

1 H.126

2 Sec. 1. SHORT TITLE

3 This act may be cited as the “Community Resilience and Biodiversity
4 Protection Act” or “CRBPA.”

5 Sec. 2. FINDINGS

6 The General Assembly finds:

7 (1) Nature is facing a catastrophic loss of biodiversity, both globally and
8 locally.

9 (2) In addition to its intrinsic value, biodiversity is essential to human
10 survival.

11 (3) According to the United Nations:

12 (A) one million species of plants and animals are threatened with
13 extinction;

14 (B) human activity has altered almost 75 percent of the Earth’s
15 surface, squeezing wildlife and nature into ever-smaller natural areas of the
16 planet;

17 (C) the health of ecosystems on which humans and all other species
18 depend is deteriorating more rapidly than ever, affecting the very foundations
19 of economies, livelihoods, food security, health, and quality of life worldwide;
20 and

21 (D) the causes of the drivers of changes in nature rank as follows:

- 1 (i) changes in land and sea use;
- 2 (ii) direct exploitation of organisms;
- 3 (iii) climate change;
- 4 (iv) pollution, and
- 5 (v) invasive species.

6 (4) The 2017 Vermont Forest Action Plan found that fragmentation and
7 parcelization represent major threats to forest health and productivity and
8 exacerbate the impacts of climate change.

9 (5) In 2022 Acts and Resolves No. 183, Department of Forests, Park and
10 Recreations was tasked with developing a Vermont Forest Future Strategic
11 Roadmap to strengthen, modernize, promote, and protect the forest products
12 sector, the greater forest economy, and promote the importance of healthy,
13 resilient, and sustainably managed working forests that provide a diverse array
14 of high-quality products now and in the future.

15 (6) The 2021 Vermont Climate Assessment highlights an increase in
16 extreme weather events such as droughts and floods as a significant impact of
17 climate change in Vermont and recommends nature-based solutions as a
18 proven, low-cost strategy for climate adaptation and resilience.

19 (7) The initial Vermont Climate Action Plan calls for investing in
20 strategic conservation to increase the pace of permanent conservation towards

1 30 by 30 targets, with Vermont Conservation Design guiding prioritization of
2 efforts.

3 (8) The Nature Conservancy has developed the Resilient and Connected
4 Landscapes project and found that Vermont plays a key role in the
5 conservation of biodiversity regionally.

6 (9) The Staying Connected Initiative is an international partnership of
7 public and private organizations. Its goal is to maintain, enhance, and restore
8 landscape connectivity for wide-ranging mammals across the Northern
9 Appalachians-Acadian region, from the Adirondack Mountains to the Maritime
10 Provinces. The Staying Connected Initiative has identified nine linkages
11 across this vast region that are extremely important to wildlife. Six of these
12 linkages lie within Vermont.

13 (10) The Vermont Department of Fish and Wildlife, working within the
14 Agency of Natural Resources and with Vermont conservation organizations,
15 has developed Vermont Conservation Design, a framework to sustain the
16 State’s ecologically functional landscape into the future.

17 (11) Intact and connected ecosystems support Vermont’s biodiversity,
18 reduce flood risks, mitigate drought, and sequester and store carbon.

19 (12) Vermont’s most effective and efficient contribution to conserving
20 biological diversity and maintaining a landscape resilient to climate change is
21 to conserve an intact and connected landscape.

1 § 2801. DEFINITIONS

2 As used in this section:

3 (1) “Ecological reserve area” means an area having permanent
4 protection from conversion of natural land cover and that is managed to
5 maintain a natural state within which natural ecological processes and
6 disturbance events are allowed to proceed with minimal interference.

7 (2) “Biodiversity conservation area” means an area having permanent
8 protection from conversion of natural land cover for the majority of the area
9 and that is managed for the primary goal of sustaining species or habitats.
10 These areas may include regular, active interventions to address the needs of
11 particular species or to maintain or restore habitats.

12 (3) “Natural resource management area” means an area having
13 permanent protection from conversion of natural land cover for the majority of
14 the area but that is subject to long-term sustainable forest management.

15 (4) “Sustainable forest management” means the stewardship and use of
16 forests and forestlands in a way, and at a rate, that maintains their biodiversity,
17 productivity, regeneration capacity, vitality, and their potential to fulfill, now
18 and in the future, relevant ecological, economic, and social functions at local,
19 State, and regional levels, and that does not degrade ecosystem function.

1 (5) “Conserved” means permanently protected and meeting the
2 definition of ecological reserve area, biodiversity conservation area, or natural
3 resource management area as defined in this section.

4 § 2802. CONSERVATION VISION AND GOALS

5 (a) The vision of the State of Vermont is to maintain an ecologically
6 functional landscape that sustains biodiversity, maintains landscape
7 connectivity, promotes climate resilience, supports working farms and forests,
8 provides opportunities for recreation and appreciation of the natural world, and
9 supports the historic settlement pattern of compact villages surrounded by rural
10 lands and natural areas.

11 (b) It is the goal of the State that 30 percent of Vermont’s total land area
12 shall be conserved by 2030, and 50 percent of the State’s total land area shall
13 be conserved by 2050. The Secretary of Natural Resources shall lead the effort
14 in achieving these goals. The land conserved shall include State, federal,
15 municipal, and private land.

