Assistance Account shall consist of a percentage of the tax on hazardous waste under the provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 237, as established by the Secretary, the toxics use reduction fees under subsection 6628(j) of this title; and appropriations of the General Assembly. In no event shall the amount of the hazardous waste tax that is deposited to the Hazardous Waste Management Assistance Account exceed 40 percent of the annual tax receipts. The Solid Waste Management Assistance Account shall consist of the franchise tax on waste facilities assessed under the provisions of 32 V.S.A. chapter 151, subchapter 13; the unclaimed beverage container

deposits allocated to the Account under chapter 53 of this title; and appropriations of the General Assembly. The Electronic Waste Collection and Recycling Account shall consist of the program and implementation fees required under section 7553 of this title. All balances in the Fund accounts at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward and remain a part of the Fund accounts, except as provided in subsection (e) of this section. Interest earned by the Fund shall be deposited into the appropriate Fund account. Disbursements from the Fund accounts shall be made by the State Treasurer on warrants drawn by the Commissioner of Finance and Management.

Sec. 7. SYSTEMS ANALYSIS OF BEVERAGE CONTAINER SYSTEM

On or before January 15, 2025, the Agency of
Natural Resources shall submit to the House
Committee on Environment and Energy and the
Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy
a written report on:

(1) an estimate of the total system costs and savings associated with the implementation of the expanded beverage container redemption system under 10 V.S.A. chapter 53, including climate impacts;

(2) an estimate of the impacts of an expanded beverage container redemption system on the

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

deposits allocated to the Account under chapter 53 of this title; and appropriations of the General Assembly. The Electronic Waste Collection and Recycling Account shall consist of the program and implementation fees required under section 7553 of this title. All balances in the Fund accounts at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward and remain a part of the Fund accounts, except as provided in subsection (e) of this section. Interest earned by the Fund shall be deposited into the appropriate Fund account. Disbursements from the Fund accounts shall be made by the State Treasurer on warrants drawn by the Commissioner of Finance and Management.

Sec. 7. SYSTEMS ANALYSIS OF BEVERAGE CONTAINER SYSTEM

(a) The Agency of Natural Resources shall contract with an independent third-party consultant to conduct a systems analysis of the efficacy and cost of Vermont's beverage container redemption system.

The analysis shall estimate:

(1) the total system costs and savings
associated with the implementation of the expanded
beverage container redemption system under 10
V.S.A. chapter 53, including climate impacts;

(2) the cost to consumers of complying with an expanded beverage container redemption system, including transportation costs, compliance costs, carbon impact, and externalities, such as lost time;

(3) the impacts of an expanded beverage container redemption system on the recycling system,

recycling system, including how much additional beverage container material will be collected by the expansion of the beverage container redemption system; the operational savings, if any, on material recovery facilities; the loss to material recovery facilities from the removal of material collected under the beverage container redemption system material from the recycling system; and an estimate of the impacts on tipping fees at each material recovery facility;

- (3) an estimate of the costs of operating a redemption center and other alternate points of redemption under a stewardship plan and a recommendation on whether the handling fee should be altered or replaced with an alternative means of compensating points of redemption;
- (4) an estimate of the impact on overall recycling in the State and the redemption rates of beverage containers under 10 V.S.A. chapter 53 if the producer responsibility organization (PRO) implementing the stewardship plan under that chapter were authorized to retain 100 percent, 50 percent, or none of the abandoned beverage container deposits, including:
- (A) the estimated number of beverage container redemption sites in the State under the PRO's stewardship plan under each option for the

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

including how much additional beverage container material will be collected by the expansion of the beverage container redemption system; the cost to solid waste entities of an expanded beverage container redemption system, including lost revenues from the sale of recyclable materials; the operational savings, if any, on material recovery facilities; the loss to material recovery facilities from the removal of material collected under the beverage container redemption system material from the recycling system; and an estimate of the impacts on tipping fees or solid waste fees at each material recovery facility or solid waste transfer station;

- (4) the costs of operating a redemption center and other alternate points of redemption under a stewardship plan and a recommendation on whether the handling fee for redeemed containers should be altered or replaced with an alternative means of compensating points of redemption;
- (5) the impact on overall recycling in the State and the redemption rates of beverage containers under 10 V.S.A. chapter 53 if the producer responsibility organization (PRO) implementing the stewardship plan under that chapter were authorized to retain 100 percent, 50 percent, or none of the abandoned beverage container deposits, including:
- (A) the estimated number of beverage container redemption sites in the State under the PRO's stewardship plan under each option for the

PRO's retention of the abandoned beverage container deposits; and

- (B) the geographic distribution of beverage container redemption sites across the State under the PRO's stewardship plan under each option for the PRO's retention of the abandoned beverage container deposits.
- (5) an estimate of the impact on the Clean
 Water Fund and State implementation of the State's
 water quality programs and regulatory requirements
 if the abandoned beverage container deposits were
 not deposited into the Clean Water Fund under 10
 V.S.A. § 1388.

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

PRO's retention of the abandoned beverage container deposits; and

- (B) the geographic distribution of beverage container redemption sites across the State under the PRO's stewardship plan under each option for the PRO's retention of the abandoned beverage container deposits; and
- (6) the impact on the Clean Water Fund and
 State implementation of the State's water quality
 programs and regulatory requirements if the
 abandoned beverage container deposits were not
 deposited into the Clean Water Fund under 10 V.S.A.
 § 1388.

(b) On or before January 15, 2025, the Agency of

Natural Resources shall submit to the House

Committee on Environment and Energy and the

Senate Committee on Natural Resources and Energy
a written report containing the results of the systems
analysis required under subsection (a) of this section.

Sec. 7a. ANR REPORT ON STATUS REPORT OF

RECYCLING SYSTEM

On or before January 15, 2026, the Secretary of
Natural Resources shall submit to the Senate
Committees on Natural Resources and Energy and on
Finance and the House Committees on Environment
and Energy and on Ways and Means a report on the
status of the State's recycling system prior to the
expansion of the beverage container redemption
system required under this act. The report shall
include:

| H.158. As Passed the House | H.158. As Proposed by the Senate |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| | (1) a summary of the operation of the Agency |
| | of Natural Resources' approved stewardship plan |
| | since March 1, 2025 by the producer responsibility |
| | organization registered with the Agency; |
| | (2) identification of the points of redemption |
| | under the existing stewardship plan, including: |
| | (A) an assessment of whether the existing |
| | points of redemption allow for convenient and |
| | reasonable access of all Vermonters to redemption |
| | opportunities; |
| | (B) an assessment of whether the existing |
| | points of redemption are suitable for redemption by |
| | all Vermonters under the planned expansion of the |
| | beverage container system; and |
| | (C) any recommendations to improve the |
| | convenience of redemption prior to the expansion of |
| | the beverage container redemption system; and |
| | (3) a summary of the infrastructure in the |
| | State, other than points of redemption, available for |
| | the management and processing of beverage |
| | containers and an assessment of whether additional |
| | infrastructure is needed prior to the expansion of the |
| | beverage container redemption system. |
| Sec. 8. REPEAL | Sec. 8. REPEAL |
| 10 V.S.A. § 1528 (beverage registration with | 10 V.S.A. § 1528 (beverage registration with |
| ANR) and 10 V.S.A. § 1529 (redemption center | ANR) and 10 V.S.A. § 1529 (redemption center |
| certification by ANR) are repealed on March 1, 2025. | certification by ANR) are repealed on March 1, 2025. |
| Sec. 9. IMPLEMENTATION; TRANSITION | Sec. 9. IMPLEMENTATION; TRANSITION |
| (a) In the implementation and enforcement of the | (a) In the implementation and enforcement of the |
| requirements of this act, the Secretary of Natural | requirements of this act, the Secretary of Natural |
| Resources may: | Resources may: |

- (1) allow beverage containers to be sold or redeemed that do not meet the labeling requirements of 10 V.S.A. § 1524;
- (2) determine whether a beverage or container is subject to the requirements of 10 V.S.A. chapter 53 due to the nature of the beverage or the composition or size of the container; and
- (3) exercise discretion in the administration and enforcement of the requirements of 10 V.S.A. chapter 53 for categories or types of beverages or beverage containers.
- (b) This section shall be repealed on March 1, 2028.