16 (c) Reaching 30 percent by 2030 and 50 percent by 2050 shall include a
17 mix of ecological reserve areas, biodiversity conservation areas, and natural
18 resource management areas. In order to support an ecologically functional and
19 connected landscape with sustainable production of natural resources and
20 recreational opportunities, the approximate percentages of each type of
21 conservation category shall be guided by the principles of conservation science

1 and the conservation targets within Vermont Conservation Design, prioritizing
2 ecological reserve areas to protect highest priority natural communities and
3 maintain or restore old forests.

4 § 2803. CONSERVED LAND INVENTORY

5 (a) On or before July 1, 2024, the Secretary, with assistance from the
6 Vermont Housing and Conservation Board, shall create an inventory of
7 Vermont’s conserved land and conservation policies to serve as the basis of
8 meeting the conservation goals of Vermont Conservation Design and to meet
9 the goals established in section 2802 of this title. The inventory shall be
10 submitted for review to the House Committees on Environment and Energy
11 and on Agriculture, Food Resiliency, and Forestry and the Senate Committee
12 on Natural Resources and Energy.

13 (b) The inventory shall include:

14 (1) a review of the three conservation categories defined in section 2801
15 of this title and suggestions for developing any modifications or additions to
16 these categories that maintain or complement the core concepts of ecological
17 reserve areas, biodiversity conservation areas, and natural resource
18 management areas in order to complete the conserved land inventory and
19 inform the comprehensive strategy in the conservation plan;

20 (2) the amount of conserved land in Vermont that fits into each of the
21 three conservation categories defined in section 2801 of this title, including

1 public and private land. The inventory shall also include other lands
2 permanently protected from development by fee ownership or subject to
3 conservation easements;

4 (3) a summary of the totality of conservation practices, both permanent
5 and intermediate, available for reaching the goals of this chapter, including
6 what they are, what they do, how they contribute, and what metrics are
7 available to quantify them;

8 (4) an assessment of how State lands will be used to increase conserved
9 ecological reserve areas;

10 (5) the implementation methods that could be utilized for achieving the
11 goals of this chapter using Vermont Conservation Design as a guide;

12 (6) an assessment of how water is protected in the State and how
13 protection of aquatic systems may be addressed in the plan;

14 (7) how existing programs will be used to meet the permanent,
15 nonconversion conservation goals of this chapter and recommendations for
16 new programs that will be needed to meet the goals;

17 (8) an assessment of existing funding and recommendations for new
18 funding sources that will be needed for acquisition of land, purchase or
19 donation of conservation easements, staffing capacity, and long-term
20 stewardship to meet the goals;

1 (9) an equity assessment of existing land protection and conservation
2 strategies and programs; and

3 (10) an evaluation of the opportunities related to intergenerational land
4 transfer trends and how the State could proactively direct resources to achieve
5 conservation at the time of transfer.

6 § 2804. CONSERVATION PLAN

7 (a) On or before December 31, 2025, the Secretary, with assistance from
8 the Vermont Housing and Conservation Board, shall develop a plan to
9 implement the conservation goals of Vermont Conservation Design and to
10 meet the goals established in section 2802 of this title. The plan shall be
11 submitted for review to the House Committees on Environment and Energy
12 and on Agriculture, Food Resiliency, and Forestry and the Senate Committee
13 on Natural Resources and Energy.

14 (b) The plan shall include:

15 (1) a comprehensive strategy for achieving the goals of section 2802 of
16 this title while continuing to conserve and protect Vermont’s agricultural land,
17 working forests, historic properties, recreational lands, and surface waters;

18 (2) the implementation methods for achieving the vision and goals of
19 this chapter using Vermont Conservation Design as a guide;

20 (3) recommendations to increase equitable access to protected and
21 conserved lands and land-based enterprises; and

1 (4) recommendations to implement the vision and goals of this chapter
2 while also enhancing the State of Vermont’s current investments and
3 commitments to working lands enterprises, rural landowners, and the broad
4 conservation mission implemented by the Secretary and VHCB, including
5 conservation of agricultural land, working forests, historic properties,
6 recreational lands, and surface waters.

7 (c) In developing the plan, the Secretary, with assistance from the Vermont
8 Housing and Conservation Board, shall hold 12 or more public meetings on the
9 plan between July 1, 2023 and December 31, 2025 to solicit input from
10 stakeholders. Stakeholders shall include private owners of forestlands and
11 agricultural lands, land trusts, conservation organizations, environmental
12 organizations, working lands enterprises, outdoor recreation groups and
13 businesses, Indigenous groups and representatives from historically
14 marginalized and disadvantaged communities, municipalities, regional
15 planning commissions, conservation commissions, and relevant State and
16 federal agencies. At least three of the meetings shall be designed to solicit
17 comments from the general public.

18 (d) The conserved land inventory established in 2803 of this title shall be
19 updated biennially to track progress toward meeting the goals of this chapter,
20 which shall be publicly available, and the Secretary shall submit a report to the
21 relevant committees on or before January 15 following each update.

1 Sec. 4. APPROPRIATION

2 The sum of \$75,000.00 is appropriated from the General Fund to the
3 Vermont Housing and Conservation Board in fiscal year 2024 to support
4 public education and outreach to inform the development of the statewide
5 conservation plan. The funds shall be available for use for two years and shall
6 support equitable engagement with community members from historically
7 marginalized and disadvantaged communities, including costs for travel
8 vouchers, food, and childcare where necessary to accommodate participation,
9 as well as compensation for community members who might be asked to serve
10 on more formal subcommittees and who would otherwise not be able to
11 participate.

12 Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE

13 This act shall take effect on July 1, 2023.