Sec. 10. BOTTLE BILL RECYCLING AND MATERIALS REPORTING

A manufacturer or distributor collecting beverage containers subject to 10 V.S.A chapter 53 shall report recycling information to the Secretary of Natural Resources in the same manner as recycled materials are reported to the Secretary under 10 V.S.A. chapter 159. The information shall include:

- (1) the amount in containers and tons and material type of beverage container collected; and
- (2) the location and amount of beverage container material and what products the beverage containers were recycled into.

Sec. 11. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2023, except that:

(1) in Sec. 1, 10 V.S.A. § 1521(1) (expansion of the definition of beverage types) and 10 V.S.A.

H.158. As Proposed by the Senate

- (1) allow beverage containers to be sold or redeemed that do not meet the labeling requirements of 10 V.S.A. § 1524;
- (2) determine whether a beverage or container is subject to the requirements of 10 V.S.A. chapter 53 due to the nature of the beverage or the composition or size of the container; and
- (3) exercise discretion in the administration and enforcement of the requirements of 10 V.S.A. chapter 53 for categories or types of beverages or beverage containers.
- (b) This section shall be repealed on March 1, 2028.

Sec. 10. BOTTLE BILL RECYCLING AND MATERIALS REPORTING

A manufacturer or distributor collecting beverage containers subject to 10 V.S.A chapter 53 shall report recycling information to the Secretary of Natural Resources in the same manner as recycled materials are reported to the Secretary under 10 V.S.A. chapter 159. The information shall include:

- (1) the amount in containers and tons and material type of beverage container collected; and
- (2) the location and amount of beverage container material and what products the beverage containers were recycled into.

Sec. 11. EFFECTIVE DATES

This act shall take effect on July 1, 2023, except that:

(1) in Sec. 1, 10 V.S.A. § 1521(1) (expansion of the definition of beverage types) and 10 V.S.A.

| | 30 |
|---------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| H.158. As Passed the House | H.158. As Proposed by the Senate |
| § 1522(a)(deposit for vinous beverages) shall take | § 1522(a)(deposit for vinous beverages) shall take |
| effect on January 1, 2027; | effect on January 1, 2027; |
| (2) in Sec. 1, 10 V.S.A. § 1524(b) (requiring a | (2) in Sec. 1, 10 V.S.A. § 1524(b) (requiring a |
| UPC label on containers) shall take effect on March | UPC label on containers) shall take effect on March |
| 1, 2025; | 1, 2025; |
| (3) in Sec. 1, 10 V.S.A. § 1531(a) (prohibiting | (3) in Sec. 1, 10 V.S.A. § 1531(a) (prohibiting |
| the sale or distribution without participating in the | the sale or distribution without participating in the |
| producer responsibility organization) shall take effect | producer responsibility organization) shall take effect |
| on March 1, 2025; | on March 1, 2025; |
| (4) Sec. 2 (abandoned beverage container | (4) Sec. 2 (abandoned beverage container |
| deposits; initial Clean Water Fund amount) shall take | deposits; initial Clean Water Fund amount) shall take |
| effect on January 1, 2026; | effect on January 1, 2026; |
| (5) Sec. 3. (abandoned beverage container | (5) Sec. 3. (abandoned beverage container |
| deposit; Clean Water Fund amount on expansion) | deposit; Clean Water Fund amount on expansion) |
| shall take effect on January 1, 2027; | shall take effect on January 1, 2027; |
| (6) Sec. 3a. (abandoned beverage container | (6) Sec. 3a. (abandoned beverage container |
| deposit; Solid Waste Management Assistance | deposit; Solid Waste Management Assistance |
| Account) shall take effect on July 1, 2031 | Account) shall take effect on July 1, 2031 |
| (7) Sec. 5 (deposits to Clean Water Fund) shall | (7) Sec. 5 (deposits to Clean Water Fund) shall |

take effect January 1, 2026.

Fund) shall take effect on July 1, 2031

(8) Sec. 6 (Waste Management Assistance

take effect January 1, 2026.

Fund) shall take effect on July 1, 2031

(8) Sec. 6 (Waste Management Assistance